UNIT INFORMATION

LCT SERIES 7.5 to 12.5 ton

100075

Service Literature

LCT092H through 150H

A WARNING

To prevent serious injury or death:

- 1- Lock-out/tag-out before performing maintenance.
- 2- If system power is required (e.g., smoke detector maintenance), disable power to blower, remove fan belt where applicable, and ensure all controllers and thermostats are set to the "OFF" position before performing maintenance.
- 3- Always keep hands, hair, clothing, jewelry, tools, etc., away from moving parts.

The LCT092H-150H units are configure to order units (CTO) with a wide selection of factory-installed options.

Cooling capacities range from 7.5 to 12.5 tons. All units are equipped with two compressors.

Optional electric heat is factory-or field-installed. Electric heat operates in single or multiple stages depending on the kW input size. 7.5kW to 45kW heat sections are available for the 092 & 102 and 15kW to 60kW heat sections are available for 120 &150.

Units are available with direct drive blower. The blower will operate at lower speeds when demand is low and increase to higher speeds when demand is high.

All units come standard with a lightweight, all-aluminum condenser coil, one two stage compressor and one single stage compressor.

All LCT units are designed to accept any of several different energy management thermostat control systems with minimum field wiring. Factory or field provided control options connect to the unit with jack plugs. When "plugged in" the controls become an integral part of the unit wiring.

Information contained in this manual is intended for use by qualified service technicians only. All specifications are subject to change. Procedures outlined in this manual are presented as a recommendation only and do not supersede or replace local or state codes.

If the unit must be lifted for service, rig unit by attaching four cables to the holes located in the unit base rail (two holes at each corner). Refer to the installation instructions for the proper rigging technique.



WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional HVAC installer or equivalent, service agency, or the gas supplier

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.

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| Item Description | Catalog | U | nit Mo | odel N | lo |
|--|---------|--------|--------|--------|-----|
| | Number | 092 | 102 | 120 | 150 |
| COOLING SYSTEM | | | | | |
| Condensate Drain Trap PVC | 22H54 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| Copper | 76W27 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| Drain Pan Overflow Switch | 21Z07 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| BLOWER - SUPPLY AIR | | | | | |
| Blower Option DirectPlus™ Blower System with MSAV® | Factory | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| DirectPlus™ Blower System with VAV | Factory | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| CABINET | | | | | |
| Combination Coil/Hail Guards | 24C85 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| Corrosion Protection | Factory | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Horizontal Discharge Kit | 51W25 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| Return Air Adaptor Plate (for LC/LG/LH and TC/TG/TH unit replacement) | 54W96 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| CONTROLS | | | | | |
| Blower Proving Switch | 21Z10 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| Commercial Controls CPC Einstein Integration | Factory | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| LonTalk [®] Module | 54W27 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| Novar®LSE | Factory | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dirty Filter Switch | 53W67 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| Fresh Air Tempering | 21Z08 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| Smoke Detector - Supply or Return (Power board and one sensor) | 11K76 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| Smoke Detector - Supply and Return (Power board and two sensors) | 11K80 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| INDOOR AIR QUALITY | | | | | |
| Air Filters | | | | | |
| Healthy Climate® High Efficiency Air Filters MERV 8 | 50W61 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| 20 x 25 x 2 in. (Order 4 per unit) MERV 13 | 52W41 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| MERV 16 | 21U41 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| Replacement Media Filter With Metal Mesh Frame | Y3063 | X | Х | Х | Х |
| (includes non-pleated filter media) | | | | | |
| Indoor Air Quality (CO ₂) Sensors Sensor - Wall-mount, off-white plastic cover with LCD display | 77N39 | V | V | V | Х |
| Sensor - Wall-mount, off-white plastic cover with LCD display Sensor - Wall-mount, off-white plastic cover, no display | 23V86 | X X | X X | X X | X |
| Sensor - Wail-mount, on-white plastic cover, no display Sensor - Black plastic case with LCD display, rated for plenum mounting | 87N52 | X | X | Х | X |
| Sensor - Wall-mount, black plastic case, no display, rated for plenum mounting | 87N54 | X | X | X | X |
| CO ₂ Sensor Duct Mounting Kit - for downflow applications | 85L43 | X | X | X | X |
| Aspiration Box - for duct mounting non-plenum rated CO ₂ sensors (77N39) | 90N43 | X | X | X | X |
| Needlepoint Bipolar Ionization (NPBI) | 301143 | | ~ | ~ | Λ |
| Needlepoint Bipolar Ionization (NPBI) Kit | 22U15 | X | Х | Х | Х |
| UVC Germicidal Lamps | | | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| ¹ Healthy Climate [®] UVC Light Kit (110/230v-1ph) | 21A93 | X | Х | Х | Х |
| | 10H20 | X | X | X | X |
| Step-Down Transformers 460V primary, 230V secondary | | | | | |

¹ Lamps operate on 110-230V single-phase power supply. Step-down transformer may be ordered separately for 460V and 575V units. Alternately, 110V power supply may be used to directly power the UVC ballast(s).

NOTE - Catalog numbers shown are for ordering field installed accessories. OX = Configure To Order (Factory Installed) or Field Installed. O = Configure To Order (Factory Installed). X = Field Installed.

| OPTIONS / ACCESSO | RIES | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------|-----|--------|--------|-----|
| ltere Deserviction | | Catalog | ι ι | Jnit M | odel N | lo |
| Item Description | | Number | 092 | 102 | 120 | 150 |
| ELECTRICAL | | | | | | |
| Voltage 60 Hz | 208/230V - 3 phas | e Factory | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 460V - 3 phas | e Factory | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 575V - 3 phas | e Factory | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HACR Circuit Breakers | | Factory | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Disconnect Switch - See Electric | al/Electric Heat tables for selection 80 am | p 54W56 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| | 150 am | p 54W57 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| ¹ Short-Circuit Current Rating (S | CCR) of 100kA (includes Phase/Voltage Detection) | Factory | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| GFI Service | 15 amp non-powered, field-wired (208/230V, 460V only | y) 74M70 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| Outlets | 15 amp factory-wired and powered (208/230V, 460\ |) Factory | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | ² 20 amp non-powered, field-wired (208/230V, 460V, 575) | ′) 67E01 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| | ² 20 amp non-powered, field-wired (575V only |) Factory | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Weatherproof Cover for GFI | | 10C89 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| ELECTRIC HEAT | | | | | | |
| 7.5 kW | 208/240V-3p | h 23U73 | OX | OX | | |
| | 460V-3p | h 23U74 | OX | OX | | |
| | 575V-3p | h 23U75 | OX | OX | | |
| 15 kW | 208/240V-3p | h 23U76 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| | 460V-3p | h 23U77 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| | 575V-3p | h 23U78 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| 22.5 kW | 208/240V-3p | h 23U79 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| | 460V-3p | h 23U80 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| | 575V-3p | h 23U81 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| 30 kW | 208/240V-3p | h 23U82 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| | 460V-3p | h 23U83 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| | 575V-3p | h 23U84 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| 45 kW | 208/240V-3p | | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| | 460V-3p | | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| | 575V-3p | h 23U87 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| 60 kW | 208/240V-3p | | | | OX | OX |
| | 460V-3p | | | | OX | OX |
| | 575V-3p | h 23U90 | | | OX | OX |

¹ Disconnect Switch not available with SCCR option. SCCR option is only available with factory installed electric heat or no electric. SCCR option is not available if the MOCP of the configured unit is greater than 200A.

² Canada requires a minimum 20 amp circuit. Select 20 amp, non-powered, field wired GFI.

NOTE - Catalog numbers shown are for ordering field installed accessories. OX = Configure To Order (Factory Installed) or Field Installed. O = Configure To Order (Factory Installed). X = Field Installed.

| OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES | | | | | |
|--|---------|-----|--------|--------|-----|
| Item Description | Catalog | U | nit Mo | odel N | o |
| | Number | 092 | 102 | 120 | 150 |
| ECONOMIZER | | | | | |
| High Performance Economizer (Approved for California Title 24 Building Standards / AMCA | | | | | |
| High Performance Economizer Downflow or Horizontal - Includes Outdoor Air Hood and Downflow | 20U80 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| Barometric Relief Dampers with Exhaust Hood | | | | | |
| Order Horizontal Barometric Relief Dampers separately Horizontal Barometric Relief Dampers | | | | | |
| Horizontal Low Profile Barometric Relief Dampers (Exhaust hood furnished) | 53K04 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| Economizer Controls | 001104 | | ~ | | Λ |
| Differential Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) Order 2 | 21Z09 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| Sensible Control Sensor is Furnished | Factory | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Single Enthalpy (Not for Title 24) | 21Z09 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| Building Pressure Control | 13J77 | X | Х | X | Х |
| Outdoor Air CFM Control | 13J76 | X | Х | Х | Х |
| Global Control Sensor Field Provided | Factory | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| OUTDOOR AIR | | | | | |
| Outdoor Air Dampers With Outdoor Air Hood | | | | | |
| Motorized | 14G28 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| Manual | 14G29 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| POWER EXHAUST | | | | | |
| Standard Static 208/230V-3ph | 53W44 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| 460V-3ph | 53W45 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| 575V-3ph | 53W46 | OX | OX | OX | OX |
| HUMIDITROL [®] CONDENSER REHEAT OPTION | | | | | |
| Humiditrol Dehumidification Option | Factory | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Humidity Sensor Kit, Remote mounted (required) | 17M50 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| ROOF CURBS | | | | | |
| Hybrid Roof Curbs, Downflow | | | | | |
| 8 in. height | 11F54 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 14 in. height | 11F55 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 18 in. height | 11F56 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| 24 in. height | 11F57 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| Adjustable Pitch Curb | | | | | |
| 14 in. height | 54W50 | Х | Х | Х | Х |
| CEILING DIFFUSERS | | | | | |
| Step-Down - Order one RTD11-95S | 13K61 | Х | | | |
| RTD11-135S | 13K62 | | Х | Х | |
| RTD11-185S | 13K63 | | | | Х |
| Flush - Order one FD11-95S | 13K56 | X | | | |
| FD11-135S | 13K57 | | Х | Х | |
| FD11-185S | 13K58 | | | | Х |
| Transitions (Supply and Return) - Order one C1DIFF30B-1 | 12X65 | Х | | X | |
| C1DIFF31B-1 | 12X66 | | Х | Х | |
| C1DIFF32B-1 | 12X67 | | | | Х |

NOTE - Catalog numbers shown are for ordering field installed accessories. OX = Configure To Order (Factory Installed) or Field Installed. O = Configure To Order (Factory Installed). X = Field Installed.

| | IFICATIONS | | | | M | SAV MODELS | | |
|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|---|---|---|--|--|
| General | Data N | ominal Tonnage | 7.5 Ton | 8.5 Ton | 10 Ton | 12.5 Ton | | |
| | | Efficiency Type | High | High | High | High | | |
| | | Model Number | LCT092H4E | LCT102H4E | LCT120H4E | LCT150H4E | | |
| | | Blower Type | DirectPlus™ ECM Direct Drive with MSAV® | DirectPlus™ ECM Direct Drive with MSAV® | DirectPlus™ ECM Direct Drive with MSAV® | DirectPlus™ ECM Direct Drive with MSAV® | | |
| Cooling | Gross Cooling | g Capacity - Btuh | 93,000 | 101,000 | 117,000 | 141,000 | | |
| Perform | ance ¹ Net Cooling | g Capacity - Btuh | 90,000 | 98,000 | 114,000 | 136,000 | | |
| | ¹ AHRI Rat | ed Air Flow - cfm | 3000 | 3400 | 3400 | 4100 | | |
| | Total | Unit Power - kW | 7.5 | 8.1 | 9.5 | 12.5 | | |
| | 1 | IEER (Btuh/Watt) | 15.7 | 15.7 | 15.5 | 14.6 | | |
| | 1 | EER (Btuh/Watt) | 12.5 | 12.3 | 12.3 | 11.0 | | |
| Refriger | ant | Refrigerant Type | R-410A | R-410A | R-410A | R-410A | | |
| Charge | Without Reheat | Circuit 1 | 7 lbs. 0 oz. | 7 lbs. 0 oz. | 7 lbs. 0 oz. | 7 lbs. 4 oz. | | |
| | Option | Circuit 2 | 7 lbs. 0 oz. | 7 lbs. 6 oz. | 7 lbs. 0 oz. | 7 lbs. 0 oz. | | |
| | With Reheat | Circuit 1 | 7 lbs. 4 oz. | 7 lbs. 4 oz. | 7 lbs. 4 oz. | 7 lbs. 8 oz. | | |
| | Option | Circuit 2 | 7 lbs. 0 oz. | 7 lbs. 6 oz. | 7 lbs. 0 oz. | 7 lbs. 0 oz. | | |
| Electric | Heat Available - See page | 21 | 7.5, 15, 22.5, 30 & 45 kW 15, 22.5, 30, 45 & 60 kW | | | | | |
| Compre | ssor Type (number) | | Two-Stage Scroll (1) Single-Stage Scroll (1) | | | | | |
| Outdoor | Coil Net face a | rea (total) - sq. ft. | 28.0 | 28.0 | 28.0 | 28.0 | | |
| | | Number of rows | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| | | Fins per inch | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | | |
| Outdoor | | Motor - (No.) hp | 2 (1/3) | 2 (1/3) | 2 (1/2) | 2 (1/2) | | |
| Coil Fan | IS | Motor rpm | 1075 | 1075 | 1075 | 1075 | | |
| | | Total Motor watts | 860 | 860 | 1000 | 1000 | | |
| | Dia | ameter - (No.) in. | (2) 24 | (2) 24 | (2) 24 | (2) 24 | | |
| | 1 | Number of blades | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | |
| | Tota | Air volume - cfm | 9000 | 9000 | 9700 | 9700 | | |
| Indoor | Net face a | rea (total) - sq. ft. | 12.78 | 12.78 | 12.78 | 12.78 | | |
| Coil | Т | ube diameter - in. | 3/8 | 3/8 | 3/8 | 3/8 | | |
| | | Number of rows | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | | |
| | | Fins per inch | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | | |
| | Drain connection - | Number and size | | (1) 1 in. NF | PT coupling | | | |
| | Expa | nsion device type | Ва | lanced Port Thermo (removable e | | lve | | |
| Indoor | Nom | inal motor output | 3.75 hp (ECM) | 3.75 hp (ECM) | 3.75 hp (ECM) | 3.75 hp (ECM) | | |
| Blower | Blower wheel nominal dia | meter x width - in. | (1) 22 x 9 | (1) 22 x 9 | (1) 22 x 9 | (1) 22 x 9 | | |
| Filters | | Type of filter | | MERV 4, [| Disposable | · | | |
| | Num | ber and size - in. | | (4) 20 > | (25 x 2 | | | |
| Electrica | al characteristics | | 2 | 08/230V, 460V, or 5 | 75V - 60 Hz -3 phas | e | | |

NOTE - Net capacity includes evaporator blower motor heat deduction. Gross capacity does not include evaporator blower motor heat deduction.

¹ AHRI Certified to AHRI Standard 340/360; 95°F outdoor air temperature and 80°F db/67°F wb entering evaporator air; minimum external duct static pressure.

| SPEC | IFICATIONS | | | | VAV MODELS | | | |
|-----------|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| General | Data Nominal Tonnag | e 7.5 Ton | 8.5 Ton | 10 Ton | 12.5 Ton | | | |
| | Efficiency Typ | e High | High | High | High | | | |
| | Model Numbe | r LCT092H4P | LCT102H4P | LCT120H4P | LCT150H4P | | | |
| | Blower Typ | e DirectPlus™ ECM Direct Drive with VAV | DirectPlus™ ECM Direct Drive with VAV | DirectPlus™ ECM Direct Drive with VAV | DirectPlus™ ECM Direct Drive with VAV | | | |
| Cooling | Gross Cooling Capacity - Btu | h 93,000 | 101,000 | 117,000 | 141,000 | | | |
| Perform | ance ¹ Net Cooling Capacity - Btu | h 90,000 | 98,000 | 114,000 | 136,000 | | | |
| | ¹ AHRI Rated Air Flow - cfi | n 3000 | 3400 | 3400 | 4100 | | | |
| | Total Unit Power - k\ | V 7.5 | 8.1 | 9.5 | 12.5 | | | |
| | ¹ IEER (Btuh/Wat | t) 14.8 | 14.8 | 14.8 | 14.2 | | | |
| | ¹ EER (Btuh/Wat | t) 12.5 | 12.3 | 12.3 | 11.0 | | | |
| Refriger | ant Refrigerant Typ | e R-410A | R-410A | R-410A | R-410A | | | |
| Charge | Without Reheat Circuit | 1 7 lbs. 0 oz. | 7 lbs. 0 oz. | 7 lbs. 0 oz. | 7 lbs. 4 oz. | | | |
| | Option Circuit | 2 7 lbs. 0 oz. | 7 lbs. 6 oz. | 7 lbs. 0 oz. | 7 lbs. 0 oz. | | | |
| Electric | Heat Available | 7.5, 15, 22.5 | , 30 & 45 kW | 15, 22.5, 30 | , 45 & 60 kW | | | |
| Compres | ssor Type (number) | Two-Stage Scroll (1) Single-Stage Scroll (1) | | | | | | |
| Outdoor | Coil Net face area (total) - sq. 1 | t. 28.0 | 28.0 | 28.0 | 28.0 | | | |
| | Number of row | s 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | |
| | Fins per inc | h 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | | | |
| Outdoor | | p 2 (1/3) | 2 (1/3) | 2 (1/2) | 2 (1/2) | | | |
| Coil Fan | Notor rpi | n 1075 | 1075 | 1075 | 1075 | | | |
| | Total Motor wat | s 860 | 860 | 1000 | 1000 | | | |
| | Diameter - (No.) ii | n. (2) 24 | 2 (24) | 2 (24) | 2 (24) | | | |
| | Number of blade | s 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | |
| | Total Air volume - cfi | n 9000 | 9000 | 9700 | 9700 | | | |
| Indoor | Net face area (total) - sq. t | t. 12.78 | 12.78 | 12.78 | 12.78 | | | |
| Coil | Tube diameter - i | n. 3/8 | 3/8 | 3/8 | 3/8 | | | |
| | Number of row | s 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | | | |
| | Fins per inc | h 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | | | |
| | Drain connection - Number and siz | e | (1) 1 in. NF | PT coupling | | | | |
| | Expansion device typ | e Ba | lanced Port Thermo (removable e | static Expansion Va lement head) | lve | | | |
| Indoor | Nominal motor output | It 3.75 HP (ECM) | 3.75 HP (ECM) | 3.75 HP (ECM) | 3.75 HP (ECM) | | | |
| Blower | Blower wheel nominal diameter x width - i | n. (1) 22 x 9 | (1) 22 x 9 | (1) 22 x 9 | (1) 22 x 9 | | | |
| Filters | Type of filte | r | MERV 4, I | Disposable | | | | |
| | Number and size - ir | l. | (4) 20 x 25 x 2 | | | | | |
| Electrica | al characteristics | 2 | 08/230V, 460V, or 5 | 75V - 60 Hz -3 phas | se | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

NOTE - Net capacity includes evaporator blower motor heat deduction. Gross capacity does not include evaporator blower motor heat deduction. ¹ AHRI Certified to AHRI Standard 340/360; 95°F outdoor air temperature and 80°F db/67°F wb entering evaporator air; minimum external duct static pressure.

