UNIT INFORMATION LGT SERIES

100056 03/2024 3 to 6 ton

Ultra High Efficiency LGT036 through 072

LGT036, 048, 060, and 072 are high efficiency gas packaged units equipped with a two-speed compressor and a variable speed outdoor fan.

LGT036 units are available in 60,000 to 108,000 Btuh (17.6 to 31 kW) heating inputs. LGT048, and 060 units are available in 60,000 to 150,000 Btuh (17.6 to 43.9 kW) heating inputs. LGT072 units are available in 65,000 to 150,000 Btuh (19 to 43.9 kW) heating inputs. Gas heat sections are designed with aluminized (stainless optional) steel tube heat exchangers. Cooling capacities range from 3 to 6 tons (7 to 21kW).

Information contained in this manual is intended for use by qualified service technicians only. All specifications are subject to change. Procedures outlined in this manual are presented as a recommendation only and do not supersede or replace local or state codes.

If the unit must be lifted for service, rig unit by attaching four cables to the holes located in the unit base rail (two holes at each corner). Refer to the installation instructions for the proper rigging technique.

AWARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional installer (or equivalent), service agency or the gas supplier.

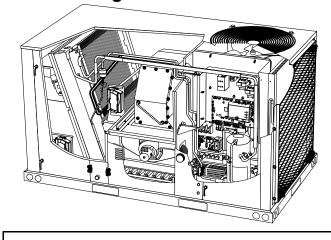
AIMPORTANT

The Clean Air Act of 1990 bans the intentional venting of refrigerant (CFC's and HCFC's) as of July 1, 1992. Approved methods of recovery, recycling or reclaiming must be followed. Fines and/or incarceration may be levied for non-compliance.

AWARNING



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.



AWARNING

To prevent serious injury or death:

- 1- Lock-out/tag-out before performing maintenance.
- 2- If system power is required (e.g., smoke detector maintenance), disable power to blower, remove fan belt where applicable, and ensure all controllers and thermostats are set to the "OFF" position before performing maintenance.
- 3- Always keep hands, hair, clothing, jewelry, tools, etc., away from moving parts.

ACAUTION

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.

Table of Contents

Options	Page 2
Specifications	Page 5
High Altitude	Page 6
Blower Data	Page 7
Electrical Data	Page 12
I Unit Components	Page 15
II Placement and Installation	Page 26
III Start Up Operation	Page 26
IV Charging	Page 27
V System Service Checks	Page 36
VI Maintenance	Page 38
VII Accessories	Page 40
VIII Diagrams	Page 49

Page 1 © 2016

OPTIONS / ACCESSORIE	S					
		Catalog		Unit Mode	el Numbe	r
Item		Number	036	048	060	072
COOLING SYSTEM						
Condensate Drain Trap	PVC	22H54	OX	OX	OX	OX
	Copper	76W27	Х	Х	Х	Х
Drain Pan Overflow Switch		21Z07	OX	OX	OX	OX
HEATING SYSTEM						
Bottom Gas Piping Kit		19W50	ОХ	OX	OX	OX
Combustion Air Intake Extensions		19W51	Х	Х	Х	Х
Gas Heat	Standard Two-Stage - 53/65 kBtuh input	Factory	0	0	0	0
(Low NOx)	Medium Two-Stage - 81/108 kBtuh input	Factory	0	0	0	0
Input	High Two-Stage - 113/150 kBtuh input	Factory		0	0	0
Low Temperature Vestibule Heater	208/230V-1 or 3ph	21Z17	Х	X	Х	Х
	460V-3ph	21Z18	Х	X	Х	Χ
	575V-3ph	21Z19	Χ	X	Χ	Χ
LPG/Propane	For two-stage standard models	21Z24	Χ	X	X	Χ
Conversion Kits	For two-stage medium and high models	21Z23	X	X	X	Х
Stainless Steel Heat Exchanger		Factory	0	0	0	0
Vertical Vent Extension		31W62	Х	X	X	Х
BLOWER - SUPPLY AIR						
Motors -	Direct Drive ECM Blower - 0.50 hp	Factory	0			
Standard Static (All voltages)	1 hp	Factory		0	0	
Motors - High Static (3 phase only)	DirectPlus™ Direct Drive ECM Blower System with MSAV® - 1.5 hp	Factory	0	0	0	0
CABINET						
Combination Coil/Hail Guards		13T03	OX	OX	OX	OX
Corrosion Protection		Factory	0	0	0	0
CONTROLS						
Blower Proving Switch		21Z10	OX	OX	OX	OX
Commercial Controls	CPC Einstein Integration	Factory	0	0	0	OX
	LonTalk® Module	54W27	OX	OX	OX	OX
	Novar® LSE	Factory	0	0	0	0
Dirty Filter Switch		53W66	ОХ	OX	OX	OX
Fresh Air Tempering		21Z08	ОХ	OX	OX	OX
Smoke Detector - Supply or Return (Power board and one sensor)	21Z11	OX	OX	OX	OX
Smoke Detector - Supply and Return	n (Power board and two sensors)	21Z12	OX	OX	OX	OX

NOTE - Catalog numbers shown are for ordering field installed accessories.

OX - Configure To Order (Factory Installed) or Field Installed

O = Configure To Order (Factory Installed)

X = Field Installed

Item			Catalog		Unit Mod	el Numbe	r
item			Number	036	048	060	072
ELECTRICAL							
Voltage		208/230V - 1 phase	Factory	0	0	0	
60 Hz		208/230V - 3 phase	Factory	0	0	0	0
		460V - 3 phase	Factory	0	0	0	0
		575V - 3 phase	Factory	0	0	0	0
HACR Circuit Break	ers		Factory	0	0	0	0
¹ Short-Circuit Curre	nt Rating (SCCR) of 100kA (includes Pr	nase/Voltage Detection)	Factory	0	0	0	0
Disconnect Switch		80 amp	22A25	OX	OX	OX	OX
GFI Service	15 amp non-powered, field-wire	ed (208/230V, 460V only)	74M70	OX	OX	OX	OX
Outlets	15 amp factory-wired and powered	d (208/230V, 460V only)	Factory	0	0	0	0
	² 20 amp non-powered, field-wire	d (208/230V, 460V, 575V)	67E01	Х	Х	Х	Х
	² 20 amp non-pov	vered, field-wired (575V)	Factory	0	0	0	0
Weatherproof Cover	for GFI		10C89	Х	Х	Х	Х
Phase/Voltage Dete	ction - 3 Phase Models Only		Factory	0	0	0	0
ECONOMIZER							
	Economizer With Outdoor Air Hood fornia Title 24 Building Standards / A		4)				
	Economizer - Includes Barometric Relie		20H48	OX	OX	OX	OX
Dampers and Comb							
High Performance E	conomizer - No Exhaust Option		Factory	0	0	0	0
Economizer Acces	sories						
Horizontal Economiz	zer Conversion Kit		17W45	Χ	Х	Χ	Х
Economizer Contro	ols						
Single Enthalpy (No	t for Title 24)		21Z09	OX	OX	OX	OX
Differential Enthalpy	(Not for Title 24)	Order 2	21Z09	OX	OX	OX	OX
Sensible Control		Sensor is Furnished	Factory	0	0	0	0
Outdoor Air CFM Co	ontrol		13J76	Χ	X	Χ	Х
Global Control		Sensor Field Provided	Factory	0	0	0	0
Building Pressure C	ontrol		13J77	Χ	X	Χ	Х
POWER EXHAUST	FAN						
Standard Static		208/230V-1 or 3ph	21Z13	OX	OX	OX	OX
	ield installed Power Exhaust Fan	460V-3ph	21Z14	ОХ	OX	OX	OX
requires "Barometric Kit" for field installati	Relief Dampers for Power Exhaust on, See below	575V-3ph	21Z15	OX	OX	OX	OX
BAROMETRIC REL							
	Dampers for Power Exhaust Kit		21Z21	X	Х	Х	Х
	tric Relief Dampers With Exhaust Hoo	 d	19F01	Х	Х	X	Х
OUTDOOR AIR							
	ers With Outdoor Air Hood						
Motorized			15D17	OX	OX	OX	ОХ
Manual			15D18	X	X	X	X
HUMIDITROL® CO	NDENSER REHEAT OPTION						
HUMIDITROL® CO Humiditrol Dehumid	NDENSER REHEAT OPTION ification Option		Factory	0	0	0	0

¹ Disconnect Switch is furnished and factory installed with High SCCR option.

NOTE - Catalog numbers shown are for ordering field installed accessories.

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 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Canada requires a minimum 20 amp circuit. Select 20 amp, non-powered, field wired GFI.

³ Required when Economizer is factory installed with factory installed Power Exhaust Fan option.

⁴ Required when Economizer is configured for horizontal airflow.

X = Field Installed

Itom		Catalog		Unit Mod	ei Numbe	r
Item		Number	036	048	060	072
INDOOR AIR QUALITY						
Air Filters						
Healthy Climate® High Efficiency Air Filters	MERV 8	54W21	OX	OX	OX	OX
20 x 20 x 2 in. (Order 4 per unit)	MERV 13	52W39	OX	OX	OX	OX
	MERV 16	21U40	OX	OX	OX	OX
Replaceable Media Filter With Metal Mesh Frame (includes non-pleated filter media) (order 4 per uni	20 x 20 x 2 in. t)	44N60	Χ	Х	X	Х
Indoor Air Quality (CO₂) Sensors						
Sensor - Wall-mount, off-white plastic cover with L	CD display	77N39	Х	Х	Х	Х
Sensor - Wall-mount, off-white plastic cover, no dis	splay	87N53	Х	Х	Х	Х
Sensor - Black plastic case with LCD display, rated	d for plenum mounting	87N52	Х	Х	X	Х
Sensor - Wall-mount, black plastic case, no display	y, rated for plenum mounting	87N54	Χ	X	Χ	Х
CO₂ Sensor Duct Mounting Kit - for downflow appl	ications	85L43	Χ	X	Χ	Х
Aspiration Box - for duct mounting non-plenum rate sensors (77N39 or 87N53)	ed CO ₂	90N43	Х	Х	X	Х
Needlepoint Bipolar Ionization (NPBI)						
Needlepoint Bipolar Ionization (NPBI) Kit		22U14	Χ	X	Χ	Х
UVC Germicidal Lamps				_		
¹ Healthy Climate® UVC Light Kit (110/230V-1ph)		21A92	Х	X	X	Х
Step-Down Transformers	460V primary, 230V secondary	10H20	Х	X	X	Х
	575V primary, 230V secondary	10H21	Χ	X	Χ	Х
ROOF CURBS						
Hybrid Roof Curbs, Downflow						
8 in. height		11F50	Χ	X	Χ	Х
14 in. height		11F51	Χ	X	Χ	Х
18 in. height		11F52	X	Х	X	Х
24 in. height		11F53	Χ	X	Χ	Х
Adjustable Pitched Curb						
14 in. height		43W27	Х	X	Χ	Х
Transition Curb						
Matches Enlight™ 036-072 Units to existing L Serie	es® Curbs	31B05	Χ	Х	Х	Х
CEILING DIFFUSERS						
Step-Down - Order one	RTD11-95S	13K61	Χ	Х	X	Х
Flush - Order one	FD11-95S	13K56	Х	Х	Х	Х
Transitions (Supply and Return) - Order one	T1TRAN20N-1	17W54	Х	Х	Х	Х

NOTE - Catalog numbers shown are for ordering field installed accessories.

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¹ Lamps operate on 110-230V single-phase power supply. Step-down transformer may be ordered separately for 460V and 575V units. Alternately, 110V power supply may be used to directly power the UVC ballast(s).

SPECIFIC	CATIONS			ı	1	UNIT
General Data	l	Nominal Tonnage	3 Ton	4 Ton	5 Ton	6 Ton
		Efficiency Type	High	High	High	High
		Model Number	LGT036H4E	LGT048H4E	LGT060H4E	LGT072H4E
Cooling		ross Cooling Capacity - Btuh	36,600	50,100	61,600	72,000
Performance	1	Net Cooling Capacity - Btuh	36,000	49,000	60,000	69,000
		¹ AHRI Rated Air Flow - cfm	1200/800	1800/1200	1800/1350	2000/1500
		¹ Total Unit Power - kW	2.7	3.8	4.7	5.7
	¹ SEER2	? (Btuh/Watt) - 208/230V-1ph	16.9	17.3	16.4	
	¹ EER2	? (Btuh/Watt) - 208/230V-1ph	13.0	12.1	12.7	
	¹ SEER	R (Btuh/Watt) - 208/230V-3ph	18.0	17.6	17.1	
	¹ SEER (Btuh/Watt) - 460V, 575V-3ph	17.0	17.0	17.0	
1 IE	ER (Btuh/Watt)	- 208/230V, 460V, 575V-3ph				17.0
	¹ EER (Btuh	/Watt) - 208/230V, 575V-3ph	13.5	12.8	12.8	12.1
Refrigerant		Refrigerant Type	R-410A	R-410A	R-410A	R-410A
Charge		Without Reheat Option	5 lbs. 11 oz.	5 lbs. 4 oz.	4 lbs. 13 oz.	5 lbs. 6 oz.
		With Reheat Option	5 lbs. 13 oz.	5 lbs. 10 oz.	5 lbs. 2 oz.	5 lbs. 14 oz.
Gas Heating	Options Availa	<u> </u>			age 21	<u>I</u>
	Type (one per		Two-Stage Scroll			Two-Stage Scroll
Outdoor Coil		Net face area (total) - sq. ft.	17.80	17.80	17.80	17.80
		Number of rows	1	1	1	1
		Fins per inch	20	20	20	20
Outdoor Coil		Motor - (No.) horsepower	(1) 1/3 (ECM)	(1) 1/3 (ECM)	(1) 1/3 (ECM)	(1) 1/3 (ECM)
Fans		Motor rpm	550-830	750-1010	830-1030	830-1030
		Total Motor watts	65-175	130-300	170-350	170-350
		Diameter - (No.) in.	(1) 24	(1) 24	(1) 24	(1) 24
		Number of blades	3	3	3	3
		Total air volume - cfm	2400 - 3795	2700 - 4100	3200 - 4700	3200 - 4700
Indoor		Net face area (total) - sq. ft.	8.65	8.65	8.65	8.65
Coil		Number of rows	1	1	1	1
		Fins per inch	20	20	20	20
	Drain conne	ction (Number) and size - in.	(1) 1 NPT	(1) 1 NPT	(1) 1 NPT	(1) 1 NPT
		Expansion device type	. ,	nermostatic Expans	. ,	. ,
Indoor	Standard	Blower type		Direct Drive ECM		
Blower	Static	Blade type		Forward Curved		
	(All Voltages)	Nominal motor HP	0.50	1	1	
		Blower wheel D x W - in.	(1) 10 X 10	(1) 11 X 10	(1) 11 X 10	
	High	Blower type	(1) 10 / 10	. , ,	rect Drive ECM	
	Static	Blade type			d Curved	
	(3ph Only)	Nominal motor HP	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
		Blower wheel D x W - in.	(1) 14 X 5	(1) 14 X 5	(1) 14 X 5	(1) 14 X 5
Filters		Number and size - in. (type)	(1) 17 7 3	1 '	2 (disposable)	(1) 17 7 0
Electrical cha	aracteristics	rvanibei anu size - III. (type)		(4) 20 X 20 X 2 (230V - 60 Hz - 1 p (60V, or 575V - 60 I	hase	208/230V, 460V, or 575V - 60 Hz - 3 phase

NOTE - Net capacity includes evaporator blower motor heat deduction. Gross capacity does not include evaporator blower motor heat deduction.

1AHRI Certified to AHRI Standard 210/240 (3-5 ton) or 340/360 (6 ton): 95°F outdoor air temperature and 80°F db/67°F wb entering evaporator air; minimum external duct static pressure.

SPECIFICATIONS				LOW N	OX GAS HEAT
	Model No.	036, 048, 060	036, 048, 060, 072	036, 048, 060, 072	048, 060, 072
	Heat Input Type		ndard tage)	Medium (2 Stage)	High (2 Stage)
Input	1st Stage	53,	000	81,000	113,000
Btuh	2nd Stage	65,	000	108,000	150,000
Output	1st Stage	43,	000	66,000	92,000
Btuh	2nd Stage	53,	000	87,000	121,000
Temperature	1st stage	5-	35	25 - 55	30 - 60
Rise Range - °F	2nd Stage	35-65 (0.5 and 1 hp)	15-45 (1.5 hp)	30 - 70	45 - 75
Minimum air volume - cfm		1075	1075	1150	1500
¹ AFUE (Single Phase)		8′	1%	81%	81%
² Thermal Efficiency (Three	Phase)	8′	1%	81%	81%
Gas Supply Connections			1/2 in	. NPT	
Recommended Gas Supply	Pressure - Nat. / LPG		7 in. w.g. /	11 in. w.g.	
Gas Supply Pressure	Min./Max. (Natural)		4.5 - 10.	5 in. w.g.	
Range	Min./Max. (LPG)		10.8 - 13	.5 in. w.g.	

¹ Annual Fuel Utilization Efficiency based on U.S. DOE test procedures and FTC labeling regulations. ² Thermal Efficiency at full input.

HIGH ALTITUDE DERATE					
NOTE - Units may be installed at altitudes up to 2000 ft. above sea level without any	Heat Input Type	Altitude Feet		old Pressure w.g.	Input Rate (Btuh)
modifications. At altitudes above 2000 ft.			Natural Gas	LPG/ Propane	
units must be derated to match information in the table shown. At altitudes above	Standard (2 stage)	2001 - 4500	3.0/1.7	9.0/5.1	60,000 / 49,000
4500 ft. unit must be derated 2% for each 1000 ft. above sea level.	Medium (2 stage)	2001 - 4500	3.0/1.7	9.0/5.1	100,000 / 75,000
NOTE - This is the only permissible derate for these units.	High (2 stage)	2001 - 4500	3.0/1.7	9.0/5.1	139,000 / 104,000

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.).

2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.).

