Service Literature

UNIT INFORMATION ZGA/ZGB SERIES

Corp. 1401-L4 Revised 05/2020 7.5 to 12.5 ton 26.3 to 42 kW

ZGA/ZGB092 through 150

The ZGA/ZGB 7.5, 8.5, 10 and 12.5 ton (092, 102, 120, 150) packaged gas units are available in standard cooling efficiency. Units are available in 130,000, 180,000 or 240,000Btuh (38.1, 52.7 or 70.3 kW) heating inputs. Gas heat sections are designed with aluminized steel tube heat exchangers.

All ZGA/ZGB units are designed to accept any of several different energy management thermostat control systems with minimum field wiring. Factory or field provided control options connect to the unit with jack plugs. When "plugged in" the controls become an integral part of the unit wiring.

Information contained in this manual is intended for use by qualified service technicians only. All specifications are subject to change. Procedures outlined in this manual are presented as a recommendation only and do not supersede or replace local or state codes.

If the unit must be lifted for service, rig unit by attaching four cables to the holes located in the unit base rail (two holes at each corner). Refer to the installation instructions for the proper rigging technique.

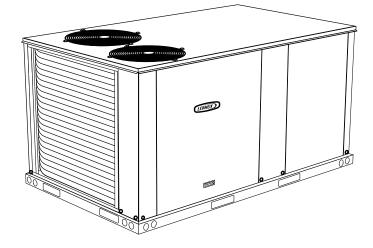
Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional HVAC installer or equivalent, service agency, or the gas supplier

> ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD) Precautions and Procedures



Electrostatic discharge can affect electronic components. Take precautions to neutralize electrostatic charge by touching your hand and tools to metal prior to handling the control.

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.





AWARNING

Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

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D Technical Publications

OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES			.			
Item Description	Model Number	Catalog Number		Jnit M 102		
COOLING SYSTEM						
Condensate Drain Trap	PVC - C1TRAP20AD2	76W26	Х	Х	Х	Х
	Copper - C1TRAP10AD2	76W27	Х	Х	Х	Х
Corrosion Protection		Factory	0	0	0	0
Drain Pan Overflow Switch	Z1SNSR90A1	99W59	Х	Х	Х	Х
Low Ambient Kit	208/230V-3ph - Z1LOAM02B-1Y	10Z35	Х	Х		
(Includes Compressor Crankcase Heater)	460V-3ph - Z1LOAM02B-1G	10Z36	Х	Х		
	575V-3ph - Z1LOAM02B-1J	10Z37	Х	Х		
	208/230V-3ph - Z1LOAM12B-1Y	10Z50			Х	Х
	460V-3ph - Z1LOAM12B-1G	10Z51			Х	Х
	575V-3ph - Z1LOAM12B-1J	10Z52			Х	Х
Refrigerant Type		R-410A	0	0	0	0
HEATING SYSTEM						
Combustion Air Intake Extensions	T1EXTN10AN1	19W51	Х	Х	Х	Х
Gas Heat Input	130,000 Btuh	Factory	0	0	0	0
	180,000 Btuh	Factory	0	0	0	0
	240,000 Btuh	Factory	0	0	0	0
LPG/Propane Conversion Kits	Standard Heat - C1PROP23BS1	14N22	Х	Х	Х	Х
	Medium Heat - Z1PROP24RS1	14N27	Х	Х	Х	Х
	High Heat - C1PROP21BS1	14N25	Х	Х	Х	Х
Stainless Steel Heat Exchanger		Factory	0	0	0	0
Vertical Vent Extension Kit	C1EXTN20FF1	31W62	Х	Х	Х	Х
BLOWER - SUPPLY AIR						
Blower Option	CAV (Constant Air Volume)	Factory	0	0	0	0
	MSAV [®] (Multi-Stage Air Volume)	Factory	0	0	0	0
Blower Motors	Belt Drive - 2 hp	Factory	0	0	0	0
	Belt Drive - 3 hp	Factory	0	0	0	0
	Belt Drive - 5 hp	Factory	0	0	0	0
Drive Kits	Kit #1 590-890 rpm	Factory	0	0	0	0
See Blower Data Tables for selection	Kit #2 800-1105 rpm	Factory	0	0	0	0
	Kit #3 795-1195 rpm	Factory	0	0	0	0
	Kit #4 730-970 rpm	Factory	0	0	0	0
	Kit #5 940-1200 rpm	Factory	0	0	0	0
	Kit #6 1015-1300 rpm	Factory	0	0	0	0
	Kit #10 900-1135 rpm	Factory	0	0	0	0
	Kit #11 1040-1315 rpm	Factory	0	0	0	0
	Kit #12 1125-1425 rpm	Factory	0	0	0	0
CABINET	7/0/00-00 /	40)/01				
Combination Coil/Hail Guards	Z1GARD52B-1	12X21	Х	Х	Х	Х
CONTROLS						
	L Connection® Building Automation System		X	X	X	X
BACnet®	K0CTRL31B-1	96W15	X	X	X	X
BACnet® Thermostat with Display	KOSNSR01FF1	97W23	X	X	X	X
BACnet [®] Thermostat without Display	KOSNSR00FF1	97W24	X	X	X	X
Novar® 2051	K0CTRL30B-1	96W12	OX	OX	OX	OX
Plenum Cable (75 ft.)	K0MISC00FF1	97W25	Х	Х	Х	Х

NOTE - Catalog and model numbers shown are for ordering field installed accessories.

OX - Configure To Order (Factory Installed) or Field Installed

O = Configure To Order (Factory Installed)

X = Field Installed

OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES						
Itom Description	Model	Catalog	ι	Jnit Mo	odel N	0
Item Description	Number	Number	092	102	120	150
ELECTRICAL						
Voltage 60 hz	208/230V - 3 phase	Factory	0	0	0	0
	460V - 3 phase	Factory	0	0	0	0
	575V - 3 phase	Factory	0	0	0	0
Bottom Power Entry Kit	Z1PEKT01B-1	11H66	Х	Х	Х	Х
INDOOR AIR QUALITY						
Air Filters						
Healthy Climate® High Efficiency Air Filters	MERV 8 - Z1FLTR15B-1	14C35	Х	Х	Х	Х
20 x 24 x 2 (Order 4 per unit)	MERV 13 - Z1FLTR40B-1	14C36	Х	Х	Х	Х
Replacement Media Filter With Metal Mesh Frame (includes non-pleated filter media)	C1FLTR30B-1-	Y3063	X	Х	Х	Х
Indoor Air Quality (CO ₂) Sensors						
Sensor - Wall-mount, off-white plastic cover with LCD display	C0SNSR50AE1L	77N39	Х	Х	Х	Х
Sensor - Wall-mount, black plastic case, no display, rated for plenum mounting	C0MISC19AE1	87N54	X	Х	Х	Х
CO ₂ Sensor Duct Mounting Kit - for downflow applications	C0MISC19AE1-	85L43	Х	Х	Х	Х
Aspiration Box - for duct mounting non-plenum rated CO ₂ sensors (87N53 or 77N39)	C0MISC16AE1-	90N43	X	Х	Х	Х
ECONOMIZER Standard Economizer (Not for Title 24)						
Standard Downflow Economizer with Single Temperature Control - With Barometric Relief Dampers and Air Hoods	Z1ECON30B-1	10Z29	OX	OX	OX	OX
Standard Horizontal Economizer with Single Temperature Control - With Barometric Relief Dampers and Air Hoods	Z1ECON16B-1	11G98	X	Х	Х	Х
Standard Economizer Controls (Not for Title 24)						
Single Enthalpy Control	C1SNSR64FF1	53W64	Х	Х	Х	Х
Differential Enthalpy Control (order 2)	C1SNSR64FF1	53W64	Х	Х	Х	Х
High Performance Economizer (Approved for California Title 24 Build	ing Standards / AMCA Class	s 1A Certifie	ed)			
High Performance Downflow Economizer with Single Temperature Control - With Barometric Relief Dampers and Air Hoods	Z1ECON32B-1	12B44	OX	OX	OX	OX
High Performance Horizontal Economizer with Single Temperature Control - With Barometric Relief Dampers and Air Hoods	Z1ECON33B-1	12B46	X	Х	Х	Х
High Performance Economizer Controls (Not for Title 24)						
Single Enthalpy Control	C1SNSR61FF1	11G21	Х	Х	Х	Х
Differential Enthalpy Control (order 2)	C1SNSR61FF1	11G21	Х	Х	Х	Х
Horizontal Low Profile Barometric Relief Dampers With Exhaust Hoo	d					
Horizontal Low Profile Barometric Relief Dampers With Exhaust Hoo	d LAGEDH03/15	53K04	Х	Х	Х	Х
OUTDOOR AIR						
Outdoor Air Dampers						
Motorized Dampers with outdoor air hood	Z1DAMP20B-2	14G36	Х	Х	Х	Х
Manual Dampers with outdoor air hood	Z1DAMP10B-2	14G37	Х	Х	Х	Х
NOTE - Catalog and model numbers shown are for ordering field installed accessories.						

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OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES						
Item Description	Model	Catalog	ι	0		
	Number	Number	092	102	120	150
POWER EXHAUST						
Standard Static (Downflow)	208/230V-3ph - Z1PWRE10B-1Y	10Z70	Х	Х	Х	Х
	460V-3ph - Z1PWRE10B-1G	10Z71	Х	Х	Х	Х
Standard Static (Horizontal)	208/230V-3ph - Z1PWRE15A-1P	24E01	Х	Х	Х	Х
	460V-3ph - Z1PWRE15A-1G	28E01	Х	Х	Х	Х
575V Transformer Kit	575V-3ph - Z1TRFM20A-1J	59E02	Х	Х	Х	Х
NOTE - Order 575V Transformer Kit with 208/230V Power Exhaust F	an for 575V applications. Order two kits for downflow m	odels, order o	ne kit fo	r horizor	ntal mod	els.
ROOF CURBS						
Hybrid Roof Curbs, Downflow						
8 in. height	Z1CURB40B-1	10Z25	Х	Х	Х	Х
14 in. height	Z1CURB41B-1	10Z26	Х	Х	Х	Х
18 in. height	Z1CURB42B-1	10Z27	Х	Х	Х	Х
24 in. height	Z1CURB43B-1	10Z28	Х	Х	Х	Х
CEILING DIFFUSERS						
Step-Down - Order one	RTD11-95S	13K61	X			
	RTD11-135S	13K62		Х	Х	
	RTD11-185S	13K63				Х
Flush - Order one	FD11-95S	13K56	Х			
	FD11-135S	13K57		Х	Х	
	FD11-185S	13K58				Х
NOTE - Ceiling Diffuser Transitions are not furnished and must be field	ld fabricated.					

NOTE - Catalog and model numbers shown are for ordering field installed accessories.