BLOWER DATA

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY (NO HEAT SECTION) WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

5500

- - -

- - -

- - -

- - -

- - -

1 - Wet indoor coil air resistance of selected unit.

2 - Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, Economizer, etc.)

3 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.)

See page 8 for wet coil and option/accessory air resistance data.

See page 8 for minimum air volume required for use with optional electric heat.

| Total Total Static Pressure - in. w.g. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------|-------|------|-------|------|---------|-----------|----------|----------|-------|------|-------|------|-------|
| Air Volume | 0 | .2 | 0 | .4 | 0 | .6 | 0 | .8 | 1 | .0 | 1 | .2 | 1 | .4 |
| cfm | RPM | Watts | RPM | Watts | RPM | Watts | RPM | Watts | RPM | Watts | RPM | Watts | RPM | Watts |
| 1750 | 759 | 223 | 864 | 298 | 961 | 359 | 1049 | 420 | 1128 | 508 | 1199 | 607 | 1260 | 704 |
| 2000 | 846 | 271 | 943 | 345 | 1035 | 410 | 1117 | 488 | 1189 | 598 | 1255 | 704 | 1313 | 804 |
| 2250 | 945 | 303 | 1030 | 391 | 1111 | 476 | 1184 | 577 | 1247 | 697 | 1310 | 806 | 1367 | 905 |
| 2500 | 1035 | 366 | 1109 | 476 | 1180 | 583 | 1245 | 688 | 1306 | 797 | 1368 | 903 | 1426 | 1008 |
| 2750 | 1113 | 476 | 1182 | 601 | 1248 | 715 | 1310 | 809 | 1371 | 902 | 1432 | 1011 | 1491 | 1129 |
| 3000 | 1195 | 596 | 1261 | 718 | 1324 | 827 | 1385 | 922 | 1444 | 1024 | 1503 | 1146 | 1559 | 1279 |
| 3250 | 1282 | 711 | 1346 | 827 | 1406 | 935 | 1464 | 1044 | 1521 | 1167 | 1576 | 1306 | 1629 | 1460 |
| 3500 | 1372 | 821 | 1432 | 940 | 1489 | 1060 | 1544 | 1192 | 1598 | 1337 | 1650 | 1494 | 1700 | 1663 |
| 3750 | 1461 | 949 | 1517 | 1081 | 1571 | 1221 | 1624 | 1373 | 1675 | 1532 | 1725 | 1700 | 1773 | 1875 |
| 4000 | 1549 | 1109 | 1602 | 1256 | 1653 | 1413 | 1703 | 1576 | 1753 | 1743 | 1801 | 1916 | 1847 | 2091 |
| 4250 | 1637 | 1298 | 1687 | 1458 | 1735 | 1625 | 1784 | 1795 | 1831 | 1966 | 1877 | 2139 | 1923 | 2310 |
| 4500 | 1724 | 1510 | 1772 | 1678 | 1818 | 1851 | 1864 | 2023 | 1910 | 2195 | 1955 | 2365 | 2000 | 2530 |
| 4750 | 1811 | 1738 | 1856 | 1910 | 1901 | 2083 | 1946 | 2254 | 1990 | 2423 | 2034 | 2587 | 2079 | 2746 |
| 5000 | 1897 | 1973 | 1941 | 2144 | 1985 | 2314 | 2028 | 2480 | 2071 | 2644 | 2114 | 2805 | 2158 | 2959 |
| 5250 | 1983 | 2205 | 2026 | 2373 | 2069 | 2538 | 2111 | 2699 | 2153 | 2860 | 2195 | 3017 | | |
| 5500 | 2070 | 2428 | 2112 | 2595 | 2153 | 2756 | 2194 | 2912 | | | | | | |
| 5750 | 2156 | 2643 | 2197 | 2809 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | Total S | tatic Pre | essure - | in. w.g. | | | | | |
| Air Volume | 1 | .6 | 1 | .8 | 2 | .0 | 2 | .2 | 2 | .4 | 2 | .6 | | |
| cfm | RPM | Watts | RPM | Watts | RPM | Watts | RPM | Watts | RPM | Watts | RPM | Watts | | |
| 1750 | 1316 | 793 | 1373 | 875 | 1432 | 963 | 1491 | 1064 | 1548 | 1175 | 1604 | 1300 | | |
| 2000 | 1368 | 894 | 1425 | 982 | 1483 | 1081 | 1540 | 1196 | 1596 | 1322 | 1650 | 1458 | | |
| 2250 | 1423 | 1001 | 1480 | 1101 | 1537 | 1216 | 1593 | 1344 | 1647 | 1483 | 1700 | 1629 | | |
| 2500 | 1483 | 1117 | 1539 | 1236 | 1594 | 1368 | 1648 | 1509 | 1700 | 1657 | 1752 | 1810 | | |
| 2750 | 1547 | 1256 | 1601 | 1394 | 1654 | 1539 | 1705 | 1690 | 1756 | 1846 | 1806 | 2004 | | |
| 3000 | 1612 | 1425 | 1664 | 1577 | 1715 | 1734 | 1765 | 1893 | 1815 | 2053 | 1864 | 2213 | | |
| 3250 | 1680 | 1623 | 1729 | 1787 | 1778 | 1949 | 1828 | 2110 | 1876 | 2269 | 1925 | 2426 | | |
| 3500 | 1748 | 1835 | 1796 | 2003 | 1844 | 2165 | 1893 | 2324 | 1942 | 2479 | 1991 | 2633 | | |
| 3750 | 1819 | 2048 | 1866 | 2214 | 1914 | 2374 | 1963 | 2530 | 2012 | 2684 | 2061 | 2837 | | |
| 4000 | 1893 | 2260 | 1940 | 2423 | 1988 | 2581 | 2036 | 2737 | 2084 | 2891 | 2134 | 3044 | | |
| 4250 | 1969 | 2475 | 2016 | 2634 | 2063 | 2790 | 2111 | 2945 | 2159 | 3098 | | | | |
| 4500 | 2046 | 2689 | 2093 | 2844 | 2140 | 2998 | 2187 | 3153 | | | | | | |
| 4750 | 2124 | 2900 | 2170 | 3053 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5000 | 2203 | 3111 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5250 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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BLOWER DATA

| FACTORY INSTALLED OPTIONS/FIELD INSTALLED ACCESSORY AIR RESISTANCE - in. w. | a. |
|---|----|
| | 3. |

| | | | | | | | Filters | | |
|----------------------|----------|----------|------------------|------------|---------------------------|--------|---------|---------|--------------------------------|
| Air Volume cfm | Wet Ind | oor Coil | Electric Heat | Economizer | Humiditrol Reheat Coil | MERV 8 | MERV 13 | MERV 16 | Return Air Adaptor Plate |
| | 092, 102 | 120, 150 | | | | | | | |
| 1750 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.00 |
| 2000 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.08 | 0.00 |
| 2250 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.08 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.00 |
| 2500 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.11 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.00 |
| 2750 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.12 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.11 | 0.00 |
| 3000 | 0.10 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.13 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.06 | 0.12 | 0.02 |
| 3250 | 0.11 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.15 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.06 | 0.13 | 0.02 |
| 3500 | 0.12 | 0.11 | 0.09 | 0.15 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.07 | 0.15 | 0.04 |
| 3750 | 0.14 | 0.13 | 0.09 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.08 | 0.16 | 0.07 |
| 4000 | 0.15 | 0.14 | 0.09 | 0.19 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.08 | 0.17 | 0.09 |
| 4250 | 0.17 | 0.15 | 0.13 | 0.19 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.19 | 0.11 |
| 4500 | 0.19 | 0.17 | 0.14 | 0.22 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.20 | 0.12 |
| 4750 | 0.20 | 0.18 | 0.17 | 0.25 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.21 | 0.16 |
| 5000 | 0.22 | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.29 | 0.08 | 0.06 | 0.10 | 0.23 | 0.18 |
| 5250 | 0.24 | 0.22 | 0.22 | 0.32 | 0.08 | 0.06 | 0.11 | 0.24 | 0.19 |
| 5500 | 0.25 | 0.23 | 0.25 | 0.34 | 0.09 | 0.07 | 0.12 | 0.25 | 0.22 |
| 5750 | 0.27 | 0.25 | 0.31 | 0.45 | 0.10 | 0.07 | 0.12 | 0.27 | 0.25 |
| 6000 | 0.29 | 0.27 | 0.33 | 0.52 | 0.10 | 0.08 | 0.13 | 0.28 | 0.27 |

MINIMUM AIR VOLUME REQUIRED FOR USE WITH OPTIONAL ELECTRIC HEAT

| Electric Heat kW | Minimum cfm |
|------------------|-------------|
| 7.5 | 1750 |
| 15 | 2250 |
| 22.5 | 2250 |
| 30 | 2750 |
| 45 | 2750 |
| 60 | 3500 |

POWER EXHAUST FAN PERFORMANCE

| Air Volume Exhausted |
|----------------------|
| cfm |
| 3175 |
| 2955 |
| 2685 |
| 2410 |
| 2165 |
| 1920 |
| 1420 |
| 1200 |
| |

BLOWER DATA

| | RTD11 Step-Down Diffuser | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--------------------------|-------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Unit Size | Air Volume cfm | 2 Ends Open | 1 Side, 2 Ends Open | All Ends & Sides Open | FD11 Flush Diffuser | | | | |
| | 2400 | 0.21 | 0.18 | 0.15 | 0.14 | | | | |
| | 2600 | 0.24 | 0.21 | 0.18 | 0.17 | | | | |
| - | 2800 | 0.27 | 0.24 | 0.21 | 0.20 | | | | |
| 092 Models | 3000 | 0.32 | 0.29 | 0.25 | 0.25 | | | | |
| 092 Models | 3200 | 0.41 | 0.37 | 0.32 | 0.31 | | | | |
| | 3400 | 0.50 | 0.45 | 0.39 | 0.37 | | | | |
| | 3600 | 0.61 | 0.54 | 0.48 | 0.44 | | | | |
| | 3800 | 0.73 | 0.63 | 0.57 | 0.51 | | | | |
| | 3600 | 0.36 | 0.28 | 0.23 | 0.15 | | | | |
| | 3800 | 0.40 | 0.32 | 0.26 | 0.18 | | | | |
| | 4000 | 0.44 | 0.36 | 0.29 | 0.21 | | | | |
| | 4200 | 0.49 | 0.40 | 0.33 | 0.24 | | | | |
| 102 & 120 Models | 4400 | 0.54 | 0.44 | 0.37 | 0.27 | | | | |
| | 4600 | 0.60 | 0.49 | 0.42 | 0.31 | | | | |
| | 4800 | 0.65 | 0.53 | 0.46 | 0.35 | | | | |
| | 5000 | 0.69 | 0.58 | 0.50 | 0.39 | | | | |
| | 5200 | 0.75 | 0.62 | 0.54 | 0.43 | | | | |
| | 4200 | 0.22 | 0.19 | 0.16 | 0.10 | | | | |
| | 4400 | 0.28 | 0.24 | 0.20 | 0.12 | | | | |
| | 4600 | 0.34 | 0.29 | 0.24 | 0.15 | | | | |
| | 4800 | 0.40 | 0.34 | 0.29 | 0.19 | | | | |
| 150 Models | 5000 | 0.46 | 0.39 | 0.34 | 0.23 | | | | |
| | 5200 | 0.52 | 0.44 | 0.39 | 0.27 | | | | |
| | 5400 | 0.58 | 0.49 | 0.43 | 0.31 | | | | |
| | 5600 | 0.64 | 0.54 | 0.47 | 0.35 | | | | |
| | 5800 | 0.70 | 0.59 | 0.51 | 0.39 | | | | |

CEILING DIFFUSERS AIR RESISTANCE - in. w.g.

CEILING DIFFUSER AIR THROW DATA

| | Air Volume | ¹ Effective Thro | w Range | |
|--------------------|------------|-----------------------------|------------|--|
| Model No. | Air volume | RTD11 Step-Down | FD11 Flush | |
| | cfm | ft. | ft. | |
| | 2600 | 24 - 29 | 19 - 24 | |
| | 2800 | 25 - 30 | 20 - 28 | |
| 092 Models | 3000 | 27 - 33 | 21 - 29 | |
| | 3200 | 28 - 35 | 22 - 29 | |
| | 3400 | 30 - 37 | 22 - 30 | |
| | 3600 | 25 - 33 | 22 - 29 | |
| 400 400 | 3800 | 27 - 35 | 22 - 30 | |
| 102, 120 Models | 4000 | 29- 37 | 24 - 33 | |
| Models | 4200 | 32 - 40 | 26 - 35 | |
| | 4400 | 34 - 42 | 28 - 37 | |
| | 5600 | 39 - 49 | 28 - 37 | |
| | 5800 | 42 - 51 | 29 - 38 | |
| 150 Madala | 6000 | 44 - 54 | 40 - 50 | |
| 150 Models | 6200 | 45 - 55 | 42 - 51 | |
| | 6400 | 46 - 55 | 43 - 52 | |
| | 6600 | 47 - 56 | 45 - 56 | |

¹ Throw is the horizontal or vertical distance an air stream travels on leaving the outlet or diffuser before the maximum velocity is reduced to 50 ft. per minute. Four sides open.

7.5 **TON**

| | N | Nodel No. | | LCT092H4E | / LCT092H4P | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|------------------|-----------|-------------|----------|
| ¹ Voltage - 60Hz | | | 208/23 | 30V-3ph | 460V-3ph | 575V-3ph |
| Compressor 1 | Rated L | oad Amps | 1 | 2.9 | 7.1 | 4.6 |
| (Non-Inverter) | Locked R | otor Amps | 1 | 05 | 62 | 39 |
| Compressor 2 | Rated L | oad Amps | 1 | 3.1 | 6.1 | 4.4 |
| (Non-Inverter) | Locked R | otor Amps | 83.1 | | 41 | 33 |
| Outdoor Fan | Full Load Amps (2 1 | Non-ECM) | 2 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 1 |
| Motors (2) | | Total | Z | 1.8 | 2.6 | 2 |
| Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP | Full L | oad Amps | 2 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 1 |
| Service Outlet 115V G | GFI (amps) | | | 15 | 15 | 20 |
| Indoor Blower | He | orsepower | 3 | .75 | 3.75 | 3.75 |
| Motor | Full L | oad Amps | 8 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 4.1 |
| ² Maximum | | Unit Only | ł | 50 | 25 | 20 |
| Overcurrent Protection (MOCP) | | I) 0.33 HP er Exhaust | : | 50 | 30 | 20 |
| ³ Minimum | | Unit Only | | 43 | 23 | 17 |
| Circuit | With (1 | I) 0.33 HP | 4 | 46 | 24 | 18 |
| Ampacity (MCA) | | ér Exhaust | | | | |
| ELECTRIC HEAT DA | ТА | | | | | |
| Electric Heat Voltage |) | | 208V | 240V | 480V | 600V |
| ² Maximum | Unit+ | 7.5 kW | 50 | 50 | 25 | 20 |
| Overcurrent | Electric Heat | 15 kW | ⁴ 50 | 60 | 30 | 25 |
| Protection | | 22.5 kW | ⁴ 70 | 80 | 40 | 35 |
| (MOCP) | | 30 kW | ⁴ 90 | 110 | 60 | 45 |
| | | 45 kW | 150 | 150 | 80 | 60 |
| ³ Minimum | Unit+ | 7.5 kW | 43 | 43 | 23 | 17 |
| Circuit | Electric Heat | 15 kW | 50 | 56 | 29 | 24 |
| Ampacity | | 22.5 kW | 70 | 79 | 40 | 33 |
| (MCA) | | 30 kW | 90 | 102 | 51 | 42 |
| | | 45 kW | 129 | 147 | 74 | 60 |
| ² Maximum | Unit+ | 7.5 kW | 50 | 50 | 30 | 20 |
| Overcurrent | Electric Heat | 15 kW | 60 | 60 | 35 | 25 |
| Protection | and (1) 0.33 HP | 22.5 kW | ⁴ 80 | 90 | 45 | 35 |
| (MOCP) | Power Exhaust | 30 kW | ⁴ 100 | 110 | 60 | 45 |
| | | 45 kW | 150 | 150 | 80 | 70 |
| ³ Minimum | Unit+ | 7.5 kW | 46 | 46 | 24 | 18 |
| Circuit | Electric Heat | 15 kW | 53 | 59 | 31 | 25 |
| Ampacity | and (1) 0.33 HP | 22.5 kW | 73 | 82 | 42 | 34 |
| (MCA) | Power Exhaust | 30 kW | 93 | 105 | 53 | 43 |
| | | 45 kW | 132 | 150 | 76 | 61 |
| ELECTRICAL ACCES | SSORIES | 1 | | 1 | | ı |
| Disconnect | | 7.5 kW | 54W56 | 54W56 | 54W56 | 54W56 |
| | | 15 kW | 54W56 | 54W56 | 54W56 | 54W56 |
| | | 22.5 kW | 54W56 | 54W56 | 54W56 | 54W56 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | 30 kW | 54W57 | 54W57 | 54W56 | 54W56 |