Minimum Air Volume Required For Different Gas Heat Sizes: Standard Heat - 1075 cfm; Medium Heat - 1150 cfm; High Heat - 1500 cfm

See page 11 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data. **DOWNFLOW**

External										٩	ercents	age of	Percentage of Total Motor Torque	1otor T	orane										
Static		20%		30%	,0		40%			20%)	%09			%02		80	%08		%06			100%	
Press. in. w.g.	Cfm \	Watts RPM		Cfm Watts	ts RPM		Cfm Watts	s RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm V	Watts F	RPM	Cfm W	Watts RF	RPM C	Cfm Wa	Watts RPM	M Cfm	n Watts	s RPM	l Cfm	Watts	RPM
0	811	50 415	15 994	94 82	473	1177	114	531	1319	154	579	1461	194 (626 1	1564 2	236 60	663 16	1667 27	278 700	0 1804	349	753	1878	396	783
0.1	716	47 494	906 46)6 81	547	1095	115		1243	158	642	1391	200	685	1500 2	243 7	718 16	1608 28	286 751	1 1753	3 361	798	1833	409	824
0.2	631	49 570	70 827	27 85	618	1023	121	999	1176	165	704	1329	209 7	742 1.	1442 2	254 7	772 15	1555 29	299 802	2 1708	375	843	1794	425	865
0.3	929	54 644	14 758	58 92	189	096	130	729	1118	176	764	1275	222 7	799 1	1392 2	268 83	825 15	1509 37	314 851	1 1668	18 392	888	1759	443	206
0.4	489	62 715	969 98	36 102	2 753	903	142	791	1065	189	822	1227	236 8	853 13	1347 2	284 87	877 14	1467 33	331 900	0 1632	2 410	932	1726	462	949
0.5						851	155	851	1017	204	879	1183	253 8	906 13	1306 3	301 92	927 14	1429 3	349 948	8 1597	7 430	926 (1693	481	991
9.0	1 1	:	:	:	:	804	170	606	973	220	933	1141	269	957 13	1267 3	318 9	976 13	1392 36	367 994	4 1562	2 449	1019	1660	201	1032
0.7	!!!	:	:	;	!	759	184	964	930	235	985	1101	286 1	1006 1	1228 3	336 10	1023 13	1355 38	385 1039	39 1527	7 467	1062	1624	519	1074
0.8						716	199	1017	889	251	1036	1061	302 1	1054 1	1189 3	352 10	1069 13	1317 40	402 1083	33 1489	9 484	. 1103	1585	535	1115
6. Po						671	211	1067	845	264	1083	1019	316 1	1099 1	1148 3	366 11	1112 12	1276 41	416 1125	25 1447	7 499	1144	1540	549	1156
1.0		:	-	:	-	625	222	1114	800	275	1128	974	327 1	1142 1	1102 3	378 11	1154 12	1230 42	428 1165	35 1400	0 510	1183	1489	229	1196
7						929	230	1158	751	283	1170	925	336 1	1182 1	1052 3	387 11	1193 11	1179 43	437 1203	1345	5 518	1221	1430	266	1235
1.2						521	234	1199	695	288	1210	869	341 1	1220 6	995 3	391 12	1230 11	1121 44	441 1240	1283	3 521	1258	1361	267	1273
1.3												908	340 1	1255 6	930 3	390 12	1265 10	1054 44	440 1274	74 1210	0 519	1293	1281	562	1311
1.4			-				-					734	335 1	1288 8	856 3	384 12	1297 9	977 43	433 1306	1126	6 510	1326	1188	552	1347
HORIZONTA	TAL																								
External										ď	ercenta	age of	Percentage of Total Motor Torque	lotor T	ordue										
Static		20%		30%	, o		40%			20%			%09		7	%02		98	%08		%06	۰		100%	
Press. in. w.g.	Cfm \	Watts RPM		Cfm Watts	ts RPM		Cfm Watts	s RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm V	Watts	RPM	Cfm W	Watts RF	RPM	Cfm Wa	Watts RPM	M Cfm	n Watts	s RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM
0	794	45 388	38 970	92 02	454	1146	107	519	1281	149	575	1416	191 (630 1	1522 1	110 6	678 16	1627 29	293 726	6 1715	5 351	768	1802	408	810
0.1	602	44 460	30 895	35 78	519	1080	111	222	1223	155	627	1366	199 (677 1,	1477 2	251 7;	721 15	1588 30	303 764	4 1681	1 362	804	1773	420	843
0.2	630	46 531	31 855	55 82	583	1019	117	634	1169	163	629	1318	208	723 1	1435 2	262 70	763 15	1552 37	315 803	3 1648	8 375	841	1743	434	878
0.3	556	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	125	069	1117	172	730	1273	219	769 1	1395 2	274 80	805 15	1516 32	328 841	\dashv	5 388	877	1714	448	912
0.4	486	58 671	71 696	96 97	709	906	135	746	1068	184	781	1230	232 8	815 1:	1356 2	288 8	848 14	1481 34	343 880	0 1582	2 403	914	1683	463	948
0.5	420	66 740	10 637	37 107	771	854	147	802	1021	196	831	1188	245 8	860 13	1317 3	301 89	890 14	1446 35	357 919	9 1549	9 418	951	1652	478	983
9.0						804	159	856	946	209	881	1147	259 6	905 1;	1279 3	316 9:	932 14	1410 37	372 958	8 1514	4 432	686	1618	492	1019
0.7						756	172	910	932	223	930	1107	273 9	949 13	1241 3	330 97	973 13	1374 38	386 996	6 1478	8 446	1026	1582	206	1055
8.0						200	185	962	888	236	826	1066	287 9	993 1;	201 3	344 10	1014 13	1336 40	400 1034	34 1440	0 460	1063	1544	519	1091
6.0						663	197	1013	844	249	1025	1025	300 1	1036 1	1161 3	357 10	1054 12	1296 41	413 1072	72 1399	9 472	1100	1502	530	1127
1.0					-							982	313 1	1078 1		369 10	1094 12	1254 42	424 1109	1355	5 482	_	1456	540	1163
1.1							-					938	323 1	1119 1	1073 3	379 11	1133 12	1208 43	434 1146	1307	7 491	1172	1406	548	1198
1.2	:		:									892	332 1	1158 1	1026 3	387 11	1170 11	1159 441	41 1182	32 1255	5 497	1208	1351		1233
1.3	!	:	:	;	!	:	:	:		!!	:	-	\neg	_	-	_	1207 11	1106 44	446 1216				1290		1268
1.4	:	:	:	:	-	:	!	:	:	:	:	190	344 1	1234 6	920 3	396 12	1242 10	1049 44	448 1250	50 1137	7 501	1276	1224	553	1302

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.).

2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.).

Minimum Air Volume Required For Different Gas Heat Sizes:

Standard Heat - 1075 cfm; Medium Heat - 1150 cfm; High Heat - 1500 cfm

See page 11 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data.

DOWNFLOW	MO																									
External											Pe	rcenta	ge of 1	Percentage of Total Motor Torque	otor Tc	rque										
Static		20%			30%			40%			20%		3	%09		%02	%		%08	9,		%06			100%	
Press. in. w.g.	Cfm	Cfm Watts RPM		Cfm Watts	Vatts	RPM	Cfm Watts	Vatts	RPM	Cfm V	Watts	RPM (Cfm W	Watts RI	RPM C	Cfm Watts	tts RPM	M Cfm	n Watts	ts RPM	/ Cfm	า Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM
0	1067	112	488	1325	196	573	1583	279	. 259	1759	381	726 1	1934 4	482 7	794 20	2046 579	9 845	5 2157	929 29	968 9	3 2285	5 816	926	2358	925	989
0.1	984	97	537	1249	184	616	1513	270	. 369	1697	376	760 1	1881 4	481 8	825 20	2002 584	4 873	3 2123	23 686	921	2273	3 838	978	2352	947	1008
0.2	912	91	. 285	1183	180	. 199	1453	268	735	1644	377	796 1	1835 4	486 8	856 19	1964 593	3 902	2 2093	33 700	0 947	, 2264	4 863	1001	2349	973	1030
0.3	851	95	. 989	1126	183	. 902	1400	273	. 922	1597	385	832 1	1794 4	497 8	889 19	1931 607	7 932	2 2067	37 717	7 974	1 2256	6 891	1026	2348	1001	1053
0.4	797	100	. 289	1075	192	751	1353	283	815	1555	397	869 1	1757	511 9	922 19	1901 625	5 962	2 2044	14 738	8 1002	2 2248	8 919	1051	2347	1031	1077
0.5	752	114	737	1032	206	962	1312	298	855	1518	413	905 1	1724	528 9	955 18	1873 644	.4 993	3 2021	21 760	0 1030	0 2239	948	1078	2345	1061	1102
9.0	712	132	787	994	224	842	1275	316	968	1484	432	942 1	1692	548 9	988 18	1845 666	1024	1998	98 783	3 1059	9 2228	8 977	1104	1		1 1
0.7	678	155	836	096	246	988	1242	336	936	1452	452	979 1	1662	568 10	1021 18	1818 687	37 1055	55 1974	74 806	6 1088	8 2214	1004	1131	1	-	:
0.8	648	180	885	929	269	931	1210	358	926	1421	474	1016 1	1632	589 10	1055 17	1790 709	1086	36 1948	18 828	8 1117	7 2195	5 1028	1158	1		1
6:0 P	621	207	933	006	294	974	1179	381	1015	1390	495	1051 1	1600	609	1087 17	1760 728	1117	7 1919	19 847	7 1146	6 2170	0 1049	1185	1	1 1	:
1.0	969	235	981	872	319	1017	1148	403	1053	1357	516	1086 1	1566	628 1	1119 17	1725 74	746 1147	.7 1884	34 864	4 1174	4 2139	9 1066	1212	1	:	1
8. 1.	1 1	1	1	!	!	:	1115	424	1090 1322	1322	534	1120 1	1528 (643 17	1150 16	1686 760	30 1176	76 1844	44 876	1201	1 2100	0 1078	1238			:
1.2	1 1	1 1		!	1 1		1080	443	1126	1283	549	1153 1	1485 (655 11	1180 16	1641 770	0 1204	1797	97 884	4 1228	8 2052	2 1083	1264			
1.3						,	1040	458	1161	1238	561	1185 1	1436 (663 12	1209 15	1589 775	5 1231	1 1742	12 886	6 1253	3 1993	3 1081	1288			
1.4	!	1		1	1 1	1 1	966	469	1194	1189	267	1215 1	1381 (665 12	1236 15	1530 773	3 1257	7 1678	78 881	1 1277	7 1923	3 1071	1311	1	1 1	:
HORIZONTA	JTAL																									
External											Pe	ercentage	ge of 1	of Total Motor Torque	otor Tc	rdue										
Static		%07			30%			40%			20%		J.	%09		40%	%		80%	%		%06			100%	
Press. in. w.g.	Cfm	Cfm Watts RPM		Cfm Watts RPM	Vatts		Cfm /	Cfm Watts RPM		Cfm V	Watts	RPM	Cfm W	Watts RI	RPM	Cfm Watts	tts RPM	M Cfm	n Watts	ts RPM	M Cfm	n Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM
0	1087	111	493	1304	184	219	1520	257	. 665	1689	368	738 1	1857 4	478 8	810 19	1972 588	864	4 2087	37 698	8 918	3 2196	844	975	2283	925	1000
0.1	1021	104	537	1246	180	618	1470	255	669	1646	368	768 1	1821	480 8	837 19	1941 592	12 888	8 2061	31 704	4 938	3 2179	9 852	992	2255	926	1017
0.2	961	102	582	1193	181	. 859	1425	259	734	1607	373	799 1	1789	487 8	864 19	1914 601	11 912	2 2039	39 714	4 960) 2163	3 864	1012	2231	932	1034
0.3	906	106	628	1145	186	669	1384	266	. 692	1572	382	831 1	1759 4	498 8	892 18	1889 613	3 938	8 2018	18 728	8 984	1 2149	9 879	1033	2209	941	1053
0.4	855	113	674	1101	196	740	1347	278	908	1540	396	864 1	1732	513 9	921 18	1866 629	96 68	5 1999	99 744	4 1008	8 2134	4 896	1054			
0.5	808	125	720	1060	209	781	1312	293	842	1509	412	896 1	1706	530 9	950 18	1843 646	16 992	2 1980	30 762	2 1033	3 2119	9 915	1077			
9.0	764		. 992	1022	-	_	1279	310	879	1481	430	930 1	1682	549 9	980 18	1821 66	666 1019	9 1960	30 782	2 1058	8 2102	2 935	1101			
0.7	722	155	812	985	242	864	1247	328	916	1452	449	964 1	1657	569 10	1011 17	1799 686	36 1048	1940	40 803	3 1084	4 2084	4 955	1125	1	1 1	1 1

2011 | 1008

1104 1895

1100 1724

0.8

1214 | 1941 | 1031

1186 1805

1158 1660

1130 1694

1126 | 1515 |

1059 1334

1186 1622

1093 | 1300

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0. 0.9

1212 1579

1189 | 1979 | 1021

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.).

Minimum Air Volume Required For Different Gas Heat Sizes: Standard Heat - 1075 cfm; Medium Heat - 1150 cfm; High Heat - 1500 cfm

2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.).

See page 11 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data.

DOWNFLOW

	5										Ļ	Stat	Total Static Dressure	ollro -	ai -											
lotal Air	0	0.1	0.2	2	0.3	က	0.4	4	0.5	10	9.0		0.7	5	0.8	_	0.9		1.0		1.		1.2		1.3	
ctm	RPM	Watts	RPM Watts	Watts	RPM	RPM Watts	RPM Watts	Watts	RPM	Watts	RPM \	Watts	RPM Watts	-	RPM Watts		RPM Watts		RPM Watts		RPM Watts	-	RPM Wa	Watts RPM	M Watts	lts
400	-	-	734	19	823	40	910	09	985	78	-	1 1	-	-	-		:	-	:	:	!	:	-	:	-	
009	992	28	928	51	944	73	1029	93	1108	111	1180	127	1248	139 1	1315	149	1383 ′	158 14	1451	169	:	:			:	
800	899	22	686	81	1079	104	1163	125	1242	145	1317	161	1386	174 1	1454	185	1519	198 1	1582	214 1643		234 1	1701 2	255 1755	55 281	_
1000	1084	92	1163	117	1244	139	1323	160	1398	180	1470	196	1538	211 1	1603	227	1663	245 1.	1721	267 1776		292	1828 3	320 1876	6 350	0
1200	1319	113	1385	138	1451	162	1517	186	1581	209	1644	231	1703	254 1	1759	278	1812	306 18	1863	337 1912		367 1	1960 38	397 2003	3 427	_
1400	1542	146	1596	177	1649	208	1703	239	1757	269	1809	300	1860	331	1909	362	1956	393 20	2003 4	425 2050	_	456 2	2095 48	483 2139	809 68	ω
1600	1721	225	1772	258	1823	291	1873	324	1923	356	1972	388	2019	419 2	2065	450 2	2110 4	480 2	2156	510 2200		539 2	2244 50	565 2287	37 590	0
1800	1909	309	1957	341	2006	373	2054	404	2101	435	2146	465	2190	495 2	2234	526 2	2277	557 23	2320	588 2362	\vdash	620 2	2404 6	651 2444	4 685	2
2000	2103	385	2148	417	2193	450	2239	483	2283	516	2325	220	2367	584 2	2408	620 2	2449 (658 2	2490 (696 2529		735 2	2568 7	777 2605	922	2
\$200	2299	478	2342	514	2384	552	2426	290	2467	630	2507	671	2547	714 2	2586	757	2625 8	800 26	2663 8	844 27	2700 8	889 2	2735 93	935 2770	0 982	2
2400	2500	909	2540	647	2580	069	2618	734	2656	779	2694	824	2731	870 2	2768	915 2	2804 (961 28	2839 1	1006 2874		1051 2	2907 10	1096 2941	11 1141	7
2600	2704	292	2741	810	2778	855	2813	901	2849	947	2884	993	2918	1039 2	2952 1	1085 2	2986 1	1129 30	3019 1	1173 3051	_	1217 3	3083 12	1259 3115	5 1300	0
2800	2908	941	2943	985	2976	1030	3010	1076	3042	1121	3075	1166	3107	1210 3	3139 1	1253	3170 1	1296 33	3200 1	1338 3231	_	1379 3	3261 14	1419 3290	1456	99
3000	3110	1111	3142	1156	3173	1201	3205	1245	3236	1289	3267	1332	3296	1373 3	3325 1	1414	3354 1	1455 33	3382 1	1496 3412	_	1536 3	3439 15	1573 3465	1609	6
ŀ					2	Total Static Pressure - in. w.g.	tic Pre	ssure	- in. w.ę	ri,																
Nir ofm		1.4	1.5	2	<u>+</u>	1.6	1.7	7	1.8	_	1.9		2.0													
5	RPM	RPM Watts	1	RPM Watts	RPM	RPM Watts		RPM Watts	RPM Watts	Natts	RPM Watts		RPM Watts	Vatts												
800	1805	309	1850	337	1895	366	1940	392	:	!	:	:	!	:												
1000	1920	380	1962	410	2005	439	2050	466	2094	492	2138	217	2181	541												
1200	2045	456	2087	484	2130	510	2174	537	2217	563	2260	589	2302	615												
1400	2182	531	2225	222	2268	581	2310	610	2352	640	2393	671	2433	703												
1600	2330	616	2371	645	2412	829	2452	713	2491	750	2530	787	2568	824												
1800	2484	723	2523	765	2561	808	2598	849	2636	890	2672	931	2708	971												
2000	2641	898	2677	915	2713	961	2749	1003	2784	1044	2819	1084	2853	1124												
2200	2804	1028	2839	1072	2873	1114	2907	1155	2940	1194	2973	1234	3006	1272												
2400	2974	1184	3006	1225	3039	1266	3071	1305	3103	1344	3134	1382	3166	1420												
2600	3146	1340	3177	1379	3207	1417	3238	1456	3269	1494	3299	1532	3329	1569												
2800	3319	1493	3347	1530	3376	1567	3406	1605	3435	1643	3465	1681	3495	1718												
3000	3491	1644	3517	1680	3543	1716	3572	1754	3602	1792	3631	1830	3661	1867												

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

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Minimum Air Volume Required For Different Gas Heat Sizes:

See page 11 for wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data.

HORIZONTAL

	 										ì															
Total											Tot	al Stai	Total Static Pressure - in. w.g	ssure -	in. w.ç	ان										
Air	0	0.1	0.2	٠.	0.3	က	0.4	4	0.5	10	9.0		0.7	_	0.8		6.0		1.0		1.1		1.2		1.3	
ctm	RPM	RPM Watts	RPM Watts		RPM Watts	Watts	RPM	RPM Watts	RPM \	Watts	RPM V	Watts	RPM	Watts	RPM V	Watts F	RPM W	Watts R	RPM W	Watts RI	RPM W	Watts R	RPM Watts	tts RPM	M Watts	tts
400	708	16	793	37	872	53			:	-		1	:	:	:		:	:	:	-	:	1	;	:	-	
009	835	46	918	65	1000	82	1077	92	1149	107	1221	109	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	!	;	:	:	;	;	
800	981	75	1064	92	1144	109	1221	124	1294	139	1365	148	1434	154	1497	163	1555 1	179 1	1607 2	200 16	1656 2	226 1	1704 254	40	-	!
1000	1166	105	1241	124	1315	141	1387	159	1454	176	1520	191	1582	207	1638	227 1	1689 2	252 1	1737 2	279 17	1783 3	308	1829 335	1873	73 362	2
1200	1374	142	1440	162	1506	182	1569	203	1630	224	1687	246	1739	271	1787	299	1832 3	330 1	1876	361 15	1920 3	391	1964 419	9 2007	70 444	4
1400	1591	183	1647	209	1701	235	1755	263	1806	291	1854	320	1899	351	1942	382	1984 4	412 2	2026 4	442 20	2068 4	469 2	2110 496	96 2153	53 520	0
1600	1778	258	1827	290	1876	323	1923	355	1970	386	2015	416	2059	444	2102	470 2	2144 4	494 2	2185 5	519 22	2227 5	545 2	2268 572	72 2309	009 60	0
008 age	1973	352	2018	383	2063	415	2107	445	2151	476	2194	504	2237	531	2279	557 2	2319 5	584 2	2359 6	613 23	2397 6	645 2	2435 679	9 2471	713	က
2000	2182	437	2224	468	2265	499	2306	531	2346	563	2385	969	2424	630 2	2461	999	2496 7	705 2	2530 7	745 25	2564 7	786 2	2598 826	96 2631	31 866	9
2200	2388	540	2426	929	2464	613	2500	651	2536	691	2571	731	2605	774	2637	819 2	2668 8	863 2	2700 8	907 27	2732 9	949 2	2764 990	90 2795	95 1029	59
2400	2589	629	2624	719	2658	761	2691	803	2724	846	2756	068	2786	935	2816	980	2846 10	1025 2	2876 1	1068 29	2907 1	1109 2	2937 1149	49 2967	37 1188	88
2600	2787	845	2819	887	2850	930	2881	973	2911	1017	2941	1060	2970	1104	2999	1147 3	3028 17	1189 3	3057 1	1230 30	3087 1	1270 -	:	;	;	
2800	2983	1021	3013	1063	3042	1106	3070	1149	3099	1191	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	!	:	1	:	1	-	:	-	
					Γο	Total Static Pressure	tic Pre		- in. w.g.																	
Total Air cfm	_	4.1	1.5		1.6	9	1.7	7	1.8	_	1.9	_	2.0													
	RPM	RPM Watts	RPM Watts		RPM Watts	Watts	RPM	RPM Watts	RPM Wati	S	RPM V	Watts	RPM V	Watts												
800	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:												
1000	1916	386	1957	408	1998	428	2037	447	2077	465				-												
1200	2049	468	2089	490	2128	510	2168	529	2207	549	2246	269	2285	591												
1400	2194	543	2235	265	2274	588	2313	611	2350	637	2387	664	2423	694												
1600	2349	627	2387	259	2423	688	2457	722	2490	757	2522	793	2554	830												
1800	2506	749	2539	187	2571	825	2602	864	2632	803	2992	942	2692	981												
2000	2663	906	2694	945	2725	985	2755	1024	2785	1063	2815	1101	2845	1138												
2200	2826	1068	2857	1107	2887	1146	2916	1184	2946	1221	2975	1259	3005	1296												
2400	2997	1227	3027	1266	3056	1304	3085	1342																		
2600	:	:	:		-		-		:	:	:		:	:												
2800			-			1 1 1	1	1			1 1		1 1	1												

FACTORY INSTALLED OPTIONS/FIELD INSTALLED ACCESSORY AIR RESISTANCE - in. w.g.