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General Data Nominal Tonnage Model Number 7,5 Ton 7,5 Ton 8,5 Ton 26302548 ZGA02254M ZGA10254M ZGA10254M ZGA10254M ZGA10254M ZGA10254M ZGA10254M Standard	SPECIFICA	TIONS				7.5 - 8.5 TON					
Efficiency Type Blower Type Blower Type Standard Constant Air Volume (CAV) Stage Air Volume MSAV* (Multi- Volume (CAV) Constant Air MSAV* (Multi- Volume (CAV) MSAV* (Multi- Volume (CAV) Cooling Performance Gross Cooling Capacity - Buh Net Cooling Capacity - Buh AHRI Rated Air Flow - dm Total Unit Power - MW 91.100 88.200 99.000 99.900 AHRI Rated Air Flow - dm Total Unit Power - MW 8.0 7.8 10.3 8.8 * EER (Buh/Watt) 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 Refrigerant Charge Furinsheed Circuit 2 3lbs. 1 oz. 4 lbs. 7 oz. 4 lbs. 7 oz. 4 lbs. 10 oz. 4 lbs. 10 oz. Gas Heating Options Available Circuit 2 3lbs. 1 oz. 3 lbs. 1 oz. 4 lbs. 10 oz. 4 lbs. 10 oz. Gas Heating Options Available Coll fans Number of nova 1 1 1 1 Outdoor Colls Net face area (total) - sq. ft. Total Motor wats Diameter - (No.) Ip 20.9 20.9 20.9 20.9 Coll Fans Motor - (No.) Ip (2) 24 (2) 24 (2) 24 (2) 24 Coll Fans Motor - (No.) Ip (2) 24 (2) 24 3	General Data	Nominal Tonnage	7.5 Ton	7.5 Ton	8.5 Ton	8.5 Ton					
Blower Type Constant Air Volume (CAV) MSAV* (Multi- Stage Air Volume) Constant Air Volume (CAV) MSAV* (Multi- Stage Air Volume) MSAV* (Multi- Stage Air Volume) Cooling Performance Gross Cooling Capacity - Buth AHRI Rated Air Flow - Gm 98,000 86,000 97,000 97,000 97,000 Total Unit Power - WU 8.0 7.8 10.3 8.8 8.8 'I EER (Buth/Watt) 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 Refrigerant Type Refrigerant Charge Furnished Circuit 2 4 lbs. 7 oz. 4 lbs. 10 oz. 11 1 1 1 1		Model Number	ZGB092S4B	ZGA092S4M	ZGB102S4B	ZGA102S4M					
Volume (CAV) Stage Air Volume) Volume (CAV) Stage Air Volume) Volume (CAV) Stage Air Volume) Cooling Performance Gross Cooling Capacity - Btuh 99,100 99,900 99,900 99,900 AHRI Rated Air Flow - dm Total Unit Power - kW 88,00 86,000 97,000 3250 3250 Total Unit Power - kW 80.0 7.8 10.3 8.8 11.0 12.7 13.0 12.7 13.0 12.7 13.0 12.7 13.0 12.7 13.0 12.7 13.0 12.7 13.0 12.7 13.0 12.7 13.0 12.7 13.0 12.7 13.0 12.7 13.0 12.7 13.0 12.7		Efficiency Type	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard					
Cooling Performance Gross Cooling Capacity - Bluh Net Cooling Capacity - Bluh AHRI Rated Air Flow WW - 1 EER (Bluh/Watt) 91,100 88,200 99,000 99,000 AHRI Rated Air Flow WW - 1 EER (Bluh/Watt) 88,000 86,000 97,000 97,000 Ratio Line Power - WW - 1 EER (Bluh/Watt) 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 I EER (Bluh/Watt) 11.7 13.0 12.7 13.0 8.8 Refrigerant Charge Funished Circuit 1 4 lbs. 7 oz. 4 lbs. 13 oz. 4 lbs. 13 oz. Gas Heating Options Available - See page 7 Standard (2 stage), Medium (2 stage), High (2 stage) Scroll (2) Scroll (2) Scroll (2) Outdoor Colls Net tace area (total) - sq. ft. 20.9 20.9 20.9 20.9 Outdoor Motor - (No.) hp (2) 1/3 (2) 1/3 (2) 1/3 (2) 1/3 (2) 1/3 Coll Fans Motor - (No.) hp (2) 1/3 (2) 1/3 (2) 1/3 (2) 24 (2) 24 Coll fans Motor - None and size 3 3 3 3 Total Al- Al volum - of rows 2 </td <td></td> <td>Blower Type</td> <td>Constant Air</td> <td>MSAV[®] (Multi-</td> <td>Constant Air</td> <td>MSAV[®] (Multi-</td>		Blower Type	Constant Air	MSAV [®] (Multi-	Constant Air	MSAV [®] (Multi-					
Performance 'Net Cooling Capacity - Btuh AHRI Rated Air Flow - dm Total Unit Power - dm Total Unit Power - M 88,000 86,000 97,000 97,000 AHRI Rated Air Flow - dm Total Unit Power - M 8.0 7.8 10.3 8.8 'EER (Btuh/Watt) 'IEER (Btuh/Watt) 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 Refrigerant Charge Furnished Circuit 2 Circuit 2 4 lbs. 7 oz. 4 lbs. 10 oz. 4 lbs. 10 oz. Gas Heating Options Available - See page 7 Standard (2 stage). Medin (2 Stage). High (2 Stage) Scroll (2) Scroll (2) Scroll (2) Scroll (2) Outdoor Colis Number of rows 1 1 1 1 1 Number of rows 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Coll Fans Motor - (No.) hp Motor - (No.) hp (2) 1/3 (2) 1/3 (2) 1/3 (2) 1/3 (2) 1/3 Coll Fans Tube diameter - in, Number of rows 3 3 3 3 3 Coll Fans Motor watts 3 3 3 3 3 3 Coll Fans			Volume (CAV)	Stage Air Volume)	Volume (CAV)	Stage Air Volume)					
AHR Rated Air Flow - dm 2250 3250 3250 Total Unit Power - kW 8.0 7.8 10.3 8.8 * IEER (Btuh/Watt) 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 * IEER (Btuh/Watt) 12.7 13.0 12.7 13.0 Refrigerant Charge Furnished Circuit 1 4 lbs. 7 oz. 4 lbs. 7 oz. 4 lbs. 13 oz. 4 lbs. 13 oz. Gas Heating Options Available - See page 7 Standard (2 stage), Medium (2 Stage), High (2 Stage) Corroll (2) Scroll (2) Scr		Gross Cooling Capacity - Btuh	91,100	88,200	99,000	99,900					
Total Unit Power - kW 'EER (Btur/Watt) 'EER (Btur/Watt) 8.0 7.8 10.3 8.8 "EER (Btur/Watt) 'EER (Btur/Watt) 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 Refrigerant Type Refrigerant Charge Furnished Circuit 1 R410A R410A R410A R410A Circuit 1 4 lbs. 7 oz. 4 lbs. 7 oz. 4 lbs. 13 oz. 4 lbs. 13 oz. Gas Heating Options Available - See page 7 Standard (2 stage), Medium (2 Stage). High (2 Stage) Corcel (2) Scroll (2)	Performance	¹ Net Cooling Capacity - Btuh	88,000	88,000 86,000 97,000							
* IEER (Btuh/Watt) 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 * IEER (Btuh/Watt) 12.7 13.0 12.7 13.0 Refrigerant Charge Funished Circuit 2 4 lbs. 7 oz. 4 lbs. 13 oz. 4 lbs. 13 oz. Gas Heating Options Available - See page 7 Standard (2 stage). Medium (2 Stage). High (2 Stage) Coroll (2) Scroll (2) Sc		AHRI Rated Air Flow - cfm	2750	2800	3250	3250					
¹ IEER (Btuh/Wath Refrigerant Type 12.7 13.0 12.7 13.0 Refrigerant Charge Furnished Criccuit 2 Circuit 2 3 lbs. 7 oz. 4 lbs. 7 oz. 4 lbs. 7 oz. 4 lbs. 10 oz.<		Total Unit Power - kW	8.0	7.8	10.3	8.8					
Refrigerant Charge Furnished Circuit 1 R-410A R-410A R-410A R-410A Refrigerant Charge Furnished Circuit 1 4 lbs. 7 oz. 4 lbs. 7 oz. 4 lbs. 13 oz. 4 lbs. 13 oz. Gas Heating Options Available - See page 7 Standard (2 stage), Medium (2 Stage), High (2 Stage) Scroll (2) Scroll		¹ EER (Btuh/Watt)	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0					
Refrigerant Charge Furnished Circuit 1 Circuit 2 4 lbs. 7 oz. 4 lbs. 7 oz. 4 lbs. 13 oz. 4 lbs. 13 oz. Gas Heating Options Available - See page 7 Standard (2 stage), Medium (2 Stage), Ideulum (2		¹ IEER (Btuh/Watt)	12.7	13.0	12.7	13.0					
Circuit 2 3 lbs. 1 oz. 3 lbs. 1 oz. 4 lbs. 10 oz. 4 lbs. 10 oz. Gas Heating Options Available - See page 7 Standard (2 stage), Medium (2 Stage), High (2 Stage) Scroll (2)		Refrigerant Type	R-410A	R-410A	R-410A	R-410A					
Gas Heating Options Available - See page 7 Standard (2 stage), Medium (2 Stage), High (2 Stage) Compressor Type (number) Scroll (2) Scroll (2)<	Refrigerant	Charge Furnished Circuit 1	4 lbs. 7 oz.	4 lbs. 7 oz.	4 lbs. 13 oz.	4 lbs. 13 oz.					
Compressor Type (number) Scroll (2)		Circuit 2	3 lbs. 1 oz.	3 lbs. 1 oz.	4 lbs. 10 oz.	4 lbs. 10 oz.					
Outdoor Coils Net face area (total) - sq. ft. Number of rows 20.9 20.9 20.9 20.9 Outdoor Coils Number of rows 1 1 1 1 1 Couldoor Coils Motor rows 23 23 23 23 23 Outdoor Coils Motor rows (2) 1/3 (2) 1/3 (2) 1/3 (2) 1/3 (2) 1/3 (2) 1/3 Coil Fans Motor rows 1075 1075 1075 1075 1075 Total Motor watts 740 740 740 740 740 740 Number of blades 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 Total Air volume - cfm 8800 8800 8800 8800 8800 8800 8800 Indoor Net face area (total) - sq. ft. 12.78 12.78 12.78 3.78 Coils Tube diameter - in. 3/8 3/8 3/8 3/8 3/8 Indoor Number of output Expansion device type Kit 150-80	Gas Heating Op	ptions Available - See page 7	Stand	ard (2 stage), Mediun	n (2 Stage), High (2	Stage)					
Number of rows Fins per inch 1 1 1 1 1 Outdoor Coll Fans Motor - (No.) hp Motor rum Total Motor wats Diameter - (No.) in. (2) 1/3		pe (number)		Scroll (2)	Scroll (2)	Scroll (2)					
Fins per inch Coll door Coll Fans 23 23 23 23 23 Outdoor Coll Fans Motor - (No.) hp Motor rpm (2) 1/3 <td< td=""><td>Outdoor Coils</td><td>Net face area (total) - sq. ft.</td><td>20.9</td><td>20.9</td><td>20.9</td><td>20.9</td></td<>	Outdoor Coils	Net face area (total) - sq. ft.	20.9	20.9	20.9	20.9					
Outdoor Coil Fans Motor - (No.) hp Motor rpm (2) 1/3		Number of rows	1	1	1	1					
Coil Fans Motor rpm Total Motor watts 1075 1075 1075 1075 1075 Diameter - (No.) in. Diameter of blades 740 740 740 740 Number of blades 3 3 3 3 Total Air volume - cfm 8800 8800 8800 8800 Indoor Net face area (total) - sq. ft. 12.78 12.78 12.78 Coils Tube diameter - in. Number of rows 2 2 3 3 Number of rows 2 2 3 3 3 Drain connection - Number and size Expansion device type Refrigerant Metering Orifice (RFC) 2 Indoor Nominal motor output 2.3 hp. 3.45 hp. 5.7b hp Blower and Drive (US Only Selection Motor - Drive kit number 2.3 hp. 3.45 hp. 5.75 hp Kit 1 590-890 rpm Kit 2 800-1105 rpm Kit 2 800-1105 rpm Kit 4 730-970 rpm Kit 6 1015-1300 rpm Shp Shp Kit 6 1015-1300 rpm Kit 1 900-1135 rpm Shp Shp Blower wheel nominal diameter x width - in. (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 (1		Fins per inch	23	23	23	23					
Total Motor with Total Motor withs 1013		Motor - (No.) hp	(2) 1/3	(2) 1/3	(2) 1/3	(2) 1/3					
Diameter - (No.) in Number of blades Total Air volume - cfm (2) 24 (2	Coil Fans	Motor rpm	1075	1075	1075	1075					
Number of blades Total Air volume - cfm 3 3 3 3 Indoor Colls Net face area (total) - sq. ft. Colls 12.78 12.78 12.78 12.78 Number of rows Fins per inch Drain connection - Number and size 3/8 3/8 3/8 3/8 2 2 3 3 3 3 Blower and Drive Nominal motor output US Only Selection 14 14 14 14 Blower and Drive Maximum usable motor output Drive Cl S Only (US Only) Selection 2 hp, 3 hp, 5 hp 5.75 hp Selection Motor - Drive kit number 2 hp, Kit 1 590-890 rpm Kit 3 795-1195 rpm Kit 4 730-970 rpm Kit 4 730-970 rpm Kit 4 730-970 rpm Kit 1 0 900-1135 rpm Kit 1 0 900-1135 rpm Kit 1 1040-1315 rpm Kit 1 1 1040-1315 rpm Kit 1 1 1040-1315 rpm 5 hp Kit 1 1 1040-1315 rpm Kit 1 1 1040-1315 rpm 11 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 Filters Type of filter 10 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15		Total Motor watts	740	740	740	740					
Total Air volume - cfm 8800 8800 8800 8800 Indoor Net face area (total) - sq. ft. 12.78 12.78 12.78 12.78 Coils Tube diameter - in. 3/8 3/8 3/8 3/8 3/8 Number of rows 2 2 3 3 3 Drain connection - Number and size (2) 1 in. NPT coupling 3 3 Expansion device type Refrigerant Metering Orifice (RFC) 5 5 Blower and Maximum usable motor output Drive (US Only) 2.3 hp, 3.45 hp. 5.75 hp 5 5 Selection Motor - Drive kit number 2 hp 5 5 5 Kit 1 590-890 rpm Kit 4 730-970 rpm Kit 4 730-970 rpm Kit 4 730-970 rpm 5 hp		Diameter - (No.) in.	(2) 24	(2) 24	(2) 24	(2) 24					
Indoor Coils Net face area (total) - sq. ft. Coils 12.78 12.78 12.78 12.78 Number of rows Fins per inch Drain connection - Number and size Expansion device type 2 2 3 3 2 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 2 2 3 3 3 3 2 12.78 12.78 3/8 3/8 3/8 14 14 14 14 14 14 12.78 12.78 12.78 3/8 3/8 2 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 15 Nominal motor output USOnly 2.3 hp.5 hp.5.75 hp 5.75 hp 5.75 hp Kit 1590-5105 rpm Kit 1590-5105 rpm Kit 473		Number of blades	3	3	3	3					
Coils Tube diameter - in. Number of rows 3/8 3/8 3/8 3/8 3/8 Number of rows 2 2 3 3 3 Fins per inch Drain connection - Number and size Expansion device type (2) 1 in. NPT coupling 3/8 3/8 * (2) 1 in. NPT coupling (2) 1 in. NPT coupling 14 14 14 Prince Nominal motor output 2 hp, 3 hp, 5 hp 15 16 16 Blower and Drive Maximum usable motor output 2.3 hp, 3.45 hp, 5.75 hp 12 17 190-890 rpm Kit 1 590-890 rpm Kit 2 800-1105 rpm Kit 3 795-1195 rpm 3 hp 18 Kit 2 800-1105 rpm Kit 3 795-1195 rpm 3 hp 14 140 900-1135 rpm Kit 6 1015-1300 rpm Kit 6 1015-1300 rpm 5 hp 5 hp 5 hp Blower wheel nominal diameter x width - in. (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 Filters Type of filter Disposable 10 10 10		Total Air volume - cfm	8800	8800	8800	8800					
Number of rows2233Fins per inch14141414Drain connection - Number and size(2) 1 in. NPT coupling(2) 1 in. NPT couplingExpansion device typeRefrigerant Metering Orifice (RFC)2 IndoorNominal motor output2 hp, 3 hp, 5 hpBlower and Drive (US Only) SelectionMaximum usable motor output (US Only) Selection2 hp, 3 hp, 5.75 hpMotor - Drive kit number2 hpKit 1 590-890 pm Kit 2 800-1105 pm Kit 2 800-1105 pm Kit 4 730-970 pmKit 2 490-1200 pm Kit 4 730-970 pmKit 5 494 - 1200 pmKit 4 730-970 pm Kit 1 1 040-1315 pm Kit 1 1 040-1315 pm Kit 1 1 1040-1315 pm Kit 1 1 1040-1315 pm Kit 1 1 1040-1315 pm Kit 1 1 1040-1315 pm(1) 15 X 15(1) 15 X 15Blower wheel nominal diameter x width - in.(1) 15 X 15(1) 15 X 15(1) 15 X 15(1) 15 X 15FiltersType of filter Number and size - in.DisposableLet ye		Net face area (total) - sq. ft.		-		-					
Fins per inch Drain connection - Number and size Expansion device type1414142 Indoor Blower and Drive SelectionNominal motor output (US Only)2 hp, 3 hp, 5 hp	Colls	Tube diameter - in.	3/8	3/8		3/8					
Drain connection - Number and size (2) 1 in. NPT coupling Expansion device type Refrigerant Metering Orifice (RFC) 2 Indoor Nominal motor output Blower and Maximum usable motor output 2.3 hp, 3.45 hp, 5.75 hp Drive (US Only) Selection Motor - Drive kit number Kit 1 590-890 rpm Kit 2 800-1105 rpm Kit 2 800-1105 rpm 3 hp Kit 4 730-970 rpm Kit 4 730-970 rpm Kit 6 1015-1300 rpm Shp Kit 10 900-1135 rpm Shp Kit 11 1040-1315 rpm Shp Kit 11 1040-1315 rpm Kit 12 1125-1425 rpm Blower wheel nominal diameter x width - in. (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 Filters Type of filter Disposable Lingsable Number and size - in. (4) 20 x 24 x 2 Lingsable		Number of rows		2	3						
Expansion device type Refrigerant Metering Orifice (RFC) 2 Indoor Nominal motor output 2 hp, 3 hp, 5 hp Blower and Maximum usable motor output Drive (US Only) 2.3 hp, 3.45 hp, 5.75 hp 1 Selection Motor - Drive kit number 2 hp Kit 1 590-890 rpm Kit 2 800-1105 rpm Kit 2 800-1105 rpm 3 hp Kit 4 730-970 rpm Kit 4 730-970 rpm Kit 6 1015-1300 rpm Kit 10 900-1135 rpm Kit 10 900-1135 rpm Kit 11 1040-1315 rpm Kit 11 1040-1315 rpm Kit 11 1040-1315 rpm Kit 12 1125-1425 rpm Blower wheel nominal diameter x width - in. (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 Filters Type of filter Disposable Lisposable Lisposable		· · ·	14			14					
2 Indoor Nominal motor output Blower and Drive 2 hp, 3 hp, 5 hp Bower and Drive Maximum usable motor output (US Only) 2.3 hp, 3.45 hp, 5.75 hp Selection Motor - Drive kit number 2 hp Kit 1 590-890 rpm Kit 2 800-1105 rpm Kit 3 795-1195 rpm 3 hp Kit 4 730-970 rpm Kit 5 940-1200 rpm Kit 5 940-1200 rpm Kit 1 0 105-1300 rpm Kit 1 1040-1315 rpm 5 hp Kit 11 1040-1315 rpm Kit 1 1040-1315 rpm Kit 1 1040-1315 rpm Kit 1 1040-1315 rpm Kit 1 1040-1315 rpm Kit 1 1040-1315 rpm Kit 1 1040-1315 rpm Kit 1 2 1125-1425 rpm Blower wheel nominal diameter x width - in. (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 Filters Type of filter Disposable Isposable Number and size - in. (4) 20 x 24 x 2 Kit 2 x 2	D	Drain connection - Number and size									
Blower and Drive Maximum usable motor output (US Only) Selection 2.3 hp, 3.45 hp, 5.75 hp Motor - Drive kit number 2 hp Kit 1 590-890 rpm Kit 2 800-1105 rpm Kit 2 800-1105 rpm Kit 2 800-1105 rpm Kit 3 795-1195 rpm 3 hp Kit 4 730-970 rpm Kit 4 730-970 rpm Kit 5 940-1200 rpm Kit 6 1015-1300 rpm Kit 10 900-1135 rpm Kit 10 900-1135 rpm Kit 11 1040-1315 rpm Kit 11 1040-1315 rpm Kit 11 1040-1315 rpm Kit 12 1125-1425 rpm Blower wheel nominal diameter x width - in. (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 Filters Type of filter Disposable Usposable Usposable Number and size - in. (4) 20 x 24 x 2 Usposable Usposable				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • •						
Drive (US Only) Selection Motor - Drive kit number Kit 1 590-890 rpm Kit 2 800-1105 rpm Kit 3 795-1195 rpm 3 hp Kit 4 730-970 rpm Kit 5 940-1200 rpm Kit 6 1015-1300 rpm Kit 1 900-1135 rpm Kit 1 1040-1315 rpm Kit 1 2 1125-1425 rpm Blower wheel nominal diameter x width - in. (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 Type of filter Number and size - in. (4) 20 x 24 x 2		Nominal motor output		2 hp, 3 h	np, 5 hp						
Motor - Drive kit number 2 np Kit 1 590-890 rpm Kit 2 800-1105 rpm Kit 3 795-1195 rpm 3 hp Kit 4 730-970 rpm Kit 4 730-970 rpm Kit 5 940-1200 rpm Kit 6 1015-1300 rpm Kit 10 900-1135 rpm 5 hp Kit 11 1040-1315 rpm 5 hp Kit 12 1125-1425 rpm (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 Filters Type of filter Disposable Number and size - in. (4) 20 x 24 x 2	Drive			2.3 hp, 3.45	hp, 5.75 hp						
Kit 3 795-1195 rpm 3 hp Kit 4 730-970 rpm Kit 5 940-1200 rpm Kit 6 1015-1300 rpm 5 hp Kit 10 900-1135 rpm Kit 11 1040-1315 rpm Kit 12 1125-1425 rpm Blower wheel nominal diameter x width - in. (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 Filters Type of filter Number and size - in. (4) 20 x 24 x 2	Selection	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
3 hp Kit 4 730-970 rpm Kit 5 940-1200 rpm Kit 6 1015-1300 rpm 5 hp Kit 10 900-1135 rpm Kit 11 1040-1315 rpm Kit 12 1125-1425 rpm Blower wheel nominal diameter x width - in. (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 Ype of filter Number and size - in.											
Kit 4 730-970 rpm Kit 5 940-1200 rpm Kit 6 1015-1300 rpm Shp Kit 10 900-1135 rpm Kit 11 1040-1315 rpm Kit 11 1040-1315 rpm Kit 12 1125-1425 rpm Blower wheel nominal diameter x width - in. (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 Yier Filters Type of filter Number and size - in. (4) 20 x 24 x 2											
Kit 5 940-1200 rpm Kit 6 1015-1300 rpm Shp Kit 10 900-1135 rpm Kit 11 1040-1315 rpm Kit 12 1125-1425 rpm Blower wheel nominal diameter x width - in. (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 Kit 2 1125-1425 rpm Filters Type of filter Number and size - in. (4) 20 x 24 x 2											
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Kit 10 900-1135 rpm Kit 11 1040-1315 rpm Kit 11 1040-1315 rpm Kit 12 1125-1425 rpm Blower wheel nominal diameter x width - in. (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 Filters Type of filter Disposable (1) 20 x 24 x 2											
Kit 11 1040-1315 rpm Kit 12 Stit 11 1040-1315 rpm Kit 12 Stit 13 Stit 13 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>											
Kit 12 1125-1425 rpm Blower wheel nominal diameter x width - in. (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 (1) 15 X 15 Filters Type of filter Disposable (1) 20 x 24 x 2			•								
Filters Type of filter Disposable Number and size - in. (4) 20 x 24 x 2											
Number and size - in. (4) 20 x 24 x 2	Blower w	vheel nominal diameter x width - in.	(1) 15 X 15	(1) 15 X 15	(1) 15 X 15	(1) 15 X 15					
	Filters	Type of filter		Dispo	sable						
Electrical characteristics208/230V, 460V or 575V - 60 hertz - 3 phase		Number and size - in.		(4) 20 x	24 x 2						
	Electrical chara	cteristics	208/230V, 460V or 575V - 60 hertz - 3 phase								