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

8.5 TON

| | | Nodel No. | | LCT102H4E | / LCT102H4P | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|-----------|-------------|----------|
| ¹ Voltage - 60Hz | | | 208/23 | 0V-3ph | 460V-3ph | 575V-3pł |
| Compressor 1 | Rated L | oad Amps | 12 | 2.9 | 7.1 | 4.6 |
| (Non-Inverter) | Locked R | otor Amps | 1 | 05 | 62 | 39 |
| Compressor 2 | Rated L | oad Amps | 1: | 3.7 | 6.1 | 4.8 |
| (Non-Inverter) | Locked R | otor Amps | 83 | 3.1 | 43 | 33 |
| | Full Load Amps (2 I | Non-ECM) | 2 | .4 | 1.3 | 1 |
| Motors (2) | | Total | 4 | .8 | 2.6 | 2 |
| Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP | Full L | oad Amps | 2 | .4 | 1.3 | 1 |
| Service Outlet 115V G | FI (amps) | | 1 | 5 | 15 | 20 |
| Indoor Blower | He | orsepower | 3. | 75 | 3.75 | 3.75 |
| Motor | Full L | oad Amps | 8 | .7 | 4.7 | 4.1 |
| Maximum | | Unit Only | 5 | 50 | 25 | 20 |
| Overcurrent Protection (MOCP) | | I) 0.33 HP er Exhaust | 5 | 50 | 30 | 20 |
| ³ Minimum | | Unit Only | 4 | 4 | 23 | 17 |
| Circuit Ampacity (MCA) | | l) 0.33 HP er Exhaust | 4 | 6 | 24 | 18 |
| ELECTRIC HEAT DAT | ГА | | | | | |
| Electric Heat Voltage | | | 208V | 240V | 480V | 600V |
| ² Maximum | Unit+ | 7.5 kW | 50 | 50 | 25 | 20 |
| Overcurrent | Electric Heat | 15 kW | ⁴ 50 | 60 | 30 | 25 |
| Protection (MOCP) | | 22.5 kW | ⁴ 70 | 80 | 40 | 35 |
| | | 30 kW | ⁴ 90 | 110 | 60 | 45 |
| | | 45 kW | 150 | 150 | 80 | 60 |
| ³ Minimum | Unit+ Electric Heat | 7.5 kW | 44 | 44 | 23 | 17 |
| Circuit | | 15 kW | 50 | 56 | 29 | 24 |
| Ampacity (MCA) | | 22.5 kW | 70 | 79 | 40 | 33 |
| | | 30 kW | 90 | 102 | 51 | 42 |
| | | 45 kW | 129 | 147 | 74 | 60 |
| ² Maximum | Unit+ | 7.5 kW | 50 | 50 | 30 | 20 |
| Overcurrent | Electric Heat | 15 kW | 60 | 60 | 35 | 25 |
| Protection (MOCP) | and (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust | 22.5 kW | ⁴ 80 | 90 | 45 | 35 |
| | | 30 kW | ⁴ 100 | 110 | 60 | 45 |
| | | 45 kW | 150 | 150 | 80 | 70 |
| ³ Minimum | Unit+ | 7.5 kW | 46 | 46 | 24 | 18 |
| Circuit | Electric Heat | 15 kW | 53 | 59 | 31 | 25 |
| Ampacity (MCA) | and (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust | 22.5 kW | 73 | 82 | 42 | 34 |
| | | 30 kW | 93 | 105 | 53 | 43 |
| | | 45 kW | 132 | 150 | 76 | 61 |
| ELECTRICAL ACCES | SORIES | | | | | |
| Disconnect | | 7.5 kW | 54W56 | 54W56 | 54W56 | 54W56 |
| | | 15 kW | 54W56 | 54W56 | 54W56 | 54W56 |
| | | 22.5 kW | 54W56 | 54W56 | 54W56 | 54W56 |
| | | 30 kW | 54W57 | 54W57 | 54W56 | 54W56 |
| | | 45 kW | 54W57 | 54W57 | 54W56 | 54W56 |

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

10 TON

| | I | Nodel No. | LCT120H4E/ LCT120H4P | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------|----------|----------|--|
| ¹ Voltage - 60Hz | | | 208/23 | 0V-3ph | 460V-3ph | 575V-3ph | |
| Compressor 1 | Rated L | oad Amps | 16 | 6.7 | 7.1 | 5.7 | |
| (Non-Inverter) | Locked R | otor Amps | 11 | 10 | 54.7 | 47.8 | |
| Compressor 2 | Rated L | oad Amps | 16 | | 7.8 | 5.7 | |
| (Non-Inverter) | Locked R | otor Amps | 11 | 10 | 52 | 38.9 | |
| | Full Load Amps (2 I | Non-ECM) | ; | 3 | 1.5 | 1.2 | |
| Motors (2) | | Total | (| 6 | 3 | 2.4 | |
| Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP | Full L | oad Amps | 2 | .4 | 1.3 | 1 | |
| Service Outlet 115V G | FI (amps) | | 1 | 5 | 15 | 20 | |
| Indoor Blower | He | orsepower | 3. | 75 | 3.75 | 3.75 | |
| Motor | Full L | oad Amps | 8 | .7 | 4.7 | 4.1 | |
| ² Maximum | | Unit Only | 6 | 0 | 30 | 25 | |
| Overcurrent | With (* | I) 0.33 HP | 7 | 0 | 30 | 25 | |
| Protection (MOCP) | | ér Exhaust | | | | | |
| ³ Minimum | | Unit Only | 5 | 2 | 25 | 20 | |
| Circuit | | I) 0.33 HP | 5 | 4 | 26 | 21 | |
| Ampacity (MCA) | Powe | er Exhaust | | | | | |
| ELECTRIC HEAT DAT | ГА | | | | | | |
| Electric Heat Voltage | | | 208V | 240V | 480V | 600V | |
| ² Maximum | Unit+ | 15 kW | 60 | 60 | 30 | 25 | |
| Overcurrent | Electric Heat | 22.5 kW | ⁴ 70 | 80 | 40 | 35 | |
| Protection (MOCP) | | 30 kW | ⁴ 90 | 110 | 60 | 45 | |
| | | 45 kW | 150 | 150 | 80 | 60 | |
| | | 60 kW | ⁴ 150 | 175 | 80 | 70 | |
| ³ Minimum | Unit+ Electric Heat | 15 kW | 52 | 56 | 29 | 24 | |
| Circuit | | 22.5 kW | 70 | 79 | 40 | 33 | |
| Ampacity (MCA) | | 30 kW | 90 | 102 | 51 | 42 | |
| | | 45 kW | 129 | 147 | 74 | 60 | |
| | | 60 kW | 136 | 156 | 79 | 63 | |
| ² Maximum | Unit+ | 15 kW | 70 | 70 | 35 | 25 | |
| Overcurrent | Electric Heat | 22.5 kW | ⁴ 80 | 90 | 45 | 35 | |
| Protection (MOCP) | and (1) 0.33 HP | 30 kW | ⁴ 100 | 110 | 60 | 45 | |
| | Power Exhaust | 45 kW | 150 | 150 | 80 | 70 | |
| | | 60 kW | ⁴ 150 | 175 | 80 | 70 | |
| ³ Minimum | Unit+ | 15 kW | 54 | 59 | 31 | 25 | |
| Circuit | Electric Heat | 22.5 kW | 73 | 82 | 42 | 34 | |
| Ampacity (MCA) | and (1) 0.33 HP | 30 kW | 93 | 105 | 53 | 43 | |
| | Power Exhaust | 45 kW | 132 | 150 | 76 | 61 | |
| | | 60 kW | 139 | 159 | 80 | 65 | |
| ELECTRICAL ACCES | SORIES | | | 100 | | | |
| Disconnect | | 15 kW | 54W56 | 54W56 | 54W56 | 54W56 | |
| | | 22.5 kW | 54W56 | 54W56 | 54W56 | 54W56 | |
| | | | 54W50 | 54W56 | 54W56 | 54W56 | |
| | | 30 6/0/ | | | | | |
| | | 30 kW 45 kW | 54W57 54W57 | 54W57 | 54W56 | 54W56 | |

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

12.5 TON

| | | Model No. | LCT150H4E/ LCT150H4P | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--------|----------|----------|--|--|
| ¹ Voltage - 60Hz | | | 208/23 | 0V-3ph | 460V-3ph | 575V-3ph | | |
| Compressor 1 | Rated L | oad Amps | 17 | 7.6 | 8.5 | 6.3 | | |
| (Non-Inverter) | Locked R | otor Amps | 1: | 36 | 66.1 | 55.3 | | |
| Compressor 2 | Rated L | oad Amps | 22.6 | | 10 | 7.5 | | |
| (Non-Inverter) | Locked R | otor Amps | 16 | 6.2 | 74.6 | 54 | | |
| Outdoor Fan | Full Load Amps (2 I | Non-ECM) | ; | 3 | 1.5 | 1.2 | | |
| Motors (2) | | Total | (| 6 | 3 | 2.4 | | |
| Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP | Full L | oad Amps | 2 | .4 | 1.3 | 1 | | |
| Service Outlet 115V G | FI (amps) | | 1 | 5 | 15 | 20 | | |
| Indoor Blower | H | orsepower | 3. | 75 | 3.75 | 3.75 | | |
| Motor | Full L | oad Amps | 8 | .7 | 4.7 | 4.1 | | |
| ² Maximum | | Unit Only | 8 | 0 | 35 | 25 | | |
| Overcurrent Protection (MOCP) | | 1) 0.33 HP er Exhaust | 8 | 0 | 40 | 30 | | |
| ³ Minimum | | Unit Only | 6 | 1 | 29 | 23 | | |
| Circuit Ampacity (MCA) | With (1) 0.33 I Power Exha | | 6 | 3 | 30 | 24 | | |
| ELECTRIC HEAT DA | ТА | | | | | | | |
| Electric Heat Voltage | | | 208V | 240V | 480V | 600V | | |
| ² Maximum | Unit+ | 15 kW | 80 | 80 | 35 | 25 | | |
| Overcurrent | Electric Heat | 22.5 kW | 80 | 80 | 40 | 35 | | |
| Protection (MOCP) | | 30 kW | ⁴ 90 | 110 | 60 | 45 | | |
| | | 45 kW | 150 | 150 | 80 | 60 | | |
| | | 60 kW | ⁴ 150 | 175 | 80 | 70 | | |
| ³ Minimum | Unit+ Electric Heat | 15 kW | 61 | 61 | 29 | 24 | | |
| Circuit | | 22.5 kW | 70 | 79 | 40 | 33 | | |
| Ampacity (MCA) | | 30 kW | 90 | 102 | 51 | 42 | | |
| | | 45 kW | 129 | 147 | 74 | 60 | | |
| | | 60 kW | 136 | 156 | 79 | 63 | | |
| ² Maximum | Unit+ | 15 kW | 80 | 80 | 40 | 30 | | |
| Overcurrent | Electric Heat | 22.5 kW | ⁴ 80 | 90 | 45 | 35 | | |
| Protection (MOCP) | and (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust | 30 kW | ⁴ 100 | 110 | 60 | 45 | | |
| | Fower Exhaust | 45 kW | 150 | 150 | 80 | 70 | | |
| | | 60 kW | ⁴ 150 | 175 | 80 | 70 | | |
| ³ Minimum | Unit+ | 15 kW | 63 | 63 | 31 | 25 | | |
| Circuit | Electric Heat | 22.5 kW | 73 | 82 | 42 | 34 | | |
| Ampacity (MCA) | and (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust | 30 kW | 93 | 105 | 53 | 43 | | |
| | | 45 kW | 132 | 150 | 76 | 61 | | |
| | | 60 kW | 139 | 159 | 80 | 65 | | |
| ELECTRICAL ACCES | SORIES | | | | | | | |
| Disconnect | | 15 kW | 54W56 | 54W56 | 54W56 | 54W56 | | |
| | | 22.5 kW | 54W56 | 54W56 | 54W56 | 54W56 | | |
| | | 30 kW | 54W57 | 54W57 | 54W56 | 54W56 | | |
| | | 45 kW | 54W57 | 54W57 | 54W56 | 54W56 | | |
| | | | | | 54W57 | | | |

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

ELECTRIC HEAT CAPACITIES

| Volts | | 7.5 kW | 1 | | 15 kW | , | | 22.5 kV | v | | 30 kW | | | 45 kW | | | 60 kW | 1 |
|-------|-------------|----------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|------------------|
| Input | kW Input | Btuh Output | No. of Stages |
| 208 | 5.6 | 19,100 | 1 | 11.3 | 38,600 | 1 | 16.9 | 57,700 | 2 | 22.5 | 76,800 | 2 | 33.8 | 115,300 | 2 | 45.0 | 153,600 | 2 |
| 220 | 6.3 | 21,500 | 1 | 12.6 | 43,000 | 1 | 18.9 | 64,500 | 2 | 25.2 | 86,000 | 2 | 37.8 | 129,000 | 2 | 50.4 | 172,000 | 2 |
| 230 | 6.9 | 23,600 | 1 | 13.8 | 47,100 | 1 | 20.7 | 70,700 | 2 | 27.5 | 93,900 | 2 | 41.3 | 141,000 | 2 | 55.1 | 188,000 | 2 |
| 240 | 7.5 | 25,600 | 1 | 15.0 | 51,200 | 1 | 22.5 | 76,800 | 2 | 30.0 | 102,400 | 2 | 45.0 | 153,600 | 2 | 60.0 | 204,800 | 2 |
| 440 | 6.9 | 21,500 | 1 | 12.6 | 43,000 | 1 | 18.9 | 64,500 | 2 | 25.2 | 86,000 | 2 | 37.8 | 129,000 | 2 | 50.4 | 172,000 | 2 |
| 460 | 6.9 | 23,600 | 1 | 13.8 | 47,100 | 1 | 20.7 | 70,700 | 2 | 27.5 | 93,900 | 2 | 41.3 | 141,000 | 2 | 55.1 | 188,000 | 2 |
| 480 | 7.5 | 25,600 | 1 | 15.0 | 51,200 | 1 | 22.5 | 76,800 | 2 | 30.0 | 102,400 | 2 | 45.0 | 153,600 | 2 | 60.0 | 204,800 | 2 |
| 550 | 6.3 | 21,500 | 1 | 12.6 | 43,000 | 1 | 18.9 | 64,500 | 2 | 25.2 | 86,000 | 2 | 37.8 | 129,000 | 2 | 50.4 | 172,000 | 2 |
| 575 | 6.9 | 23,600 | 1 | 13.8 | 47,100 | 1 | 20.7 | 70,700 | 2 | 27.5 | 93,900 | 2 | 41.3 | 141,000 | 2 | 55.1 | 188,000 | 2 |
| 600 | 7.5 | 25,600 | 1 | 15.0 | 51,200 | 1 | 22.5 | 76,800 | 2 | 30.0 | 102,400 | 2 | 45.0 | 153,600 | 2 | 60.0 | 204,800 | 2 |

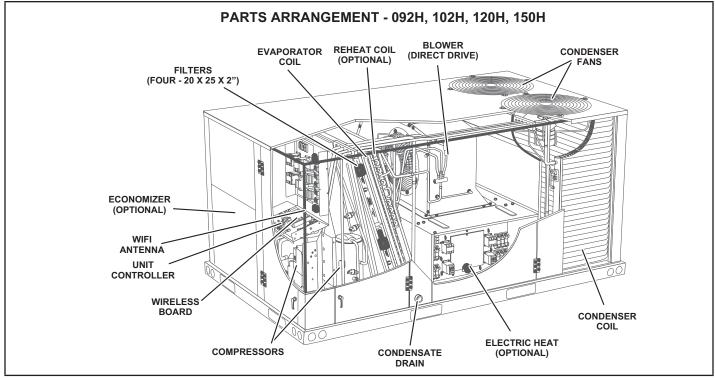


FIGURE 1

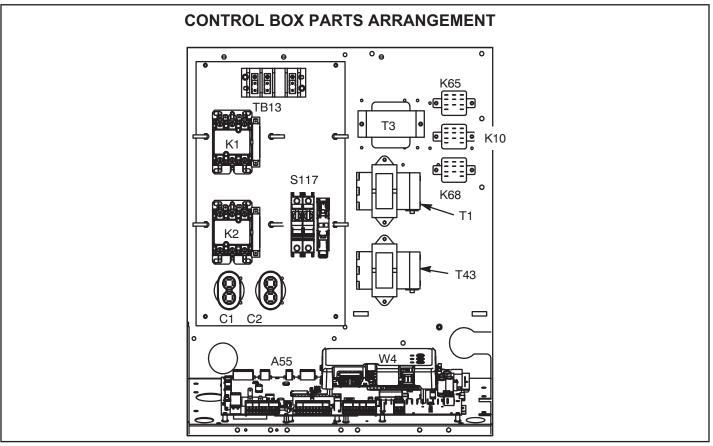


FIGURE 2



A WARNING

Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.



All 7.5 through 12.5 ton (38.1 through 70.3 kW) units are configure to order units (CTO). The LCT unit components are shown in figure 1. All units come standard with hinged unit panels. All L1, L2 and L3 wiring is color coded; L1 is red, L2 is yellow and L3 is blue.

A-Control Box Components

LCT control box components are shown in FIGURE 2. The control box is located in the upper portion of the compressor compartment.

1-Disconnect Switch S48 (Optional)

All units may be equipped with an optional disconnect switch S48. Other factory or field installed optional circuit breakers may be used, such as CB10. S48 and CB10 are toggle switches, which can be used by the service technician to disconnect power to the unit.

2-Control Transformer T43 (Re-Heat Units)

T43 is a single line voltage to 24VAC and ties into T1. See unit diagram. T43 is mounted in the control box. The transformer supplies power to control circuits (through T1).The transformer is rated at 70VA and is protected by a 3.5 amp circuit breaker (CB8). The 208/230 (Y) voltage transformers use primary voltage taps as shown in figure 3, while 460 (G) and 575 (J) voltage transformers use a single primary voltage tap.

3-Control Transformer T1

All use a single line voltage to 24VAC transformer mounted in the control box. Transformer supplies power to control circuits in the unit. The transformer is rated at 92VA and is protected by a 6 amp circuit breaker (CB8). The 208/230 (Y) voltage transformers use primary voltage taps as shown in FIGURE 3, while 460 (G) and 575 (J) voltage transformers use a single primary voltage tap.

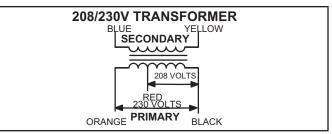


FIGURE 3

4-Outdoor Fan Relay K10, K68

Outdoor fan relays K10 and K68 are DPDT relays with a 24VAC coil. In standard and high efficiency units, K10 and K68 energize condenser fans B4 and B5.

5-Outdoor Fan Capacitors C1, C2

Fan capacitors C1 and C2 are used to assist in the start up of condenser fans B4 and B5. Capacitor size varies with unit tonnage and voltage.

LCT092-102 all voltages - 370V/10 MFD

LCT120-150 J volt - 370/10 MFD

LCT120-150 G volt - 370V/12.5 MFD

LCT120-150 Y volt - 370V/15 MFD

6-Compressor Contactor K1, K2

All compressor contactors are three-pole, double-break contactors with 24VAC coils. K1 and K2 (both energized by A55) energize compressors B1 and B2.

7-Unit Controller A55

The Unit Controller provides all unit control functions, unit status information, unit diagnostics, programmable parameters and USB verification and profile sharing. Refer to the Unit Controller guide provided with the unit. Thermostat wires are connected to J297 on the Unit Controller.