Air	Wet Ind	oor Coil	Humiditrol®	Gas H	eating			Filters	
Volume cfm	036, 048	060, 072	Reheat Coil	Medium Heat	High Heat	Economizer	MERV 8	MERV 13	MERV 16
800	0.01			0.02	0.02	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.04
1000	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.05
1200	0.03	0.04	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.05
1400	0.04	0.05	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.06
1600	0.05	0.07	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.08
1800	0.06	0.08	0.02	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.07	0.09
2000	0.08	0.10	0.02	0.04	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.08	0.10
2200		0.11	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.05	0.05	0.08	0.11
2400		0.13	0.04	0.05	0.08	0.05	0.05	0.08	0.12

POWER EXHAUST FAN PERFORMANCE

	•				
Return Air System Static Pressure in. w.g.	Air Volume Exhausted cfm				
0.00	2000				
0.05	1990				
0.10	1924				
0.15	1810				
0.20	1664				
0.25	1507				
0.30	1350				
0.35	1210				

CEILING DIFFUSERS AIR RESISTANCE (in. w.g.)

	RT	RTD11-95S Step-Down Diffuser						
Air Volume - cfm	2 Ends Open	2 Ends Open All Ends & Sides Open		All Ends & Sides One		Flush Diffuser		
1800	0.13	0.11	0.09	0.09				
2000	0.15	0.13	0.11	0.10				
2200	0.18	0.15	0.12	0.12				
2400	0.21	0.18	0.15	0.14				
2600	0.24	0.21	0.18	0.17				
2800	0.27	0.24	0.21	0.20				
3000	0.32	0.29	0.25	0.25				

CEILING DIFFUSER AIR THROW DATA

Air Volume - cfm	¹ Effective Throw - ft.						
	RTD11-95S	FD11-95S					
2600	24 - 29	19 - 24					
2800	25 - 30	20 - 28					
3000	27 - 33	21 - 29					

¹ Effective throw based on terminal velocities of 75 ft. per minute.

ELECTRICAL	L DATA							3 TON
	Model No.	LGT036H4						
¹ Voltage - 60Hz		208/230V - 1 Ph	208/230	V - 3 Ph	460V - 3 Ph		575V	- 3 Ph
Compressor	Rated Load Amps	14.2	8	.8	4	4	3	.4
_	Locked Rotor Amps	78.1	7	0	31		2	27
Outdoor Fan Motor	Full Load Amps	2.8 2.8 1.4		2.8 1.4 1.1		.1		
Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP	Full Load Amps	2.4	2.4		1.3			1
Service Outlet 115	5V GFI (amps)	15	15		15		2	20
Indoor Blower	Horsepower	0.5	0.5	1.5	0.5	1.5	0.5	1.5
Motor	Full Load Amps	4.3	4.3	4.4	2.2	2.3	1.7	2.3
² Maximum	Unit Only	35	25	25	15	15	15	15
Overcurrent Protection	With (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	40	25	25	15	15	15	15
³ Minimum	Unit Only	25	19	19	9	9	8	8
Circuit Ampacity	With (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	28	21	21	10	10	9	9

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

ELECTRICA	L DATA							4 TON
	Model No.	LGT048H4						
¹ Voltage - 60Hz		208/230V - 1 Ph	208/230	208/230V - 3 Ph		460V - 3 Ph		- 3 Ph
Compressor	Rated Load Amps	17.1	11	1.7	5	.7	4	.9
_	Locked Rotor Amps	109	1:	23	60		41	
Outdoor Fan Motor	Full Load Amps	os 2.8 2.8 1.4		.4	1.1			
Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP	Full Load Amps	2.4	2.4		1.3		1	
Service Outlet 11	5V GFI (amps)	15	1	15		15		20
Indoor Blower	Horsepower	1	1	1.5	1	1.5	1	1.5
Motor -	Full Load Amps	7.4	7.4	4.4	3.7	2.3	3	2.3
² Maximum	Unit Only	45	35	30	15	15	15	15
Overcurrent Protection	With (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	50	35	35	15	15	15	15
³ Minimum	Unit Only	32	25	22	13	11	11	10
Circuit — Ampacity	With (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	34	28	25	14	13	12	11

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

ELECTRICA	L DATA							5 TON
	Model No.	LGT060H4						
¹ Voltage - 60Hz		208/230V - 1 Ph	208/230	V - 3 Ph	460V - 3 Ph		575V	- 3 Ph
Compressor	Rated Load Amps	23.5	1	4	6	.5	4	.9
	Locked Rotor Amps	118	9	93	6	0		11
Outdoor Fan Motor	Full Load Amps	2.8	2.8		1.4		1	.1
Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP	Full Load Amps	2.4	2.4		1.3			1
Service Outlet 11	5V GFI (amps)	15	1	5	15		2	20
Indoor Blower	Horsepower	1	1	1.5	1	1.5	1	1.5
Motor	Full Load Amps	7.4	7.4	4.4	3.7	2.3	3	2.3
² Maximum	Unit Only	60	40	35	15	15	15	15
Overcurrent With (1) 0.33 HP Protection Power Exhaust		60	40	40	20	15	15	15
³ Minimum	Unit Only	40	28	25	14	12	11	10
Circuit Ampacity	With (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	42	31	28	15	14	12	11

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{NOTE}}$ - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

ELECTRICAL DA	ATA			6 TO
	Model No.		LGT072H4	
¹ Voltage - 60Hz		208/230V - 3 Ph	460V - 3 Ph	575 - 3Ph
Compressor	Rated Load Amps	17.6	8.5	6.3
	Locked Rotor Amps	136	66.1	55.3
Outdoor Fan Motor	Full Load Amps	2.8	1.4	1.1
Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP	Full Load Amps	2.4	1.3	1
Service Outlet 115V GI	FI (amps)	15	15	20
Indoor Blower	Horsepower	1.5	1.5	1.5
Motor	Full Load Amps	4.4	2.3	2.3
² Maximum	Unit Only	45	20	15
Overcurrent Protection	With (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	45	20	15
³ Minimum	Unit Only	30	15	12
Circuit Ampacity	With (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	32	16	13

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{NOTE}}$ - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

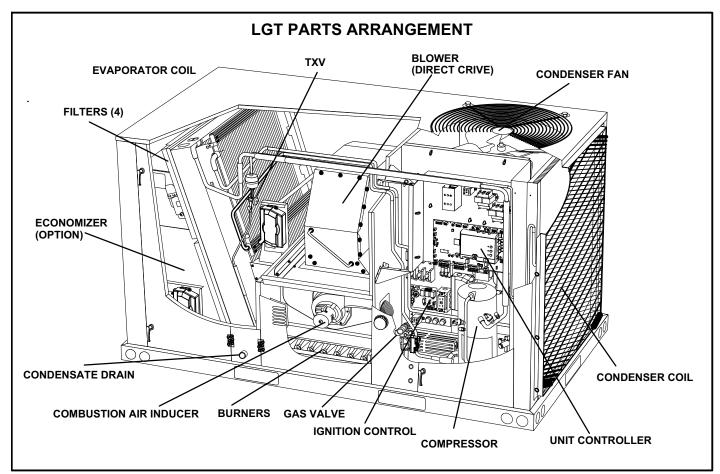


FIGURE 1

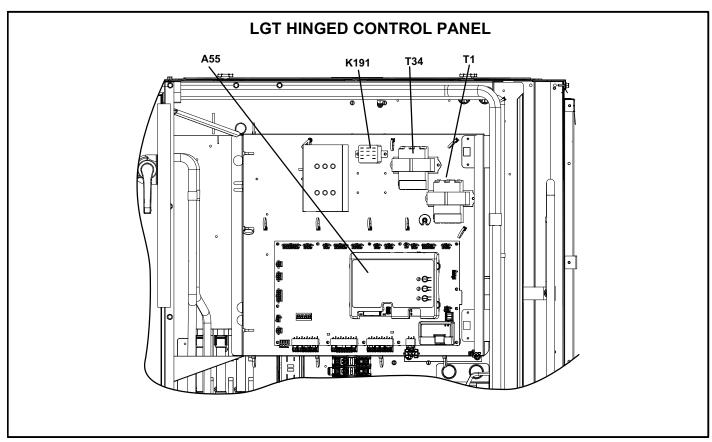


FIGURE 2

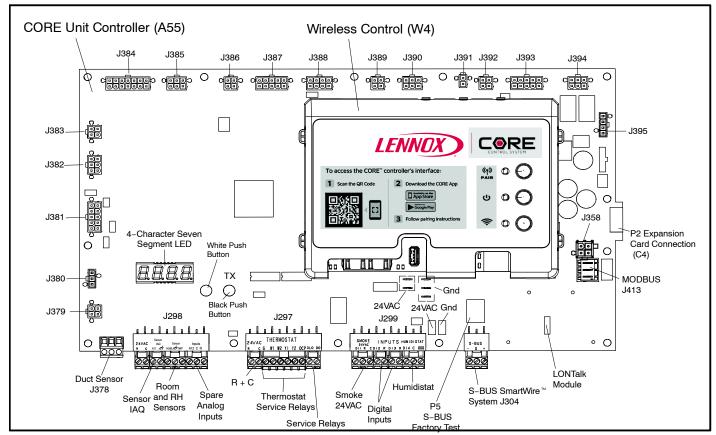


FIGURE 3

I-UNIT COMPONENTS

A CAUTION



Electrostatic discharge can affect electronic components. Take precautions to neutralize electrostatic charge by touching your hand and tools to metal prior to handling the control.

All 3 through 6 ton (7.5 through 30 kW) units are configure to order units (CTO). The LGT unit components are shown in figure 1. All units come standard with hinged unit panels. All L1, L2, and L3 wiring is color coded; L1 is red, L2 is yellow, and L3 is blue.

A-Control Box Components

LGT control box components are shown in figure 2. The control box is located in the upper right portion of the compressor compartment.

1-Control Transformers T1/T43

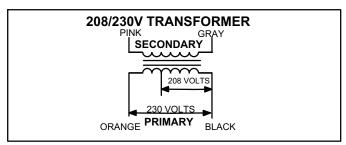


FIGURE 4

All use a single line voltage to 24VAC transformer mounted on the hinged control panel. Transformer supplies power to control circuits in the unit. The transformer is rated at 70VA and is protected by a 3.5 amp circuit (CB8). The 208/230 voltage transformers use two primary voltage taps as shown in figure 4, while the 460 (G) voltage transformer use a single primary voltage tap. T43 is used for units with hot gas reheat for additional 24VAC.

2-Transformer T4 (J voltage)

All J volt units are equipped with a line voltage to 460V 3-phase transformer to power the indoor blower motor. T4 is mounted in the back panel of the compressor section above T5.

3-Transformer T5 (G and J voltage)

All units use transformer T5 mounted in the back panel in the compressor section. T5 is a line voltage to 230V transformer to power the combustion air inducer, outdoor fan motor, and optional UVC light ballast.. It is connected to line voltage and is powered at all times.

4-Unit Controller A55 (Figure 3)

The Unit Controller provides all unit control functions, unit status information, unit diagnostics, programmable parameters, and USB verification and profile sharing. The unit controller can only be interfaced with via the CORE Service mobile app. Refer to the Unit controller instructions provided for additional details on pairing and app functions

Attention

Use this QR code to download the mobile service app. Follow the prompts to pair the app with the unit control system and configure the unit. Refer to the "Download Mobile App" section in this manual and the Setup Guide provided with this unit. The QR code is also available in the unit control area.

can be downloaded from

The app can be downloaded from the appropriate iOS or Android store. Look for the following



The Unit Controller uses input from a zone/room sensor cooling, a thermostat, or a third-party controller to operate the unit. Zone/room sensor, thermostat, and third-party controller wires are connected to J297 on the Unit Controller.

Many default Unit Controller settings are adjustable. Refer to the unit installation instruction or the Unit Controller manual provided with the unit.

The Unit Controller is configured to identify optional kits and accessories for proper function. Each character in the configuration ID represents a different option. Refer to the unit installation instruction or the Unit Controller manual provided with the unit.

5-Compressor Contactor K1

The Unit Controller closes n.o. K1 contacts to provide power to the inverter control board (A192). The contactor does not energize the compressor in the same manner as a traditional cooling system. Three phase units use three pole double break contactors with a 24 volt coil.

6-Crankcase Heater Relay K191

All units use relay K191 to control crnkcase heater HR1.

7-Power Exhaust Relay K65 (PED units)

Power exhaust relay K65 is a N.O. DPDT relay with a 24VAC coil. K65 is used in all LGT units equipped with the optional power exhaust dampers. K65 is energized by the economizer control panel (A56), after the economizer dampers reach 50% open (adjustable in ECTO). When K65 closes, the exhaust fan B10 is are energized.

B-Cooling Components

All units use a single cooling circuit consisting of a twospeed compressor, all aluminum condenser coil and evaporator coil. See figure 5. All units use one draw-through type condenser fan and a single direct drive blower. The blower draws air across the evaporator during unit operation.

Cooling may be supplemented by a factory- or field-installed economizer. The evaporator coil is slab type and uses a thermostatic expansion valve as the primary refrigerant metering device. The compressor is protected by a high pressure switch (S4) on the discharge line, a high temperature limit switch (S5) on the compressor, and a low pressure switch (S87) on the suction line. See figure 5.

1-High Pressure Switch S4

The high pressure switch is an auto-reset SPST N.C. switch which opens on a pressure rise.

S4 is located in the compressor discharge line and wired to the A55 Unit Controller.

When discharge pressure rises to 640 ± 10 psig (4412 ± 69 kPa) (indicating a problem in the system) the switch opens and the compressor inverter is de-energized (the economizer can continue to operate). The switch automatically resets at 475 ± 10 psig.

2-Low Pressure Switch S87

The compressor circuit is protected by a loss of charge switch located on the suction line. Switch opens at 40 psig \pm 5 psig (276 \pm 34 kPa) and automatically resets at 90 psig + 5 psig (621 kPa + kPa).

3-High Temperature Limit Switch S5

The variable speed compressor is equipped with a compressor-mounted normally closed temperature switch that prevents compressor damage due to overheating caused by internal friction. The switch is located on top of the compressor casing. This switch senses the compressor casing temperature and opens at 239-257°F to shut-off compressor operation. The auto-reset switch closes when the compressor casing temperature falls to 151-187°F, and the compressor is re-energized. This switch is a single-pole, single-throw (SPST) bi-metallic switch and is wired to the A55 Unit Controller.

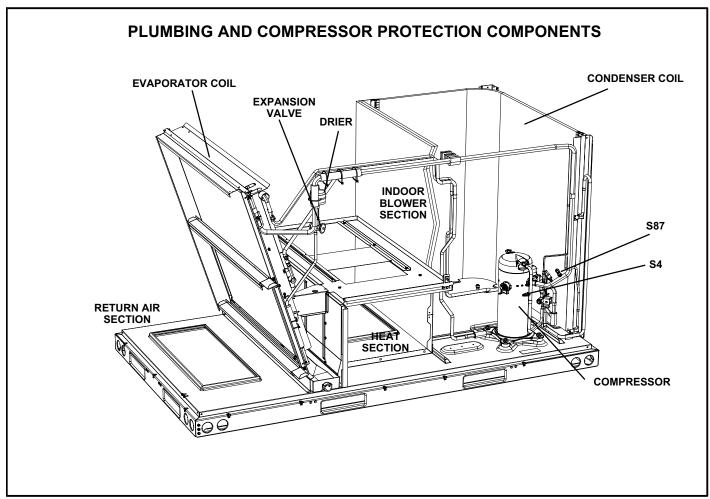


FIGURE 5

4-Thermistors

Units are equipped with two factory-installed thermistors (RT46 and RT48) located on different points on the refrigerant circuit.

The thermistors provide the Unit Controller with constant temperature readings of two specific locations on the refrigeration circuit. These temperatures are used as feedback in certain modes of unit operation. In addition, the Unit Controller uses these temperatures to initiate alarms such as loss of condenser or evaporator airflow and loss of charge.

Each thermistor must be specifically placed for proper unit operation and to initiate valid alarms. See table 1 for proper locations.

TABLE 1
THERMISTOR LOCATION

Unit	Sensor Yellow	Figure
LGT/LCT036, 048, 060, 072	RT46	6
LGT/LCT036, 048, 060, 072	RT48	7

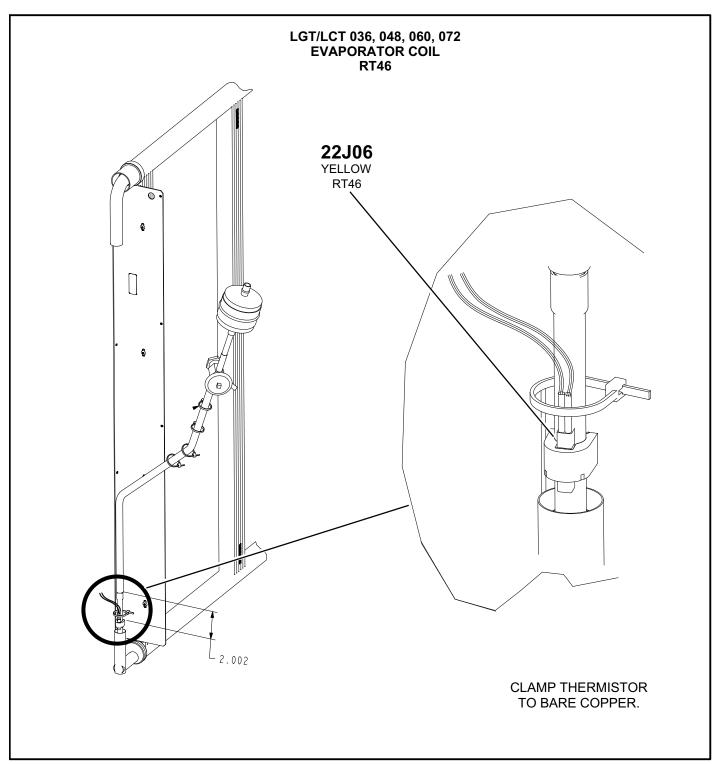


FIGURE 6

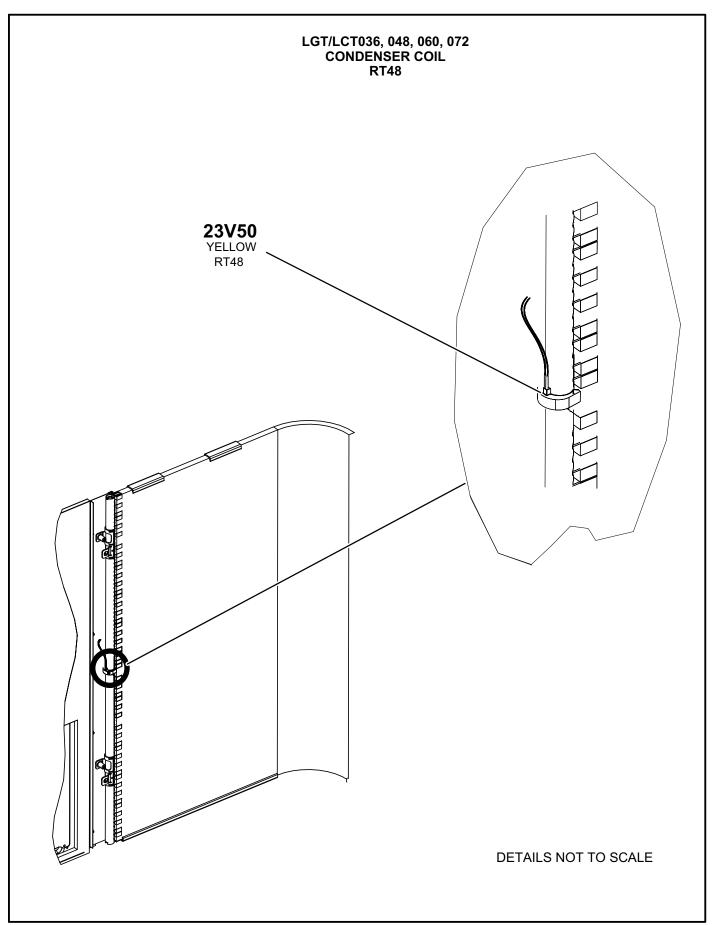


FIGURE 7

AWARNING

Electrical shock hazard. Compressor must be grounded. Do not operate without protective cover over terminals. Disconnect power before removing protective cover. Discharge capacitors before servicing unit. Failure to follow these precautions could cause electrical shock resulting in injury or death.

5-Two-Speed Compressor B1

All units use one two-speed scroll compressor. See "SPECIFICATIONS" and "ELECTRICAL DATA" (table of contents) or compressor nameplate for compressor specifications..