NOTE - Net capacity includes evaporator blower motor heat deduction. Gross capacity does not include evaporator blower motor heat deduction.

¹ AHRI Certified to AHRI Standard 340/360; 95°F outdoor air temperature and 80°F db/67°F wb entering evaporator air; minimum external duct static pressure.

² Using total air volume and system static pressure requirements determine from blower performance tables rpm and motor output required. Maximum usable output of motors furnished are shown. In Canada, nominal motor output is also maximum usable motor output. If motors of comparable output are used, be sure to keep within the service factor limitations outlined on the motor nameplate.

NOTE – Units equipped with MSAV® (Multi-Stage Air Volume) option are limited to a motor service factor of 1.0.

SPECIFICAT	IONS				10 - 12.5 TON					
General Data	Nominal Tonnage	10 Ton	10 Ton	12.5 Ton	12.5 Ton					
	Model Number	ZGB120S4B	ZGA120S4M	ZGB150S4B	ZGA150S4M					
	Efficiency Type	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard					
	Blower Type	Constant Air	MSAV [®] (Multi-	Constant Air	MSAV [®] (Multi-					
		Volume (CAV)	Stage Air Volume)	Volume (CAV)	Stage Air Volume)					
Cooling	Gross Cooling Capacity - Btuh	119,000	118,400	143,000	142,000					
Performance	¹ Net Cooling Capacity - Btuh	115,000	115,000	136,000	136,000					
	AHRI Rated Air Flow - cfm	3100	3800	3800	4400					
	Total Unit Power - kW	10.3	10.5	12.7	12.6					
	¹ EER (Btuh/Watt)	11.0	11.0	10.8	10.8					
	¹ IEER (Btuh/Watt)	12.7	13.0	12.2	12.0					
	Refrigerant Type	R-410A	R-410A	R-410A	R-410A					
Refrigerant C	Charge Furnished Circuit 1	6 lbs. 4 oz.	5 lbs. 0 oz.	12 lbs. 6 oz.	7 lbs. 0 oz.					
	Circuit 2	5 lbs. 7 oz.	5 lbs. 4 oz.	13 lbs. 6 oz.	6 lbs. 12 oz.					
Gas Heating Op	otions Available - See page 7	Stand	dard (2 stage), Mediur	n (2 Stage), High (2	Stage)					
Compressor Ty	/pe (number)	Scroll (2)	Scroll (2)	Scroll (2)	Scroll (2)					
Outdoor Coils	Net face area (total) - sq. ft.	28.0	28.0	27.8	28.0					
	Number of rows	1	1	3	1					
	Fins per inch	23	23	20	20					
Outdoor	Motor - (No.) hp	(2) 1/3	(2) 1/3	(2) 1/2	(2) 1/2					
Coil Fans	Motor rpm	1075	1075	1075	1075					
	Total Motor watts	700	700	910	950					
	Diameter - (No.) in.	(2) 24	(2) 24	(2) 24	(2) 24					
	Number of blades	3	3	3	3					
	Total Air volume - cfm	9000	9000	9000	9600					
Indoor	Net face area (total) - sq. ft.	13.54	13.54	13.54	13.54					
Coils	Tube diameter - in.	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8					
	Number of rows	4	3	4	4					
	Fins per inch	14	14	14	14					
Dra	in connection - Number and size		(2) 1 in. NF	÷ — ₹						
	Expansion device type		Refrigerant Meter	<u> </u>						
² Indoor	Nominal motor output		2 hp, 3 l	hp, 5 hp						
Blower and Drive Selection	Maximum usable motor output (US Only)		2.3 hp, 3.45	hp, 5.75 hp						
Selection	Motor - Drive kit number		21							
			Kit 1 590							
			Kit 2 800- Kit 3 795							
			31							
		Kit 4 730-970 rpm								
		Kit 5 940-1200 rpm								
		Kit 6 1015-1300 rpm 5 hp								
		Kit 10 900-1135 rpm								
			Kit 11 1040							
P.			Kit 12 1125	-						
	eel nominal diameter x width - in.	(1) 15 X 15	(1) 15 X 15	(1) 15 X 15	(1) 15 X 15					
Filters	Type of filter		Dispo							
	Number and size - in.		(4) 20 x							
Electrical chara	acteristics	208/230V, 460V or 575V - 60 hertz - 3 phase								

NOTE - Net capacity includes evaporator blower motor heat deduction. Gross capacity does not include evaporator blower motor heat deduction.

¹ AHRI Certified to AHRI Standard 340/360; 95°F outdoor air temperature and 80°F db/67°F wb entering evaporator air; minimum external duct static pressure.

² Using total air volume and system static pressure requirements determine from blower performance tables rpm and motor output required. Maximum usable output of motors furnished are shown. In Canada, nominal motor output is also maximum usable motor output. If motors of comparable output are used, be sure to keep within the service factor limitations outlined on the motor nameplate.

NOTE – Units equipped with MSAV® (Multi-Stage Air Volume)MSAV® (Multi-Stage Air Volume) option are limited to a motor service factor of 1.0.

SPECIFICATIONS - GAS HEAT									
		Heat Input Type	Standard	Medium	High				
	Number of G	Sas Heat Stages	2	2	2				
Gas Heating	Input - Btuh	First Stage	84,500	117,000	156,000				
Performance		Second Stage	130,000	180,000	240,000				
	Output - Btuh	Second Stage	104,000	144,000	192000				
	Temperature	Rise Range - °F	15-45	30-60	40-70				
	TI	nermal Efficiency	80%	80%	80%				
	Gas Sup	oply Connections	3/4 in NPT	3/4 in NPT	3/4 in NPT				
Recommended		Natural	7	7	7				
Pressure - in. w	.g.	LPG/Propane	11	11	11				

HIGH ALTITUDE DERATE

Units may be installed at altitudes up to 2000 feet above sea level without any modification.

At altitudes above 2000 feet, units must be derated to match gas manifold pressures shown in table below.

At altitudes above 4500 feet unit must be derated 2% for each 1000 feet above sea level.

Gas Heat	Altitude	Gas Manifo	old Pressure		t Rate r LPG/Propane
Туре		Natural Gas	LPG/Propane Gas	First Stage	Second Stage
	ft.	ln. w.g.	ln. w.g.	Btuh	Btuh
Standard	2001-4500	3.4	9.6	84,500	124,000
Medium	2001-4500	3.4	9.6	117,000	172,000
High	2001-4500	3.4	9.6	156,000	230,000

NOTE - This is the only permissible derate for these units.

092S STANDARD EFFICIENCY BELT DRIVE BLOWER - BASE UNIT

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY (NO HEAT SECTION) WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE. FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Wet indoor coil air resistance of selected unit.

- 2 Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.)
- 3 Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.)

Then determine from blower table blower motor output required.

Total		Total Static Pressure – in. w.g.																								
Air Volume	0	.2	0.	.4	0.	.6	0.	0.8		.0	1.2		1.4		1.6		1.8		2		2.2		2.4		2	.6
cfm	RPM	внр	RPM	внр	RPM	BHP	RPM	внр	RPM	внр	RPM	внр	RPM	внр	RPM	внр	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	внр	RPM	внр
1750	498	0.08	565	0.25	633	0.50	701	0.71	768	0.87	830	0.99	890	1.08	946	1.16	998	1.27	1049	1.41	1098	1.58				
2000	512	0.12	578	0.37	645	0.60	713	0.81	780	0.97	842	1.10	901	1.19	955	1.28	1007	1.40	1057	1.56	1105	1.74	1153	1.94	1201	2.16
2250	527	0.24	592	0.49	659	0.72	727	0.92	793	1.08	855	1.21	913	1.32	966	1.42	1017	1.55	1066	1.72	1114	1.92	1162	2.13	1210	2.35
2500	543	0.37	608	0.61	675	0.84	743	1.04	809	1.21	869	1.35	926	1.45	978	1.57	1028	1.72	1076	1.90	1124	2.11	1171	2.33	1221	2.57
2750	560	0.51	625	0.75	693	0.98	761	1.18	826	1.35	885	1.49	939	1.60	990	1.73	1039	1.90	1087	2.10	1135	2.32	1183	2.55	1232	2.80
3000	579	0.66	645	0.90	713	1.13	781	1.34	844	1.51	901	1.65	954	1.77	1004	1.92	1052	2.11	1100	2.32	1147	2.56	1195	2.80	1245	3.05
3250	600	0.82	666	1.06	735	1.30	803	1.51	864	1.69	918	1.82	969	1.95	1018	2.12	1066	2.34	1113	2.57	1161	2.81	1209	3.06	1259	3.31
3500	622	0.98	690	1.24	760	1.49	826	1.70	883	1.87	936	2.01	985	2.16	1033	2.35	1081	2.59	1128	2.84	1176	3.09	1224	3.34	1275	3.60
3750	646	1.17	716	1.45	786	1.70	849	1.91	903	2.07	953	2.21	1002	2.38	1049	2.61	1097	2.87	1144	3.12	1192	3.38	1241	3.64	1292	3.91
4000	674	1.38	746	1.68	814	1.93	872	2.12	923	2.28	971	2.43	1019	2.64	1067	2.90	1114	3.17	1161	3.43	1209	3.69	1259	3.96	1311	4.24
4250	705	1.63	777	1.94	841	2.17	894	2.34	943	2.50	990	2.69	1038	2.93	1085	3.21	1132	3.49	1179	3.76	1228	4.03	1279	4.31	1332	4.60

102S STANDARD EFFICIENCY BELT DRIVE BLOWER - BASE UNIT

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY (NO HEAT SECTION) WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE. FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Wet indoor coil air resistance of selected unit.

- 2 Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.)
- 3 Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.)

Then determine from blower table blower motor output required.

Total Static Pressure - in. w.g. Total Air 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.2 1.4 1.6 1.8 2.0 2.2 2.4 2.6 Volume cfm RPM BHP 1750 494 0.11 562 0.34 632 0.56 702 0.74 771 0.85 838 0.96 902 1.07 961 1.19 - - -- -- - -2000 514 0.26 581 0.49 650 0.70 719 0.87 786 0.98 852 1.09 915 1.20 972 1.32 1026 1.47 1076 1.65 2250 533 0.41 599 0.62 667 0.82 735 0.99 802 1.10 866 1.21 928 1.33 984 1.46 1037 1.63 1085 1.81 1132 2.01 1178 2.21 1226 2.43 2500 553 0.55 619 0.76 685 0.95 753 1.10 818 1.22 881 1.34 942 1.47 997 1.62 1048 1.80 1096 1.99 1142 2.20 1188 2.41 1237 2.64 2750 573 0.70 0.90 705 1.22 835 957 1.63 1011 1.80 1061 1.99 1108 2.19 1154 2.41 1200 2.63 1249 2.87 638 1.08 771 1.35 897 1.49 3000 594 0.85 659 1.05 725 1.22 791 1.36 853 1.50 915 1.65 973 1.81 1026 1.99 1075 2.20 1121 2.42 1167 2.64 1213 2.87 1262 3.12 1042 2.21 1089 2.43 1135 2.66 1181 2.90 1228 3.13 1277 3.38 3250 617 682 1.20 747 1.37 812 1.52 873 934 1.83 990 1.01 1.67 2.01 3500 640 706 1.36 771 1.53 834 1.70 895 1.86 954 2.03 1008 2.23 1058 2.46 1105 2.69 1150 2.93 1196 3.17 1243 3.41 1293 3.65 1.173750 665 857 1.89 917 2.07 975 2.26 1027 2.48 1076 2.72 1121 2.97 1166 3.22 1212 3.46 1261 3.71 1311 3.96 1.34 731 1.54 796 1.72 4000 692 1.54 758 1.75 822 1.93 882 2.11 940 2.30 996 2.51 1047 2.76 1094 3.02 1139 3.27 1184 3.52 1230 3.77 1280 4.03 1330 4.29 908 965 2.56 1018 2.79 1067 3.06 1113 3.33 1157 3.59 1202 3.85 1250 4.11 1300 4.38 1352 4.65 4250 722 1.76 787 1.97 849 2.15 2.35

120S4M STANDARD EFFICIENCY BELT DRIVE BLOWER - BASE UNIT

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY (NO HEAT SECTION) WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE. FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Wet indoor coil air resistance of selected unit.