8-Power Exhaust Relay K65 (PED units)

Power exhaust relay K65 is a N.O. DPDT relay with a 24VAC coil. K65 is used in all LCT units equipped with the optional power exhaust dampers. K65 is energized by the economizer control panel (A56), after the economizer dampers reach 50% open (adjustable in CORE). When K65 closes, the exhaust fan B10 is are energized.

9-Terminal Block TB13

TB13 terminal block distributes line voltage power to the line voltage items in the unit.

10-Wireless Antenna

Wireless antenna is located above the return air compartment of the unit. FIGURE 4 shows location and FIGURE 5 shows cable routing. Please follow the CORE Controller setup guide included in the unit.

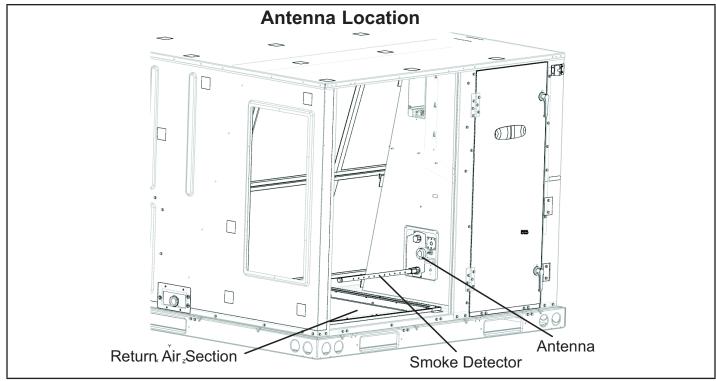


FIGURE 4

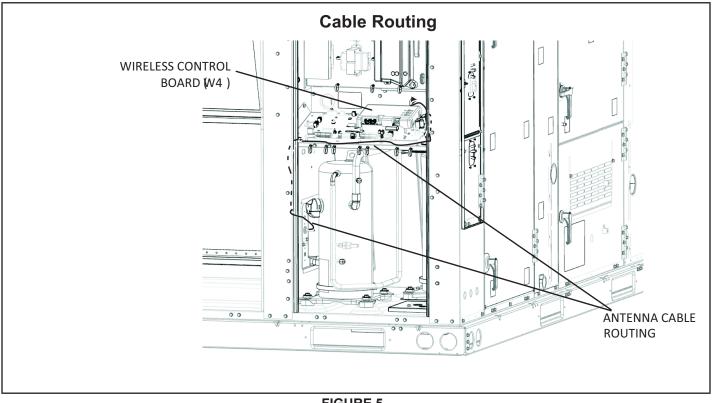


FIGURE 5

Temperature Sensors

The return air (RT16) and discharge air (RT6) duct probes and the outdoor air (RT17) are all two wire thermistors. The resistance vs. temperature table is shown below:

Relative Humidity Sensor - Optional

The indoor relative humidity sensor (A91) is an analog sensor with a 0-10VDC output over a relative humidity range of 0-100% relative humidity. The sensor is powered with 24VAC.

Enthalpy Sensor - Optional

The optional enthalpy sensors (A7 and A63) used with the economizer have an output of 4-20mA.

The sensor is powered with 18VAC provided by M3 unit control.

Economizer Differential Pressure Sensor - Optional

Rooftop units installed with Smart Airflow™ will have a Pressure Transducer (PT5) present in the economizer. PT5 requires 5VDC power supply (P266-5 and {P266-6) and gives 0.25 VDC to 4 VDC output (P266-4) corresponding to 0" water column and 2" water column respectively.

For all practical purposes the output should be less than 1.2" water column if not an error code is stored and service alarm output is turned on.

TABLE 1 **Resistance vs. Temperature**

| | Desistance 1/20/ | Tomporature °C (°C) | Desistance 1/20/ | | Desistance 1/20/ |
|---------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|
| Temp. °F (°C) | Resistance +/-2% | Temperature °F (°C) | Resistance +/-2% | Temp. °F (°C) | Resistance +/-2% |
| -40 (-40) | 335,671 | 40 (4.4) | 26,106 | 90 (32.2) | 7,332 |
| -20 (-28.9) | 164,959 | 50 (10) | 19,904 | 100 (37.8) | 5,826 |
| 0 (-17.8) | 85,323 | 60 (15.6) | 15,313 | 120 (48.9) | 3,756 |
| 20 (-6.7) | 46,218 | 70 (21.1) | 11,884 | 130 (54.4) | 3,047 |
| 30 (-1.1) | 34,566 | 80 (26.7) | 9,298 | | |

Room Sensors

Room sensor (A2) is a two-wire thermistor with 1k series resistor.

TABLE 2

Two-Wire Thermistor

| Temp. °F (°C) | Resistance +/-2% | Temperature °F (°C) | Resistance +/-2% | Temp. °F (°C) | Resistance +/-2% |
|---------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|
| 40 (4.4) | 27,102 | 60 (15.6) | 16,313 | 80 (26.7) | 10,299 |
| 45 (7.2) | 23,764 | 65 (18.3) | 14,474 | 85 (29.4) | 9,249 |
| 50 (10) | 20,898 | 70 (21.1) | 12,882 | 90 (32.2) | 8,529 |
| 55 (12.8) | 18,433 | 75 (23.9) | 11,498 | | |

Carbon Dioxide Sensor

The indoor carbon dioxide sensor (A63) is an analog sensor with a 0-10VDC output over a carbon dioxide range of 0-2000 ppm as shown in the following table. The sensor is powered with 24VAC.

TABLE 3

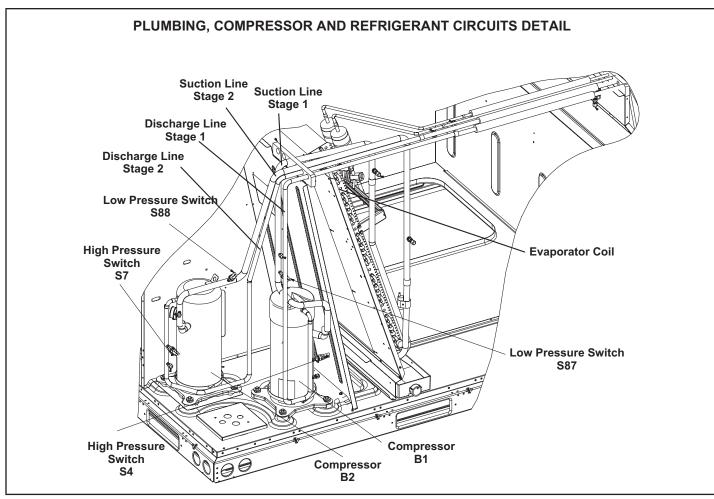
| | | | | - • | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Carbon Dioxide Range | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Carbon Dioxide PPM | DC Voltage | Carbon Dioxide PPM | DC Voltage | Carbon Dioxide PPM | DC Voltage | Carbon Dioxide PPM | DC Voltage | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 600 | 3 | 1200 | 6 | 1800 | 9 | | | | | |
| 200 | 1 | 800 | 4 | 1400 | 7 | 2000 | 10 | | | | | |
| 400 | 2 | 1000 | 5 | 1600 | 8 | | | | | | | |

VAV Supply Static Sensor

The supply duct differential static pressure sensor (A30) is an analog sensor with a 0-10VDC output over a range of 0-5"w.c as shown in the following table. The sensor is powered with 24VAC.

| | Carbon Dioxide Range | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------|------------|----------------|------------|----------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| Pressure "w.c. | DC Voltage | Pressure "w.c. | DC Voltage | Pressure "w.c. | DC Voltage | Pressure "w.c. | DC Voltage | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 1.5 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 4.5 | 9 | | | | |
| 0.5 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 3.5 | 7 | 5 | 10 | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 2.5 | 5 | 4 | 8 | | | | | | |

Disulate D





B-Cooling Components

High efficiency units use independent cooling circuits consisting of separate compressors, condenser coils and evaporator coils. See FIGURE 6. Units are equipped with ECM direct drive blowers which draw air across the evaporator during unit operation.

On all units the evaporators are slab type and are row split. Each evaporator uses a thermostatic expansion valve as the primary expansion device.

In all units, each compressor is protected by a crankcase heater, high pressure switch and low pressure switch. Additional protection is provided by thermistors for low ambient control and freezing prevention.

Cooling may be supplemented by a factory- or field-installed economizer.

1-Compressors B1, B2

Units are equipped with two scroll compressors and two independent cooling circuits. B1 is 2-stage compressor, with L34 to switching between part load and full load, B2 is single stage compressor. Compressor capacity may vary from stage to stage. In all cases, the capacity of each compressor is added to reach the total capacity of the unit. See "SPECIFICATIONS" and "ELECTRICAL DATA" (table of contents) or compressor nameplate for compressor specifications.

A WARNING

Electrical shock hazard. Compressor must be grounded. Do not operate without protective cover over terminals. Disconnect power before removing protective cover. Discharge capacitors before servicing unit. Failure to follow these precautions could cause electrical shock resulting in injury or death. Each compressor is energized by a corresponding compressor contactor.

NOTE-Refer to the wiring diagram section for specific unit operation. If Interlink compressor replacement is necessary, call 1-800-453-6669.

IMPORTANT

Some scroll compressors have an internal vacuum protector that will unload scrolls when suction pressure goes below 20 psig. A hissing sound will be heard when the compressor is running unloaded. Protector will reset when low pressure in system rises above 40 psig. DO NOT REPLACE COMPRESSOR.

2-Crankcase Heaters HR1, HR2

All LCT units use insertion type heaters. Heater HR1 is installed around compressor B1 and heater HR2 is installed around compressor B2. Crankcase heater wattage varies by compressor size.

3-High Pressure Switches S4, S7

The high pressure switch is an auto-reset SPST N.C. switch which opens on a pressure rise. All units are equipped with this switch. On fin/tube outdoor coils, the switch is located in the compressor discharge line. On aluminum outdoor coils, the switch is located on the liquid line in the blower section. Switches are wired in series with the compressor contactor coil.

On all units, S4 (first circuit) and S7 (second circuit) are wired in series with the respective compressor contactor coils. On ultra high efficiency units, only S4 is used. S4 is located on the common compressor discharge line and is wired to both compressor contactors via the A55 Unit Controller.

When discharge pressure rises to 610 ± 15 psig (4206 \pm 103 kPa) (indicating a problem in the system) the switch opens and the respective compressor is de-energized (the economizer can continue to operate). When discharge pressure drops to 475 \pm 15 psig (3275 \pm 103 kPa) the pressure switch will close.

The M4 Unit Controller has a three-strike counter before locking out. This means the control allows three high pressure trips per one thermostat demand. The control can be reset by breaking and remaking the thermostat demand or manually resetting the control.

4-Filter Drier

LCT units have a filter drier located in the liquid line of each refrigerant circuit. The drier removes contaminants and moisture from the system.

5-Low Pressure Switches S87, S88

The low pressure switch is an auto-reset SPST N.O. switch (held N.C. by refrigerant pressure) which opens on a pressure drop. All units are equipped with this switch. The switch is located in the compressor suction line.

On standard and high efficiency units, S87 (compressor one) and S88 (compressor two) are wired to A55 Unit Controller. On ultra high efficiency units, S87 (only) is located on the common suction line and is wired to A55 Unit Controller.

A55 governs the low pressure switches by shunting the switches during start up until pressure is stabilized. After the shunt period, the control has a three-strike counter, during first thermostat demand, before the compressor is locked out. The control is reset by breaking and remaking the thermostat demand or manually resetting the control.

When suction pressure drops to 40 ± 5 psig (276 ± 34 kPa), (indicating low pressure), the switch opens and the compressor(s) is(are) de-energized. The switch automatically resets when pressure in the suction line rises to 90 ± 5 psig (620 ± 34 kPa) due to many causes such as refrigerant being added.

6-Condenser Fans B4 and B5

See SPECIFICATIONS tables at the front of this manual for specifications of condenser fans used in all units. All condenser fans have single-phase motors. The fan assembly may be removed for servicing and cleaning.

7-Temperature Sensors RT46, RT47, RT48 & RT49

Units are equipped with four factory-installed thermistors (RT46 / RT49) located on different points on the refrigerant circuit.

The thermistors provide the Unit Controller with constant temperature readings of four specific locations on the refrigeration circuit. These temperatures are used as feedback in certain modes of unit operation.

Each thermistor must be specifically placed for proper unit operation and to initiate valid alarms. See FIGURE 7 and FIGURE 8 proper locations.

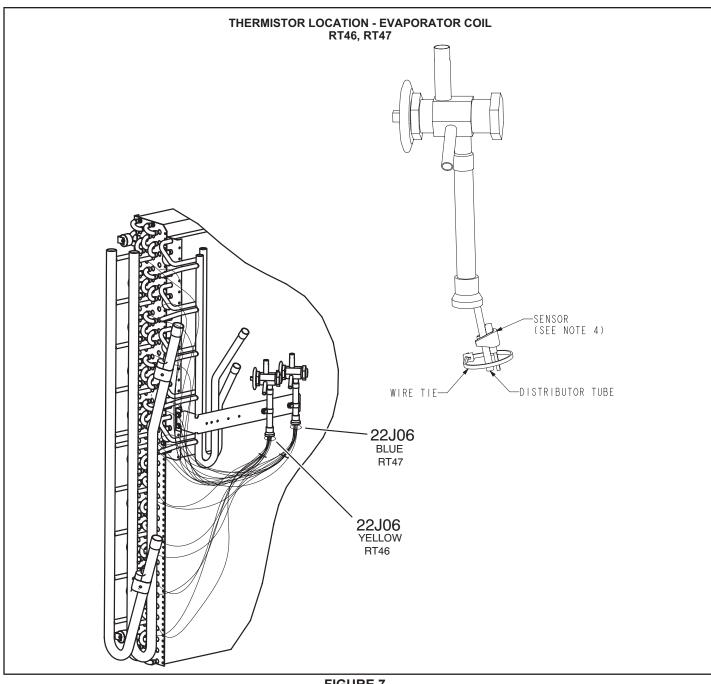
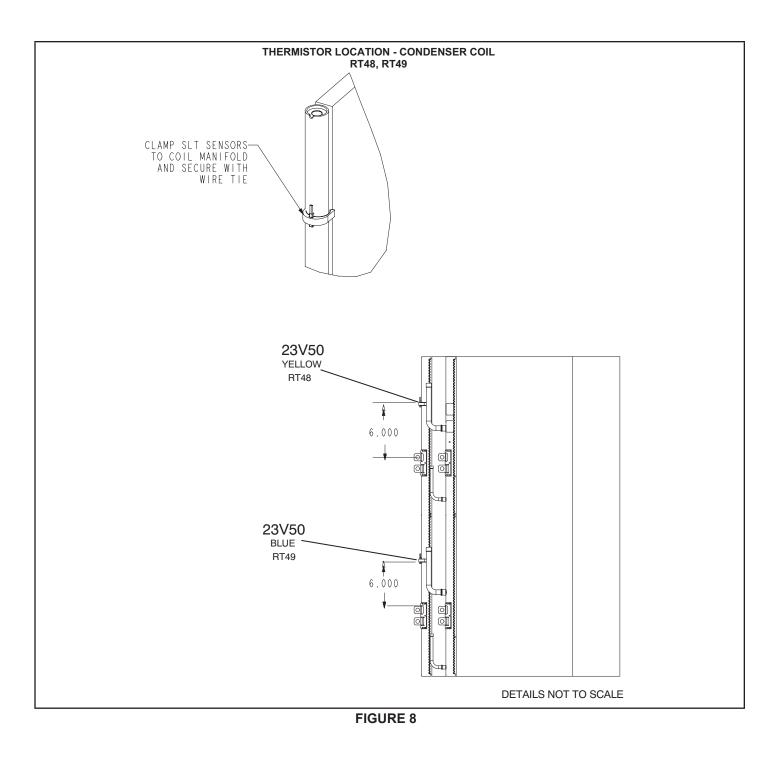


FIGURE 7



C-Blower Compartment

The blower compartment is located between the evaporator coil and the condenser coil section. The blower assembly is secured to a sliding frame which allows the blower motor assembly to be pulled out of the unit.

Units are equipped with variable speed, direct drive blowers. The supply CFM can be adjusted by changing the percentage of motor output using the Unit Controller settings. Measure the intake air CFM and adjust the RPM% to get design-specified supply air CFM.

1-Blower Wheels

Units are be equipped with a backward inclined blower wheel. See "SPECIFICATIONS" at the front this manual for more detail.

2-Indoor Blower Motor B3

Units are equipped with a direct drive blower assembly with a three-phase, variable speed, direct drive blower motor.

All motor specifications are listed in the SPECIFICATIONS (table of contents) in the front of this manual. Units may be equipped with motors manufactured by various manufacturers, therefore electrical FLA and LRA specifications will vary. See unit rating plate for information specific to your unit.

MIMPORTANT

Compressor two is the only component that must be checked to ensure proper phasing. Follow "COOLING START-UP" section of installation instructions to ensure proper compressor and blower operation.

The Unit Controller checks the incoming power during start-up. If the voltage or phase is incorrect, the Unit Controller will display an alarm and the unit will not start.

A-Blower Operation

Refer to the Unit Controller Setup Guide to energize blower. Use the mobile service app menu; see SERVICE > TEST.

In thermostat control mode, the Unit Controller will stage the blower between low and high speed. In zone sensor control mode, the Unit Controller will vary (VAV) the blower between low and high speed.

A WARNING

- 1-Make sure that unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and applicable codes.
- 2-Inspect all electrical wiring, both field- and factory installed, for loose connections. Tighten as required.
- 3-Check to ensure that refrigerant lines do not rub against the cabinet or against other refrigerant lines.
- 4-Check voltage at disconnect switch. Voltage must be within range listed on nameplate. If not, consult power company and have voltage condition corrected before starting unit.
- 5-Make sure filters are new and in place before startup.

Initiate blower only (G) demand at thermostat according to instructions provided with thermostat. Unit will cycle on thermostat demand. The following steps apply to applications using a typical electro-mechanical thermostat.

1- Blower operation is manually set at the thermostat subbase fan switch. With fan switch in ON position, blowers will operate continuously.

2- With fan switch in AUTO position, the blowers will cycle with demand. Blowers and entire unit will be off when system switch is in OFF position.

NOTE - Blower operation mode can also be initiated by the mobile service app.

Direct-drive motor may not immediately stop when power is interrupted to the Unit Controller. Disconnect unit power before opening the blower compartment. The Controller's digital inputs must be used to shut down the blower. See Unit Controller manual for operation sequences.

B-Blower Access

The blower assembly is secured to a sliding frame which allows the blower assembly to be pulled out of the unit. See FIGURE 10.