C-GAS HEAT COMPONENTS

LGT units are available with two stages of gas heat. See SPECIFICATION - GAS HEAT

1-Ignition Control A3

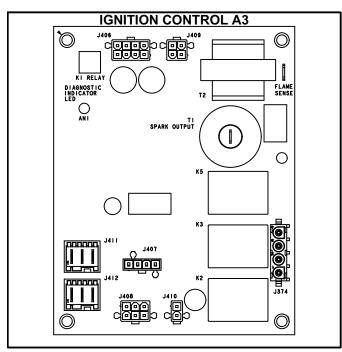


FIGURE 8

The ignition control provides three main functions: gas valve control, ignition, and flame sensing. The control has a red LED to show control status (table 2).

TABLE 2

LED Flashes	Indicates
Steady Off	No power or control hardware fault.
Steady On	Power applied. Control OK.
3 Flashes	Ignition lockout from too many trials.
4 Flashes	Ignition lockout from too many flame losses within single call for heat.
5 Flashes	Control hardware fault detected.

Flame rectification sensing is used on all LGT units. Loss of flame during a heating cycle is indicated by an absence of flame signal (0 microamps). If this happens, the control will immediately restart the ignition sequence and then lock out if ignition is not gained after the third trial. See System Service Checks section for flame current measurement.

The control shuts off gas flow immediately in the event of a power failure. Upon restoration of gas and power, the control will restart the ignition sequence and continue until flame is established or system locks out.

▲WARNING



Shock hazard. Spark related components contain high voltage which can cause personal injury or death. Disconnect power before servicing. Control is not field repairable. Unsafe operation will result. If control is inoperable, simply replace the entire control.

Operation

On a heating demand, the ignition control checks for a closed limit switch. Once this check is complete and conditions are correct, the ignition control then allows 30 seconds for the combustion air inducer to vent exhaust gases from the burners. When the combustion air inducer is purging the exhaust gases, the combustion air prove switch closes proving that the combustion air inducer is operating before allowing the ignition control to energize. When the combustion air prove switch is closed and the delay is over, the ignition control activates the gas valve(s), the spark electrode and the flame sensing electrode. At the start of the ignition sequence, the adjustable 40 second (default) indoor blower delay period begins. Sparking stops immediately after flame is sensed or at the end of the 8 second trial for ignition. If flame is not sensed, A3 or A12 will wait 5 minutes before attempting ignition again. If the third trial fails, A3 or A12 will lock-out for one hour. The A55 counts this as a first strike. After the first lock-out hour elapses, A3 or A12 will attempt ignition three more times. If flame is still not sensed, A3 or A12 will lock-out for the second hour. A55 counts this as the second strike. After the second lockout hour, A3 or A12 will attempt ignition three more times. If ignition fails, A55 considers this the third strike and will lockout unit operation. Service relay contacts close and alarm 59 or 69 is displayed. The unit will remain in lock-out until:

1-A55 is reset

or

2-The alarm condition is cleared **AND** the alarm status is read through the SBUS command.

Once the flame is sensed, the ignition control then proceeds to "steady state" mode where all inputs are monitored to ensure the limit switch, roll-out switch and prove switch are closed as well as flame is present. When the heat call is satisfied the gas valve and combustion air inducer are de-energized. An adjustable 120-second (default) blower off delay begins.

2-Primary High Temperature Limits S10

S10 is a SPST N.C. high temperature primary limit for gas heat. Limits are located on the vestibule panel for units with an ECM Blower (see figure 10) or in the control box next to the discharge air sensor (see figure 11).

Limits are wired to the A3 ignition control. N.C. contacts open to de-energize the ignition control when excessive temperature is reached in the blower compartment.

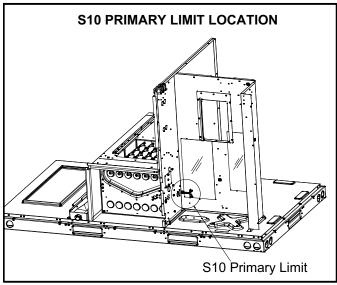
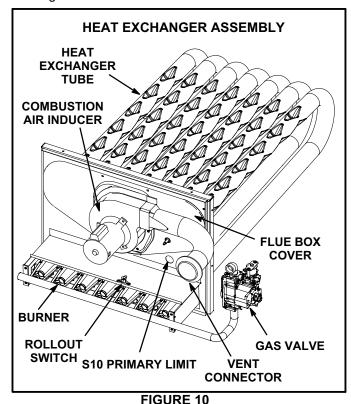


FIGURE 9

3-Heat Exchanger Figure 10

The LGT units use aluminized steel inshot burners with tubular aluminized (stainless is optional) steel heat exchangers and redundant gas valve. Burners in all units use a burner venturi to mix gas and air for proper combustion. Combustion takes place at each tube entrance. As hot combustion gases are drawn upward through each tube by the combustion air inducer, exhaust gases are drawn out the top and fresh air/gas mixture is drawn in at the bottom. Heat is transferred to the air stream from all surfaces of the heat exchanger tubes. The supply air blower forces air across the tubes to extract the heat of combustion. The shape of the tubes ensures maximum heat exchange.

The gas valves on two stage units accomplish staging by allowing more or less gas to the burners as called for by heating demand.



4-Burner Box Assembly Figure 11

The burner assembly consists of a spark electrode, flame sensing electrode and gas valve. Ignition board A3 and A12 control all functions of the assembly.

Burners

All units use inshot burners. Burners are factory set and do not require adjustment. A peep hole with cover is furnished in the heating access panel for flame viewing. Always operate the unit with the access panel in place.

Burners can be removed individually for service on older units. On newer units, burners are connected and the entire assembly can be removed. Burner maintenance and service is detailed in the SERVICE CHECKS section of this manual. See figure 11 for burner removal. See figure 12 for number of burners.

Orifice

Each burner uses an orifice which is matched to the burner input. The orifice is threaded into the burner manifold. The burner is supported by the orifice and will easily slide off for service once the mounting screws are removed from the burners.

NOTE - Do not use thread sealing compound on the orifices. Using thread sealing compound may plug the orifices.

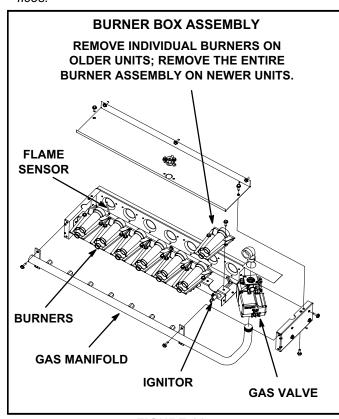


FIGURE 11

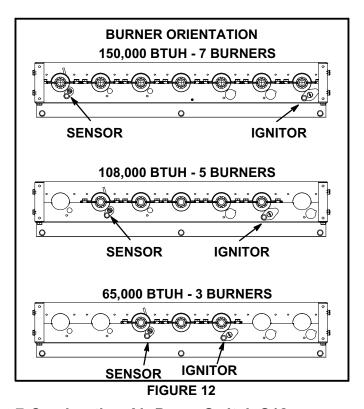
5-Flame Roll-out Limit Switch S47

The flame roll-out limit switch is a SPST N.C. high temperature limit located just above the burner air intake opening in the burner enclosures. The switch is wired to the A3 ignition controller. When the limit switch senses flame roll-out (indicating a blockage in the combustion air passages), the flame roll-out limit trips, and the Unit Controller immediately closes the gas valve.

Limit is factory preset to open at 340° F \pm 16° F on a temperature rise on all units. All flame roll-out limits are manual reset.

6-Combustion Air Motor Capacitor C3

The combustion air inducer motors in all LGT units require run capacitors. Capacitor C3 is connected to combustion air inducer B6. Ratings will be on side of capacitor or combustion air motor nameplate.



7-Combustion Air Prove Switch S18

Prove switch S18 is a SPST N.O. switch located to the right of the induced draft assembly. See figure 13. S18 monitors combustion air inducer operation. Switch S18 is wired to A3 ignition controller which checks its status upon a call for heating. The switch closes at *negative* 0.10"W.C. + 0.05" (24.8 Pa + 12.4 Pa) on pressure fall. This negative pressure fall and switch actuation allows the ignition sequence to continue (proves, by closing, that the combustion air inducer is operating before allowing the gas valve to open.) The combustion air prove switch is factory set and not adjustable.

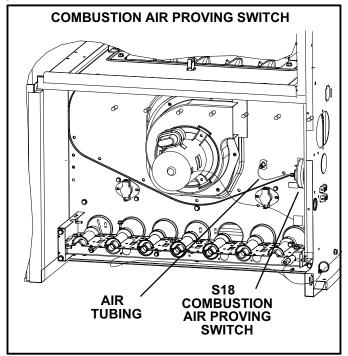


FIGURE 13

8-Combustion Air Inducer B6

Combustion air inducers provide air to the corresponding burners while clearing the combustion chamber of exhaust gases. The inducer begins operating immediately upon receiving a thermostat demand and is de-energized when thermostat demand is satisfied.

The inducer uses a 208/230V single-phase PSC motor and a 5.24 in. x .96in. blower wheel. All motors operate at 3300RPM and are equipped with auto-reset overload protection. Two-speed units have reduced RPM for low speed. Inducers are supplied by various manufacturers. Ratings may vary by manufacturer. Specific inducer electrical ratings can be found on the unit rating plate.

The ignition control board energizes an internal relay to route power to the combustion air blower motor. A3 then allows 30 to seconds for the combustion air inducer to vent exhaust gases from the burners. When the combustion air inducer is purging the exhaust gases, the combustion air prove switch closes, proving that the combustion air inducer is operating before allowing the ignition sequence to continue. When the combustion air prove switch is closed and the delay is over, the A3 ignition control activates the appropriate stage operator of the gas valve, the spark and the flame sensing electrode. Sparking stops immediately after flame is sensed or at the end of the eight second trial for ignition.

On two-stage natural gas units, the inducer will operate on low speed for first stage heat (W1) and ramp up to high speed for second stage heat (W2).

All combustion air inducer motors are sealed and cannot be oiled. The inducer cannot be adjusted but can be removed from the heat section for cleaning.

9-Gas Valves GV1

Units are equipped with a two-stage gas valve. When a heating demand is present, the valve is energized in low fire by the ignition control at the same time as the spark electrode.

If the heating demand increases, the high fire signal is provided by the ignition controller. Both the low fire and high fire signals are required for the gas valve to operate in high fire.

A shut-off knob/switch is provided on the valve for manual shut-off. The shut-off knob/switch will immediately close both stages without delay.

Both low fire and high fire (if applicable) valve outputs are adjustable. Figure 17 shows gas valve components.

The gas manifold pressure should be adjusted when the unit is installed at altitudes higher than 2000 feet. See HIGH ALTITUDE table in SPECIFICATIONS - GAS HEAT

10-Spark Electrode (Ignitor) Figure 14

An electrode assembly is used for ignition spark. The electrode is inserted through holes in the burner support. See figure 12. The electrode tip protrudes into the flame envelope of the adjacent burner. The electrode assembly is fastened to burner supports and can be removed for service without removing any part of the burners.

During ignition, spark travels through the spark electrode (figure 14) and ignites the appropriate burner depending on the heating stage. Flame travels from burner to burner until all are lit.

The spark electrode is connected to the ignition control by a 8 mm silicone-insulated stranded high voltage wire. The wire uses 1/4" (6.35 mm)female quick connect on both ends of the wire.

NOTE - If electrode wire must be replaced, wire and suppression must be same type cable.

The spark electrode assembly can be removed for inspection by removing the screw securing the electrode assembly and sliding it out of unit.

For proper unit operation, electrodes must be positioned and gapped correctly.

Spark gap may be checked with appropriately sized twist drills or feeler gauges. Disconnect power to the unit and remove electrode assembly. The gap should be between $0.125^{\circ} \pm 0.015^{\circ}$ (3.2 mm \pm .4 mm). See figure 14.

AIMPORTANT

In order to maximize spark energy to electrode, high voltage wire should touch unit cabinet as little as possible.

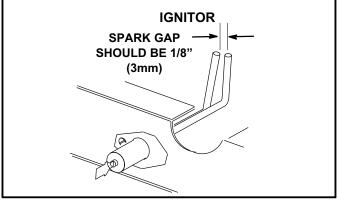


FIGURE 14

11-Flame Sensor Figure 15

The flame sensor is mounted through a hole in the burner support and the tip protrudes into the flame envelope of the appropriate burner. See figure 12 for location. The sensor assembly is fastened to burner supports and can be removed for service without removing any part of the burners.

When flame is sensed by the flame sensor (indicated by microamp signal through the flame) sparking stops immediately or after the eight second trial for ignition. During operation, flame is sensed by current passed along the ground electrode (located on the spark electrode), through the flame and into the sensing electrode. The ignition control allows the gas valve to stay open as long as a flame signal (current passed through the flame) is sensed.

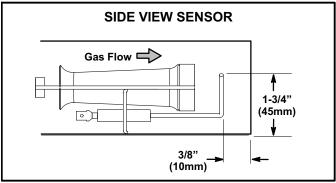


FIGURE 15

D-BLOWER COMPARTMENT

Blower Operation and Adjustments

AIMPORTANT

Three phase scroll compressors must be phased sequentially for correct compressor and blower rotation. Follow "COOLING START-UP" section of installation instructions to ensure proper compressor and blower operation.

A-Blower Operation

Refer to the Unit Controller Setup Guide to energize blower. Use the mobile service app menu; see RTU MENU > COMPONENT TEST > BLOWER > START TEST.

Direct-drive motor may not immediately stop when power is interrupted to the Unit Controller. Disconnect unit power before opening the blower compartment. The Controller's digital inputs must be used to shut down the blower. See Unit Controller manual for operation sequences.

AWARNING

1-Make sure that unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and applicable codes.

2-Inspect all electrical wiring, both field- and factory-installed, for loose connections. Tighten as required.

3-Check to ensure that refrigerant lines do not rub against the cabinet or against other refrigerant lines.

4-Check voltage at disconnect switch. Voltage must be within range listed on nameplate. If not, consult power company and have voltage condition corrected before starting unit.

5-Make sure filters are new and in place before start-up.

B-Determining Unit CFM

- The following measurements must be made with air filters in place.
- 2- With all access panels in place, measure static pressure external to unit (from supply to return). Blower performance data is based on static pressure readings taken in locations shown in figure 16.

Note - Static pressure readings can vary if not taken where shown.

- 3- Measure the indoor blower wheel RPM.
- 4- Referring to the Blower Data tables, use static pressure and RPM readings to determine unit CFM. Use the Accessory Air Resistance tables when installing units with any of the options or accessories listed.

C-Adjusting Unit CFM

The supply CFM can be adjusted by changing Unit Controller settings. Refer to table 3 for menu paths and default settings. Record any CFM changes on the parameter settings label located on the inside of the compressor access panel.

IMPORTANT - The default value for Cooling Low CFM is lower than a traditional singe- or two-speed blower. If operating the unit with a 2- or 3-stage controller (2- or 3-stage thermostat, DDC controller, etc.), it is recommended to increase the Cooling Low CFM default value to a suitable level for part load cooling (typically 60% of full load CFM).

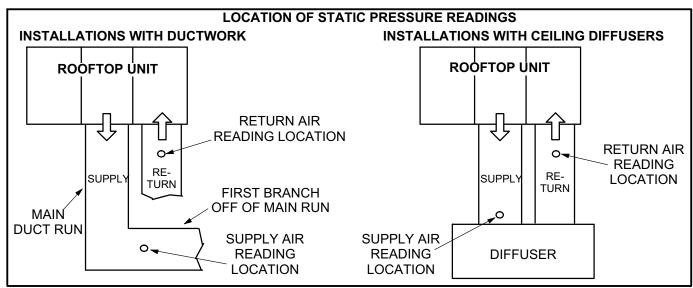


FIGURE 16

TABLE 3
BLOWER PARAMETER SETTINGS - 581102-01

Parameter	Parameter Field Setting Description						
Note: Any changes to Smoke CFM sett TIONS > EDIT PARAMETERS = 12 for E		djusted before the other CFM settings. Use SETTINGS > RTU OP-					
BLOWER SMOKE CFM % Percentage of torque for blower smoke speed.							
SETUP > TEST & BALANCE > BLOWER	₹						
BLOWER HEATING HIGH CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower heating high speed.					
BLOWER HEATING LOW CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower heating low speed (P volt gas heat only).					
BLOWER COOLING HIGH CFM	Percentage of torque for blower cooling high speed.						
BLOWER COOLING LOW CFM	%	Percentage of torque for blower cooling low speed and vent speed for standard static blowers.					
BLOWER VENTILATION CFM	%	Percentage of torque for high static blower ventilation speed.					
SETUP > TEST & BALANCE > DAMPER	₹						
BLOWER HIGH CFM DAMPER POS %	%	Minimum damper position for high speed blower operation. Default 0%.					
BLOWER LOW CFM DAMPER POS %	%	Minimum damper position for low speed blower operation. Default 0%.					
POWER EXHAUST DAMPER POS %	%	Minimum damper position for low power exhaust operation. Default 50%.					
SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT PAR	RAMETERS =	216					
POWER EXHAUST DEADBAND %	%	Deadband % for power exhaust operation. Default 10%.					
SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT PAR	RAMETERS =	10 (Applies to Thermostat Mode ONLY)					
FREE COOLING STAGE-UP DELAY	sec	Number of seconds to hold blower at low speed before switching to blower at high speed. Default 300 seconds.					

Installer: Record any parameter changes under "Field Setting" column. Settings need to be recorded by installer for use when Unit Controller is replaced or reprogrammed.

II-PLACEMENT AND INSTALLATION

Make sure the unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and all applicable codes. See accessories section for conditions requiring use of the optional roof mounting frame (T1CURB-AN) or C1CURB-AN).

III-START UP - OPERATION

A-Preliminary and Seasonal Checks

- 1- Make sure the unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and applicable codes.
- 2- Inspect all electrical wiring, both field and factory installed for loose connections. Tighten as required. Refer to unit diagram located on inside of unit compressor access panel.
- 3- Check to ensure that refrigerant lines are in good condition and do not rub against the cabinet or other refrigerant lines.
- 4- Check voltage at the disconnect switch. Voltage must be within the range listed on the nameplate. If not, consult the power company and have the voltage corrected before starting the unit.
- 5- Recheck voltage and amp draw with unit running. If voltage is not within range listed on unit nameplate, stop unit and consult power company. Refer to unit nameplate for maximum rated load amps.

B-Heating Start up

FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE LIGHTING

BEFORE LIGHTING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

AWARNING



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Do not use this unit if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the unit and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

AWARNING



Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or product or property damage. If overheating occurs or if gas supply fails to shut off, shut off the manual gas valve to the appliance before shutting off electrical supply.

AWARNING



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

▲WARNING

SMOKE POTENTIAL

The heat exchanger in this unit could be a source of smoke on initial firing. Take precautions with respect to building occupants and property. Vent initial supply air outside when possible.

The gas valve may be equipped with either a gas control lever or gas control knob. Use only your hand to push the lever or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the the lever will not move or the knob will not push in or turn by hand, do not try to repair it. Call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.

AWARNING



Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or death. Do not attempt to light manually. Unit has a direct spark ignition system.

This unit is equipped with an automatic spark ignition system. There is no pilot. In case of a safety shutdown, move thermostat switch to **OFF** and return the thermostat switch to **HEAT** to reset ignition control.

Placing Unit In Operation

▲WARNING



Danger of explosion and fire. Can cause injury or product or property damage. You must follow these instructions exactly.

Gas Valve Operation (figure 17)

- 1- Set thermostat to lowest setting.
- 2- Turn off all electrical power to appliance.
- 3- This appliance is equipped with an ignition device(s) which automatically lights the burner. Do **not** try to light the burner by hand.
- 4- Open or remove the heat section access panel.
- 5- Move gas valve switch(es) to **OFF**. See figure 17.
- 6- Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. If you then smell gas, **STOP!** Immediately call your gas suppli-

er from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions. If you do not smell gas, go to the next step.

- 7- Move gas valve switch(es) to **ON**. See figure 17.
- 8- Close or replace the control access panel.
- 9- Turn on all electrical power to appliance.
- 10- Set thermostat to desired setting.

NOTE - When unit is initially started, steps 1 through 9 may need to be repeated to purge air from gas line.

- 11- The ignition sequence will start.
- 12- If the furnace does not light the first time (gas line not fully purged), it will attempt up to two more ignitions before locking out.
- 13- If lockout occurs, repeat steps 1 through 10.
- 14- If the appliance will not operate, follow the instructions "Turning Off Gas to Appliance" and call your service technician or gas supplier.