3 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.)

Then determine from blower table blower motor output required.

See page 8 for blower motors and drives.

See page 8 for wet coil and option/accessory air resistance data.

Total		Total Static Pressure – in. w.g.																								
Air Volume	0	.2	0	.4	0	.6	0	.8	1.	.0	1	.2	1.4		1.6		1.8		2		2.2		2.4		2	.6
cfm	RPM	внр	RPM	внр	RPM	внр	RPM	BHP	RPM	внр	RPM	BHP	RPM	внр	RPM	внр	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	BHP	RPM	внр	RPM	внр
2000	535	0.28	596	0.49	660	0.69	724	0.87	788	1.00	851	1.11	913	1.23	971	1.37	1025	1.52	1076	1.69	1124	1.86				
2250	552	0.43	613	0.63	675	0.81	738	0.98	802	1.11	864	1.22	925	1.36	982	1.51	1036	1.68	1085	1.85	1133	2.04	1180	2.23	1228	2.44
2500	570	0.57	630	0.76	692	0.94	754	1.10	817	1.22	879	1.35	939	1.51	995	1.67	1047	1.85	1096	2.04	1143	2.23	1190	2.43	1239	2.65
2750	589	0.72	648	0.91	709	1.08	772	1.22	833	1.36	894	1.50	954	1.67	1009	1.85	1059	2.04	1108	2.24	1154	2.44	1202	2.65	1251	2.87
3000	608	0.87	668	1.05	729	1.22	791	1.37	852	1.51	912	1.67	970	1.85	1023	2.05	1073	2.25	1120	2.46	1167	2.67	1215	2.89	1265	3.11
3250	629	1.03	688	1.21	749	1.37	811	1.52	871	1.68	930	1.86	987	2.06	1039	2.27	1088	2.49	1134	2.70	1181	2.92	1229	3.14	1279	3.37
3500	651	1.20	710	1.38	772	1.54	833	1.70	892	1.88	950	2.07	1004	2.28	1055	2.51	1103	2.74	1150	2.96	1196	3.19	1245	3.42	1295	3.65
3750	674	1.36	734	1.56	796	1.73	856	1.90	914	2.10	970	2.30	1023	2.53	1072	2.78	1120	3.02	1166	3.25	1213	3.47	1262	3.71	1313	3.95
4000	699	1.55	761	1.76	822	1.94	880	2.12	936	2.33	991	2.56	1042	2.81	1090	3.07	1137	3.31	1183	3.55	1231	3.78	1281	4.03	1333	4.28
4250	726	1.77	789	1.98	849	2.16	904	2.37	959	2.59	1012	2.84	1062	3.11	1109	3.38	1156	3.63	1202	3.87	1251	4.11	1302	4.37	1354	4.63
4500	756	2.01	818	2.22	875	2.41	929	2.63	983	2.88	1034	3.15	1082	3.44	1129	3.71	1175	3.96	1222	4.21	1271	4.46	1323	4.72	1376	5.00
4750	788	2.27	848	2.47	902	2.68	955	2.92	1006	3.20	1056	3.50	1104	3.79	1150	4.06	1196	4.32	1243	4.57	1293	4.83	1345	5.09	1399	5.37
5000	822	2.54	878	2.75	929	2.98	980	3.25	1031	3.56	1079	3.87	1126	4.16	1172	4.44	1218	4.70	1266	4.95	1315	5.20	1367	5.47	1421	5.74

^{2 -} Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.)

120S4B AND 150S STANDARD EFFICIENCY BELT DRIVE BLOWER – BASE UNIT BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY (NO HEAT SECTION) WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE. FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Wet indoor coil air resistance of selected unit.

- 2 Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.)
- 3 Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.)

Then determine from blower table blower motor output required.

Total Static Pressure - in. w.g. Total Air 0.2 0.4 0.6 08 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 2.6 Volume cfm RPM BHP 2000 542 0.43 602 0.60 664 0.75 732 0.89 802 1.02 869 1.15 927 1.27 979 1.41 1029 1.57 1079 1.75 1129 1.95 1179 2.15 1230 2.37 939 2250 560 0.71 681 0.86 1.57 1041 1.74 1090 1.93 1140 2.13 1190 2.35 1241 2.57 0.55 619 748 1.00 817 1.14 882 1.27 1.41 991 2500 579 0.68 637 0.83 699 0.98 766 1.12 834 1.26 897 1.41 953 1.57 1005 1.74 1054 1.92 1103 2.12 1152 2.33 1202 2.55 1254 2.79 2750 599 0.81 657 0.97 719 1.11 785 1.25 851 1.41 913 1.57 968 1.74 1020 1.93 1068 2.13 1116 2.34 1165 2.56 1215 2.78 1268 3 01 3000 620 0.95 678 741 806 870 1.58 930 1.75 985 1.94 1036 2.14 1084 2.36 1131 2.58 1180 2.80 1230 3.02 3.26 1.11 1.25 1.40 1283 1.95 3250 643 1.10 701 1.26 764 828 891 1.76 950 1003 2.16 1053 2.38 1100 2.61 1148 2.83 1196 3.06 1246 3.29 3.52 141 1 57 1299 3500 667 1.26 726 1.43 788 1.58 851 1.77 913 1.97 970 2.17 1023 2.41 1071 2.65 1118 2.88 1165 3.11 1213 3.33 1264 3.57 1317 3.81 3750 693 1 4 4 752 1.61 813 1 78 876 1.98 936 2 20 992 2 4 3 1043 2.68 1091 2.93 1137 3.17 1183 3.40 1232 3.64 1284 3.88 1338 4 13 4000 720 840 2.00 902 2.22 2.46 1015 2.71 1064 2.98 1111 3.24 1156 3.48 1203 3.72 1253 3.96 1305 4.22 1359 1.65 779 1.82 961 4.48 2.48 1086 3.30 1132 3.57 1177 3.81 1224 4.05 1274 4.31 1327 4.57 4250 748 1 86 807 2.04 868 2 24 929 986 2.75 1038 3.02 1382 4 85 4.41 1297 4.67 4500 778 2.09 837 2.28 898 2.51 957 2.78 1012 3.07 1062 3.37 1108 3.65 1154 3.92 1199 4.17 1247 1350 4.94 1405 5.22 4750 809 2.34 868 2.56 929 2.82 986 3.12 1038 3.43 1087 3.74 1132 4.03 1177 4.29 1223 4.54 1270 4.79 1321 5.04 1374 5 31 1428 5.58 4.43 1201 4.69 1247 5000 841 2.62 901 2.87 960 3.17 1015 3.50 1065 3.83 1112 4.14 1157 4.94 1295 5.18 1345 5.42 1398 5.68 5250 875 2.93 935 3.23 992 3.56 1044 3.91 1092 4.26 1138 4.57 1182 4.85 1226 5.10 1272 5.57 5.34 1320 - - -5500 3.30 3.63 1024 4.00 1074 4.37 1120 4.71 1165 5.02 1208 5.29 1253 5.53 911 969 1004 4.08 1056 4.48 1104 4.85 1148 5.19 1192 1235 5750 948 3.71 5.49 5.74 - -- - -- -- - -- -- - -- -- -- - -- - -6000 985 4 18 1039 4.59 1088 5.00 1134 5.37 1177 5 69 6250 1022 4.70 1073 5.14 1120 5.54 _ _ . - -- -- -- - -- -- -- - -- -

FACTORY INSTALLED BELT DRIVE KIT SPECIFICATIONS

Nominal hp	Maximum hp	RPM Range	
2	2.3	1	590 - 890
2	2.3	2	800 - 1105
2	2.3	3	795 - 1195
3	3.45	4	730 - 970
3	3.45	5	940 - 1200
3	3.45	6	1015 - 1300
5	5.75	10	900 - 1135
5	5.75	11	1040 - 1315
5	5.75	12	1125 - 1425

NOTE - Using total air volume and system static pressure requirements determine from blower performance tables rpm and motor output required. Maximum usable output of motors furnished are shown. In Canada, nominal motor output is also maximum usable motor output. If motors of comparable output are used, be sure to keep within the service factor limitations outlined on the motor nameplate.

NOTE – Units equipped with MSAV® (Multi-Stage Air Volume)option are limited to a motor service factor of 1.0.

POWER EXHAUST FAN PERFORMANCE

Return Air System Static Pressure	Air Volume Exhausted
in. w.g.	cfm
0	3575
0.05	3405
0.10	3550
0.15	3245
0.20	3115
0.25	3020
0.30	2900
0.35	2785

FACTORY INSTALLED OPTIONS/FIELD INSTALLED ACCESSORY AIR RESISTANCE - in. w.g.

Air	Air Wet Indoor Coil				Heat Excha	nger		Fill	ers
Volume cfm	092	102, 120S4M	120/S4B, 150	Standard Heat	Medium Heat	High Heat	Economizer	MERV 8	MERV 13
1750	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.06	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.03
2000	0.02	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.01	0.03
2250	0.03	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.06	0.01	0.04
2500	0.03	0.05	0.07	0.09	0.10	0.11	0.08	0.01	0.05
2750	0.04	0.06	0.08	0.09	0.11	0.12	0.09	0.02	0.05
3000	0.05	0.07	0.09	0.11	0.12	0.13	0.11	0.02	0.06
3250	0.05	0.08	0.10	0.12	0.15	0.16	0.13	0.02	0.06
3500	0.06	0.09	0.11	0.12	0.16	0.17	0.15	0.03	0.07
3750	0.07	0.10	0.13	0.14	0.19	0.20	0.17	0.03	0.08
4000	0.07	0.11	0.14	0.14	0.21	0.22	0.19	0.04	0.08
4250	0.08	0.13	0.15	0.14	0.24	0.28	0.21	0.04	0.09
4500	0.09	0.14	0.17	0.15	0.26	0.32	0.24	0.04	0.09
4750	0.10	0.15	0.18	0.16	0.29	0.37	0.26	0.05	0.10
5000	0.10	0.16	0.20	0.16	0.34	0.43	0.29	0.06	0.10
5250	0.11	0.17	0.22	0.16	0.37	0.47	0.32	0.06	0.11
5500	0.12	0.19	0.23	0.18	0.44	0.54	0.34	0.07	0.12
5750	0.13	0.20	0.25	0.19	0.49	0.59	0.37	0.07	0.12
6000	0.14	0.22	0.27	0.20	0.54	0.64	0.40	0.08	0.13

CEILING DIFFUSERS AIR	RESISTANCE - in. w.g.
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Unit Size	Air Volume cfm 2400	2 Ends Open	1 Side, 2 Ends	All Ends & Sides	FD11 Flush Diffuser
	2400		Open	Open	
		0.21	0.18	0.15	0.14
	2600	0.24	0.21	0.18	0.17
	2800	0.27	0.24	0.21	0.20
092 Models	3000	0.32	0.29	0.25	0.25
	3200	0.41	0.37	0.32	0.31
	3400	0.50	0.45	0.39	0.37
	3600	0.61	0.54	0.48	0.44
	3800	0.73	0.63	0.57	0.51
	3600	0.36	0.28	0.23	0.15
	3800	0.40	0.32	0.26	0.18
	4000	0.44	0.36	0.29	0.21
400 8 4000 414	4200	0.49	0.40	0.33	0.24
102 & 120S4M Models	4400	0.54	0.44	0.37	0.27
Modelo	4600	0.60	0.49	0.42	0.31
	4800	0.65	0.53	0.46	0.35
	5000	0.69	0.58	0.50	0.39
	5200	0.75	0.62	0.54	0.43
	4200	0.22	0.19	0.16	0.10
	4400	0.28	0.24	0.20	0.12
	4600	0.34	0.29	0.24	0.15
1000 45 0 450	4800	0.40	0.34	0.29	0.19
120S4B & 150 Models	5000	0.46	0.39	0.34	0.23
WOUCIS	5200	0.52	0.44	0.39	0.27
	5400	0.58	0.49	0.43	0.31
	5600	0.64	0.54	0.47	0.35
	5800	0.70	0.59	0.51	0.39

CEILING DIFFUSER AIR THROW DATA

	Air Volume	¹ Effective Thro	w Range
Model No.	Air volume	RTD11 Step-Down	FD11 Flush
	cfm	ft.	ft.
	2600	24 - 29	19 - 24
	2800	25 - 30	20 - 28
092 Models	3000	27 - 33	21 - 29
	3200	28 - 35	22 - 29
	3400	30 - 37	22 - 30
	3600	25 - 33	22 - 29
100 100	3800	27 - 35	22 - 30
102, 120 Models	4000	29- 37	24 - 33
Models	4200	32 - 40	26 - 35
	4400	34 - 42	28 - 37
	5600	39 - 49	28 - 37
	5800	42 - 51	29 - 38
150 Models	6000	44 - 54	40 - 50
150 Wouels	6200	45 - 55	42 - 51
	6400	46 - 55	43 - 52
	6600	47 - 56	45 - 56

¹ Throw is the horizontal or vertical distance an air stream travels on leaving the outlet or diffuser before the maximum velocity is reduced to 50 ft. per minute. Four sides open.

7.5 TON STAND	ARD EFFICIENCY - CON	STANT A		ИE					ZG	B092S4B
¹ Voltage - 60hz		208/230V - 3 Ph			4	60V - 3 P	h	Ę	575V - 3 P	h
Compressor 1	Rated Load Amps	13.5			8			5		
_	Locked Rotor Amps		109		59			40		
Compressor 2	Rated Load Amps		8.7			4			3.6	
_	Locked Rotor Amps		70		31				27	
Outdoor Fan	Full Load Amps	2.4			1.3				1.0	
Motors (2) (total)			(4.8)		(2.6)			(2.0)		
Power Exhaust (2) 0.5 HP	Full Load Amps	1.5				0.6			0.6	
	(total)	(3.0)				(1.2)			(1.2)	
Indoor Blower	Horsepower	2	3	5	2	3	5	2	3	5
Motor –	Full Load Amps	7.5	10.6	16.7	3.4	4.8	7.6	2.7	3.9	6.1
² Maximum	Unit Only	50	50	60	25	25	30	15	20	20
Overcurrent Protection	With (2) 0.5 HP Power Exhaust	50	50	60	25	30	30	20	20	25
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity	Unit Only	38	41	48	20	22	25	15	16	19
	With (2) 0.5 HP Power Exhaust	41	44	51	22	23	26	16	17	20

7.5 TON

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

ELECTRICAL DATA

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

ELECTRICAL DATA 7.5 TON											
7.5 TON STAND	ARD EFFICIENCY - Msav®	◎ (Multi-St	age Air Vo	olume) Sup	oply Air				ZGA092S4M		
¹ Voltage - 60hz		208	8/230V - 3	Ph	460V - 3 Ph			575V - 3 Ph			
Compressor 1	Rated Load Amps		13.5		8			5			
	Locked Rotor Amps		109			59			40		
Compressor 2	Rated Load Amps		8.7			4			3.6		
		70			31			27			
Outdoor Fan	Full Load Amps		2.4			1.3			1.0		
Motors (2)	(total)		(4.8)			(2.6)			(2.0)		
Power Exhaust	Full Load Amps		1.5			0.6			0.6		
(2) 0.5 HP	(total)	(3.0)			(1.2)			(1.2)			
Indoor Blower	Horsepower	2	3	5	2	3	5	2	3	5	
Motor	Full Load Amps	7.5	10.6	16.7	3.4	4.8	7.6	2.7	3.9	6.1	
² Maximum	Unit Only	50	50	60	25	25	30	15	20	20	
Overcurrent [–] Protection	With (2) 0.5 HP Power Exhaust	50	50	60	25	30	30	20	20	25	
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity	Unit Only	38	41	48	20	22	25	15	16	19	
	With (2) 0.5 HP Power Exhaust	41	44	51	22	23	26	16	17	20	