- Loosen the reusable wire tie which secures the controls and high voltage blower wiring to the blower housing. Disconnect the pressure sensor low voltage wire harness.
- 2 Remove and retain screws on either side (and on the front for direct drive) of sliding frame. Use the metal handle to pull frame toward outside of unit.
- 3 Slide frame back into original position when finished servicing. Reattach the blower wiring in the previous location using the wire tie. Reconnect pressure sensor low voltage wire harness.
- 4 Replace retained screws.

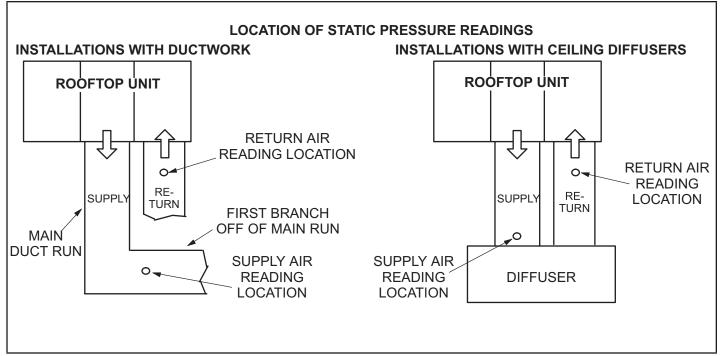


FIGURE 9

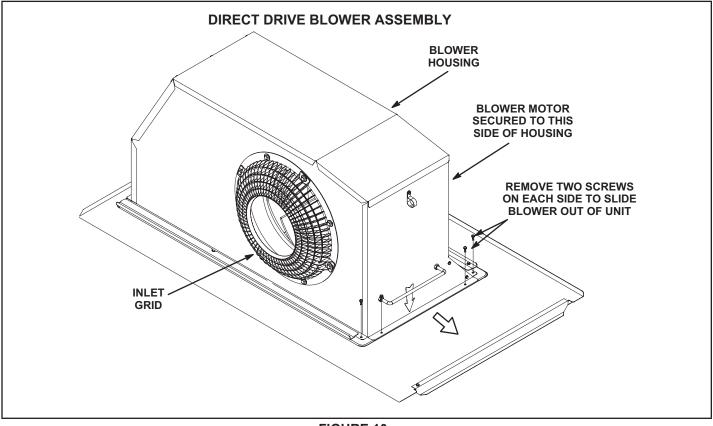


FIGURE 10

The supply CFM can be adjusted by changing the percentage of motor output using the Unit Controller settings Refer to TABLE 5 for menu paths and default settings.. Record any RPM% changes on the parameter settings label located on the inside of the compressor access panel.

The BLOWER CALIBRATION process starts the indoor blower at operational speeds and moves the economizer damper blades. Before starting this process, replace any access panels and close all unit doors except compressor compartment door.

Blower calibration is required only on units that are newly installed or if there is a change in the duct work or air filters after installation.. Use the mobile service app to navigate to the SET-UP>TEST & BALANCE>BLOWER menu. After the new RPM% values are entered, select START CALIBRATION. The blower calibration status is displayed as a % complete. Upon successful completion, the mobile service app will display CALIBRATION SUCCESS and go back to the blower calibration screen.

IMPORTANT - The default value for Cooling Low motor speed is lower than a traditional singe- or two-speed unit. If operating the unit with a 2- or 3-stage controller (2- or 3-stage thermostat, DDC controller, etc.), it is recommended to increase the Cooling Low CFM default value to a suitable level for part load cooling (typically 60% of full load CFM).

| Parameter | Field Setting | Description |
|--|------------------|--|
| Note: Any changes to Smoke CFM setting must b EDIT PARAMETERS = 12 for EBM, 6 for ECM | e adjusted | before the other CFM settings. Use SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > |
| BLOWER SMOKE CFM | % | Percentage of RPM for blower smoke speed. |
| SETUP > TEST & BALANCE > BLOWER | | |
| BLOWER HEATING HIGH CFM | % | Percentage of RPM for blower heating high speed. |
| BLOWER HEATING LOWCFM | % | Percentage of RPM for blower heating low speed (P volt gas heat only). |
| BLOWER COOLING HIGH CFM | % | Percentage of RPM for blower cooling high speed. |
| BLOWER COOLING LOW CFM | % | Percentage of RPM for blower cooling low speed and vent speed for standard static blowers. |
| BLOWER VENTILATION CFM | % | Percentage of RPM for high static blower ventilation speed. |
| SETUP > TEST & BALANCE > DAMPER | | |
| BLOWER HIGH CFM DAMPER POS % | % | Minimum damper position for high speed blower operation. Default 0%. |
| BLOWER LOW CFM DAMPER POS % | % | Minimum damper position for low speed blower operation. De- fault 0%. |
| POWER EXHAUST DAMPER POS % | % | Minimum damper position for low power exhaust operation. Default 50%. |
| SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT PAR | AMETER | S = 216 |
| POWER EXHAUST DEADBAND % | % | Deadband % for power exhaust operation. Default 10%. |
| SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT PAR | AMETER | S = 10 (Applies to Thermostat Mode ONLY) |
| FREE COOLING STAGE-UP DELAY | sec | Number of seconds to hold blower at low speed before switching to blower at high speed. Default 300 seconds. |

 TABLE 5

 DIRECT DRIVE PARAMETER SETTINGS - 581102-01

Installer: Record any parameter changes under "Field Setting" column. Settings need to be recorded by installer for use when Unit Controller is replaced or reprogrammed.

D-Electric Heat Components

See ELECTRICAL / ELECTRIC HEAT DATA and ELEC-TRIC HEAT CAPACITIES (table of contents) for electric heat match-ups and electrical ratings.

Electric heat is shown in FIGURE 11. All electric heat sections consist of electric heating elements exposed directly to the air stream.

1-Heating Elements HE1, HE2

Heating elements are composed of helix wound bare nichrome wire exposed directly to the air stream. Three elements are connected in a three-phase arrangement. The elements in 208/230V units are connected in a "Delta" arrangement. Elements in 460 and 575V units are connected in "Wye" arrangement. Each stage is energized independently by the corresponding contactors located on the electric heat vestibule panel. Once energized, heat transfer is instantaneous. High temperature protection is provided by primary and redundant high temperature limits and overcurrent protection is provided by fuses.

2-Contactors K15, K16

Contactors K15 and K16 are three-pole double-break contactors located on the electric heat vestibule. All contactors are equipped with a 24VAC coil and are energized by the A55 Unit Controller. Contactors energize the first and only stage of heating elements.

3-Primary Limit Switch S15

S15 is a SPST N.C. auto-reset switch located on the back panel of the electric heat section below the heating elements. The switch is wired in series with the first stage contactor coil. When S15 opens, indicating a problem in the system, contactor K15 is d-energized. When K15 is de-energized, first stage and all subsequent stages of heat are de-energized. The switch is factory-set to open at $200^{\circ}\text{F} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{F}$ (93.3°C $\pm 2.8^{\circ}\text{C}$) on a temperature rise and automatically reset at $160^{\circ}\text{F} \pm 6\text{F}$ (71.1°C $\pm 3.3\text{C}$) on a temperature fall. The switch is not adjustable.

4-High Temperature Thermostat S19

S19 is a SPST N.C. auto-reset thermostat located on the back panel of the electric heat section below the heating elements. The thermostat is wired in series with the first stage contactor coil. When either S15 or S19 opens, indicating a problem in the system, contactor K15 is de-energized.

When K15 is de-energized, first stage and all subsequent stages of heat are de-energized. The thermostat is factory-set to open at 170F \pm 5F (76.7°C \pm 2.8°C) on a temperature rise and automatically reset at 130°F \pm 6°F (54.4°C \pm 3.3°C) on a temperature fall. The thermostat is not adjustable.

5-High Temperature Limits S20, S158

Limits are SPST N.C. manual-reset thermostats. Like the primary temperature limit, S20 is wired in series with the first-stage contactor coil (K15). When S20 opens, heating elements (HE1, HE2) are de-energized. S158 is wired in series with the second-stage contactor coil (K16). When S158 opens, heating elements (HE1, HE2) are de-energized. When the contactors are de-energized, first-stage and all subsequent stages of heat are de-energized. The thermostat is factory- set to open at 220F \pm 6°F (104C \pm 3.3°C) on a temperature rise and can be manually reset when temperature falls below 160°F (71.0°C).

6-Terminal Strip TB2

Terminal strip TB2 is used for single point power installations only. TB2 distributes L1, L2 and L3 power to TB3. Units with multi-point power connection do not use TB2.

7-Terminal Strip TB3

Electric heat line voltage connections are made to terminal strip TB3, located in the upper left corner+ of the electric heat vestibule. TB3 distributes power to the electric heat components.

8-Fuse F3 and F42

Fuses are housed in a fuse block which holds three fuses. Each fuse is connected in series with each leg of electric heat. Figure 11 and TABLE 6 show the fuses used with each electric heat section. For simplicity, the service manual labels the fuses F3 - 1, 2 and F42 - 1, 2.

9-Unit Fuse Block F4

Three line voltage fuses provide short circuit and ground fault protection to all cooling components in units equipped with electric heat. The fuses are rated in accordance with the amperage of the cooling components.

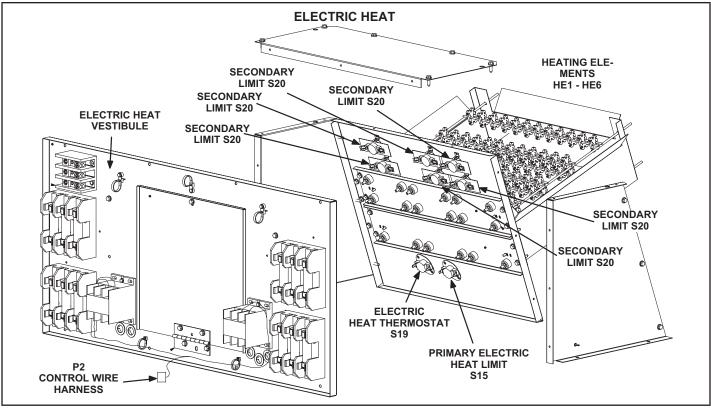
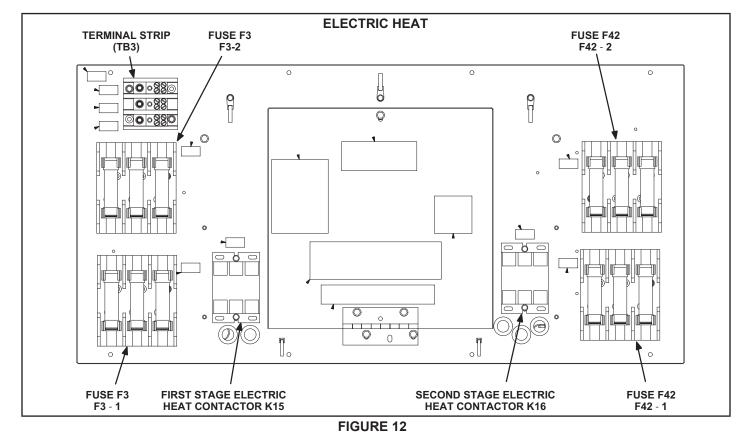


FIGURE 11



| | | TABI | _E 6 | | |
|----------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | E | LECTRIC HEAT SE | CTION FUSE RATIN | NG | |
| EHA QUANTITY | VOLTAGES | | FUSE (| 3 each) | |
| & SIZE | VOLIAGES | F-3-1 | F3-2 | F42-1 | F42-2 |
| | 208/230 | | 25 Amp 250V | | |
| EHO075-1, 7.5 | 460 | | 15 Amp 600V | | |
| | 575 | | 10 Amp 600V | | |
| EHO150-1, 15 | 208/230 | | 50 Amp 250V | | |
| | 460 | | 25 Amp 600V | | |
| | 575 | | 20 Amp 600V | | |
| | 208/230 | 50 Amp 250V | | 25 Amp 250V | |
| EHO225-1, 22.5 | 460 | 25 Amp 600V | | 15 Amp 600V | |
| | 575 | 20 Amp 600V | | 10 Amp 600V | |
| | 208/230 | 50 Amp 250V | | 50 Amp 250V | |
| EHO300-1, 30 | 460 | 25 Amp 600V | | 25 Amp 600V | |
| | 575 | 20 Amp 600V | | 20 Amp 600V | |
| | 208/230 | 50 Amp 250V | | 60 Amp 250V | 60 Amp 250V |
| EHO450-1, 45 | 460 | 25 Amp 600V | | 50 Amp 600V | |
| | 575 | 20 Amp 600V | | 40 Amp 600V | |
| | 208/230 | 60 Amp 250V | 60 Amp 250V | 60 Amp 250V | 60 Amp 250V |
| EHO600-1, 60 | 460 | 50 Amp 600V | | 50 Amp 600V | |
| Ī | 575 | 40 Amp 600V | | 40 Amp 600V | |

II-PLACEMENT AND INSTALLATION

Make sure the unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and all applicable codes. See accessories section for conditions requiring use of the optional roof mounting frame (C1CURB10).

III-CHARGING

A-Refrigerant Charge and Check

WARNING-Do not exceed nameplate charge under any condition.

This unit is factory charged and should require no further adjustment. If the system requires additional refrigerant, reclaim the charge, evacuate the system, and add required nameplate charge.

NOTE - System charging is not recommended below $60^{\circ}F$ (15°C). In temperatures below $60^{\circ}F$ (15°C), the charge must be weighed into the system.

If weighing facilities are not available, or to check the charge, use the following procedure:

IMPORTANT - Charge unit in standard cooling mode at full load..

 Make sure outdoor coil is clean. Attach gauge manifolds and operate unit at full CFM in cooling mode with economizer disabled until system stabilizes (approximately five minutes). Make sure all outdoor air dampers are closed.

Mobile service app: RTU Menu>Component Test>Cooling> Cooling Stage 3.

2 - Check each system separately with all stages operating. Compare the normal operating pressures to the pressures obtained from the gauges. Check unit components if there are significant differences.

 3 - Measure the outdoor ambient temperature and the suction pressure. Refer to the charging curve to determine a target liquid temperature

NOTE - Pressures are listed for sea level applications.

- 4 Use the same thermometer to accurately measure the liquid temperature (in the outdoor section).
- If measured liquid temperature is higher than the target liquid temperature, add refrigerant to the system.
- If measured liquid temperature is lower than the target liquid temperature, recover some refrigerant from the system.
- 5 Add or remove charge in increments. Allow the system to stabilize each time refrigerant is added or removed.
- 6 Continue the process until measured liquid temperature agrees with the target liquid temperature. Do not go below the target liquid temperature when adjusting charge. .Note that suction pressure can change as charge is adjusted.
- 7 Example: At 95F outdoor ambient and a measured suction pressure of 130psig, the target liquid temperature is 96F. For a measured liquid temperature of 106F, add charge in increments until measured liquid temperature agrees with the target liquid temperature.

TABLE 7 LCT/LCT092 581114-01

| | Normal Operating Pressures | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|
| | Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 65 | ۶F | 75⁰F | | 85⁰F | | 95⁰F | | 105ºF | | 115 | 5⁰F | | |
| | Suct (psig) | Disc (psig) | Suct (psig) | Disc (psig) | Suct (psig) | Disc (psig) | Suct (psig) | Disc (psig) | Suct (psig) | Disc (psig) | Suct (psig) | Disc (psig) | | |
| Circuit 1 | 101 | 230 | 103 | 266 | 106 | 312 | 108 | 361 | 111 | 436 | 114 | 514 | | |
| | 108 | 233 | 111 | 268 | 113 | 313 | 116 | 366 | 119 | 435 | 122 | 512 | | |
| | 126 | 238 | 128 | 271 | 131 | 315 | 133 | 371 | 136 | 433 | 139 | 508 | | |
| | 147 | 244 | 149 | 275 | 152 | 317 | 154 | 376 | 157 | 431 | 159 | 505 | | |
| Circuit 2 | 120 | 236 | 122 | 273 | 124 | 315 | 126 | 364 | 128 | 418 | 129 | 478 | | |
| | 129 | 239 | 131 | 275 | 133 | 318 | 135 | 366 | 137 | 420 | 139 | 480 | | |
| | 147 | 245 | 150 | 281 | 153 | 323 | 155 | 370 | 157 | 424 | 160 | 484 | | |
| | 168 | 252 | 171 | 287 | 174 | 328 | 177 | 376 | 179 | 429 | 182 | 488 | | |

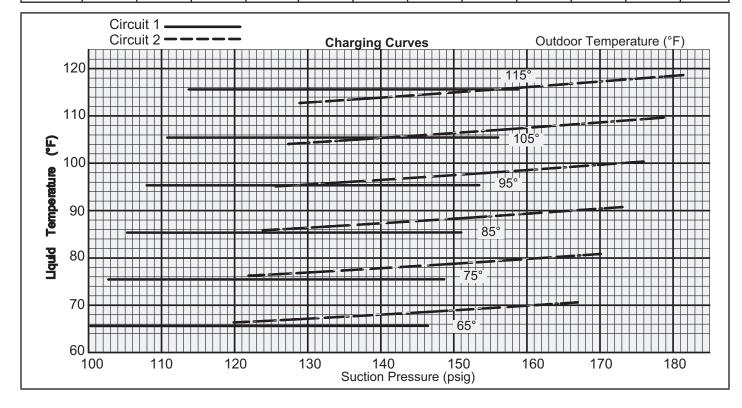


TABLE 8 LCT/LCT102 581115-01

| | Normal Operating Pressures | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|
| | Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 65°F | | 75⁰F | | 85⁰F | | 95⁰F | | 105⁰F | | 115 | 5ºF | | |
| | Suct (psig) | Disc (psig) | Suct (psig) | Disc (psig) | Suct (psig) | Disc (psig) | Suct (psig) | Disc (psig) | Suct (psig) | Disc (psig) | Suct (psig) | Disc (psig) | | |
| Circuit 1 | 109 | 228 | 111 | 266 | 114 | 312 | 116 | 362 | 118 | 430 | 119 | 502 | | |
| | 117 | 231 | 119 | 267 | 122 | 312 | 125 | 363 | 127 | 427 | 129 | 497 | | |
| | 133 | 239 | 137 | 272 | 140 | 314 | 143 | 366 | 146 | 423 | 148 | 490 | | |
| | 151 | 250 | 155 | 280 | 159 | 319 | 163 | 373 | 166 | 423 | 169 | 487 | | |
| Circuit 2 | 124 | 243 | 126 | 280 | 128 | 327 | 130 | 383 | 132 | 448 | 135 | 523 | | |
| | 132 | 249 | 134 | 285 | 136 | 331 | 139 | 385 | 142 | 449 | 144 | 522 | | |
| | 150 | 261 | 153 | 294 | 155 | 337 | 158 | 388 | 161 | 449 | 164 | 520 | | |
| | 170 | 271 | 173 | 301 | 176 | 341 | 179 | 390 | 183 | 448 | 186 | 515 | | |