Turning Off Gas to Unit

- 1- If using an electromechanical thermostat, set to the lowest setting.
- 2- Before performing any service, turn off all electrical power to the appliance.
- 3- Open or remove the control access panel.
- 4- Move gas valve switch(es) to OFF.
- 5- Close or replace the control access panel.

AWARNING



Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or death. Do not attempt to light manually. Unit has a direct spark ignition system.

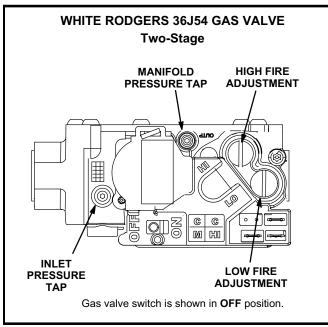


FIGURE 17

C-Cooling Start up A-Operation

- 1- Initiate full load cooling operation using the following mobile service app menu path: RTU>COMPONENT TEST> COOLING>COOLING STAGE 2
- 2- Units contain one refrigerant circuit or stage.
- 3- Unit is charged with R-410A refrigerant. See unit rating plate for correct amount of charge.
- 4- Refer to charging section method to check refrigerant charge.

D-Safety or Emergency Shutdown

Turn off power to unit. Close manual and main gas valves.

IV-CHARGING

A-Refrigerant Charge and Check - All-Aluminum Coil

WARNING-Do not exceed nameplate charge under any condition.

This unit is factory charged and should require no further adjustment. If the system requires additional refrigerant, reclaim the charge, evacuate the system, and add required nameplate charge.

NOTE - System charging is not recommended below 60 °F (15 °C). In temperatures below 60 °F (15 °C), the charge must be weighed into the system.

If weighing facilities are not available, or to check the charge, use the following procedure:

- 1- Make sure outdoor coil is clean. Attach gauge manifolds and operate unit at full CFM in cooling mode with economizer disabled until system stabilizes (approximately five minutes). Make sure all outdoor air dampers are closed.
- 2- Compare the normal operating pressures to the pressures obtained from the gauges. Check unit components if there are significant differences.
- 3- Measure the outdoor ambient temperature and the suction pressure. Refer to the charging curve to determine a target liquid temperature.

Note - Pressures are listed for sea level applications.

- 4- Use the same thermometer to accurately measure the liquid temperature (in the outdoor section).
 - If measured liquid temperature is higher than the target liquid temperature, add refrigerant to the system.
 - If measured liquid temperature is lower than the target liquid temperature, recover some refrigerant from the system.
- 5- Add or remove charge in increments. Allow the system to stabilize each time refrigerant is added or removed.
- 6- Continue the process until measured liquid temperature agrees with the target liquid temperature. Do not go below the target liquid temperature when adjusting

- charge. Note that suction pressure can change as charge is adjusted.
- 7- Example: At 95°F outdoor ambient and a measured suction pressure of 130psig, the target liquid tempera-

ture is 97°F. For a measured liquid temperature of 106°F, add charge in increments until measured liquid temperature agrees with the target liquid temperature.

TABLE 4
036 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581061-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature												
65	°F	75	5 °F 85 °F		°F	95 °F		105 °F		115 °F			
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)		
114	232	116	271	118	314	120	361	122	412	124	468		
123	235	125	274	127	317	130	364	132	415	134	471		
142	241	145	280	148	323	150	370	153	422	156	477		
163	247	166	286	169	330	173	377	176	429	179	484		

036 CHARGING CURVE - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581061-01

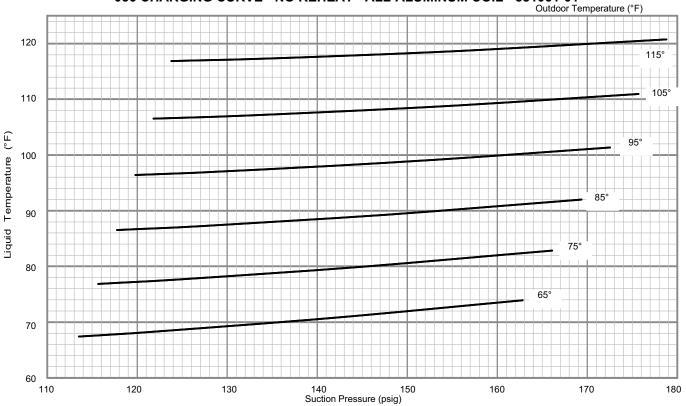


TABLE 5 048 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581062-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature												
65	65 °F 75 °F		75 °F 85 °F		85 °F 95 °F		105 °F		115 °F				
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)		
117	244	120	281	122	324	123	372	124	426	124	485		
124	247	128	284	131	327	134	375	135	429	136	489		
139	255	144	292	149	335	153	383	157	437	160	497		
153	264	160	301	166	344	172	393	178	447	182	507		



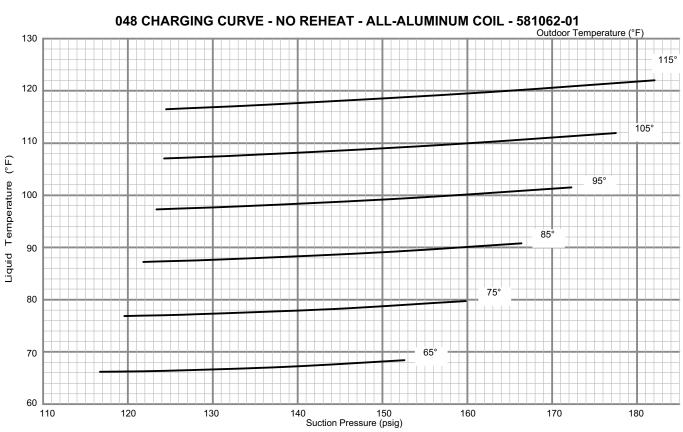


TABLE 6 060 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581063-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature														
65 °F		75 °F		85 °F		95 °F		105 °F		115 °F					
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)				
112	245	114	283	116	327	117	379	120	429	122	487				
120	249	123	288	125	331	127	380	130	433	132	491				
139	259	142	297	145	341	147	389	150	444	152	505				
156	270	162	312	167	355	170	403	173	456	175	516				



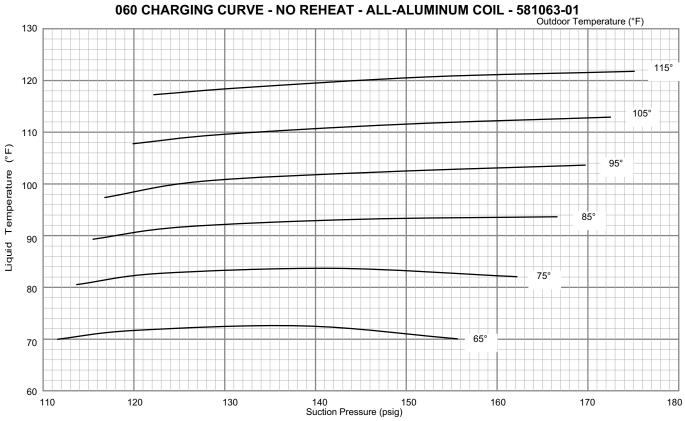


TABLE 7 072 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - NO REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581064-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature														
65 °F		75 °F		85 °F		95 °F		105 °F		115 °F					
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)				
110	260	112	301	115	348	117	401	118	459	120	524				
118	263	121	304	124	350	126	403	128	462	130	526				
135	272	139	313	143	359	146	412	149	470	152	534				
154	286	159	326	163	373	167	425	171	483	175	547				



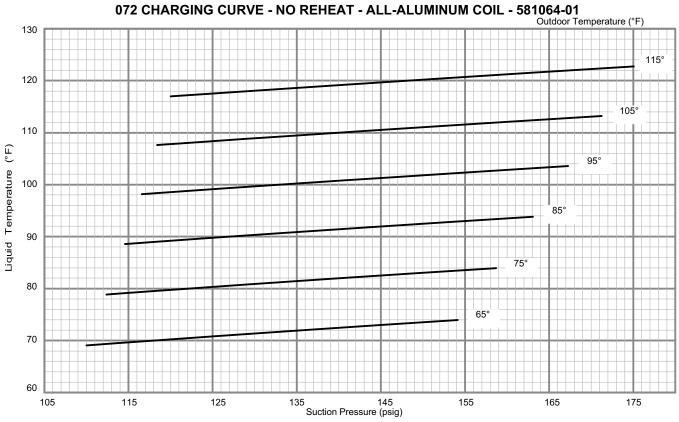


TABLE 8 036 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581108-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature														
65 °F		75 °F		85 °F		95 °F		105 °F		115 °F					
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)				
114	239	116	278	118	325	121	378	123	438	125	505				
123	241	125	280	128	326	130	379	132	438	135	505				
142	248	145	286	148	330	151	382	153	441	156	506				
164	257	167	293	170	337	173	388	176	445	179	510				



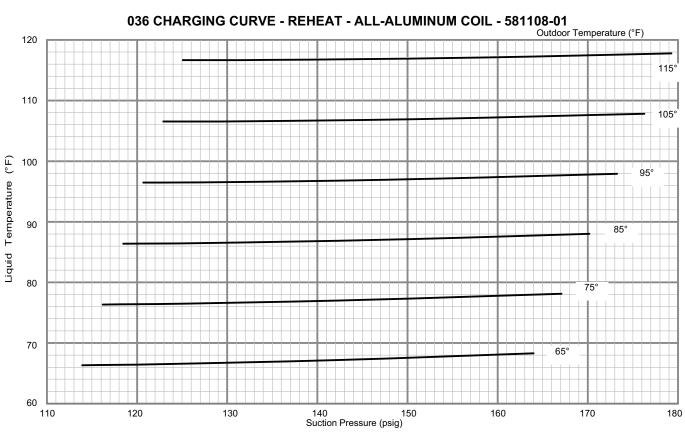


TABLE 9 048 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581109-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature														
65 °F		75 °F		85 °F		95 °F		105 °F		115 °F					
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)				
117	253	120	289	122	333	123	386	124	447	124	516				
125	254	129	290	131	334	134	386	135	447	136	515				
140	261	145	295	150	338	154	390	157	449	159	517				
154	272	161	305	167	347	172	398	177	456	182	523				



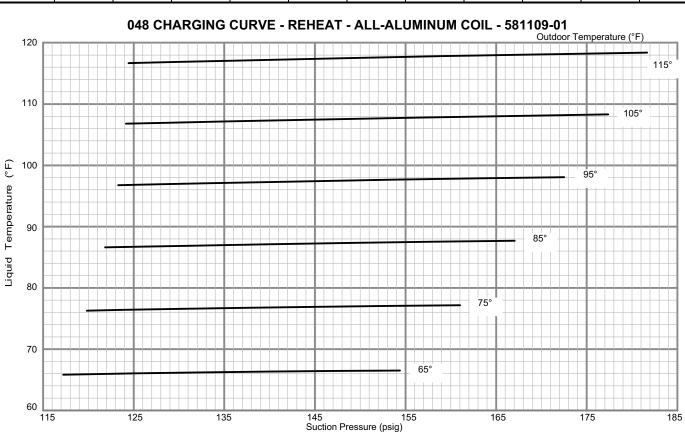


TABLE 10 060 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581110-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature														
65 °F		75 °F		85 °F		95 °F		105 °F		115 °F					
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)				
109	254	111	293	112	337	114	387	116	442	118	502				
118	259	120	298	122	342	124	392	126	447	128	508				
137	270	139	309	142	354	145	403	147	458	150	519				
158	283	161	322	164	366	167	416	170	471	173	531				



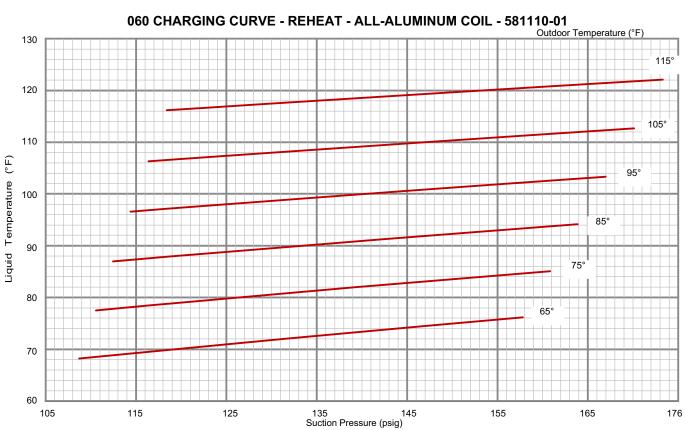
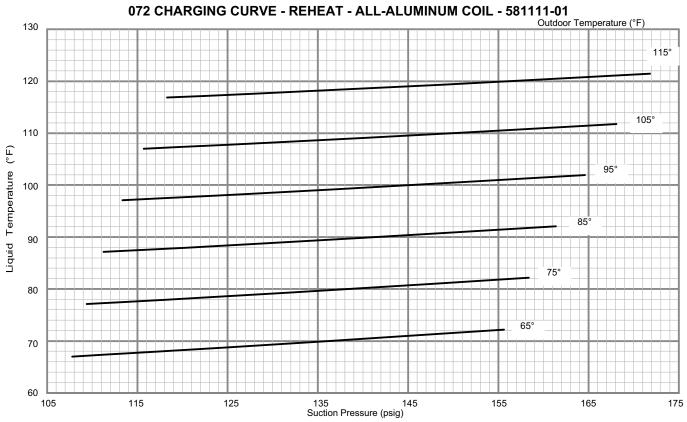


TABLE 11 072 NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES - REHEAT - ALL-ALUMINUM COIL - 581111-01

	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature														
65 °F		75 °F		85 °F		95 °F		105 °F		115 °F					
Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)				
108	276	109	316	111	363	113	418	116	480	118	550				
116	281	118	320	120	367	123	422	125	484	128	554				
135	294	137	332	140	379	143	432	146	494	149	563				
156	310	158	348	161	394	165	447	168	508	172	576				





V- SYSTEMS SERVICE CHECKS

A-Heating System Service Checks

All LGT units are C.S.A. design certified without modification.

Before checking piping, check with gas company or authorities having jurisdiction for local code requirements. Refer to the LGT Installation instruction for more information.

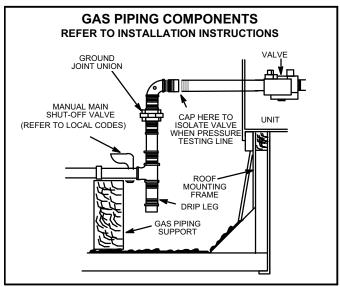


FIGURE 18

1-Gas Piping

Gas supply piping must not allow more than 0.5"W.C. (124.3 Pa) drop in pressure between the gas meter and the unit. Supply gas pipe must not be smaller than the unit gas connection. Refer to installation instructions for details.

2-Testing Gas Piping

NOTE-In case shutdown is required, turn off the main manual shut-off valve and disconnect the main power to the unit. These controls should be properly labeled by the installer.

When pressure testing gas lines, the gas valve must be disconnected and isolated. **Gas valves can be damaged if subjected to more than 0.5 psig [14"W.C. (3481 Pa)]**. See figure 19.

When checking piping connection for gas leaks, use the preferred means. Common kitchen detergents can cause harmful corrosion on various metals used in gas piping. The use of specialty Gas Leak Detector is strongly recommended.

Do not use matches, candles, flame or any other source of ignition to check for gas leaks.

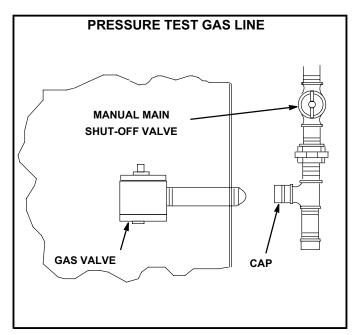


FIGURE 19

3-Testing Gas Supply Pressure

When testing gas supply pressure, connect test gauge to the inlet pressure tap located on unit gas valve GV1. Test supply gas pressure with unit firing at maximum rate (both stages energized). Make sure the reading falls within the range of the following values. Low pressure may result in erratic operation or "under fire." High pressure can result in permanent damage to the gas valve or "over fire." For natural gas units, operating pressure at the unit gas connection must be between 4.5"W.C. and 10.5"W.C. For L.P. gas units, operating pressure at the unit gas connection must be between 10.5"W.C. and 13.0"W.C.

On multiple unit installations, each unit should be checked separately while operating at maximum rate, beginning with the one closest to the supply gas main and progressing to the one furthest from the main. Multiple units should also be tested with and without the other units operating. Supply pressure must fall within the range listed in the previous paragraph.

4-Check and Adjust Manifold Pressure

After line pressure has been checked and adjusted, check manifold pressure. Move test gauge to the outlet pressure tap located on unit gas valve GV1. See figure 17 for location of pressure tap on the gas valve.

The manifold pressure is factory set and should not require adjustment. If manifold pressure is incorrect and no other source of improper manifold pressure can be found, the valve must be replaced. See figure 17 for location of gas valve (manifold pressure) adjustment screw.

All gas valves are factory regulated. The gas valve should completely and immediately cycle off in the event of gas or power failure. The manual shut-off knob/switch can be used to immediately shut off gas supply.

A CAUTION

For safety, connect a shut-off valve between the manometer and the gas tap to permit shut off of gas pressure to the manometer.

Manifold Adjustment Procedure

- 1- Connect test gauge to the outlet pressure tap on the gas valve. Start the unit (call for second stage heat) and allow five minutes for the unit to reach steady state.
- 2- While waiting for the unit to stabilize, notice the flame. The flame should be stable without flashback and should not lift from the burner heads. Natural gas should burn basically blue with some clear streaks. L.P. gas should burn mostly blue with some clear yellow streaks.
- 3- After allowing the unit to stabilize for five minutes, record the manifold pressure and compare to the values given in table 12. On two-stage units, check low fire, make adjustments, and recheck high fire before recording values.

TABLE 12

Operating Manifold Pressure			
Natural		L.P.	
Low	High	Low	High
2.0 <u>+</u> 0.3" W.C.	3.5 <u>+</u> 0.3" W.C.	5.9" <u>+</u> 0.3" W.C	10.5" <u>+</u> 0.5" W.C.

Combustion gases

Flue products must be analyzed and compared to the unit specifications. Problems detected during the inspection may make it necessary to temporarily shut down the furnace until the items can be repaired or replaced.

5-Proper Gas Flow

Furnace should operate at least 5 minutes before checking gas flow. Determine time in seconds for two revolutions of gas through the meter. (Two revolutions assures a more accurate time.) Divide by two and compare to time in table 13. Seconds in table 13 are based on a 1 ft.³. dial and gas value of 1000 Btu/ft³ for natural and 2500 Btu/ft³ for LP. Adjust manifold pressure on gas valve to match time needed.

NOTE - To obtain accurate reading, shut off all other gas appliances connected to meter.

TABLE 13

Unit Input Rate	Seconds for Natural	Seconds for Propane
65,000	55	138

105,000	34	86
150,000	24	60

A IMPORTANT

Disconnect heating demand as soon as an accurate reading has been obtained.

6-Heat Exchanger

To Access or Remove Heat Exchanger From Unit:

- 1- Turn off gas and electric power.
- 2- Remove access panel(s) and unit center mullion.
- Remove gas valve, manifold assembly and burners.
- 4- Remove combustion air inducer. Pay careful attention to the order in which gaskets and orifice are removed.
- 5- Support heat exchanger (to prevent it from falling when final screws are removed.)
- 6- Remove screws supporting heat exchanger.
- 7- To install heat exchanger, reverse procedure. Be sure to secure all wires and check plumbing and burner plate for airtight seal. Screws must be torqued to 35 in.-lbs. to ensure proper operation.

7-Flame Sensing

Flame current is an electrical current which passes from the ignition control through the sensor electrode during unit operation. The current passes from the sensor through the flame to the ground electrode (located on the flame electrode) to complete a safety circuit. The electrodes should be located so the tips are at least 1/2" (12.7 mm) inside the flame envelope. Do not bend electrodes. To measure flame current, follow the procedure on the following page:

NOTE-Electrodes are not field adjustable. Any alterations to the electrode may create a hazardous condition that can cause property or personal injury.

- 1- Disconnect power to unit.
- 2- Remove lead from sensing electrode and install a 0-50DC microamp meter in series between the sensing electrode and the sensing lead.
- 3- Reconnect power and adjust thermostat for heating demand.
- 4- When flame is established, microamp reading should be 0.5 to 1.0. Do not bend electrodes. *Drop out signal is .09 or less.*
- 5- Disconnect power to unit before disconnecting meter. Make sure sensor wire is securely reconnected before reconnecting power to unit.