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

ELECTRICAL	DAIA									0.5 101	
8.5 TON STAND	ARD EFFICIENCY - CONS	STANT A		ЛЕ	ZGB102S4B						
¹ Voltage - 60hz		20	8/230V - 3	Ph	460V - 3 Ph			Ę	575V - 3 Ph		
Compressor 1	Rated Load Amps	13.5			8			5			
-	Locked Rotor Amps		109		59			40			
Compressor 2	Rated Load Amps	11			5.5			4.7			
-	Locked Rotor Amps		86		37				34		
Outdoor Fan	Full Load Amps	2.4			1.3			1.0			
Motors (2)	(total)	(4.8)			(2.6)			(2.0)			
Power Exhaust	Full Load Amps		1.5			0.6			0.6		
(2) 0.5 HP	(total)	(3.0)				(1.2)			(1.2)		
Indoor Blower	Horsepower	2	3	5	2	3	5	2	3	5	
Motor	Full Load Amps	7.5	10.6	16.7	3.4	4.8	7.6	2.7	3.9	6.1	
² Maximum	Unit Only	50	50	60	25	30	30	20	20	25	
Overcurrent Protection	With (2) 0.5 HP Power Exhaust	50	50	60	30	30	30	20	20	25	
³ Minimum Circuit — Ampacity	Unit Only	41	44	51	22	23	26	16	17	20	
	With (2) 0.5 HP Power Exhaust	44	47	54	23	25	27	17	19	21	

8 5 TON

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

ELECTRICAL DATA

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

	DATA									8.5 TON	
8.5 TON STANDA	RD EFFICIENCY - Msav®	(Multi-S	tage Air Vo	olume) Sup	oply Air				ZG	A102S4M	
¹ Voltage - 60hz		20	8/230V - 3	Ph	460V - 3 Ph			575V - 3 Ph			
Compressor 1	Rated Load Amps		13.5		8			5			
_	Locked Rotor Amps		109		59			40			
Compressor 2	Rated Load Amps	11			5.5			4.7			
_	Locked Rotor Amps		86		37			34			
Outdoor Fan Full Load Amps		2.4			1.3			1.0			
Motors (2)	(total)		(4.8)		(2.6)				(2.0)		
Power Exhaust	Full Load Amps	1.5				0.6			0.6		
(2) 0.5 HP	(total)	(3.0)			(1.2)			(1.2)			
Indoor Blower	Horsepower	2	3	5	2	3	5	2	3	5	
Motor –	Full Load Amps	7.5	10.6	16.7	3.4	4.8	7.6	2.7	3.9	6.1	
² Maximum	Unit Only	50	50	60	25	30	30	20	20	25	
Overcurrent Protection	With (2) 0.5 HP Power Exhaust	50	50	60	30	30	30	20	20	25	
³ Minimum	Unit Only	41	44	51	22	23	26	16	17	20	
Circuit — Ampacity	With (2) 0.5 HP Power Exhaust	44	47	54	23	25	27	17	19	21	

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

LLLOINIOAL	PAIA											
10 TON STANDA	10 TON STANDARD EFFICIENCY - CONSTANT AIR VOLUME								ZG	B120S4B		
¹ Voltage - 60hz		20	8/230V - 3	Ph	2	160V - 3 P	h	Ę	575V - 3 P	h		
Compressor 1	Rated Load Amps		13.5			8			5			
-	Locked Rotor Amps		109		59			40				
Compressor 2	Rated Load Amps	Rated Load Amps 13.5			8			5				
-	Locked Rotor Amps		109		59				40			
Outdoor Fan	Full Load Amps		2.4			1.3			1.0			
Motors (2)	(total)	(4.8)			(2.6)			(2.0)				
Power Exhaust	Full Load Amps		1.5			0.6			0.6			
(2) 0.5 HP	(total)	(3.0)				(1.2)			(1.2)			
Indoor Blower	Horsepower	2	3	5	2	3	5	2	3	5		
Motor	Full Load Amps	7.5	10.6	16.7	3.4	4.8	7.6	2.7	3.9	6.1		
² Maximum	Unit Only	50	50	60	30	30	35	20	20	25		
Overcurrent – Protection	With (2) 0.5 HP Power Exhaust	50	60	70	30	30	35	20	20	25		
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity	Unit Only	43	46	53	24	26	29	16	18	20		
	With (2) 0.5 HP Power Exhaust	46	49	56	26	27	30	18	19	21		

10 TON

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

ELECTRICAL DATA

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

	ATA									10 TON		
10 TON STANDA	RD EFFICIENCY - Msav®	ply Air	ly Air ZGA120S4M									
¹ Voltage - 60hz		20	8/230V - 3	Ph	2	460V - 3 P	h	575V - 3 Ph				
Compressor 1	Rated Load Amps	13.5			8			5				
_	Locked Rotor Amps		109		59			40				
Compressor 2	Rated Load Amps		13.5		8			5				
	Locked Rotor Amps		109			59		40				
Outdoor Fan Full Load Amps			2.4			1.3		1.0				
Motors (2)	(total)		(4.8)			(2.6)			(2.0)			
Power Exhaust	Full Load Amps	1.5				0.6			0.6			
(2) 0.5 HP	(total)	(3.0)			(1.2)				(1.2)			
Indoor Blower	Horsepower	2	3	5	2	3	5	2	3	5		
Motor	Full Load Amps	7.5	10.6	16.7	3.4	4.8	7.6	2.7	3.9	6.1		
² Maximum	Unit Only	50	50	60	30	30	35	20	20	25		
Overcurrent Protection	With (2) 0.5 HP Power Exhaust	50	60	70	30	30	35	20	20	25		
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity	Unit Only	43	46	53	24	26	29	16	18	20		
	With (2) 0.5 HP Power Exhaust	46	49	56	26	27	30	18	19	21		

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

ELECTRICAL D	ATA			12.5 TON							
12.5 TON STAND	ARD EFFICIENCY - CON	ISTANT	AIR VOLU	IME					ZG	B150S4B	
¹ Voltage - 60hz		20	8/230V - 3	Ph	460V - 3 Ph			575V - 3 Ph			
Compressor 1	Rated Load Amps		19.6		8.2			6.6			
_	Locked Rotor Amps		136		66.1				55.3		
Compressor 2	Rated Load Amps	22.4			10.6				7.7		
	Locked Rotor Amps		149		75			54			
Outdoor Fan	Full Load Amps	3.0			1.5			1.2			
Motors (2)	(total)	(6.0)			(3.0)			(2.4)			
Power Exhaust	Full Load Amps		1.5			0.6			0.6		
(2) 0.5 HP	(total)	(3.0)				(1.2)			(1.2)		
Indoor Blower	Horsepower	2	3	5	2	3	5	2	3	5	
Motor —	Full Load Amps	7.5	10.6	16.7	3.4	4.8	7.6	2.7	3.9	6.1	
² Maximum	Unit Only	80	80	90	35	35	40	25	30	30	
Overcurrent Protection	With (2) 0.5 HP Power Exhaust	80	80	90	35	40	40	30	30	30	
³ Minimum	Unit Only	62	65	71	28	30	33	22	23	25	
Circuit — Ampacity	With (2) 0.5 HP Power Exhaust	65	68	74	30	31	34	23	24	26	

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

	DATA								1	2.5 TON		
12.5 TON STAND	ARD EFFICIENCY - Msa	/® (Multi-S	Stage Air V	/olume) Su	upply Air				ZG	A150S4M		
¹ Voltage - 60hz		20	8/230V - 3	Ph	460V - 3 Ph			575V - 3 Ph				
Compressor 1	Rated Load Amps		19.6			8.2			6.6			
	Locked Rotor Amps	136			66.1				55.3			
Compressor 2	Rated Load Amps	19.6				8.2			6.6			
	Locked Rotor Amps		136			66.1			55.3			
Outdoor Fan	Full Load Amps		3.0			1.5			1.2			
Motors (2)	(total)		(6.0)		(3.0)			(2.4)				
Power Exhaust	Full Load Amps	1.5				0.6			0.6			
(2) 0.5 HP	(total)	(3.0)			(1.2)			(1.2)				
Indoor Blower	Horsepower	2	3	5	2	3	5	2	3	5		
Motor	Full Load Amps	7.5	10.6	16.7	3.4	4.8	7.6	2.7	3.9	6.1		
² Maximum	Unit Only	70	80	80	30	30	35	25	25	25		
Overcurrent — Protection	With (2) 0.5 HP Power Exhaust	80	80	80	30	35	35	25	25	30		
³ Minimum Circuit Ampacity	Unit Only	58	61	67	25	27	30	20	22	24		
	With (2) 0.5 HP Power Exhaust	61	64	70	27	28	31	22	23	25		

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

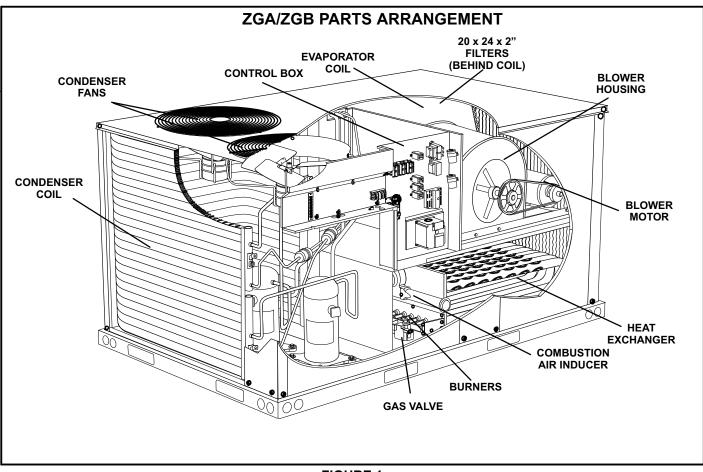


FIGURE 1

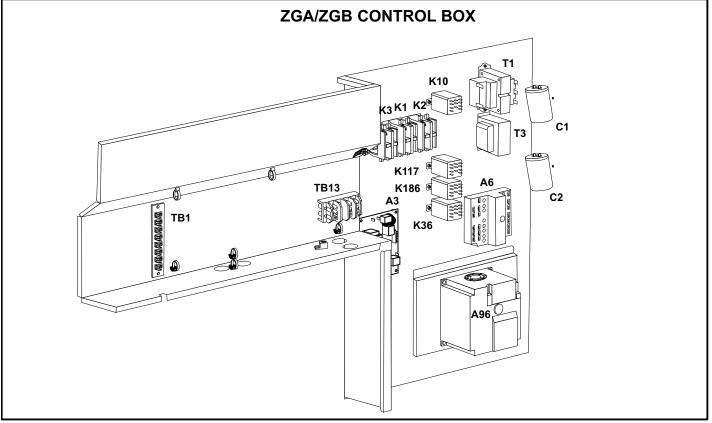


FIGURE 2

I-UNIT COMPONENTS

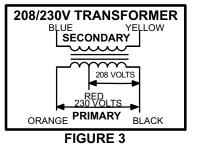
All 7.5 through 12.5 ton (26.3 through 44 kW) units are configure to order units (CTO). The ZGA/ZGB unit components are shown in figure 1. All units come standard with removable unit panels. All L1, L2 and L3 wiring is color coded; L1 is red, L2 is yellow and L3 is blue.

A-Control Box Components

ZGA/ZGB control box components are shown in figure 2

1-Control Transformer T1 all units

All use a single line voltage to 24VAC transformer mounted in the control box. Transformer supplies power to control circuits in the unit. The transformer is rated at 70VA and is protected by a 3.5 amp circuit breaker (CB8). The 208/230 (Y) voltage transformers use two



primary voltage taps as shown in figure 3, while 460 (G) and 575 (J) voltage transformers use a single primary voltage tap.

2-C. A. I. Transformers T3 575V units

All ZGA/ZGB 575 (J) voltage units use transformer T3 mounted in the control box. The transformers have an output rating of 0.5A. T3 transformer supplies 230 VAC power to the combustion air inducer motor (B6).

3-Terminal Strip TB1

All indoor thermostat connections will be to TB1 located in the control area. For thermostats without "occupied " and "unoccupied" modes, a factory installed jumper across terminals R and OC should be in place.

4-Condenser Fan Capacitors C1 & C2

Fan capacitors C1 and C2 are used to assist in the start up of condenser fans B4 and B5. Ratings will be on side of capacitor or outdoor fan motor nameplate.

5-Compressor Contactor K1 & K2

All compressor contactors are two-pole, double-break contactors with 24VAC coils. In all ZGA/ZGB units, K1 and K2 energize compressors B1 and B2 in response to thermostat demand.

6-Blower Contactor K3

Blower contactor K3, used in all units, is a two-pole-doublebreak contactor with a 24VAC coil used to energize the indoor blower motor B3 in response to blower demand. K3 is energized by a thermostat cooling demand.

7-Condenser Fan Relay K10

Outdoor fan relay K10 is a DPDT relay with a 24VAC coil. K10 energizes condenser fans B4 and B5.

8-Power Exhaust Relay K65 (PED units)

Power exhaust relay K65 is a DPDT relay with a 24VAC coil. K65 is used in all ZGA/ZGB units equipped with the optional power exhaust dampers. K65 is energized by the economizer enthalpy control A6, after the economizer dampers reach 50% open (adjustable) When K65 closes, exhaust fan B10 is energized.

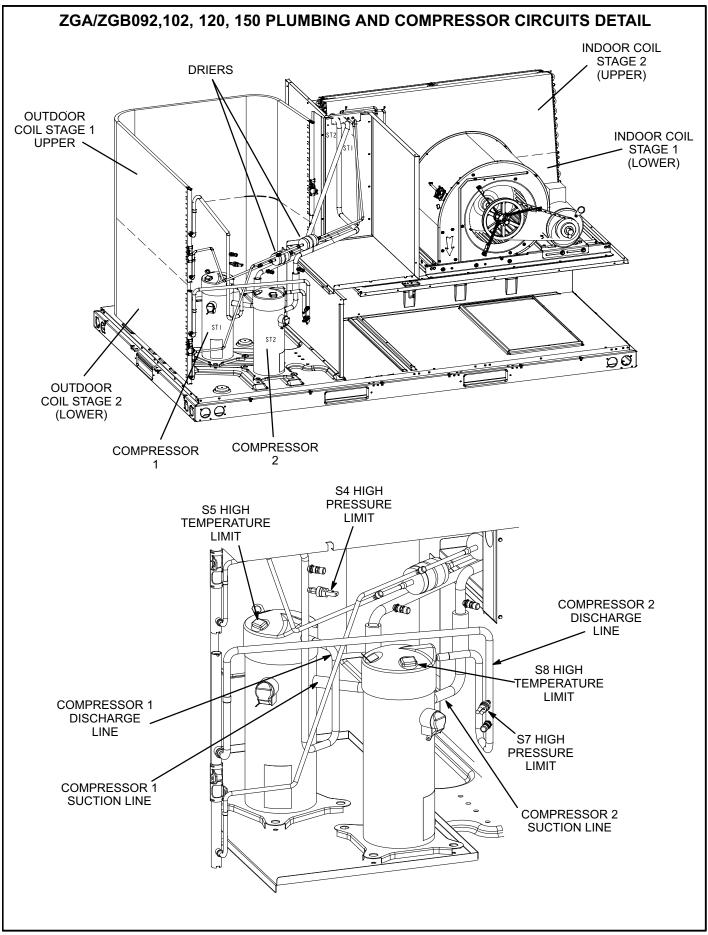


FIGURE 4

B-Cooling Components

All units use independent cooling circuits consisting of separate compressors, condenser coils and evaporator coils. See figure 4. Two draw-through type condenser fans are used in ZGA/ZGB092/150 units. All units are equipped with belt-drive blowers which draw air across the evaporator during unit operation.

Cooling may be supplemented by a factory- or field-installed economizer. The evaporators are slab type and are stacked. Each evaporator uses a refrigerant metering orifice as the primary refrigerant metering device. Each evaporator is also equipped with enhanced fins and rifled tubing.

In all units each compressor is protected by S49 and S50 freezestats and S4 and S7 high pressure switches (on each evaporator). Low ambient switches (S11, S84) are available as an option for additional compressor protection. On 150 units, each compressor is protected by a crankcase heater.