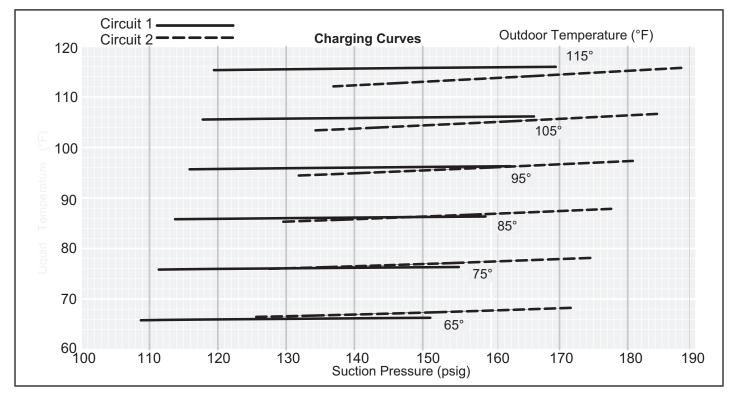


TABLE 9 LCT/LCT120 581116-01

| | Normal Operating Pressures | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|
| | Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 65 | °F | 75⁰F | | 85⁰F | | 95⁰F | | 105ºF | | 115 | 5ºF | | |
| | Suct (psig) | Disc (psig) | Suct (psig) | Disc (psig) | Suct (psig) | Disc (psig) | Suct (psig) | Disc (psig) | Suct (psig) | Disc (psig) | Suct (psig) | Disc (psig) | | |
| Circuit 1 | 98 | 234 | 100 | 274 | 103 | 320 | 106 | 369 | 109 | 431 | 113 | 496 | | |
| | 105 | 236 | 107 | 275 | 110 | 320 | 113 | 372 | 116 | 430 | 120 | 494 | | |
| | 122 | 242 | 124 | 279 | 127 | 323 | 130 | 374 | 133 | 429 | 137 | 491 | | |
| | 140 | 249 | 143 | 285 | 145 | 327 | 149 | 378 | 152 | 430 | 157 | 491 | | |
| Circuit 2 | 118 | 249 | 120 | 286 | 122 | 330 | 124 | 381 | 126 | 440 | 128 | 505 | | |
| | 127 | 252 | 129 | 288 | 131 | 331 | 133 | 382 | 135 | 439 | 138 | 504 | | |
| | 145 | 261 | 147 | 295 | 150 | 336 | 153 | 385 | 155 | 441 | 158 | 504 | | |
| | 164 | 274 | 167 | 307 | 170 | 346 | 173 | 393 | 176 | 447 | 179 | 508 | | |

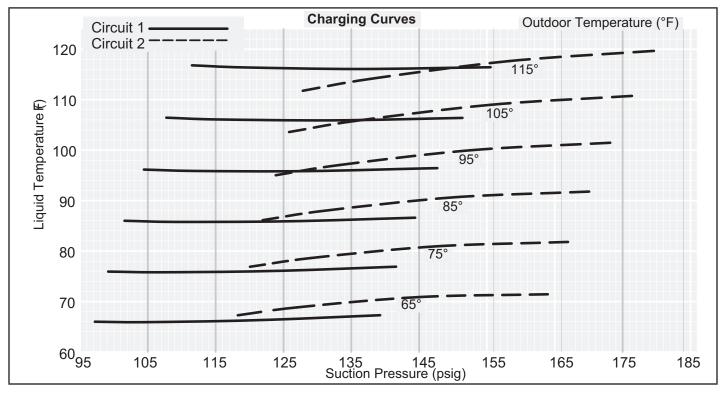


TABLE 10 LCT/LCT150 581117-01

| | | | | No | ormal Op | erating F | ressures | 5 | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| | | | | Outdo | or Coil Ei | ntering Ai | Tempera | ature | | | | |
| | 65°F | | 75 | °F 85°F | | 5⁰F | 95ºF | | 105ºF | | 115⁰F | |
| | Suct (psig) | Disc (psig) | Suct (psig) | Disc (psig |
| Circuit 1 | 100 | 238 | 103 | 274 | 106 | 317 | 108 | 365 | 111 | 420 | 113 | 481 |
| | 107 | 240 | 111 | 276 | 114 | 318 | 117 | 366 | 120 | 421 | 122 | 482 |
| | 123 | 249 | 127 | 284 | 131 | 325 | 135 | 373 | 138 | 427 | 142 | 487 |
| | 137 | 263 | 143 | 298 | 148 | 338 | 152 | 385 | 157 | 439 | 161 | 498 |
| Circuit 2 | 112 | 264 | 115 | 302 | 118 | 345 | 120 | 393 | 123 | 446 | 125 | 503 |
| | 119 | 268 | 122 | 307 | 126 | 350 | 129 | 398 | 132 | 451 | 134 | 508 |
| | 132 | 280 | 136 | 319 | 141 | 363 | 145 | 411 | 149 | 464 | 153 | 522 |
| | 144 | 297 | 150 | 337 | 155 | 381 | 161 | 429 | 166 | 483 | 171 | 542 |
| 130 120 | Circuit 2 | 2 | | | | jing Curv | | | | or Tempe | - | •) |
| £ ¹¹⁰ | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | 105° | _ | | |
| entredue 90 | | | | | | | | 95 | 5° | | | |
| | - | | | | | | | 85° | | | | |
| 80 | | | | | | | 75° | - | | | | |

| B 80 _ | | | | 7 | - ′5° | | | |
|---------------|-----|-----|------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| 70 | | | | 65° | | | | |
| 60 100 | 110 | 120 | 130 Suo | 140 ction Pressure | 150 e (psig) | 160 | 170 | 180 |

IV-START-UP - OPERATION

Refer to start-up directions and to the unit wiring diagram when servicing. See unit nameplate for minimum circuit ampacity and maximum fuse size.

A-Preliminary and Seasonal Checks

- 1 Make sure the unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and applicable codes.
- Inspect all electrical wiring, both field and factory installed for loose connections. Tighten as required. Refer to unit diagram located on inside of unit control box cover.
- 3 Check to ensure that refrigerant lines are in good condition and do not rub against the cabinet or other refrigerant lines.
- 4 Check voltage. Voltage must be within the range listed on the nameplate. If not, consult power company and have the voltage corrected before starting the unit.
- 5 Recheck voltage and amp draw with unit running. If voltage is not within range listed on unit nameplate, stop unit and consult power company. Refer to unit nameplate for maximum rated load amps.
- 6 Inspect and adjust blower belt (see section on Blower Compartment Blower Belt Adjustment).

B-Cooling Start-up See FIGURE 13

NOTE-Crankcase heaters must be energized 24 hours before attempting to start compressor. Set thermostat so that there is no demand to prevent compressor from cycling. Apply power to unit.

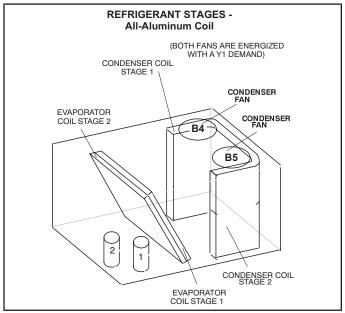


FIGURE 13

- 1 Initiate first, second or third stage cooling demands according to instructions provided with thermostat.
- 2 With 2-stage cooling thermostat, the first-stage thermostat demand will energize compressor 1 Full Load. Second-stage thermostat demand will energize compressor 2.

With 3-stage cooling thermostat, the first-stage thermostat demand will energize compressor 1 Part Load. Second-stage thermostat demand will energize compressor 2.

Third-stage thermostat demand will energize compressor 1 Full Load and Compressor 2

- 3 Units contain two refrigerant circuits or stages.
- 4 Each refrigerant circuit is separately charged with refrigerant. See unit rating plate for correct amount of charge.

V- SYSTEMS SERVICE CHECKS

A-Electrical

- 1 Check all wiring for loose connections.
- 2 Check for correct voltage at unit (unit operating).
- 3 Check amp-draw on both condenser fan motor and blower motor.

Fan Motor Rating Plate _____ Actual _____

Indoor Blower Motor Rating Plate_____ Actual____

VI-ACCESSORIES

The accessories section describes the application of most of the optional accessories which can be factory or field installed to the LCT units.

A-Mounting Frames

When installing units on a combustible surface for downflow discharge applications, a C1CURB roof mounting frame is used. The roof mounting frames are recommended in all other applications but not required. If the LCT units are not mounted on a flat (roof) surface, they MUST be supported under all edges and under the middle of the unit to prevent sagging. The units MUST be mounted level within 1/16" per linear foot or 5mm per meter in any direction.

The assembled C1CURB mounting frame is shown in FIGURE 14. Refer to the roof mounting frame installation instructions for details of proper assembly and mounting. The roof mounting frame MUST be squared to the roof and level before mounting. Plenum system MUST be installed before the unit is set on the mounting frame. Typical roof curbing and flashing is shown in FIGURE 15. Refer to the roof mounting frame installation instructions for proper plenum construction and attachment.

B-Transitions

Optional supply/return transitions LASRT08/10 is available for use with the LCT 7.5 ton units and LASRT10/12 is available for the 8.5 and 10 ton units, utilizing optional C1CURB roof mounting frames. LCT 12.5 ton units will use LASRT15 with C1CURB roof mounting frame. Transition must be installed in the C1CURB mounting frame before mounting the unit to the frame. Refer to the manufacturer's instructions included with the transition for detailed installation procedures.

C-LAOAD(M) Outdoor Air Dampers (all units)

LAOAD(M) consists of a set of dampers which may be manually or motor (M) operated to allow up to 25 percent outside air into the system at all times (see FIGURE 16 and FIGURE 17). Either air damper can be installed in LCT units. Washable filter supplied with the outdoor air dampers can be cleaned with water and a mild detergent. It should be sprayed with Filter Handicoater when dry prior to re-installation.

D-Supply and Return Diffusers (all units)

Optional flush mount diffuser/return FD11 and extended mount diffuser/return RTD11 are available for use with all LCT units. Refer to manufacturer's instructions included with transition for detailed installation procedures.

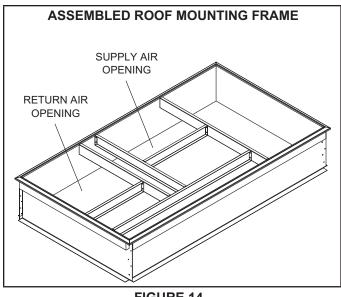


FIGURE 14

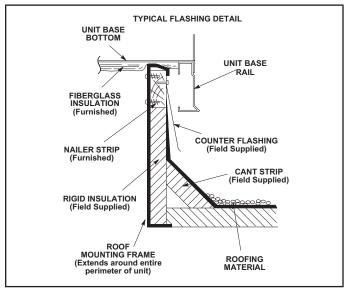


FIGURE 15

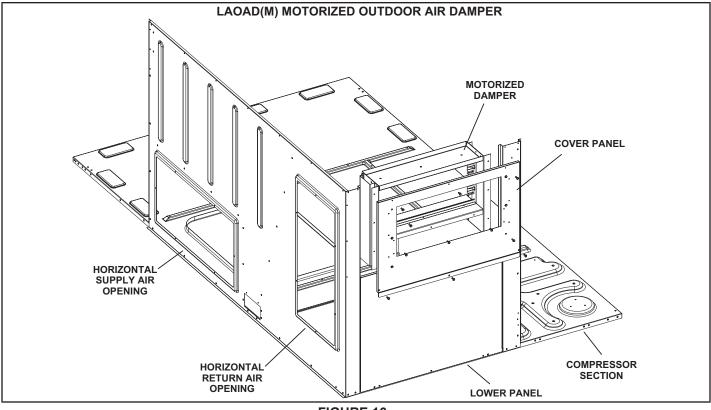


FIGURE 16

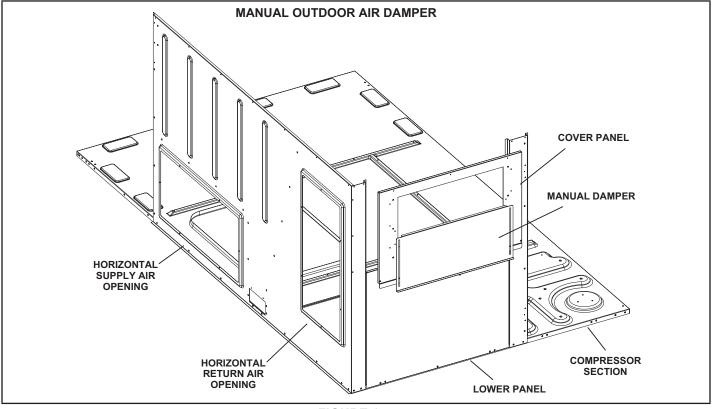


FIGURE 17

E-Economizer (all units) (Field or Factory Installed)

The optional E1ECON15 economizer can be used with downflow and horizontal air discharge applications. See FIGURE 20. The economizer uses outdoor air for free cooling when outdoor temperature and/or humidity is suitable. The economizer is controlled by the A55 Unit Controller.

Free Cooling Mode

The Unit Controller will allow free cooling in one of five modes. Each mode uses different combinations of sensors to determine outdoor air suitability. See TABLE 11 for modes. Temperature offset is the default free cooling mode.

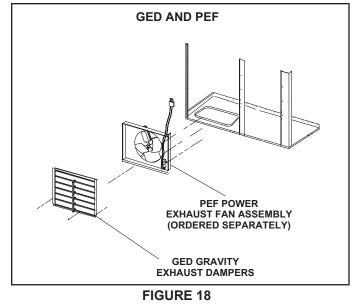
NOTE - All free cooling modes of operation will modulate dampers to 55F (13C) supply / discharge air.

Unit Controller Settings

On early versions, switches are located on the Unit Controller to adjust settings. On newer versions, the display and keypad on the Unit Controller are used to navigate through menus to adjust settings. Some versions require a configuration ID be entered to enable the economizer. Refer to economizer installation instructions and Unit Controller installation and application manuals.

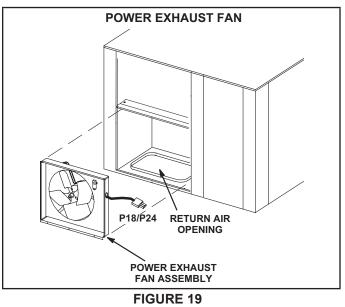
F-Gravity Exhaust Dampers

LAGEDH03/15 dampers (FIGURE 18) are used in downflow and horizontal air discharge applications. Horizontal gravity exhaust dampers are installed in the return air plenum. The dampers must be used any time an economizer or power exhaust fans are applied to LCT units. Gravity exhaust dampers allow exhaust air to be discharged from the system when an economizer and/or power exhaust is operating. Gravity exhaust dampers also prevent outdoor air infiltration during unit off cycle. See installation instructions for more detail.



G-LAPEF Power Exhaust Fans

Power exhaust fans are used in downflow applications only. Fan requires optional down flow gravity exhaust dampers and LAREMD economizer. Power exhaust fans provide exhaust air pressure relief and also run when return air dampers are closed and supply air blowers are operating. FIGURE 19 shows the location of the LAPEF. See installation instructions for more detail.



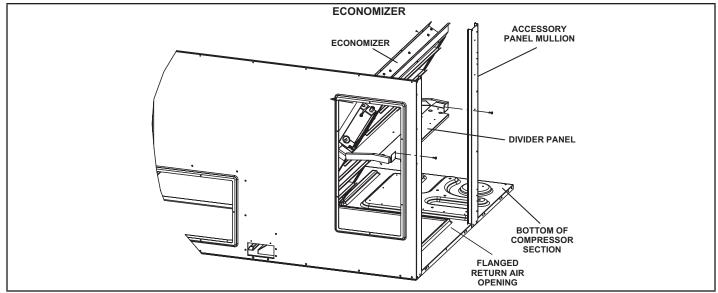


FIGURE 20

TABLE 11 ECONOMIZER MODES AND SETPOINT

| Free Cooling Mode | Free Cooling Set Point | Field Provided Sensors | Dampers will modulate to 55°F (default, parameter 159) discharge air (RT6) when outdoor air is suitable: | Input Ranges |
|----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--------------|
| TEMP | OFFSET | None Needed | Outdoor air temperature (RT17) is less than return air temperature (RT16) by at least the OFFSET value (10°F default; parameter 161). | 0-40°F |
| TEMP | OAT STPT | None Needed | Outdoor air temperature (RT17) is less than the OAT STPT value (75°F default; parameter 160). | 41-75°F |
| Remote | Remote | Energy Management System** | Either of the TEMP modes can be used when a network OAS signal is provided by an energy management or building control system, via BACnet, LonTalk, or L Connection. The network can command OAS, NOT OAS, or AUTO. AUTO returns to local control of OAS, which is the selected TEMP mode. | NA |
| ENTH | DIFF OFFSET | (Two) C7400 | Outdoor air enthalpy* (A7) is less than return air enthalpy (A62) by at least the OFFSET value (1mA = $2^{\circ}F$ default; parameter 163). | 0mA-4mA |
| ENTH | ODE STPT | C7400 | Outdoor air enthalpy (A7) is less than free cooling setpoint (12mA = 75°F default, parameter 162). | 12-19mA |
| GLOBAL | GLOBAL | 24VAC Input Signal | Global input is energized by (P297-9). This setting is also used for outdoor air damper applications. Global input also brings on the blower. (This mode is NOT used when OAS signal is provided via network connection. GLO is only used when a 24VAC signal is used to energize the P297-9 GLO input.) | NA |

*Enthalpy includes effects of both temperature and humidity.

**Energy management systems may require additional field-provided sensors; refer to manufacturer's instructions.

H-Control Systems

The A55 Unit Controller provides all control function for the rooftop unit. Default operation requires a standard room thermostat or direct digital controller (DDC). The A55 can also control the unit from a zone temperature sensor. The A55 Unit Controller is a network controller when daisy-chained to the L Connection[®] Network Control System. For ease of configuration, the A55 can be connected to a PC with Unit Controller PC software installed.

I-Smoke Detectors A17 and A64

Photoelectric smoke detectors are a factory installed option. The smoke detectors can be installed in the supply air section (A64), return air section (A17), or in both the supply and return air section. Wiring for the smoke detectors are shown on the temperature control section (C2) wiring diagram in back of this manual.

J-Blower Proving Switch S52

The blower proving switch monitors blower operation and locks out the unit in case of blower failure. The switch is N.O. and closes at 14" W.C. (34.9 Pa) The switch is mounted on the upper left hand corner of the blower deck. Wiring for the blower proving switch is shown on the temperature control section (C2) wiring diagram in back of this manual.