NOTE-If the meter scale reads 0, the leads are reversed. Disconnect power and reconnect leads for proper polarity.

B-Cooling System Service Checks

LGT units are factory charged and require no further adjustment; however, charge should be checked periodically using the approach method. The approach method compares actual liquid temperature with the outdoor ambient temperature. See section IV- CHARGING.

NOTE-When unit is properly charged discharge line pressures should approximate those in tables 4 through 11.

VI-MAINTENANCE

The unit should be inspected once a year by a qualified service technician.

AWARNING



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

ACAUTION

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

AWARNING

This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

A-Filters

Units are equipped with temporary filters which must be replaced prior to building occupation. See figure 20. All units have 20 X 20 X 2 in. (508 X 508 X 51mm) filters. Refer to local codes or appropriate jurisdiction for approved filters.

NOTE-Filters must be U.L.C. certified or equivalent for use in Canada.

B-Lubrication

All motors are lubricated at the factory. No further lubrication is required.

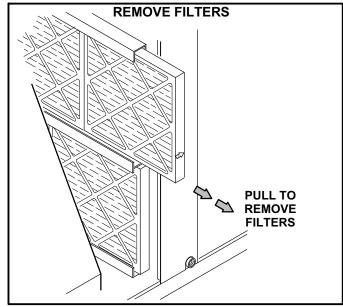


FIGURE 20

C-Burners

Periodically examine burner flames for proper appearance during the heating season. Before each heating season examine the burners for any deposits or blockage which may have occurred.

Clean burners as follows:

- 1- Turn off both electrical power and gas supply to unit.
- 2- Remove burner compartment access panel.
- 3- Remove top burner box panel.
- 4- Remove two screws securing burners to burner support and lift the burners from the orifices. See figure 11. Clean as necessary.

AWARNING



Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or death. Do not overtighten main burner mounting screws. Snug tighten only.

D-Combustion Air Inducer

A combustion air proving switch checks combustion air inducer operation before allowing power to the gas controller. Gas controller will not operate if inducer is obstructed.

Under normal operating conditions, the combustion air inducer wheel should be checked and cleaned prior to the heating season. However, it should be examined periodically during the heating season to establish an ideal cleaning schedule.

Clean combustion air inducer as follows:

- 1- Shut off power supply and gas to unit.
- 2- Remove the mullion on the right side of the heat section.
- 3- Disconnect pressure switch air tubing from combustion air inducer port.
- 4- Remove and retain screws securing combustion air inducer to flue box. Remove vent connector. See figure 10.
- 5- Clean inducer wheel blades with a small brush and wipe off any dust from housing. Take care not to damage exposed fan blades. Clean accumulated dust from front of flue box cover.
- 6- Return combustion air inducer motor and vent connector to original location and secure with retained screws. It is recommended that gaskets be replaced during reassembly.
- 7- Replace mullion.
- 8- Clean combustion air inlet louvers on heat access panel using a small brush.

E-Flue Passageway and Flue Box

Remove flue box cover only when necessary for equipment repair. Clean inside of flue box cover and heat exchanger tubes with a wire brush when flue box cover has to be removed. Install a new flue box cover gasket and replace cover. Make sure edges around flue box cover are tightly sealed.

F-Evaporator Coil

Inspect and clean coil at beginning of each cooling season. Clean the all-aluminum coil by spraying the coil steadily and uniformly from top to bottom. Do not exceed 900 psi or a 45° angle; nozzle must be at least 12 inches from the coil face. Take care not to fracture the braze between fins and refrigerant tubes. Reduce pressure and work cautiously to prevent damage. Flush condensate drain with water, taking care not to get insulation, filters, and return air ducts wet through entire cleaning process.

G-Condenser Coil

Clean condenser coil annually with water and inspect monthly during the cooling season. Clean the all-aluminum coil by spraying the coil steadily and uniformly from top to bottom. Do not exceed 900 psi or a 45° angle; nozzle must be at least 12 inches from the coil face. Take care not to fracture the braze between the fins and refrigerant tubes. Reduce pressure and work cautiously to prevent damage.

H-Supply Blower Wheel

Annually inspect supply air blower wheel for accumulated dirt or dust. Turn off power before attempting to remove access panel or to clean blower wheel.

VII-ACCESSORIES

The accessories section describes the application of most of the optional accessories which can be factory- or field-installed to the LGT units.

A-C1/T1CURB

When installing the LGT units on a combustible surface for downflow discharge applications, the C1/T1CURB 8 inch, 14-inch, 18 inch or 24-inch height roof mounting frame is used. The roof mounting frames are recommended in all other applications but not required. If the LGT units are not mounted on a flat (roof) surface, they MUST be supported under all edges and under the middle of the unit to prevent sagging. The units MUST be mounted level within 1/16" per linear foot or 5mm per meter in any direction.

The assembled mounting frame is shown in figure 21. Refer to the roof mounting frame installation instructions for details of proper assembly and mounting. The roof mounting frame MUST be squared to the roof and level before mounting. Plenum system MUST be installed before the unit is set on the mounting frame. Typical roof curbing and flashing is shown in figure 22. Refer to the roof mounting frame installation instructions for proper plenum construction and attachment.

B-Transitions

Optional supply/return transitions are available for use with the LGT 3, 4, 5, and 6 ton units (refer to EHB for appropriate transition model). Transition must be installed in the C1/T1CURB mounting frame before mounting the unit to the frame. Refer to the manufacturer's instructions included with the transition for detailed installation procedures.

C-Outdoor Air Dampers

Optional outdoor air dampers are available for use with the LCT 3, 4, 5, and 6 ton units in both manually operated and motorized options (refer to EHB for appropriate transition model). Both sets include the outdoor air hood. The manual damper is set at a fixed point to bring outside air into the building anytime the blower is operating. The motorized damper opens when the blower is operating and the thermostat is sending an occupied signal to the Unit Controller. If the thermostat signal is unoccupied, the motorized damper will not open. Washable filter supplied with the outdoor air dampers can be cleaned with water and a mild detergent. It should be sprayed with Filter Handicoater when dry prior to re-installation. Filter Handicoater is R.P. Products coating no. 418 and is available as Part No. P-8-5069.

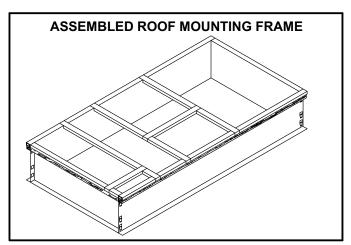


FIGURE 21

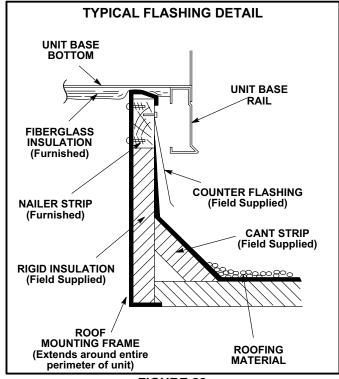


FIGURE 22

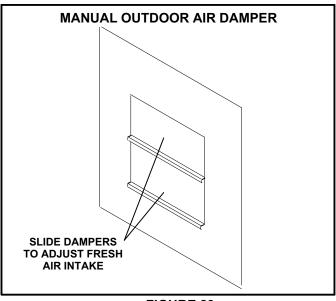


FIGURE 23

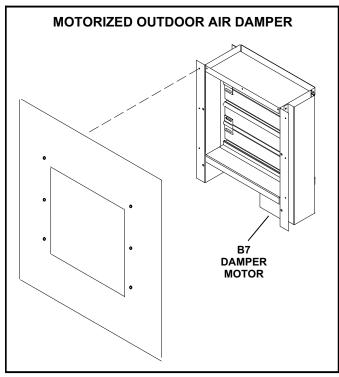


FIGURE 24

D-Supply and Return Diffusers

Optional flush mount diffuser/return FD9-65 and FD11-95 and extended mount diffuser/return RTD9-65 and RTD11-95 are available for use with all LGT units. Refer to manufacturer's instructions included with transition for detailed installation procedures.

E-Economizer (Optional Field- or Factory-Installed)

The economizer uses outdoor air for free cooling when temperature is suitable. See figure 25.

When outdoor air is suitable, the Unit Controller will modulate the economizer dampers to maintain 55°F discharge air (RT6). Refer to unit controller manual for menu paths to adjust economizer setpoints.

Sensors

Units are equipped with the following factory-installed, CEC Title 24 approved sensors:

RT17 - Outside Air Temperature

RT16 - Return Air Temperature

RT6 - Discharge Air Temperature

See figure 26 for sensor location.

Optional field-provided sensors may be used instead of unit sensors to determine whether outdoor air is suitable for free cooling. Refer to table 14. TEMP OFFSET is the default mode.

Note - Network OAS signal and California Title 24 Compliance options use either TEMPERATURE OFFSET or TEMPERATURE SETPT mode.

Minimum Position

The Unit Controller will move the dampers to minimum position during the following:

Ventilation mode (G demand only)
Outdoor air is NOT suitable for free cooling

The damper position will vary linearly with blower speed based on the damper position settings for high and low CFM. Damper calibration must be initiated in the mobile service app to set high and low damper positions.

GED (Gravity Exhaust / Barometric Relief Dampers) Field-Installed Option

The GED is located in the economizer except in downflow applications or when a PEF (power exhaust fan) is NOT installed. In horizontal airflow applications or when a PEF is installed, the GED is located in the exhaust air hood.

Horizontal Air Discharge Economizers

The economizer is located in the unit the same as downflow applications but note the position of the return air duct. The duct attaches to a duct transition and duct inlet on the end of the unit. An optional GED is located in the duct transition. See figure 27.

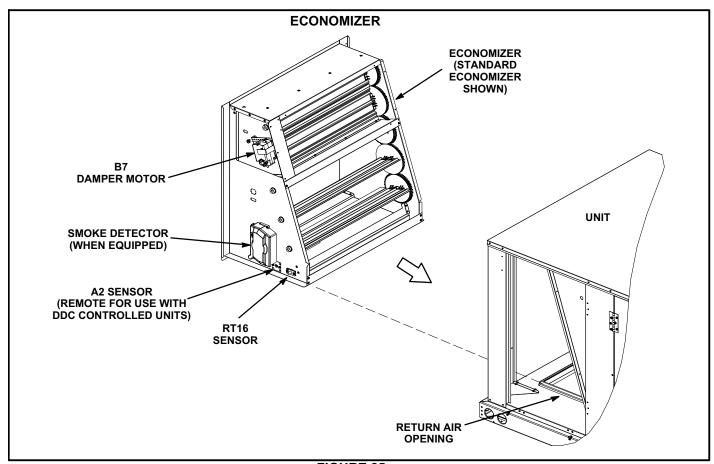


FIGURE 25

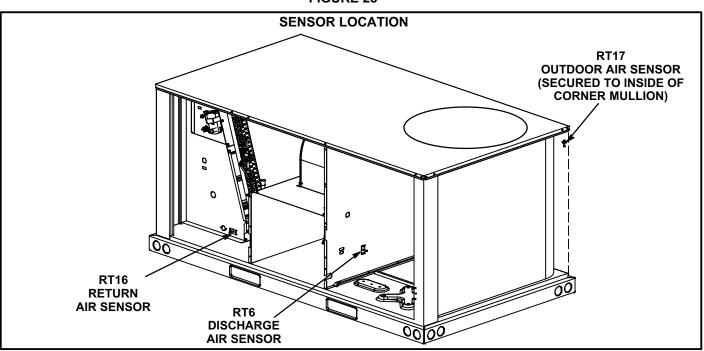


FIGURE 26

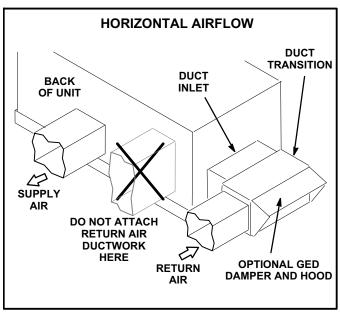


FIGURE 27

TABLE 14 ECONOMIZER MODES AND SETPOINT

Free Cooling Mode	Free Cooling Setpoint	Field- Provided Sensors	Dampers will modulate to 55°F discharge air (RT6) when outdoor air is suitable:	Permitted Inputs
TEMP	OFFSET	None Needed	Outdoor air temperature (RT17) is less than return air temperature (RT16) by at least the OFFSET value.	0-40°F
TEMP	OAT STPT	None Needed	Outdoor air temperature (RT17) is less than the OAT STPT value.	41-75°F
Remote	Remote	Energy Management System**	Either of the TEMP modes can be used when a network OAS signal is provided by an energy management or building control system, via BACnet, LonTalk, or L Connection. The network can command OAS, NOT OAS, or AUTO. AUTO returns to local control of OAS, which is the selected TEMP mode.	NA
ENTH	DIFF OFFSET	(Two) C7400	Outdoor air enthalpy* (A7) is less than return air enthalpy (A62) by at least the OFFSET value.	0mA-4mA
ENTH	ODE STPT	C7400	Outdoor air enthalpy (A7) is less than free cooling setpoint.	12-19mA
GLOBAL	GLOBAL	24VAC Input Signal	Global input is energized by (P297-9). This setting is also used for outdoor air damper applications. Global input also brings on the blower. (This mode is NOT used when OAS signal is provided via network connection. GLO is only used when a 24VAC signal is used to energize the P297-9 GLO input.)	NA

^{*}Enthalpy includes effects of both temperature and humidity.

^{**}Energy management systems may require additional field-provided sensors; refer to manufacturer's instructions.

Outdoor Air Damper and Economizer Operation

DIRECT DRIVE DRIVE SYSTEM OPERATION:

Note: Direct drive units feature ECM condenser fans that are staged to match the compressor's capacity. The condenser fans speed linearly follows the compressor speed.

Modulating Outdoor Air Damper:

Damper minimum positions #1 and 2 are adjusted during unit setup to provide minimum fresh air requirements at the indicated supply fan speeds per ASHRAE 62.1.

- -Supply fan is off and the outdoor air damper is closed
- -Supply fan is on low speed and the outdoor air damper is at minimum position 1
- -Supply fan is on high speed and the outdoor air damper is at minimum position 2

¹Outdoor Air is Suitable

Note: When outdoor air is not suitable during the occupied time period, damper modulates to minimum position. When outdoor air is not suitable during the unoccupied time period, damper modulates closed.

1-Economizer With Outdoor Air Suitable

Low Cooling Demand -

Compressor Off

Blower Low

Dampers Modulate

High Cooling Demand -

Compressor Low

Blower High

Dampers Full Open

Note - Compressor is energized after damper has been at full open for three minutes.

Note - Free cooling is locked out when a dehumidification demand is received. The unit operates in dehumidification mode as if the outdoor air is not suitable.

2-No Economizer or Outdoor Air Not Suitable

Low Demand -

Compressor Low

Blower Low

Damper Minimum Position

High Cooling Demand -

Compressor High

Blower High

Damper Minimum Position

F-Power Exhaust Relay K65 (power exhaust units)

Power exhaust relay K65 is a DPDT relay with a 24VAC coil. K65 is used in all LGT units equipped with the optional power exhaust dampers. K65 is energized by the Unit Controller after the economizer dampers reach 50% open (adjustable). When K65 closes, exhaust fan B10 is energized.

G-Power Exhaust Fans

Optional power exhaust fans are available for use with the LGT 3, 4, 5, and 6 ton units to provide exhaust air pressure relief (refer to EHB for appropriate transition model). See figure 28 and installation instructions for more detail.

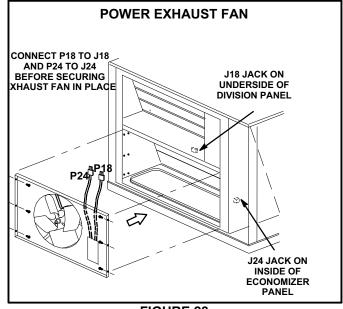


FIGURE 28

H-Optional UVC Lights

The germicidal light emits ultraviolet (UVC) energy that has been proven effective in reducing microbial life forms (viruses, bacteria, yeasts, and molds) in the air.

UVC germicidal lamps greatly reduce the growth and proliferation of mold and other bio-aerosols (bacteria and viruses) on illuminated surfaces.

Germicidal lamps are NOT intended to be used for removal of active mold growth. Existing mold growth must be appropriately removed PRIOR to installation of the germicidal lamp.

Refer closely to UVC light installation instruction warnings when servicing units.

J-Needlepoint Bipolar Ionizer (Optional)

The optional, brush-type ionizer produces positive and negative ions to clean air and reduce airborne contaminants. The ionizer was designed to be low maintenance. The device should be checked semi-annually to confirm the brushes are clean for maximum output. The ionizer is located behind on the blower deck to the left of the blower. See figure 30.

- 1- On the back side of the unit, remove the screw securing the back of the ionizer bracket. See figure 29. Retain the screw to secure the back side of the ionizer bracket.
- 2- Remove two screws securing the front side of the ionizer bracket and pull out of unit and clean brushes.
- 3- Replace ionizer in the reverse order it was removed.

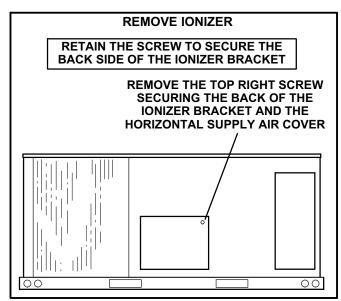


FIGURE 29

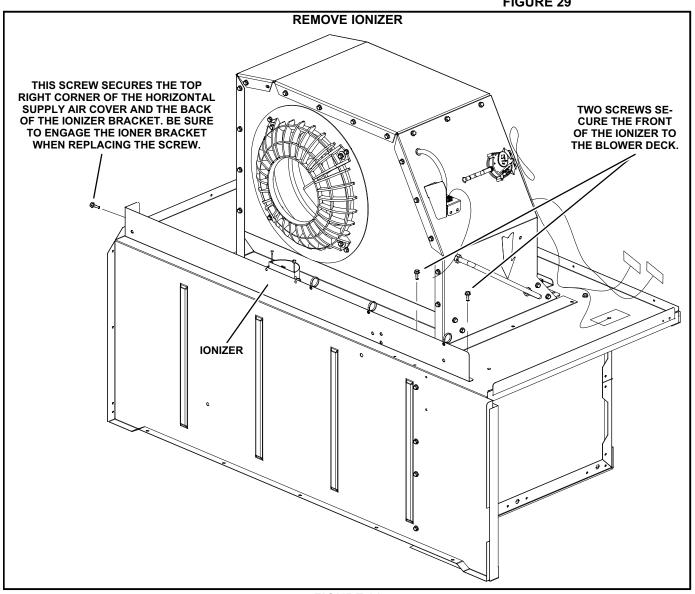


FIGURE 30

I-Optional Cold Weather Kit

An electric heater is available to automatically control the minimum temperature in the gas burner compartment. Heater is C.S.A. certified to allow cold weather operation of unit down to -60° F (-50° C).

The kit includes the following parts:

- 1- The strip heater (HR6) is located as close as possible to the gas valve. The strip heater is rated at 500 Watts
- 2- A thermostat mounting box is installed on the wall of the compressor compartment. Included in the box are the following thermostat switches:
 - a Thermostat switch (S59) is an auto-reset SPST N.C. switch which opens on a temperature drop. The switch is wired in series with 24v power and the combustion air blower switch. When the temperature drops below -30°F (-35°C) the switch opens and the gas heat section is de-energized. The switch automatically resets when the heating compartment temperature reaches -10°F (-12°C).
 - b Thermostat switch (S60) is an auto-reset SPST N.C. switch which opens on a temperature rise. The switch is wired in series with HR6. When the temperature rises above 20°F (-7°C) the switch opens and the electric heater is de-energized. The switch automatically resets when the heating compartment temperature reaches -10°F (23.3°C).
 - c -Thermostat switch (S61) is an auto-reset SPST N.O. switch which closes on a temperature drop. The switch is wired in series with HR6. When temperature drops below 20° F (-7° C) the switch closes and electric heater is energized. The switch automatically opens when heating compartment temperature reaches 70° F (21° C).

J-Smoke Detectors A171 and A172

Photoelectric smoke detectors are a factory- or field-installed option. The smoke detectors can be installed in the supply air duct (A172), return air section (A171), or in both the supply duct and return air section.