1-Compressors B1 and B2

All ZGA/ZGB092/150 units use two scroll compressors. Compressor capacity may vary from stage to stage. In all cases, the capacity of each compressor is added to reach the total capacity of the unit. See "SPECIFICATIONS" and "ELECTRICAL DATA" (table of contents) or compressor nameplate for compressor specifications.

WARNING

Electrical shock hazard. Compressor must be grounded. Do not operate without protective cover over terminals. Disconnect power before removing protective cover. Discharge capacitors before servicing unit. Failure to follow these precautions could cause electrical shock resulting in injury or death.

Each compressor is energized by a corresponding compressor contactor.

NOTE-Refer to the wiring diagram section for specific unit operation.

If Interlink compressor replacement is necessary, call 1-800-453-6669.

Some scroll compressors have an internal vacuum protector that will unload scrolls when suction pressure goes below 20 psig. A hissing sound will be heard when the compressor is running unloaded. Protector will reset when low pressure in system rises above 40 psig. DO NOT REPLACE COMPRESSOR.

2-Thermal Protectors S5, S8

Some compressors have thermal protectors located on top of the compressor. The protectors open at $248^{\circ}F \pm 9^{\circ}F$ (120°C + 5°C) and close at 169°F + 18°F (76°C + 10°C).

3-High Pressure Switches S4 and S7

The high pressure switch is an auto-reset SPST N.C. switch which opens on a pressure rise.

S4 (first circuit) and S7 (second circuit)are located in the compressor discharge line and wired in series with the respective compressor contactor coils.

When discharge pressure rises to 640 ± 10 psig (4413 ± 69 kPa) (indicating a problem in the system) the switch opens and the respective compressor is de-energized (the economizer can continue to operate).

4-Low Ambient Switches S11 & S84 (optional)

The low ambient switch is an auto-reset SPST N.O. pressure switch which allows for mechanical cooling operation at low outdoor temperatures. In all models a switch is located in each liquid line prior to the indoor coil section.

In the ZGA/ZGB092/150, S11 and S84 are wired in parallel with outdoor fan relay K10.

When liquid pressure rises to $450 \pm 10 \text{ psig} (3102 \pm 69 \text{ kPa})$, the switch closes and the condenser fans are energized. When liquid pressure in both refrigerant circuits drops to $240 \pm 10 \text{ psig} (1655 \pm 69 \text{ kPa})$, the switches open and the condenser fans are de-energized. This intermittent fan operation results in higher evaporating temperature allowing the system to operate without icing the evaporator coil and losing capacity.

5-Crankcase Heaters HR1, HR2 (optional)

092-150S units use belly band heaters. Heater HR1 is installed around compressor B1 and heater HR2 is installed around compressor B2. Crankcase heater wattage varies by compressor manufacturer.

C-Blower Compartment

All units are equipped with belt drive blowers.

1-Blower Wheels

All ZGA/ZGB092/150 units have one 15 in. x 15 in. (381 mm x 381 mm) blower wheel.

2-Indoor Blower Motor B3

All units use three-phase single-speed blower motors. CFM adjustments are made by adjusting the motor pulley (sheave). Motors are equipped with sealed ball bearings. All motor specifications are listed in the SPECIFICATIONS(table of contents) in the front of this manual. Units may be equipped with motors manufactured by various manufacturers, therefore electrical FLA and LRA specifications will vary. See unit rating plate for information specific to your unit.

OPERATION / ADJUSTMENT

A-Three Scroll Compressor Voltage Phasing

Three phase scroll compressors must be phased sequentially to ensure correct compressor and blower rotation and operation. Compressor and blower are wired in phase at the factory. Power wires are color-coded as follows: line 1-red, line 2-yellow, line 3-blue.

1- Observe suction and discharge pressures and blower rotation on unit start-up.

If pressure differential is not observed or blower rotation is not correct:

- 2- Suction pressure must drop, discharge pressure must rise, and blower rotation must match rotation marking.
- 3- Disconnect all remote electrical power supplies.
- 4- Reverse any two field-installed wires connected to the line side of K3, TB2 or F4. <u>Do not reverse wires at blower contactor or compressors.</u>
- 5- Make sure the connections are tight.

Discharge and suction pressures should operate at their normal start-up ranges.

B-Blower Operation

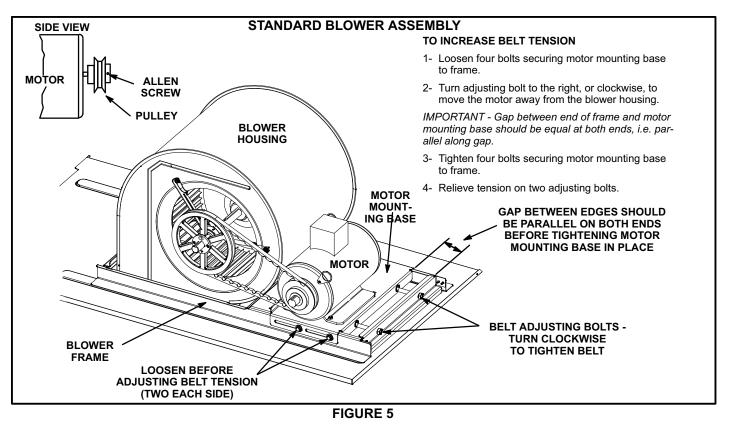
Initiate blower demand at thermostat according to instructions provided with thermostat. Unit will cycle on thermostat demand. The following steps apply to applications using a typical electro-mechanical thermostat.

- 1- Blower operation is manually set at the thermostat subbase fan switch. With fan switch in **ON** position, blowers will operate continuously.
- 2- With fan switch in **AUTO** position, the blowers will cycle with demand. Blowers and entire unit will be off when system switch is in **OFF** position.

C-Blower Access

The blower assembly is secured to a sliding frame which allows the blower motor to be pulled out of the unit. See figure 5.

- 1- Loosen the reusable wire tie which secures the blower wiring to the blower motor mounting plate.
- 2- Remove and retain screws on either side of sliding frame. Pull frame toward outside of unit.
- 3- Slide frame back into original position when finished servicing. Reattach the blower wiring in the previous location on the blower motor base using the wire tie.
- 4- Replace retained screws on either side of the sliding frame.



D-Determining Unit CFM

NOTE - Units equipped a Variable Frequency Drive (VFD) are designed to operate on <u>balanced</u>, three-phase power. Operating units on <u>unbalanced</u> three-phase power will reduce the reliability of all electrical components in the unit. Unbalanced power is a result of the power delivery system supplied by the local utility company. Factory-installed inverters are sized to drive blower motors with an equivalent current rating using balanced three-phase power. If unbalanced three-phase power is supplied; the installer must replace the existing factory-installed inverter with an inverter that has a higher current rating to allow for the imbalance. Refer to the installation instructions for additional information and available replacements.

1- The following measurements must be made with a dry indoor coil and air filters in place.

Units **Not** Equipped With An Inverter -Run blower without a cooling demand.

Units Equipped With An Inverter -

Initiate high speed blower without a cooling demand. Disconnect high pressure switches S4 and S7. Run the blower with Y1 **and** Y2 demands.

- 2- Measure the indoor blower shaft RPM.
- 3- With all access panels in place, measure static pressure external to unit (from supply to return). Blower performance data is based on static pressure readings taken in locations shown in figure 6.

Note - Static pressure readings can vary if not taken where shown.

- 4- Referring to page 13, 14, or 15, use static pressure and RPM readings to determine unit CFM. Use pages 16 and 17 when installing units with any of the optional accessories listed.
- 5- The blower RPM can be adjusted at the motor pulley. Loosen Allen screw and turn adjustable pulley clockwise to increase CFM. Turn counterclockwise to decrease CFM. See figure 5. Do not exceed minimum and maximum number of pulley turns as shown in table 1.

6- Units Equipped With An Inverter -

Reconnect high pressure switches S4 and S7.

TABLE 1 MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM PULLEY ADJUSTMENT

Belt	Minimum Turns Open	Maximum Turns Open		
A Section	0	5		
B Section	1*	6		

*No minimum number of turns open when B belt is used on pulleys 6" O.D. or larger.

E-Blower Belt Adjustment

Maximum life and wear can be obtained from belts only if proper pulley alignment and belt tension are maintained. Tension new belts after a 24-48 hour period of operation. This will allow belt to stretch and seat in the pulley grooves. Make sure blower and motor pulleys are aligned as shown in figure 7.

- 1- Loosen four bolts securing motor base to mounting frame. See figure 5.
- 2- To increase belt tension -

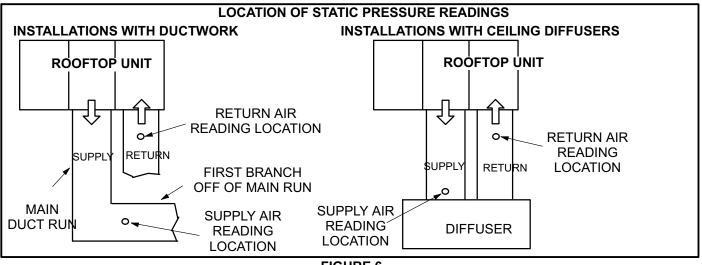
Turn both adjusting bolts to the right, or clockwise, to move the motor outward and tighten the belt. This increases the distance between the blower motor and the blower housing.

To loosen belt tension -

Turn the adjusting bolts to the left, or counterclockwise to loosen belt tension.

IMPORTANT - Align top edges of blower motor base and mounting frame base parallel before tightening two bolts on the other side of base. Motor shaft and blower shaft must be parallel.

3- Tighten two bolts on each side of the motor mounting base. This secures the mounting base to the frame.





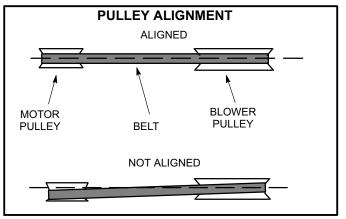


FIGURE 7

F-Check Belt Tension

Overtensioning belts shortens belt and bearing life. Check belt tension as follows:

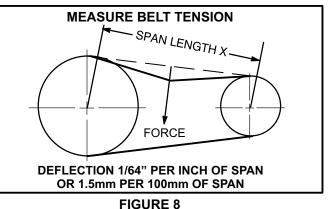
- 1- Measure span length X. See figure 8.
- 2- Apply perpendicular force to center of span (X) with enough pressure to deflect belt 1/64" for every inch of span length or 1.5mm per 100mm of span length.

Example: Deflection distance of a 40" span would be 40/64" or 5/8".

Example: Deflection distance of a 400mm span would be 6mm.

3- Measure belt deflection force. For a new 2 and 3hp belt, the deflection force should be 5.0-7.0 lbs. (35-48kPa). For a new 5hp belt, the deflection force should be 7-10lbs. (48-69kPa).

A force below these values indicates an undertensioned belt. A force above these values indicates an overtensioned belt.



F-Field-Furnished Blower Drives

For field-furnished blower drives, use pages 13 through 17 to determine BHP and RPM required. Reference table 2 for drive component manufacturer's numbers.

MANUFACTURER'S NUMBERS									
	DRIVE COMPONENTS								
DRIVE NO.	ADJUSTAE	BLE SHEAVE	FIXED S	SHEAVE	BELT				
	BROWNING NO.	OEM PART NO.	BROWNING NO.	OEM PART NO.	BROWNING NO.	OEM PART NO.			
1	1VP34x7/8	31K6901	AK61x1	100244-20	A44	44L5501			
2	1VP40x7/8	79J0301	AK59x1	31K6801	AX45	100245-23			
3	1VP34x7/8	31K6901	AK46x1	100244-17	A41	100245-18			
4	1VP44x7/8	P-8-1488	AK74x1	100244-21	AX48	100245-50			
5	1VP50x7/8	P-8-2187	AK69x1	37L4701	AX48	100245-50			
6	1VP50x7/8	P-8-2187	AK64x1	12L2501	AX46	31K7101			
10	1VP50x1-1/8	P-8-1977	BK77x1	49K4001	BX50	100245-49			
11	1VP50x1-1/8	P-8-1977	BK67x1	100244-24	BX46	100245-48			
12	1VP50x1-1/8	P-8-1977	BK62x1	100244-23	BX46	100245-48			

TABLE 2

D-GAS HEAT COMPONENTS

ZGA/ZGB092/150 units are available in 130,000 BTUH (38.1 kW), 180,000 BTUH (52.7 Kw) or 240,000 BTUH (70.3 kW) heat sizes.

1-Heat Exchanger Figure 9

Units are equipped with tubular aluminized steel heat exchangers and two-stage redundant gas valves. Units use one eleven tube/burner for high heat, one nine tube/burner for medium heat and one six tube/burner for standard heat. Burners in all units use a burner venturi to mix gas and air for proper combustion. Combustion takes place at each tube entrance. As hot combustion gases are drawn upward through each tube by the combustion air inducer, exhaust gases are drawn out the top and fresh air/gas mixture is drawn in at the bottom. Heat is transferred to the air stream from all surfaces of the heat exchanger tubes. The supply air blower forces air across the tubes to extract the heat of combustion. The shape of the tubes ensures maximum heat exchange.

The gas valves accomplish staging by allowing more or less gas to the burners as called for by heating demand.

2-Burner Box Assembly (Figure 10)

The burner assembly consists of a spark electrode, flame sensing electrode and gas valve. Ignition board A3 controls all functions of the assembly.

Burners

Units are equipped with either aluminized steel inshot burners or a one piece aluminized burner cluster. Burners are factory set and do not require adjustment. A peep hole with cover is furnished in the heating access panel for flame viewing. Always operate the unit with the access panel in place.

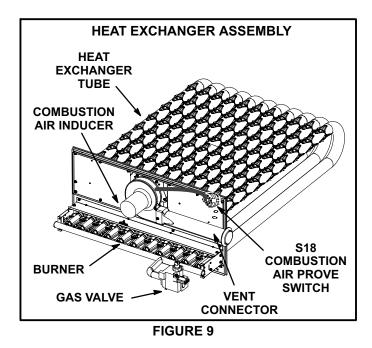
Burners can be removed individually for service. Burner maintenance and service is detailed in the SERVICE CHECKS section of this manual.

Orifice

Each burner uses an orifice which is matched to the burner input. The orifice is threaded into the burner manifold. The burner is supported by the orifice and will easily slide off for service once the mounting screws are removed from the burners.

NOTE-Do not use thread sealing compound on the orifices. Using thread sealing compound may plug the orifices.

Each orifice and burner are sized specifically to the unit. Refer to Product Zone@www.davenet.com for correct sizing information.



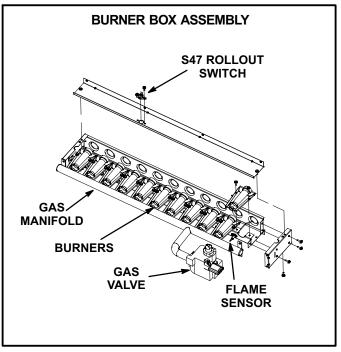


FIGURE 10

3-Primary High Temperature Limit S10

S10 is a SPST N.C. high temperature primary limit for gas heat in ZGA/ZGB092/150 units. S10 is located in the bottom right corner of the control box. See figure 11.

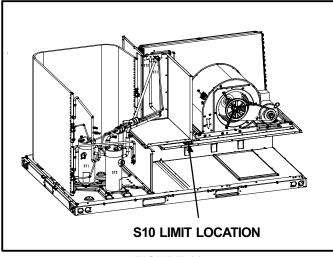


FIGURE 11

Primary limit S10 is wired to the ignition control A3. Its N.C. contacts open to de-energize the ignition control when excessive temperature is reached in the blower compartment. If the limit trips the blower relay coil K3 will be energized by ignition control A3. Three limits with different actuating temperatures are used. See Product Zone@www.davenet.com for replacement.

4-Flame Rollout Limit Switch S47

Flame rollout limit switch S47 is a SPST N.C. high temperature limit located just above the burner air intake opening in the burner enclosures (see figure 10). S47 is wired to the ignition control A3. When S47 senses flame rollout (indicating a blockage in the combustion air passages), the flame rollout limit trips and the ignition control immediately closes the gas valve.