K-Dirty Filter Switch S27

The dirty filter switch senses static pressure increase indicating a dirty filter condition. The switch is N.O. and closes at 1" W.C. (248.6 Pa) The switch is mounted on the top filter channel corner. Wiring for the dirty filter switch is shown on the temperature control section (C2) wiring diagram in back of this manual.

L-Indoor Air Quality (CO2) Sensor A63

The indoor air quality sensor monitors CO2 levels and reports the levels to the A55 Unit Controller. The board adjusts the economizer dampers according to the CO2 levels. The sensor is mounted next to the indoor thermostat or in the return air duct. Refer to the indoor air quality sensor installation instructions for proper adjustment. Wiring for the indoor air quality switch is shown on the temperature control section (C2) wiring diagram in back of this manual.

M-Drain Pan Overflow Switch S149 (optional)

The overflow switch is used to interrupt cooling operation when excessive condensate collects in the drain pan. The N.O. overflow switch is controlled by K220 and DL46 relays, located in the unit control panel. When the overflow switch closes, 24VAC power is interrupted and after a five second delay unit compressors are de-energized. Once the condensate level drops below the set level, the switch will open. After a five-minute delay the compressor will be energized.

N-Factory Installed-Hot Gas Reheat (optional)

General

Hot Gas Reheat units provide a dehumidifying mode of operation. These units contain a reheat coil adjacent to and downstream of the evaporator coil. Reheat coil solenoid valve, L14, routes hot discharge gas from the compressor to the reheat coil. Return air pulled across the evaporator coil is cooled and dehumidified; the reheat coil adds heat to supply air. See FIGURE 21 for reheat refrigerant routing and FIGURE 22 for standard cooling refrigerant routing.

L14 Reheat Coil Solenoid Valve

When Unit Controller input (Unit Controller J298-5 or J299-8) indicates room conditions require dehumidification, L14 reheat valve is energized (Unit Controller P269-3) and refrigerant is routed to the reheat coil.

Reheat Setpoint

Reheat is factory-set to energize when indoor relative humidity rises above 60% (default). The reheat setpoint can be adjusted by changing Unit Controller Settings - Control menu. A setting of 100% will operate reheat from an energy management system digital output. The reheat setpoint can also be adjusted using an optional Network Control Panel (NCP). Reheat will terminate when the indoor relative humidity falls 3% (57% default) or the digital output de-energizes. The reheat deadband can be adjusted at Settings - Control menu.

Check-Out

Test Hot Gas Reheat operation using the following procedure.

- 1 Make sure reheat is wired as shown in wiring section.
- 2 Make sure unit is in local thermostat mode.
- 3 Select Unit Controller Service Test.

The blower and compressor 1 (reheat) should be operating. Reheat mode will be appear on the Unit Controller display.

4 - Deselect Unit Controller Service - Test.

Compressor 1 (reheat) and blower should deenergize.

TABLE 12 Reheat Operation - Two Cooling Stages - Default

| T'stat & Humidity Demands | Operation |
|------------------------------|--|
| Reheat Only | Compressor 1 Full Load Reheat ON Blower Low |
| Reheat & Y1 | Compressor 1 & 2 Full Load Reheat ON Blower High |
| Reheat & Y1 & Y2 | Compressor 1 & 2 Full Load, Reheat OFF Blower High |

*If there is no reheat demand and outdoor air is suitable, free cooling will operate.

**If there is no reheat demand and outdoor air is suitable, free cooling and compressor 1 will operate.

TABLE 13

Reheat Operation - Three Cooling Stages - Default

| T'stat & Humidity Demands | Operation |
|------------------------------|--|
| Reheat Only | Compressor 1 Full Load, Reheat ON, Blower Low |
| Reheat & Y1 | Compressor 1 & 2 Full Load, Reheat ON, Blower Medium |
| Reheat & Y1, Y2 | Compressor 1 & 2 Full Load, Reheat ON, Blower High |
| Reheat & Y1, Y2, Y3 | Compressor 1 & 2 Full Load, No Reheat OFF, Blower High |

*If there is no reheat demand and outdoor air is suitable, free cooling will operate.

**If there is no reheat demand and outdoor air is suitable, free cooling and compressor 1 will operate.

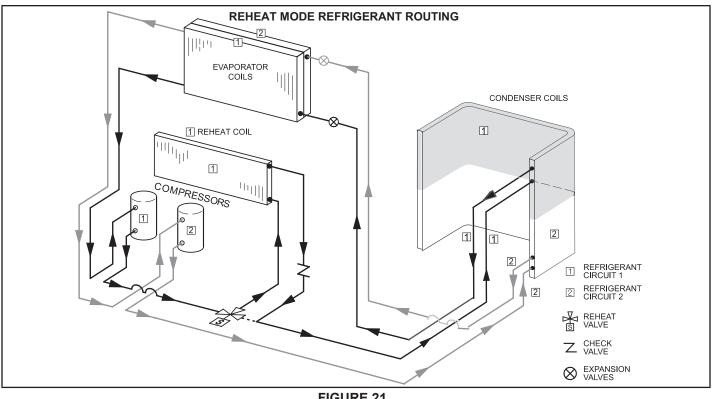
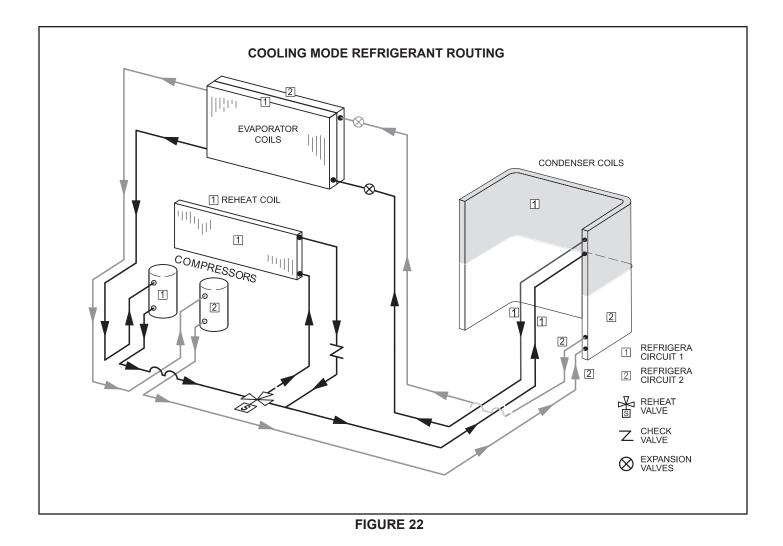


FIGURE 21



VII-Direct Drive Supply Air Inverter

If a test and balance contractor has not commissioned the unit, use this section to set supply air CFM.

A-Set Blower Speed

1 - Use TABLE 14 to fill in field-provided, design specified blower CFM.

TABLE 14

Blower CFM Design Specifications

| Blower Speed | Design Specified CFM |
|----------------|----------------------|
| Heating | |
| Cooling High | |
| Cooling Medium | |
| Cooling Low | |
| Ventilation | |

 2 - Use the following menu to enter the blower design specified CFM into the Unit Controller. Don't press "SAVE" until all CFM are entered. Refer to the Unit Controller manual provided with unit.

SETUP > TEST & BALANCE > BLOWER

 Once all four speeds are entered, the target (highest of the heating and cooling settings) CFM and default RPM will be displayed.

Note - When units are not equipped with heat, the Blower Heat speed will not be displayed. Blower Cooling High will be the first blower speed to appear.

- 4 Measure the static pressure as shown in the Blower Start-Up section. Use the static pressure, target CFM and blower tables to determine the RPM needed. Values in the blower table reflect the static pressures taken in locations shown in FIGURE 9.
- 5 Enter the RPM and repeat the previous step until the design CFM is reached.
- 6 Press SAVE followed by MAIN MENU.

Note - Once the CFM settings are saved, the Unit Controller will set all other blower CFM.

B-Set Damper Minimum Position

To maintain required minimum ventilation air volumes when the unit is in the occupied mode, two minimum damper positions must be set. The Unit Controller will open the dampers to "Min OCP Blwr Low" when blower CFM is BELOW a "midpoint" CFM. The Unit Controller will open the damper to "Min OCP Blwr High" when blower CFM is at or ABOVE the "midpoint" CFM.

The Unit Controller will calculate the "midpoint" CFM.

Set Minimum Position 1

Use the following menu in the Unit Controller to set "Min OCP Blwr Low" for the blower CFM below the "midpoint" CFM. When navigating into this menu, the Unit Controller will bring on the corresponding blower speed and allow damper position adjustment.

SETTINGS > RTU Options > EDIT PARAMETER > EN-TER DATA ID - 9 > MIN DAMPER LOW BLOWER = X.X %

Measure the intake air CFM. If the CFM is lower than the design specified CFM for ventilation air, use the Unit Controller to increase the damper percent open. If the CFM is higher than specified, decrease the damper percent open.

Note - Intake air CFM can also be determined using the outdoor air temperature, return air temperature and mixed air temperature. Refer to the economizer or outdoor air damper installation instructions.

Set Minimum Position 2

Use the same menu in the Unit Controller to set "Min OCP Blwr High" for the blower CFM above the "midpoint" CFM. When navigating into this menu, the Unit Controller will bring on the corresponding blower speed and allow damper position adjustment.

SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > DAMPER > MIN DAMP-ER POSITION BLOWER ON HIGH = X.X %

Measure the intake air CFM. If the CFM is lower than the design specified CFM for ventilation air, use the Unit Controller to increase the damper percent open. If the CFM is higher than specified, decrease the damper percent open.

Note - Intake air CFM can also be determined using the outdoor air temperature, return air temperature and mixed air temperature. Refer to the economizer or outdoor air damper installation instructions.

TABLE 15

Electric Heat Minimum CFM

| LCT Unit | Heat Size (kW) | Airflow CFM |
|----------|------------------|-------------|
| 092, 102 | 7.5 | 1750 |
| 092, 102 | 15, 22.5, 30, 45 | 2750 |
| 120, 150 | 15, 22.5, 30, 45 | 2750 |
| 120, 150 | 60 | 3500 |

VIII-Staged Supply Air Operation

This is a summary of cooling operation for both belt and direct drive blowers.

Note - During a dehumidification demand the blower operates at the highest speed. Free cooling is locked-out during reheat operation. Refer to Hot Gas Reheat start-up and operation section for details.

A-Two-Stage Thermostat

1-Economizer With Outdoor Air Suitable

Y1 Demand -

Compressors Off Blower Cooling Low Dampers modulate to maintain 55° supply air Y2 Demand -

Compressors Off Blower Cooling High

Dampers Modulate to maintain 55° supply air

Note - If dampers are at maximum open for three minutes, compressor 1 is energized and blower stays on cooling high.

2-No Economizer or Outdoor Air Not Suitable

Y1 Demand -

Compressor 1 On Blower Cooling Low

Blower Cooling L

Y2 Demand -

Compressor 1 and 2 On Blower Cooling High

B-Three-Stage Thermostat OR Zone Sensor

1-Economizer With Outdoor Air Suitable

Y1 Demand -

Compressors Off

Blower Cooling Low

Dampers modulate to maintain 55° supply air

Y2 Demand -

Compressors Off

Blower Cooling High

Dampers Modulate to maintain 55° supply air

Note - If dampers are at maximum open for three minutes, compressor 1 is energized and blower stays on cooling high. Economizer stays at maximum position after compressors are energized.

Y3 Demand -

Compressors 1 and 2 On Blower Cooling High Dampers Maximum Open

2-No Economizer or Outdoor Air Not Suitable

Y1 Demand -

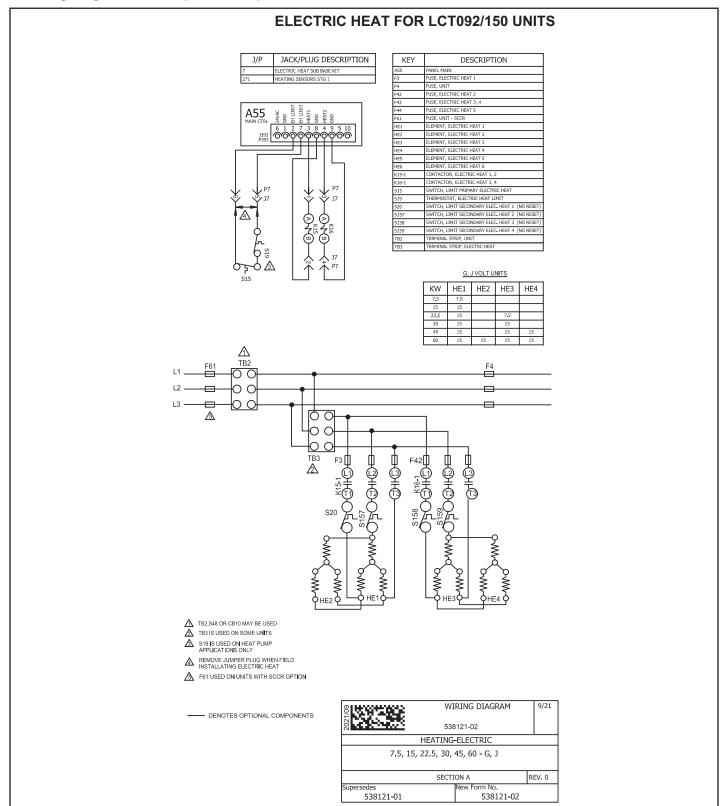
Compressor 1 On Part Load Blower Cooling Low

Y2 Demand -

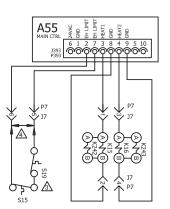
Compressor 1 On Part Load Compressor 2 On. Blower Cooling Medium

Y3 Demand -

Compressors 1 and 2 On Blower Cooling High

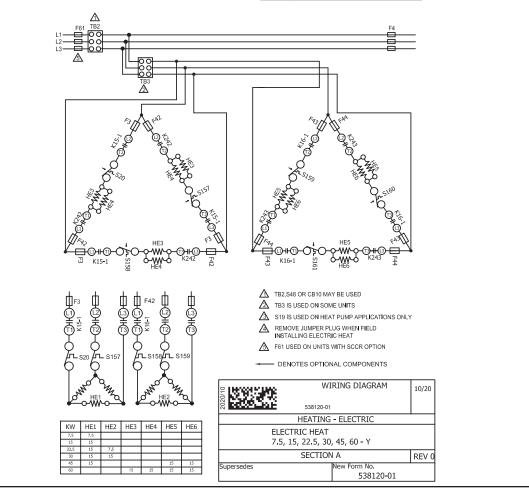


ELECTRIC HEAT FOR LCT092/150 UNITS



| KEY | DESCRIPTION | | |
|--------|---|--|--|
| ASS | PANEL MAIN | | |
| F3 | FUSE, ELECTRIC HEAT 1 | | |
| F4 | FUSE, UNIT | | |
| F42 | FUSE, ELECTRIC HEAT 2 | | |
| F43 | FUSE, ELECTRIC HEAT 3 ,4 | | |
| F44 | FUSE, ELECTRIC HEAT 5 | | |
| F61 | FUSE, UNIT - SCCR | | |
| HE1 | ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 1 | | |
| HE2 | ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 2 | | |
| HE3 | ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 3 | | |
| HE4 | ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 4 | | |
| HE5 | ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 5 | | |
| HE6 | ELEMENT, ELECTRIC HEAT 6 | | |
| K15-1 | CONTACTOR, ELECTRIC HEAT 1, 2 | | |
| K16-1 | CONTACTOR, ELECTRIC HEAT 3, 4 | | |
| K242-1 | CONTACTOR, ELECTRIC HEAT 1 | | |
| K243-1 | CONTACTOR, ELECTRIC HEAT 2 | | |
| S15 | SWITCH, LIMIT PRIMARY ELECTRIC HEAT | | |
| S19 | THERMOSTAT, ELECTRIC HEAT LIMIT | | |
| S20 | SWITCH, LIMIT SECONDARY ELEC. HEAT 1 (NO RESET) | | |
| S157 | SWITCH, LIMIT SECONDARY ELEC. HEAT 2 (NO RESET) | | |
| S158 | SWITCH, LIMIT SECONDARY ELEC. HEAT 3 (NO RESET) | | |
| S159 | SWITCH, LIMIT SECONDARY ELEC. HEAT 4 (NO RESET) | | |
| S160 | SWITCH, LIMIT SECONDARY ELEC. HEAT 5 (NO RESET) | | |
| S161 | SWITCH, LIMIT SECONDARY ELEC. HEAT 6 (NO RESET) | | |
| TB2 | TERMINAL STRIP, UNIT | | |
| TB3 | TERMINAL STRIP, ELECTRC HEAT | | |

J/P JACK/PLUG DESCRIPTION 7 ELECTRIC HEAT SUB BASE KIT



G and J Voltage

 Terminal strip TB3 is energized when the unit disconnect closes. TB3 supplies line voltage to electric heat elements HE1, HE2, HE3 and HE4. HE1 and HE2 elements are protected by F3 and HE3 and HE4 elements are protected by fuse F42.

First Stage Heat:

- 2 Heating demand initiates at W1 in the thermostat.
- 3 24VAC is routed through A55 Unit Controller. After A55 proves N.C. primary limit S15, contactor K15 is energized.
- 4 N.O. K15-1 contacts close energizing HE1 and HE2.

Second Stage Heat:

- 5 With first stage heat operating, an additional heating demand initiates W2 in the thermostat.
- 6 A second stage heating demand is received by A55 control module.
- 7 A55 energizes contactor K16.
- 8 N.O. K16-1 contacts close energizing HE3 and HE4.

Y Voltage

1 - Terminal strip TB3 is energized when the unit disconnect closes. TB3 supplies line voltage to electric heat elements HE1, HE2, HE3, HE4, HE5 and HE6.