K-Indoor Air Quality (CO₂) Sensor A63

The indoor air quality sensor monitors CO_2 levels and reports the levels to the Unit Controller. The Unit Controller adjusts the economizer dampers according to the CO_2 levels. The sensor is mounted next to the indoor thermostat or in the return air duct. Refer to the indoor air quality sensor installation instructions for proper adjustment.

L-LP / Propane Kit

All units operated on LP/Propane require a natural to LP /propane kit. The kit for single-stage units include one LP spring, seven burner orifices, and three stickers. Two-stage kits include the same but has a prove switch used to

lock out first stage on the combustion air inducer. Fourstage units require (2) two-stage kits. For more detail refer to the natural to LP gas changeover kit installation instructions.

M-Drain Pan Overflow Switch S149 (optional)

The overflow switch is used to interrupt cooling operation when excessive condensate collects in the drain pan. The N.O. overflow switch is controlled by K220 and DL46 relays, located in the unit control panel. When the overflow switch closes, 24VAC power is interrupted and after a five-second delay unit compressors are de-energized. Once the condensate level drops below the set level, the switch will open. After a five-minute delay the compressor will be energized.

N-Dirty Filter Switch S27

The dirty filter switch senses static pressure increase indicating a dirty filter condition. The switch is N.O. and closes at 1" W.C. (248.6 Pa) The switch is mounted in the supply air section on the evaporator coil seal.

O-Hot Gas Reheat

Hot gas reheat units provide a dehumidifying mode of operation. These units contain a reheat coil adjacent to and downstream of the evaporator coil. Reheat coil solenoid valve, L14, routes hot discharge gas from the compressor to the reheat coil. Return air pulled across the evaporator coil is cooled and dehumidified; the reheat coil adds heat to supply air. See figure 31 for reheat refrigerant routing and figure 32 for standard cooling refrigerant routing.

L14 Reheat Coil Solenoid Valve

When Unit Controller input (Unit Controller J298-5 or J299-8) indicates room conditions require dehumidification, L14 reheat valve is energized (Unit Controller P269-3) and refrigerant is routed to the reheat coil.

Reheat Setpoint

Reheat is factory-set to energize when indoor relative humidity rises above 60% (default). The reheat setpoint can be adjusted by changing mobile service app *Settings - Control* menu. A setting of 100% will operate reheat from an energy management system digital output. The reheat setpoint can also be adjusted using an optional Network Control Panel (NCP).

Reheat will terminate when the indoor relative humidity falls 3% (57% default) or the digital output de-energizes. The reheat deadband can be adjusted at *Settings - Control* menu.

Check-Out

Test reheat operation using the following procedure.

- 1- Make sure reheat is wired as shown in wiring section.
- 2- Make sure unit is in local thermostat mode.
- 3- Use mobile service app menu path to select RTU Menu > Component > Test > Dehumidification.

The blower, compressor, and reheat valve should be energized. Pressure can be checked on the reheat line pressure tap. Pressure on the reheat line should match discharge pressure closely in reheat mode.

Default Reheat Operation

During reheat mode free cooling is locked out.

No Y1 demand but a call for dehumidification:

Compressor is operating low, blower is on low, and the reheat valve is energized..

Y1 demand:

Compressor is operating on low, blower is on low, and the reheat valve is de-energized..

Y2 demand:

Compressor is operating high, blower is on high, and the reheat valve is de-energized..

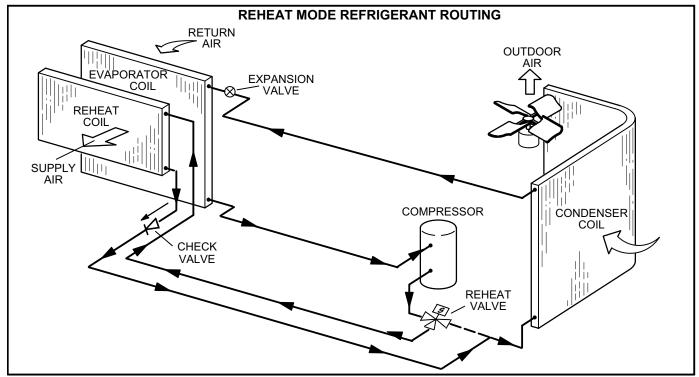


FIGURE 31

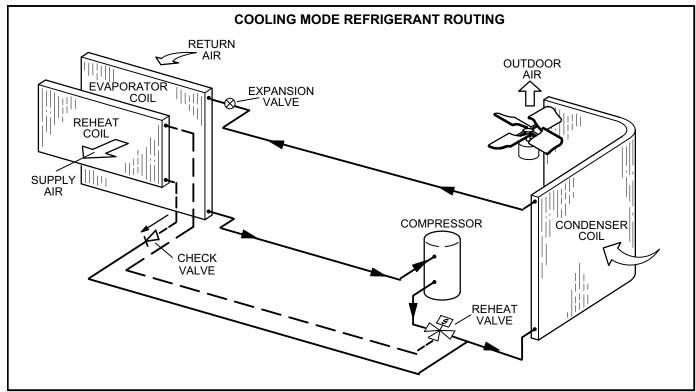
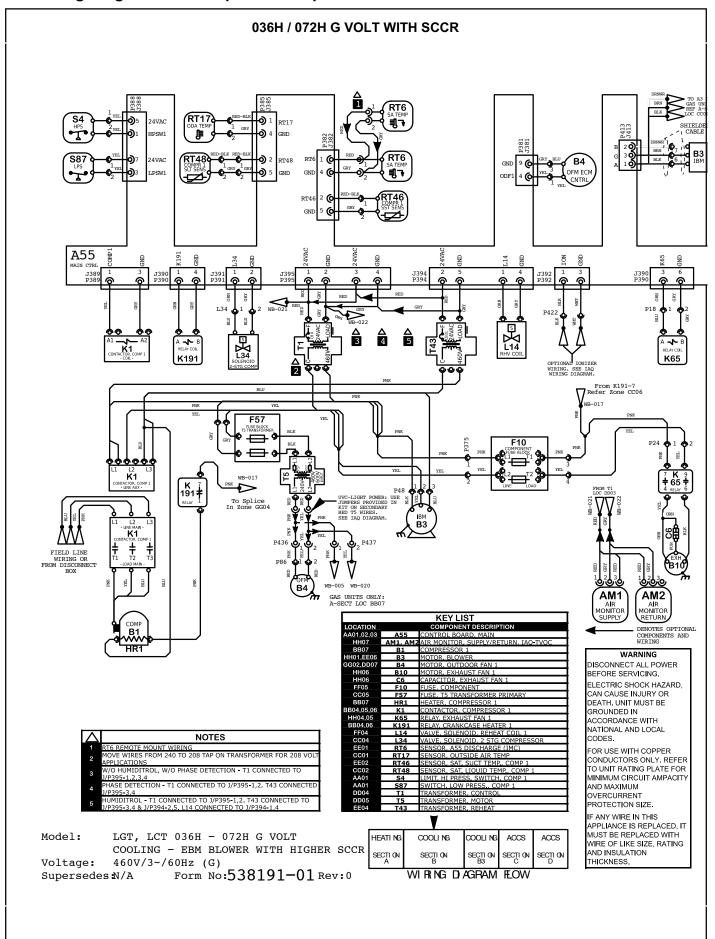
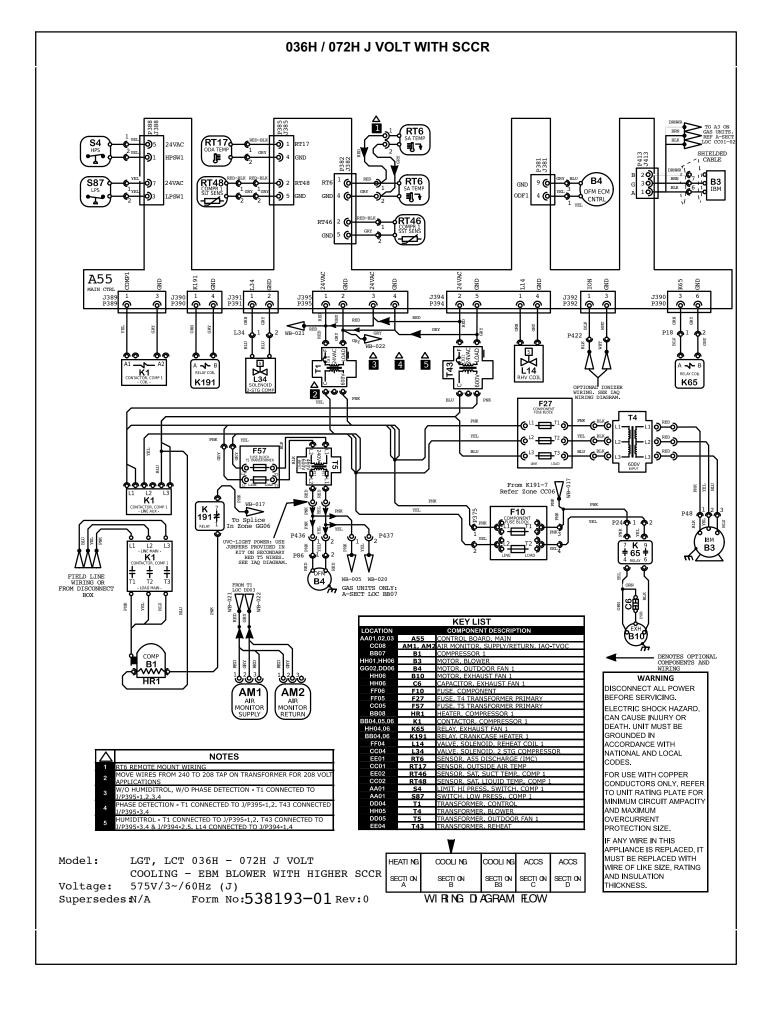
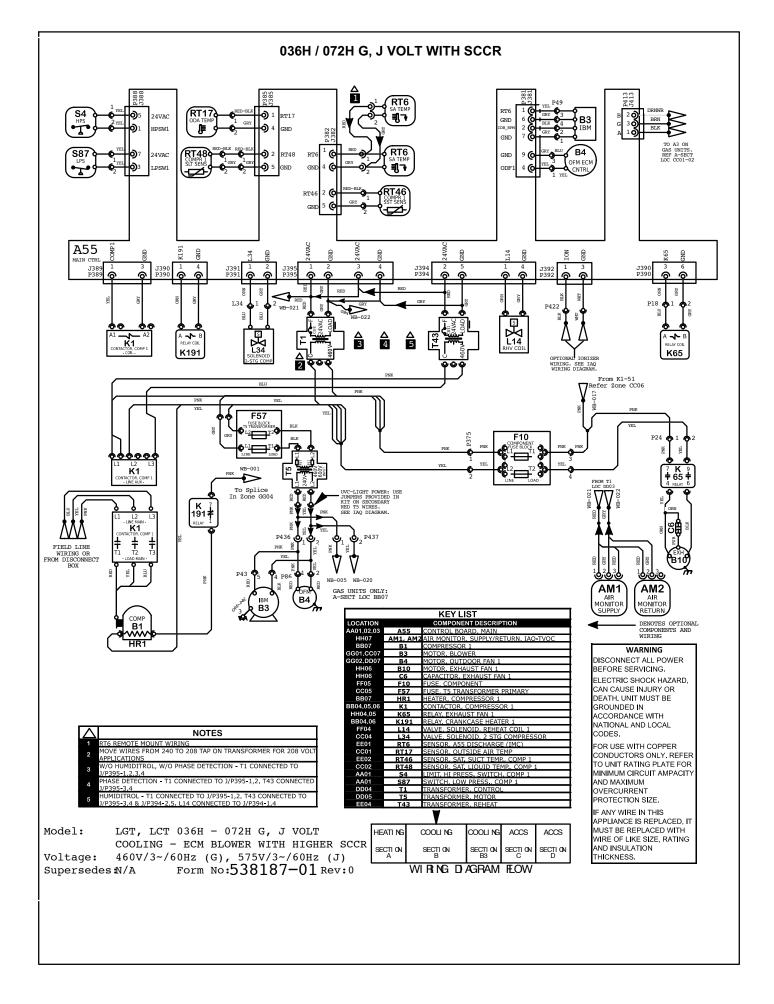
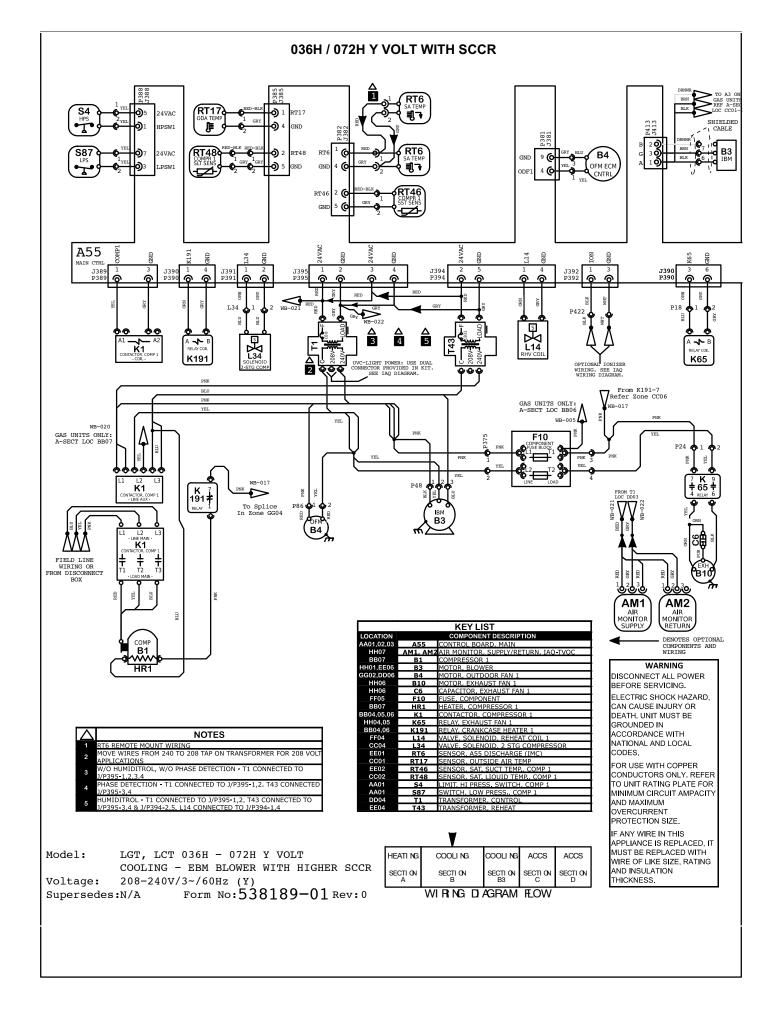