Limit S47 is factory preset to open at 290°F \pm 12°F (143°C \pm 6.7°C) on a temperature rise on all units. All flame rollout limits are manual reset.

5-Combustion Air Prove Switch S18

Prove switch S18 is a SPST N.O. switch located to the right of the induced draft assembly. S18 monitors combustion air inducer operation. Switch S18 is wired to the ignition control A3. The switch closes on a *negative* pressure fall. This negative pressure fall and switch actuation allows the ignition sequence to continue (proves, by closing, that the combustion air inducer is operating before allowing the gas valve to open.) The combustion air prove switch is factory set and not adjustable. The switch will automatically open on a pressure rise (less negative pressure). Table 3 shows prove switch settings.

TABLE 3	
S18 Prove Switch	Settings

Close" w.c. (Pa)	Open " w.c. (Pa)						
0.25 <u>+</u> 5 (62.3 <u>+</u> 12.4)	0.10 <u>+</u> 5 (24.8 <u>+</u> 12.4)						

6-Combustion Air Inducer B6

Combustion air inducers on ZGA/ZGB092/150 units provide air to the corresponding burners while clearing the combustion chamber of exhaust gases. The inducer begins operating immediately upon receiving a thermostat demand and is de-energized when thermostat demand is satisfied.

The inducer uses a 208/230V single-phase PSC motor and a 4.81in. x 1.25in. (122mm x 32mm) blower wheel. All motors operate at 3200RPM and are equipped with autoreset overload protection. Inducers are supplied by various manufacturers. Ratings may vary by manufacturer. Specific inducer electrical ratings can be found on the unit rating plate.

On a heating demand (W1), the ignition control A3 initiates the heating cycle. A3 then allows 30 to seconds for the combustion air inducer to vent exhaust gases from the burners. When the combustion air inducer is purging the exhaust gases, the combustion air prove switch closes, proving that the combustion air inducer is operating before allowing the ignition sequence to continue. When the combustion air prove switch is closed and the delay is over, the ignition control activates the first stage operator of the gas valve (low fire), the spark and the flame sensing electrode. Sparking stops immediately after flame is sensed or at the end of the eight second trial for ignition.

All combustion air inducer motors are sealed and cannot be oiled. The inducer cannot be adjusted but can be disassembled for cleaning.

7-Combustion Air Motor Capacitor C3

The combustion air inducer motors in all ZGA/ZGB units require run capacitors. Capacitor C3 is connected to combustion air inducer B6. Ratings will be on side of capacitor or combustion air motor nameplate.

8-Gas Valves GV1

Gas valve GV1 is a two-stage redundant valve. Units are equipped with valves manufactured by White-Rodgers or Honeywell. On a call for first stage heat (low fire), the valve is energized by the ignition control simultaneously with the spark electrode. On a call for second stage heat (high fire), the second stage operator is energized directly from A3. A manual shutoff knob is provided on the valve for shut-off. Manual shutoff knob immediately closes both stages without delay. On both valves first stage (low fire) is quick opening (on and off in less than 3 seconds).

On the White-Rodgers valve second stage is slow opening (on to high fire pressure in 40 seconds and off to low fire pressure in 30 seconds). The White-Rodgers valve is adjustable for high fire only. Low fire is not adjustable. On the Honeywell valve second stage is quick opening. The Honeywell valve is adjustable for both low fire and high fire. Figure NO TAG shows gas valve components. Table 4 shows factory gas valve regulation for ZGA/ZGB series units.

TABLE 4									
GAS VALVE REGULATION									
Max. Inlet Pressure	Operating Manifold Pressure								
	Natural L.P.								
13.0" W.C.	Low	High	Low	High					
	1.6 <u>+</u> 0.2" W.C.	3.7 <u>+</u> 0.3" W.C.	5.5" <u>+</u> 0.3" W.C	10.5" <u>+</u> 0.5" W.C.					

9-Spark Electrode Figure 13

An electrode assembly is used for ignition spark. The electrode is mounted through holes under the left most burner location. The electrode tip protrudes into the flame envelope of the adjacent burner. The electrode assembly is fastened to burner supports and can be removed for service without removing any part of the burners. See figure 12 for location of ignitor and sensor.

During ignition, spark travels through the spark electrode (figure 13) and ignites the left burner. Flame travels from burner to burner until all are lit.

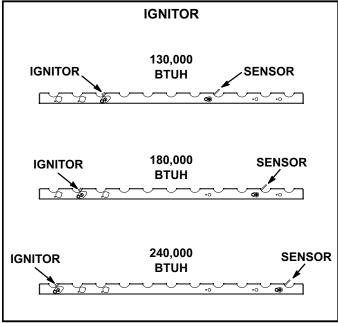


FIGURE 12

The spark electrode is connected to the ignition control by a 8 mm silicone-insulated stranded high voltage wire. The wire uses 1/4" (6.35 mm)female quick connect on both ends of the wire.

NOTE - If electrode wire is replace, wire and suppression must be same type cable. See Product Zone@www.davenet.com for replacement.

The spark electrode assembly can be removed for inspection by removing the screw securing the electrode assembly and sliding it out of unit. For proper unit operation, electrodes must be positioned and gapped correctly.

Spark gap may be checked with appropriately sized twist drills or feeler gauges. Disconnect power to the unit and remove electrode assembly. The gap should be between $0.125" \pm 0.015"$ (3.2 mm \pm .4 mm). See figure 13.

NOTE-*IN ORDER TO MAXIMIZE SPARK ENERGY TO ELECTRODE, HIGH VOLTAGE WIRE SHOULD TOUCH UNIT CABINET AS LITTLE AS POSSIBLE.*

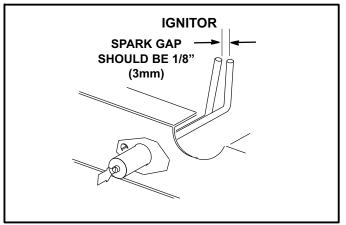


FIGURE 13 10-Flame Sensor Figure 14

A flame sensor is located under the right most side burner. The sensor is mounted through a hole in the burner support and the tip protrudes into the flame envelope of the right most burner. The sensor assembly is fastened to burner supports and can be removed for service without removing any part of the burners.

When flame is sensed by the flame sensor (indicated by microamp signal through the flame) sparking stops immediately or after the eight second trial for ignition. During operation, flame is sensed by current passed along the ground electrode (located on the spark electrode), through the flame and into the sensing electrode. The ignition control allows the gas valve to stay open as long as a flame signal (current passed through the flame) is sensed.

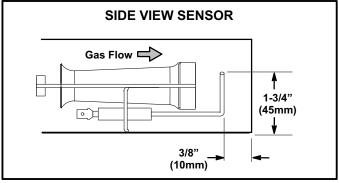


FIGURE 14



Shock hazard. Spark related components contain high voltage which can cause personal injury or death. Disconnect power before servicing. Control is not field repairable. Unsafe operation will result. If control is inoperable, simply replace the entire control.

The burner control A3 is located in the gas heat section. See figures 1 and 15.

The ignition control provides four main functions: gas valve control, blower control, ignition and flame sensing. The control has a green LED to show control status (table 5). The unit will usually ignite on the first trial and A3 allows three trials for ignition before locking out. The lockout time is 1 hour. After lockout, the ignition control automatically resets and provides three more attempts at ignition. Manual reset after lockout requires removing power from the control for more than 1 second or removing the thermostat call for heat for more than 1 second but no more than 20 seconds. 24 volt thermostat connections (P2) and heating component connections (J1) are made through separate jackplugs. See table 6 for thermostat terminations and table 7 for heating component terminations.

3 Prove switch open or closed or rollout switch open. 4 Limit switch is open and/or limit has opened three times. 5 Flame sensed but gas valve solenoid no	LED Flashes	Indicates					
Steady OffInternal control fault OR no power to control OR Gas Valve Relay Fault.Steady OnControl internal failure.2Lockout. Failed to detect or sustain flame.3Prove switch open or closed or rollout switch open.4Limit switch is open and/or limit has opened three times.5Flame sensed but gas valve solenoid no	Slow	Normal operation. No call for heat.					
Steady Offcontrol OR Gas Valve Relay Fault.Steady OnControl internal failure.2Lockout. Failed to detect or sustain flame.3Prove switch open or closed or rollout switch open.4Limit switch is open and/or limit has opened three times.5Flame sensed but gas valve solenoid no	Fast	Normal operation. Call for heat.					
2 Lockout. Failed to detect or sustain flame. 3 Prove switch open or closed or rollout switch open. 4 Limit switch is open and/or limit has opened three times. 5 Flame sensed but gas valve solenoid no	Steady Off						
3 Prove switch open or closed or rollout switch open. 4 Limit switch is open and/or limit has opened three times. 5 Flame sensed but gas valve solenoid no	Steady On	Control internal failure.					
 ³ switch open. 4 Limit switch is open and/or limit has opened three times. 5 Flame sensed but gas valve solenoid no 	2	Lockout. Failed to detect or sustain flame.					
 ⁴ opened three times. 5 Flame sensed but gas valve solenoid no 	3	•					
5	4						
onorgizour	5	Flame sensed but gas valve solenoid not energized.					

TABLE 6

P2 TERMINAL DESIGNATIONS							
Pin #	Function						
1	R 24 Volts to thermostat						
2	W1 Heat Demand						
3	Y Cool Demand						
4	C Common						
5	G Indoor Blower						
6	BL OUT Indoor Blower Relay						
7	W2 Second Stage Heat						

TABLE 7

J1 TERMINAL DESIGNATIONS							
Pin #	Function						
1	Limit Switch Out						
2	Rollout Switch / Prove Switch Out						
3	Gas Valve Common						
4	Gas Valve Out						
5	Rollout Switch / Prove Switch In						
6	Limit Switch In						

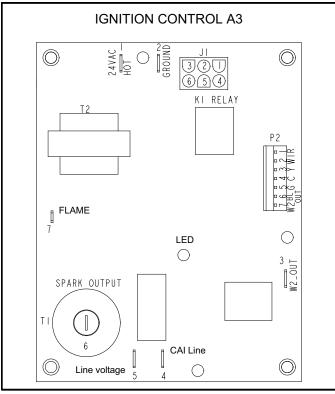


FIGURE 15

Flame rectification sensing is used on all ZGA/ZGB units. Loss of flame during a heating cycle is indicated by an absence of flame signal (0 microamps). If this happens, the control will immediately restart the ignition sequence and then lock out if ignition is not gained after the third trial. See System Service Checks section for flame current measurement.

The control shuts off gas flow immediately in the event of a power failure. Upon restoration of gas and power, the control will restart the ignition sequence and continue until flame is established or system locks out.

Operation

On a heating demand, the ignition control checks for a closed limit switch and open combustion air prove switch. Once this check is complete and conditions are correct, the ignition control then allows 30 seconds for the combustion air inducer to vent exhaust gases from the burners. When the combustion air inducer is purging the exhaust gases, the combustion air prove switch closes proving that the combustion air inducer is operating before allowing the ignition control to energize. When the combustion air prove switch is closed and the delay is over, the ignition control activates the gas valve, the spark electrode and the flame sensing electrode. Once the gas valve is energized the non-adjustable 40 second indoor blower delay period begins. Sparking stops immediately after flame is sensed or at the end of the 8 second trial for ignition.

The control then proceeds to "steady state" mode where all inputs are monitored to ensure the limit switch, rollout switch and prove switch are closed as well as flame is present. When the heat call is satisfied and the gas valve is de-energized, a combustion air inducer post purge period of 5 seconds begins along with a 120 second blower off delay.

II-PLACEMENT AND INSTALLATION

Make sure the unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and all applicable codes. See accessories section for conditions requiring use of the optional roof mounting frame (Z1CURB40B-1, Z1CURB41B-1, Z1CURB42B-1, or Z1CURB43B-1).

III-STARTUP - OPERATION

A-Preliminary and Seasonal Checks

- 1- Make sure the unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and applicable codes.
- 2- Inspect all electrical wiring, both field and factory installed for loose connections. Tighten as required. Refer to unit diagram located on inside of unit compressor access panel.
- 3- Check to ensure that refrigerant lines are in good condition and do not rub against the cabinet or other refrigerant lines.
- 4- Check voltage at the disconnect switch. Voltage must be within the range listed on the nameplate. If not, consult the power company and have the voltage corrected before starting the unit.
- 5- Recheck voltage and amp draw with unit running. If voltage is not within range listed on unit nameplate, stop unit and consult power company. Refer to unit nameplate for maximum rated load amps.
- 6- Inspect and adjust blower belt (see section on Blower Compartment Blower Belt Adjustment).

B-Heating Startup

FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE LIGHTING

Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Do not use this unit if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the unit and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or product or property damage. If overheating occurs or if gas supply fails to shut off, shut off the manual gas valve to the appliance before shutting off electrical supply.



Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

SMOKE POTENTIAL

The heat exchanger in this unit could be a source of smoke on initial firing. Take precautions with respect to building occupants and property. Vent initial supply air outside when possible.

BEFORE LIGHTING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

Use only your hand to push in or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the knob will not push in or turn by hand, do not try to repair it, call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.



Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or death. Do not attempt to light manually. Unit has a direct spark ignition system.

This unit is equipped with an automatic spark ignition system. There is no pilot. In case of a safety shutdown, move thermostat switch to **OFF** and return the thermostat switch to **HEAT** to reset ignition control.

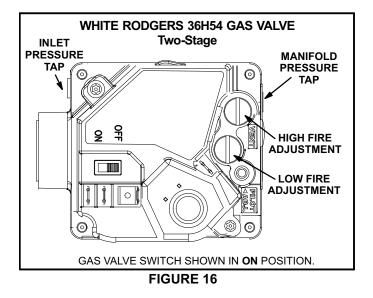
A-Placing Unit In Operation

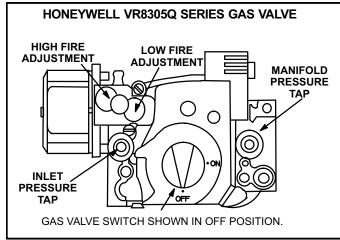


Danger of explosion and fire. Can cause injury or product or property damage. You must follow these instructions exactly.

Gas Valve Operation for Honeywell VR8305Q or White Rodgers 36H54 (figure 16 or 17)

- 1- Set thermostat to lowest setting.
- 2- Turn off all electrical power to appliance.
- 3- This appliance is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burner. Do **not** try to light the burner by hand.
- 4- Open or remove the heat section access panel.







- 5- Turn gas valve switch to OFF. See figure 16. On Honeywell VR8305Q gas valves, turn the knob on the gas valve clockwise to "OFF". Do not force. See figure 17.
- 6- Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. If you then smell gas, STOP! Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions. If you do not smell gas, go to the next step.
- 7- Turn gas valve switch to ON. See figure 16. On Honeywell VR8305Q gas valves, turn the knob on the gas valve counterclockwise to "ON". Do not force. See figure 17.
- 8- Close or replace the heat section access panel.
- 9- Turn on all electrical power to appliance.
- 10- Set thermostat to desired setting.
- 11- The ignition sequence will start.

- 12- If the appliance does not light the first time (gas line not fully purged), it will attempt up to two more ignitions before locking out.
- 13- If lockout occurs, repeat steps 1 through 10.
- 14- If the appliance will not operate, follow the instructions "Turning Off Gas to Appliance" and call your service technician or gas supplier.

Turning Off Gas to Unit

- 1- If using an electromechanical thermostat, set to the lowest setting.
- 2- Before performing any service, turn off all electrical power to the appliance.
- 3- Open or remove the heat section access panel.
- 4- Turn gas valve switch to OFF. On Honeywell VR8305Q gas valves, turn the knob on the gas valve clockwise

 → to "OFF". Do not force.
- 5- Close or replace the heat section access panel.



Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or death. Do not attempt to light manually. Unit has a direct spark ignition system.