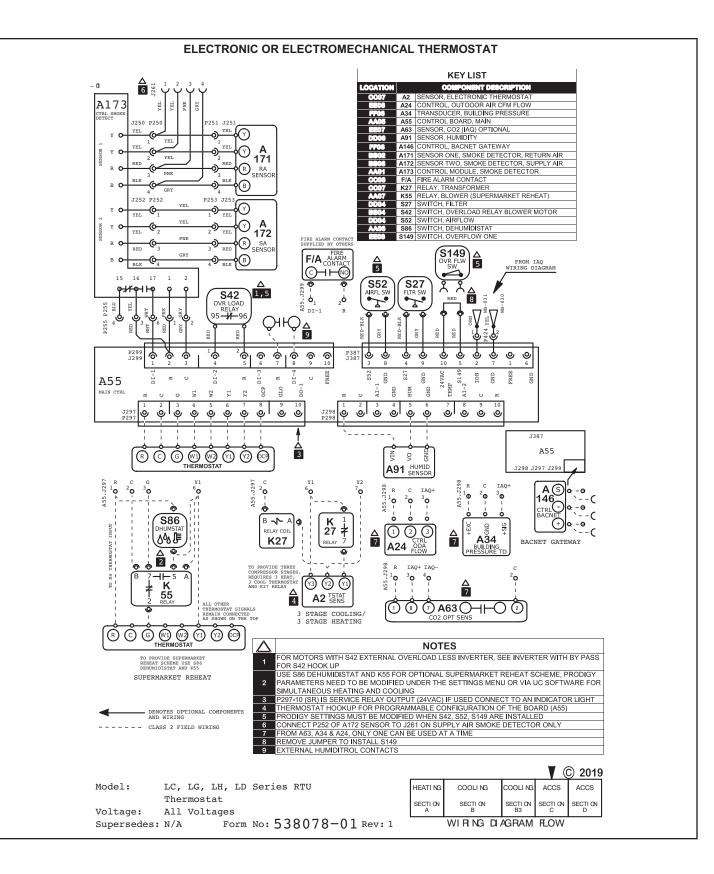
First Stage Heat:

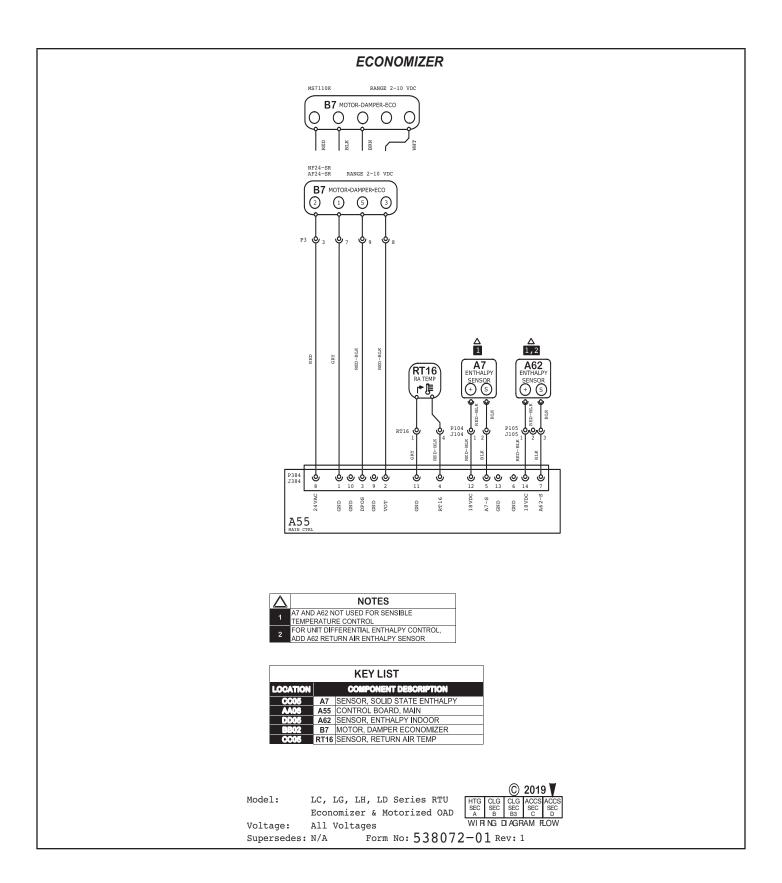
2 - 7.5 - 45 KW - Heating demand initiates at W1 in the thermostat.

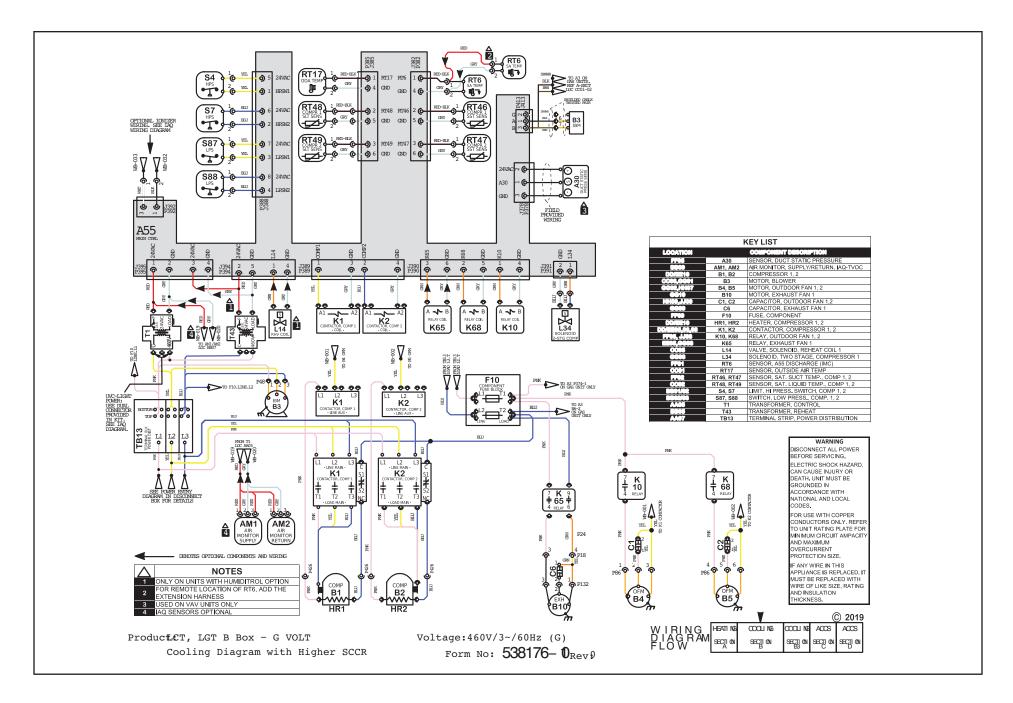
- 3 24VAC is routed through A55 Unit Controller. After A55 proves N.C. primary limit S15 and S157, contactor K15 is energized.
- 4 N.O. K15 contacts close energizing HE1.
- 5 **60KW** Heating demand initiates at W1 in the thermostat.
- 6 24VAC is routed through A55 Unit Controller. After A55 proves N.C. primary limit S157, contactor K242 is energized.
- 7 N.O. K242 contacts close energizing HE3 and HE4.

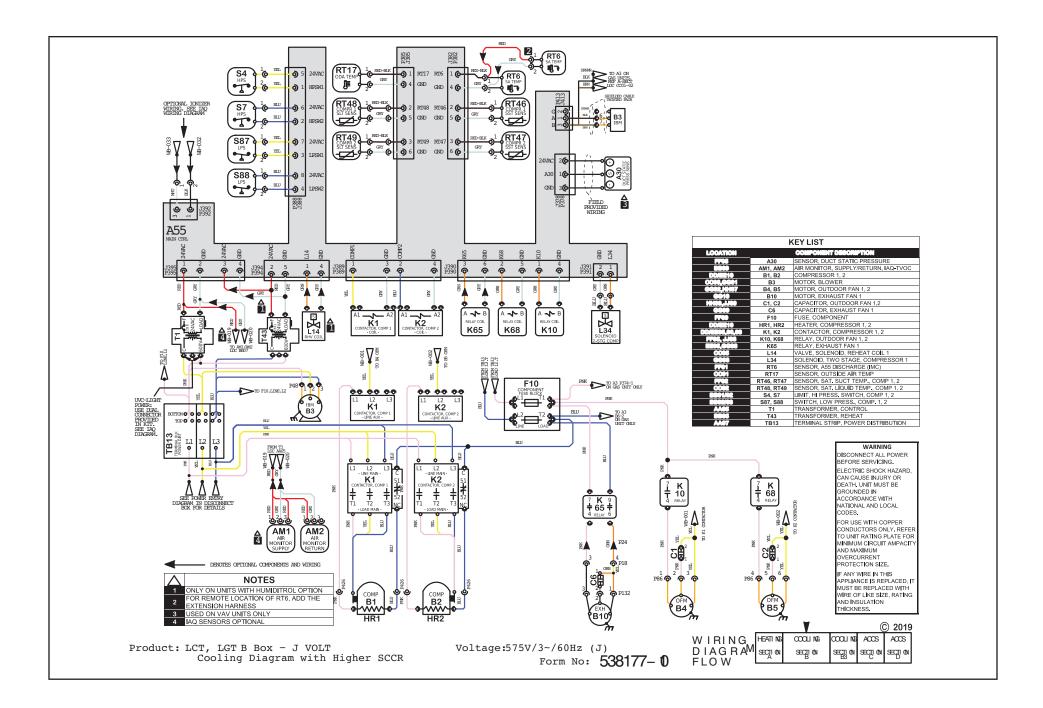
Second Stage Heat:

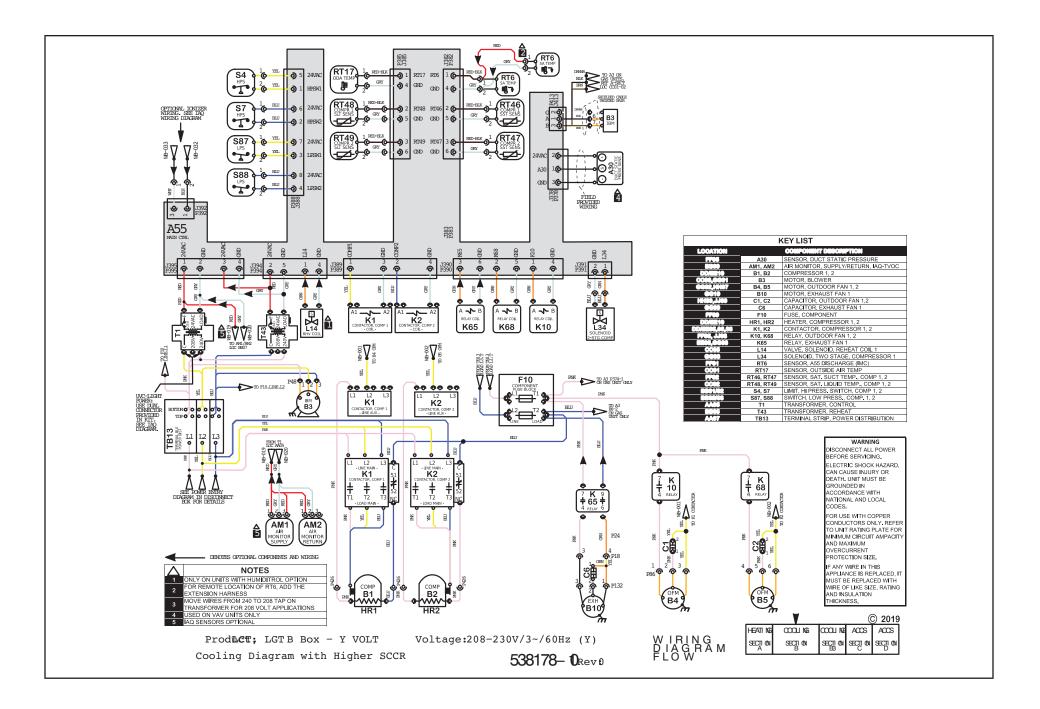
- 8 **22.5 45 KW** With first stage heat operating, an additional heating demand initiates W2 in the thermostat.
- 9 A second stage heating demand is received by A55 control module. After A55 proves N.C. primary limit S58 and S159, contactor K16 is energized.
- 10 N.O. K16 contacts close energizing HE2 (22.5 and 30KW units only) and HE5 and HE6 (45 KW units only).
- 11 **60KW** With first stage heat operating, an additional heating demand initiates W2 in the thermostat.
- 12 A second stage heating demand is received by A55 control module. After A55 proves N.C. primary limit S160 and S161, contactor K16 is energized.
- 13 N.O. K16 contacts close energizing HE5 and HE6.











LCT092H-150H SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

Power:

- 1 Line voltage through the S48 unit disconnect, TB2 terminal block, or CB10 circuit breaker energizes the T1 transformer. T1 provides 24VAC power to A55 Unit Controller which provides 24VAC to the unit cooling, heating and blower controls.
- 2 Line voltage is also routed to compressor crankcase heaters, compressor contactors, the blower motor, condenser fan relays and exhaust fan relays.

Blower Operation:

- 3 The A55 Unit Controller module receives a demand from thermostat terminal G.
- 4 B3 receives the pre-set blower setting through MODUS.

Economizer Operation:

- 5 A55 receives a demand and energizes exhaust fan relay K65 with 24VAC at 50% outside air damper open (adjustable).
- 6 N.O. K65-1 and N.O. K65-2 both close, energizing exhaust fan motor B10.

1st Stage Cooling (compressor B1)

- 7 A55 receives a Y1 thermostat demand.
- 8 After A55 proves N.C. low pressure switch S87, RT46 reading above freeze point and N.C. high pressure switch S4, compressor contactor K1 is energized.
- 9 N.O. contacts K1-1 close energizing compressor B1. Crankcase heater HR1 is de-energized.
- 10 At the same time, A55 energizes condenser fan relays K10 and K68.
- 11 N.O. contacts K10-1 close energizing condenser fan B4 and N.O. contacts K68-1 close energizing condenser fan B5.

2nd Stage Cooling (compressor B2 is energized)

- 12 A55 receives a Y2 thermostat demand.
- 13 After A55 proves N.C. low pressure switch S88, RT47 reading above freeze point, and N.C. high pressure switch S7, compressor contactor K2 is energized.
- 14 N.O. contacts K2-1 close energizing compressor B2. Crankcase heater HR2 is de-energized.

3nd Stage Cooling (compressor B1 in full load and compressor 2 is energized)

- 15 A55 receives a Y3 thermostat demand (Y1 + Y2 thermostat inputs).
- 16 A55 sends 24VAC to B1 compressor solenoid (L14), B1 compressor runs at full load.

DIRECT DRIVE BLOWER SEQUENCE OF OPERATION / TROUBLESHOOTING

Blower Operation:

- 1 Line voltage is routed to B3 blower motor through TB2 terminal strip, TB13 terminal strip and J/P48 terminals 1, 2 and 3.
- 2 B3 blower motor runs internal diagnostics to check for proper temperature, voltage, etc. (KL2-2 and -3). This process takes approximately 10 seconds. Refer to the Failure Handling/Troubleshooting section.
- 3 A55 Unit Controller receives a thermostat demand. After theA55 proves (P259-7 and -6) that B3 blower motor internal relay (KL2-2 and -3) is closed, B3 blower motor is energized (0-10VDC from P259-4 to KL3-4). B3 blower motor controls are grounded through KL2-2 and -3 to A55 P259-6.
- 4 If configured, A55 checks S52 blower proving switch to make sure it closes within 16 seconds of the 0-10VCD signal being sent to B3 blower motor.

Blower Fault Sequence Direct Drive Motor - No S52:

- 1 Line voltage is provided to B3 blower motor.
- 2 After 10 seconds, the B3 blower motor internal relay does not close.
- 3 Alarm 186 is set by the A55 Unit Controller, de-energizing unit. If one of the "Error" failures listed in TABLE 16 occurs ("Warning" failures will not set Alarm 186), service is required. Refer to the Failure Handling/Troubleshooting section.
- 4 If B3 blower motor internal relay closes continue to next step.
- 5 A55 sends 0-10VDC signal to B3 blower motor.
- 6 \During B3 blower motor operation, the internal motor relay opens.
- 7 \Alarm 186 is set by A55 and de-energizes the unit. Service is required. Refer to the Failure Handling/Troubleshooting section.

Blower Fault Sequence Direct Drive Motor - With S52 (If Configured):

- 1 A55 Unit Controller sends 0-10VDC signal to B3 blower motor.
- 2 After 16 seconds, if S52 blower proving switch remains open, A55 will remove 0-10VDC signal for 5 minutes.
- 3 A55 sends 0-10VDC signal to B3 blower motor.
- 4 After 16 seconds, if S52 blower proving switch remains open, A55 will remove 0-10VDC signal for another 5 minutes.
- 5 After the third try, A55 will de-energize the unit. Service is required.

Failure Handling/Troubleshooting:

- 1 Follow TABLE 16 to troubleshoot possible failures that would cause Alarm 186 to set.
- 2 BEFORE DETERMINING THAT THE BLOWER ASSEMBLY HAS FAILED, use the A55 Unit Controller to clear delays and operate the blower.
- 3 Main Menu > Service > Offline > Clear Delays > Yes > Save
- 4 Main Menu > Service > Test > Blower
- 5 Observe if the blower operates or if Alarm 186 sets again.
- 6 If blower does not operate and Alarm 186 is set again, blower assembly must be replaced.
- 7 If blower assembly does operate, wait a minimum of 30 minutes to ensure Alarm 186 is not set again.

TABLE 16 DIRECT DRIVE BLOWER MOTOR TROUBLESHOOTING

| Failure | Error | Warning | Reason | Troubleshoot | |
|-------------------------|-------|---------|--|--|--|
| Locked Rotor | 0 | | No changes in hall signals within 2000ms | Check for obstruction keeping impeller from rotating | |
| Braking Mode | | ο | Warning, no error code set, Motor start not possible after 20 sec | Check for secondary airflow source in the system causing the impeller to rotate backwards when off | |
| Hall Error | 0 | | Combination of 3 hall signals gives false signal after one rotation | Measure voltage across each leg, Check electrical connections | |
| Power Module Overheated | 0 | | Temperature > 115°C | Check operating conditions in blower compartment, Check for | |
| Motor Overheated | 0 | | Motor over-temperature protector opens | high motor load (current draw), Check for corrosion-free and secure electrical connections | |
| Gate Driver Error | 0 | | Internal software fault | Measure voltage across each leg, Check electrical connections | |
| Phase Failure | 0 | | Input voltage has phase imbalance | | |
| DC Link Voltage Low | 0 | | Rectified DC link voltage is too low | | |
| DC Link Over-voltage | 0 | | Rectified DC link voltage is too high | Measure voltage across each leg, Check electrical connections, Repair low/high voltage leg(s) | |
| Line Over-voltage | 0 | | Line voltage too high | | |
| Line Under-voltage | 0 | | Line voltage too low | | |
| Communication Error | | | Internal communication failure. Not connected with master/slave wiring | Check low voltage wiring connections | |
| DC Link Voltage Low | | ο | Warning, not low enough to set error code | Measure voltage across each leg, Check electrical connections, Repair low/high voltage leg(s) | |
| Electronics Temp High | | 0 | Warning, not high enough to set error code, Temperature > 95°C | | |
| Power Module Temp High | | 0 | Warning, not high enough to set error code, Temperature > 105°C | Check operating conditions in blower compartment, Check for high motor load (current draw), Check for corrosion-free and secure electrical connections | |
| Motor Temp High | | о | Warning, not high enough to set error code, Temperature > 130°C | | |