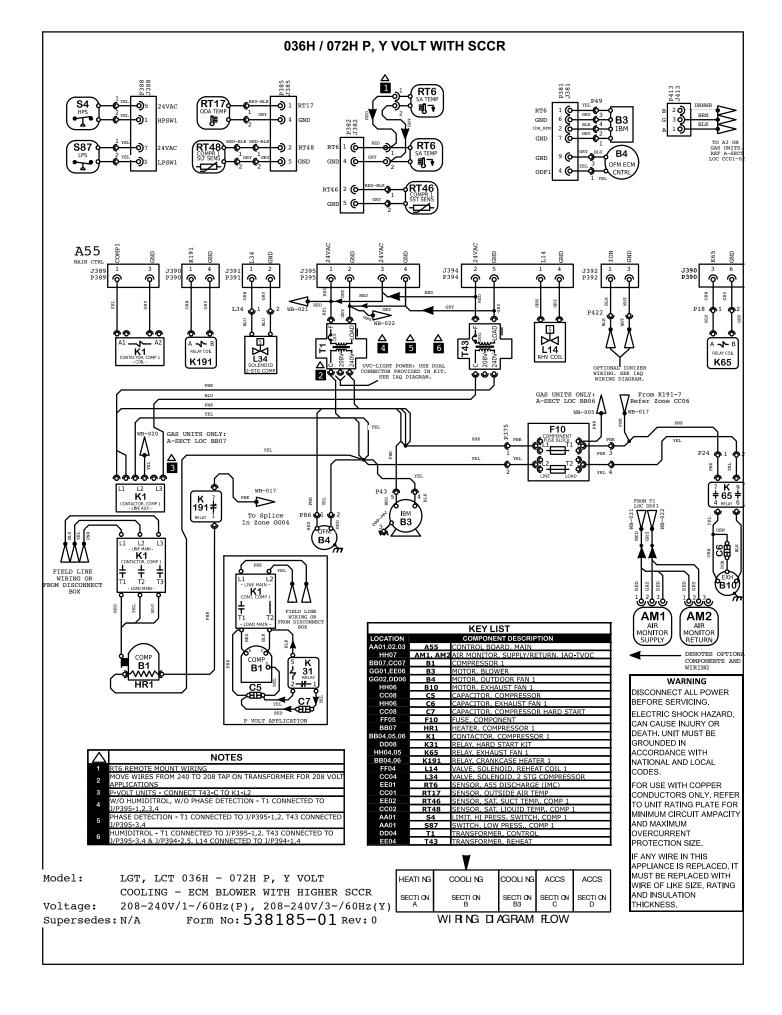
FIGURE 32

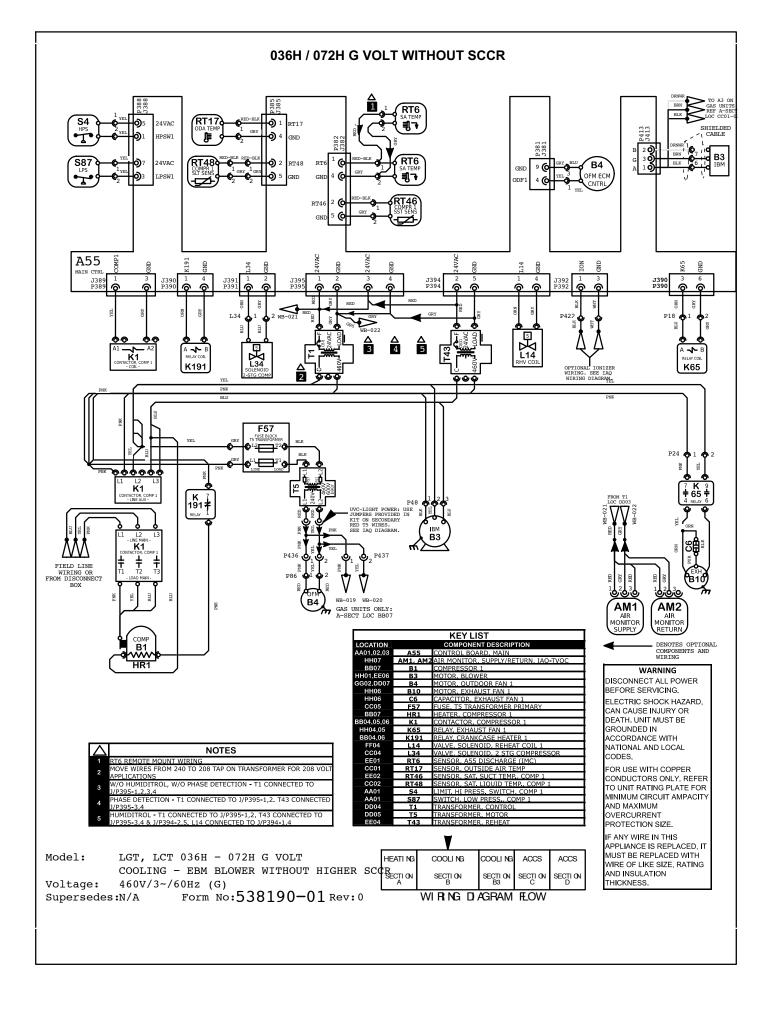


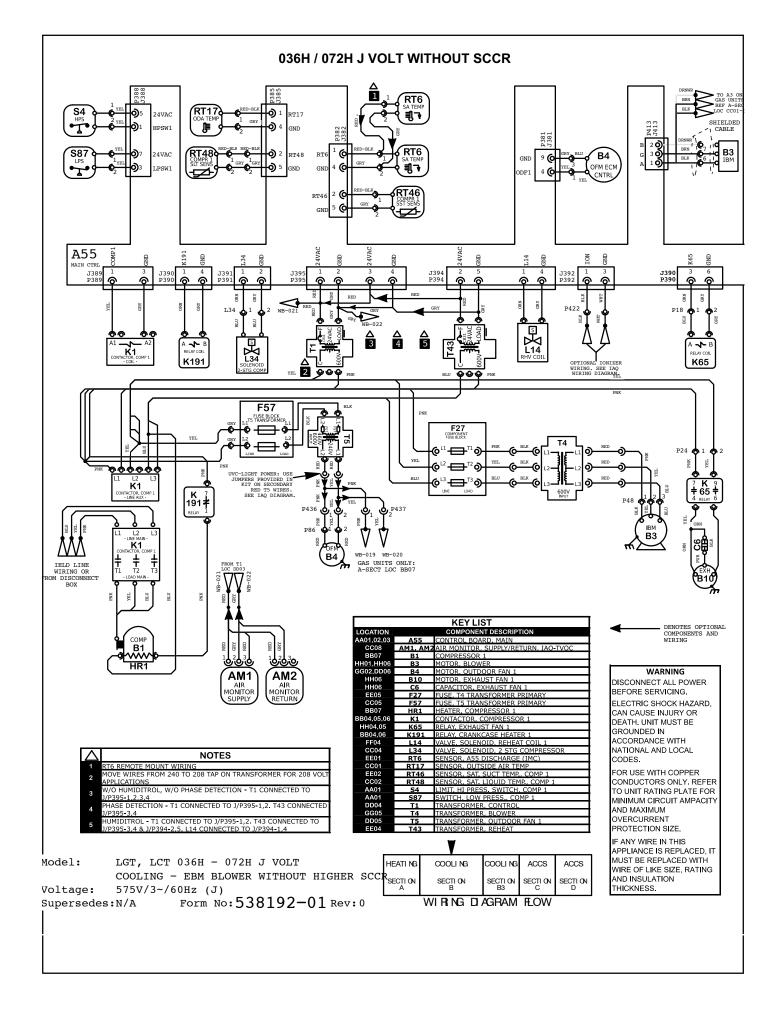


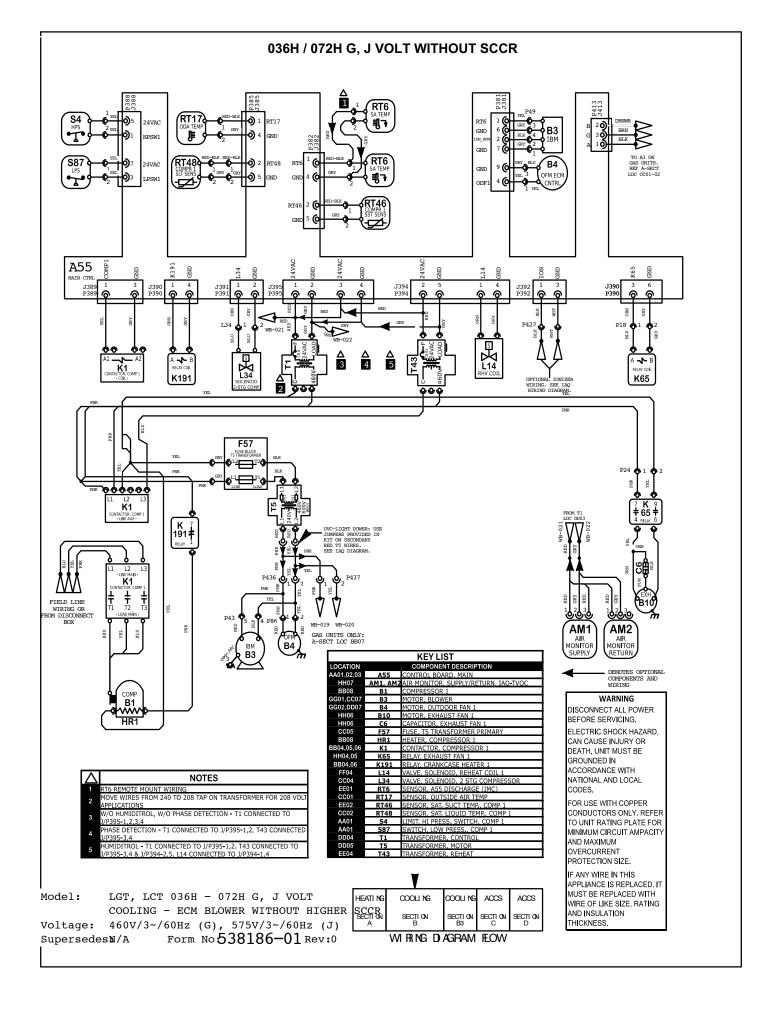


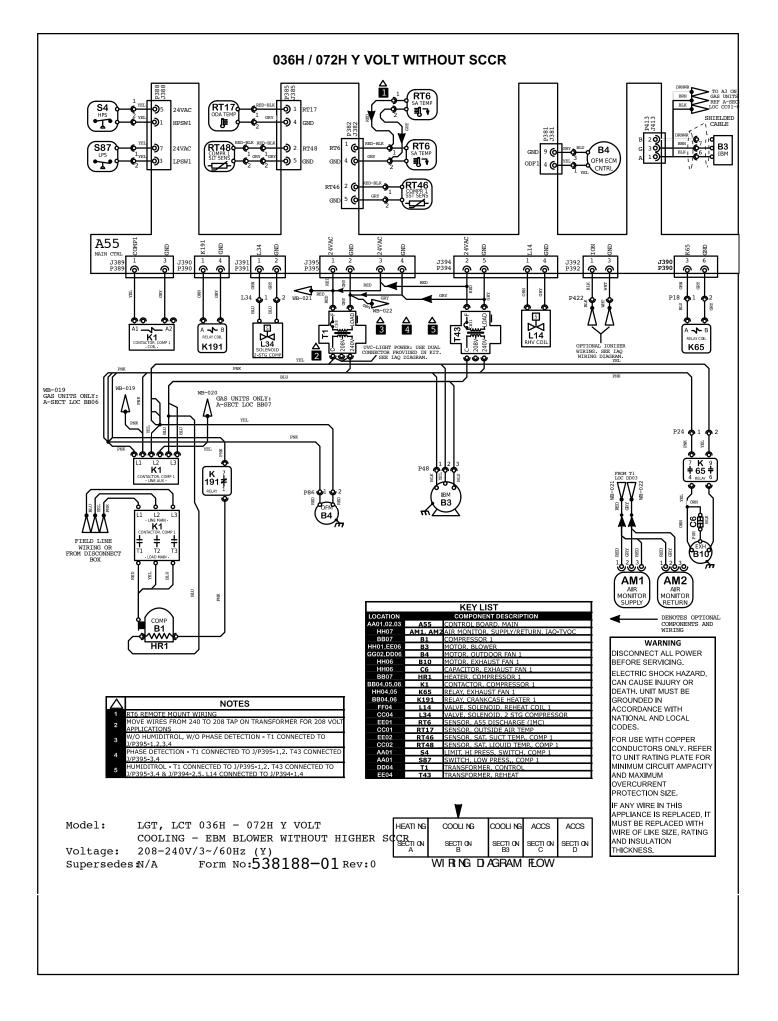


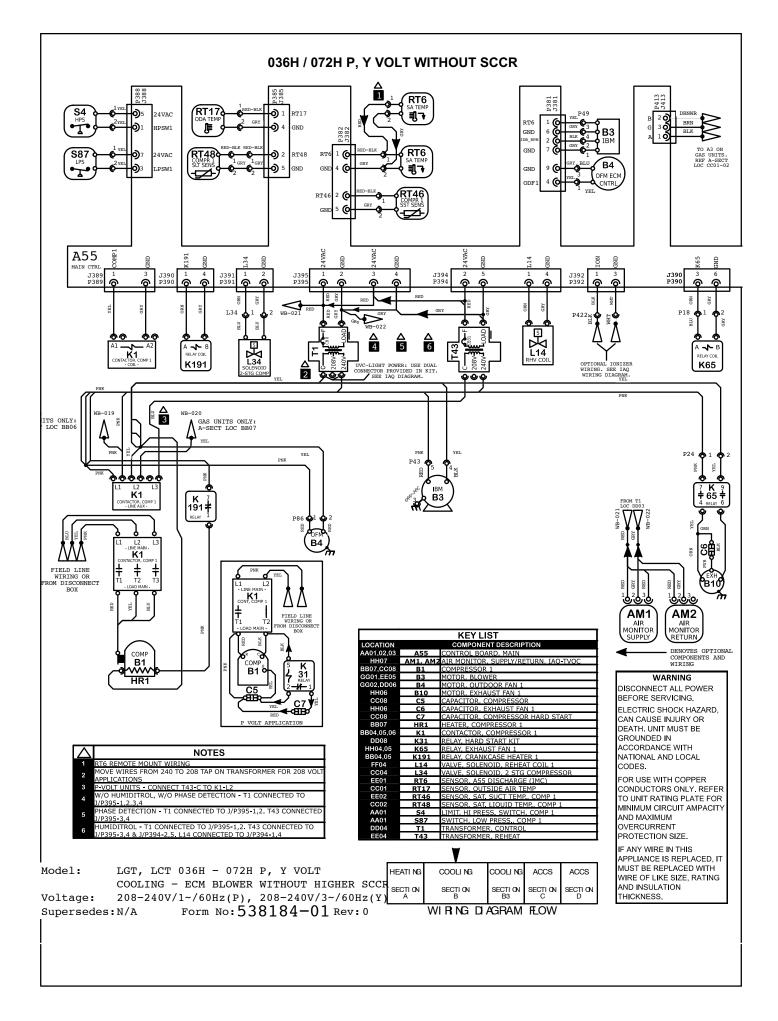












Cooling Sequence of Operation

Power:

- 1- Line voltage energizes transformer T1. T1 provides 24VAC power to the A55 Unit Controller. A55 provides 24VAC to the unit cooling, heating and blower controls.
- 2- Line voltage provides voltage to compressor crankcase heater relay K191-1 N.C. contacts, compressor contactor K1, blower motor B3, and outdoor fan motor B4 (on G volt units line voltage is supplied to two fuses F27, transformer T4, blower motor B3, and outdoor fan motor B4).

Blower Operation:

3- The A55 Unit Controller receives a demand from thermostat terminal G. A55 energizes blower motor B3 via programmed motor settings. Motor settings are field-adjustable.

First Stage Cooling

- 4- A55 Unit Controller receives Y1 and G cooling demand.
- 5- After A55 proves n.c. low pressure switch S87, n.c. SST, and n.c. high pressure switch S4, reversing valve (L1), compressor contactor K1 and Blower B3 are energized.
- 6- N.O. contacts K1-1 close energizing the compressor B1.
- 7- SLT prove below 62°F. A55 energized outdoor fan motor B4 to modulate. If above 65°F, outdoor fan motor B4 will be set to low speed.

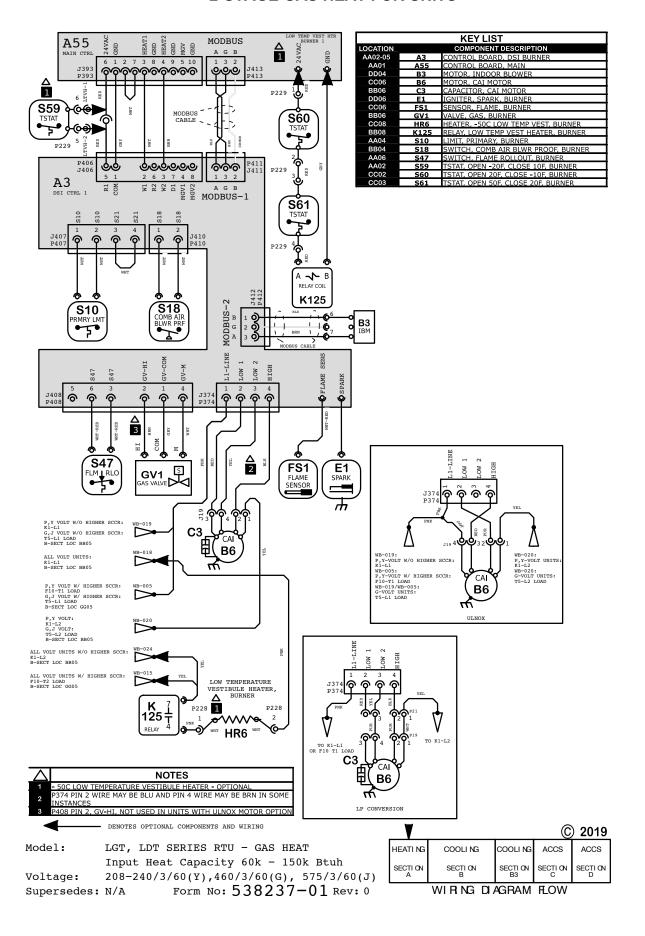
Second Stage Cooling

- 8- .A55 received a Y2 and G cooling demand and energizes blower B3 on high speed.
- 9- A55 Energizes compressor solenoid L34, switching compressor to high speed.

Power Exhaust Fan Operation

- 10- A55 receives a position feedback signal from the economizer damper motor and energizes exhaust fan relay K65 with 24VAC at 50% outside air damper open (adjustable).
- 11- N.O. contact K65-1 & 2 close, energizing exhaust fan motor B10.

2-STAGE GAS HEAT FOR UNITS



TWO-STAGE GAS HEAT SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

First Stage Heat:

- 1- The thermostat initiates W1 heating demand.
- 2- 24VAC is routed to controller A3. A3 proves N.C. primary limit S10..
- 3- Control board A3 energizes combustion air inducer B6. After B6 has reached full speed, the combustion air blower proving switch S18 contacts close.
- 4- After a 30 second delay A3 energizes the ignitor and gas valve GV1 on first stage.

Second Stage Heat:

- 5- With first stage heat operating, an additional heating demand from the thermostat initiates W2.
- 6- A second stage heating demand is received by A55.
- 7- A3 energizes HI terminal (high fire) of gas valve.
- 8- A3 energizes combustion air inducer B6 on high speed.

End of Second Stage Heat:

- 9- Heating demand is satisfied. Terminal HI (second stage) is de-energized.
- 10- Second stage heat is de-energized on GV1..
- 11- Combustion air inducer B6 is now on low speed.

End of First Stage Heat:

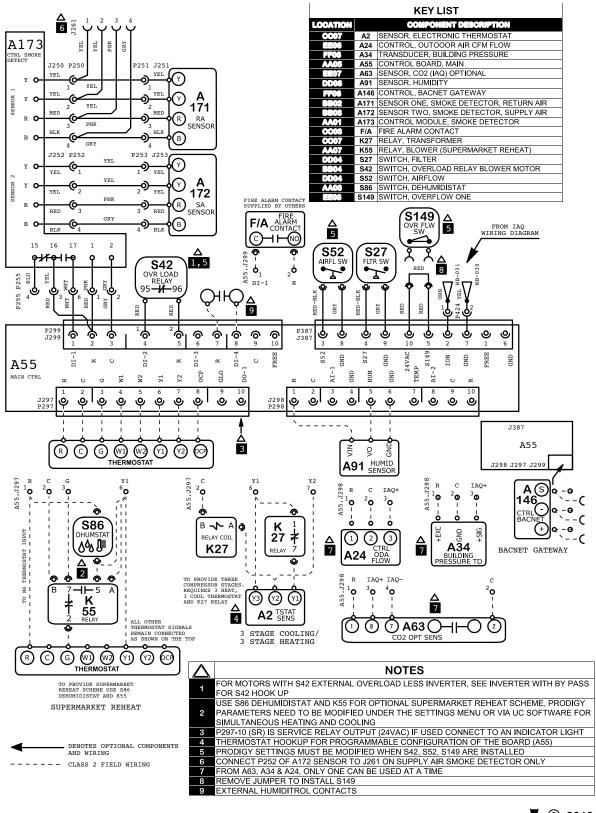
- 12- Heating demand is satisfied. Terminal W1 (first stage) is de-energized.
- 13- Ignition A3 is de-energized in turn de-energizing gas valve GV1 and combustion air inducer B6.

Optional Low Ambient Kit:

(C.S.A. -50° C Low Ambient Kit)

14- Line voltage is routed through the N.C. low ambient kit thermostats S60 and S61, to energize low ambient kit heater HR6.

ELECTRONIC OR ELECTROMECHANICAL THERMOSTAT



Model: LC, LG, LH, LD Series RTU

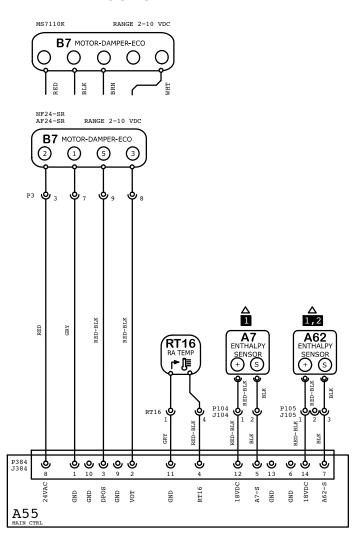
Thermostat

Voltage: All Voltages

Supersedes: N/A Form No: 538078-01 Rev: 1

HEATING COOLING COOLING ACCS ACCS
SECTION SECTION B3 SECTION C SECTION C SECTION D SEC

ECONOMIZER



Δ	NOTES
1	A7 AND A62 NOT USED FOR SENSIBLE TEMPERATURE CONTROL
2	FOR UNIT DIFFERENTIAL ENTHALPY CONTROL, ADD A62 RETURN AIR ENTHALPY SENSOR

KEY LIST			
LOCATION		COMPONENT DESCRIPTION	
CC05	Α7	SENSOR, SOLID STATE ENTHALPY	
AA06	A55	CONTROL BOARD, MAIN	
DD05	A62	SENSOR, ENTHALPY INDOOR	
BB02	B7	MOTOR, DAMPER ECONOMIZER	
CC05	RT16	SENSOR, RETURN AIR TEMP	

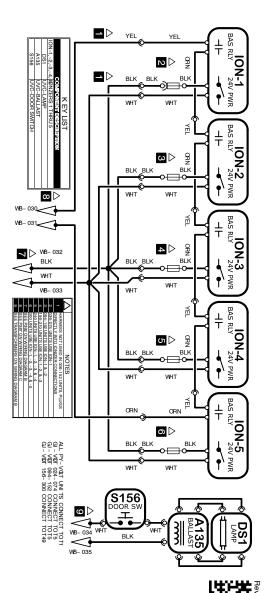
Model: LC, LG, LH, LD Series RTU

Economizer & Motorized OAD

HTG CLG CLG ACCS ACCS SEC A B BS C C D
WIRNG DIAGRAM FLOW

Voltage: All Voltages

Supersedes: N/A Form No: 538072-01 Rev: 1

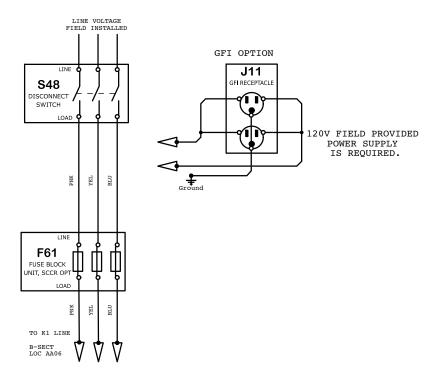


IAQ WIRING DIAGRAM MDL:

IONIZERS & UVC

VOLT: Y, G, J VOLT Rev: 0 538151-03 NO: **538151-**03 Rev: 0 SUPSDS: N/A

POWER ENTRY WITH SCCR



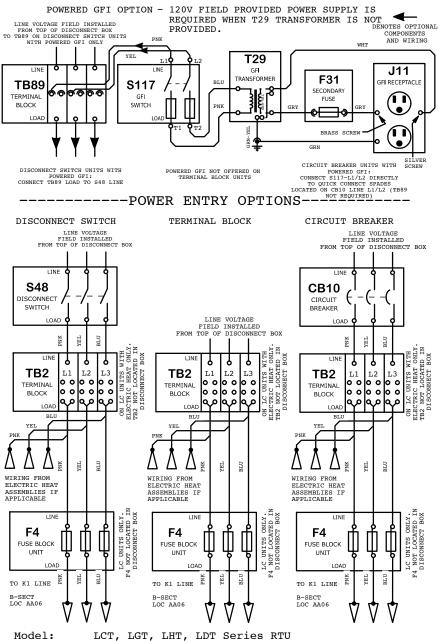
Model: LG, LD Series RTU WITH SCCR

Power Entry Options 024 - 074

Voltage: All Voltages

Supersedes: N/A Form No: 538113- C Rev: 1

POWER ENTRY NON-SCCR



Power Entry Options 024-074

Voltage: All Voltages

Supersedes: XXXXXX-XX Form No: 538234-01 Rev: 0