C-Cooling Startup

Operation

- 1- Initiate first and second stage cooling demands according to instructions provided with thermostat.
- 2- No Economizer Installed in Unit -A first-stage cooling demand (Y1) will energize compressor 1 and both condenser fans. An increased cooling demand (Y2) will energize compressor 2.

Units Equipped With Economizer -

When outdoor air is acceptable, a first-stage cooling demand (Y1) will energize the economizer. An increased cooling demand (Y2) will energize compressor 1 and both condenser fans. When outdoor air is not acceptable unit will operate as though no economizer is installed.

- 3- Units contain two refrigerant circuits or stages. See figure 18 or 19.
- 4- Each refrigerant circuit is separately charged with R-410A refrigerant. See unit rating plate for correct amount of charge.
- 5- Refer to section IV CHARGING for proper method to check refrigerant charge.

D-Safety or Emergency Shutdown

Turn off power to unit. Close manual and main ga valves.

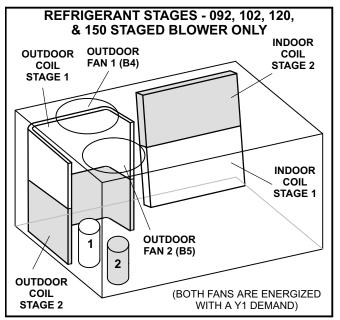


FIGURE 18

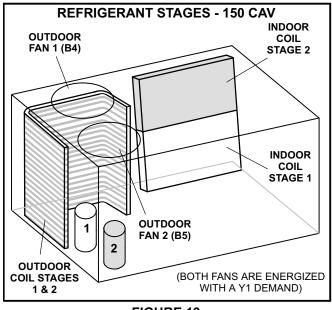


FIGURE 19

IV-CHARGING

WARNING

Refrigerant can be harmful if it is inhaled. Refrigerant must be used and recovered responsibly.

Failure to follow this warning may result in personal injury or death.

WARNING-Do not exceed nameplate charge under any condition.

This unit is factory charged and should require no further adjustment. If the system requires additional refrigerant, <u>re-claim the charge</u>, <u>evacuate the system</u>, and <u>add required</u> <u>nameplate charge</u>.

NOTE - System charging is not recommended below $60^{\circ}F$ (15°C). In temperatures below $60^{\circ}F$ (15°C), the charge **must** be weighed into the system.

If weighing facilities are not available, or to check the charge, use the following procedure:

IMPORTANT - Charge unit in standard cooling mode.

- 1- Make sure outdoor coil is clean. Attach gauge manifolds and fit access panel in place with manifold tubing routed outside of unit near bottom corner of panel. Operate unit at full CFM in cooling mode with economizer disabled until system stabilizes (approximately five minutes). Make sure all outdoor air dampers are closed.
- 2- Check each system separately with all stages operating. Compare the normal operating pressures (see tables 8 - 13) to the pressures obtained from the gauges. Check unit components if there are significant differences.
- 3- Measure the outdoor ambient temperature and the suction pressure. Refer to the appropriate circuit charging curve to determine a target liquid temperature.

Note - Pressures are listed for sea level applications.

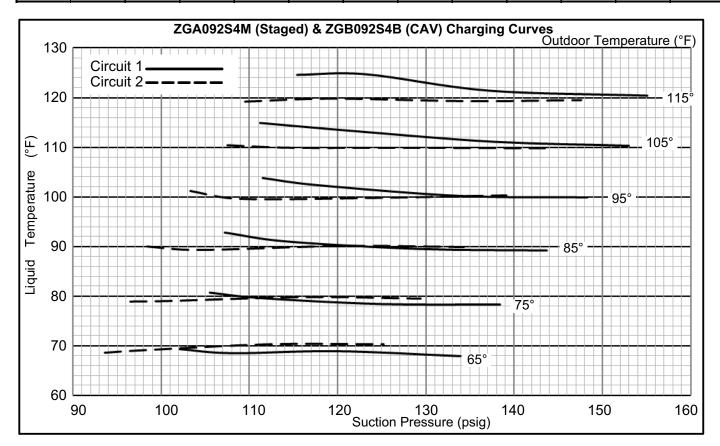
- 4- Use the same thermometer to accurately measure the liquid temperature (in the outdoor section).
 - If measured liquid temperature is higher than the target liquid temperature, add refrigerant to the system.

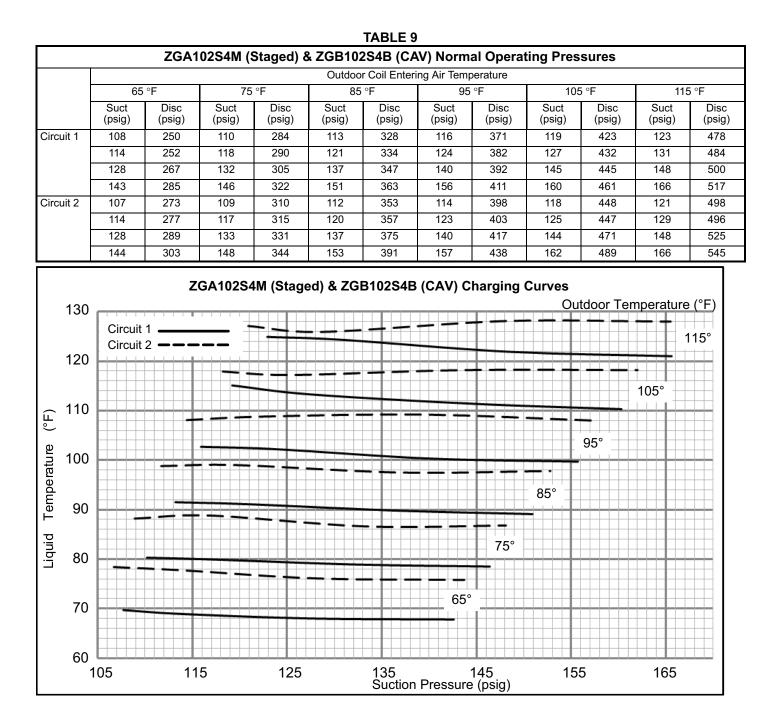
• If measured liquid temperature is lower than the target liquid temperature, recover some refrigerant from the system.

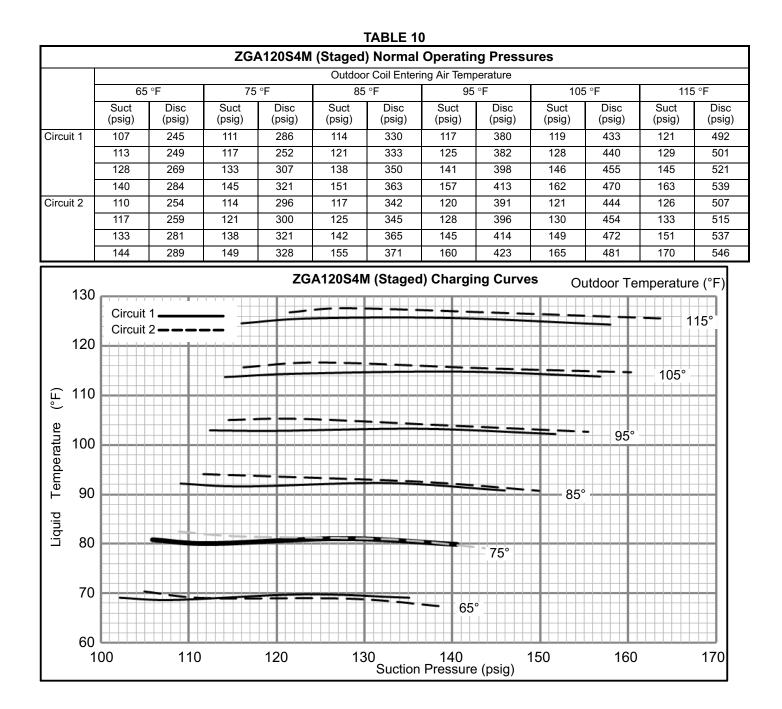
- 5- Add or remove charge in increments. Allow the system to stabilize each time refrigerant is added or removed.
- 6- Continue the process until measured liquid temperature agrees with the target liquid temperature. Do not go below the target liquid temperature when adjusting charge. Note that suction pressure can change as charge is adjusted.
- 7- Example ZG 092S Circuit 1: At 95°F outdoor ambient and a measured suction pressure of 130psig, the target liquid temperature is 100.5°F. For a measured liquid temperature of 106°F, add charge in increments until measured liquid temperature agrees with the target liquid temperature.

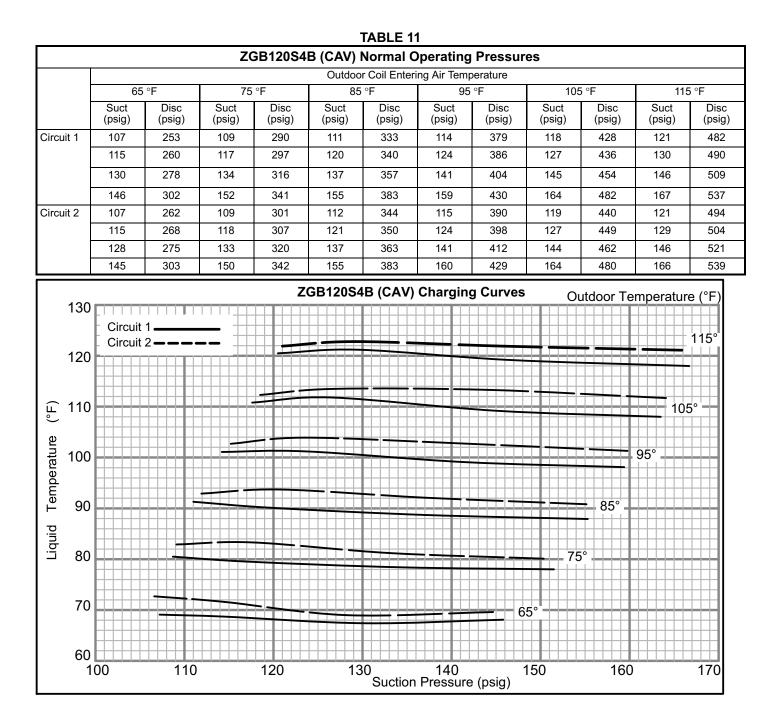
TABLE 8

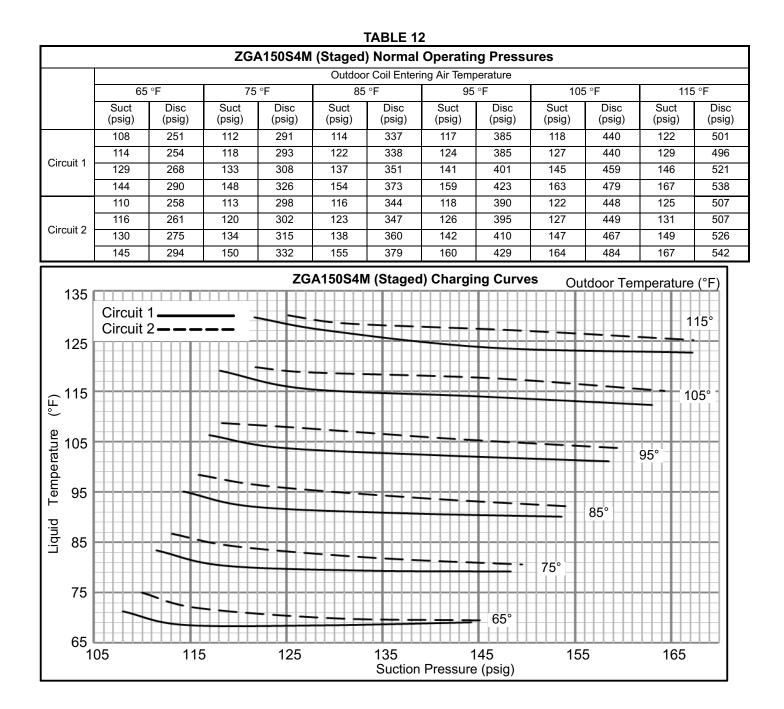
	ZGA092S4M (Staged) & ZGB092S4B (CAV) Normal Operating Pressures											
		Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temperature										
	65 °F 75 °F 85 °F 95 °F 105 °F 115 °F							5 °F				
	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)	Suct (psig)	Disc (psig)
	102	250	106	287	107	329	112	373	111	423	115	477
Circuit 1	108	253	111	291	114	333	118	380	122	431	123	486
	120	265	125	300	129	344	134	393	138	443	137	500
	134	280	138	318	144	362	148	410	153	462	155	517
	94	248	97	283	98	323	103	370	108	412	110	453
Circuit 2	98	249	101	287	104	329	109	373	115	423	119	474
	112	260	117	297	120	341	124	386	129	435	135	487
	125	275	129	312	134	354	139	403	144	452	148	501

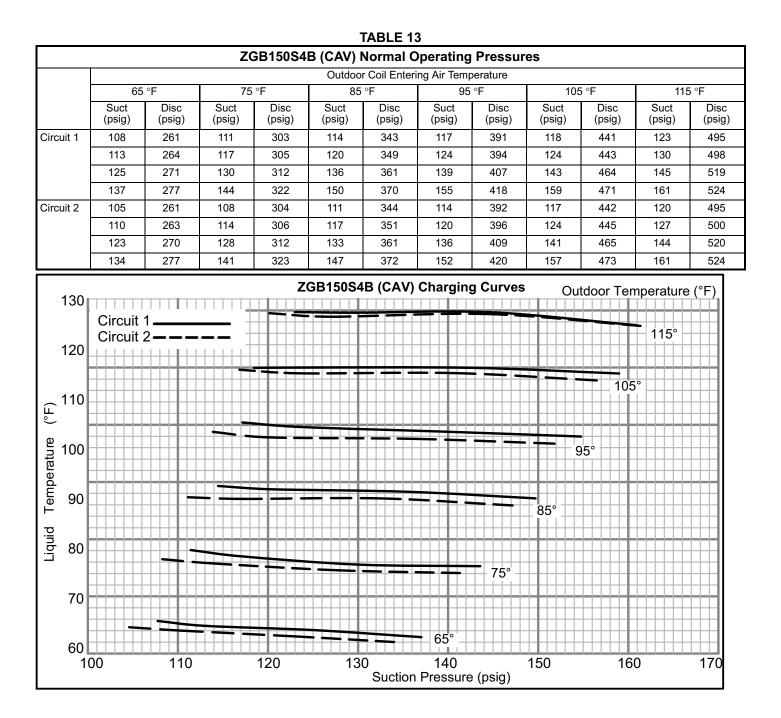












V- SYSTEMS SERVICE CHECKS

A-Heating System Service Checks

All ZGA/ZGB units are ETL/CSA design certified without modification.

Before checking piping, check with gas company or authorities having jurisdiction for local code requirements. Refer to the ZGA/ZGB Installation instruction for more information.

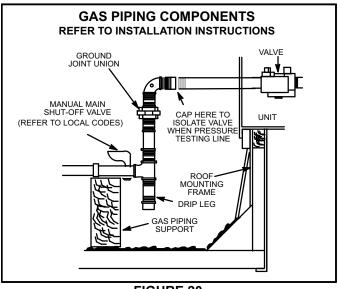


FIGURE 20

1-Gas Piping

Gas supply piping must not allow more than 0.5"W.C. (124.3 Pa) drop in pressure between the gas meter and the unit. Supply gas pipe must not be smaller than the unit gas connection. Refer to installation instructions for details.

2-Testing Gas Piping

NOTE-In case emergency shutdown is required, turn off the main manual shut-off valve and disconnect the main power to the unit. These controls should be properly labeled by the installer.

When pressure testing gas lines, the gas valve must be disconnected and isolated. **Gas valves can be damaged if subjected to more than 0.5 psig [14"W.C. (3481 Pa)]**. See figure 20.

When checking piping connection for gas leaks, use the preferred means. Common kitchen detergents can cause harmful corrosion on various metals used in gas piping. The use of specialty Gas Leak Detector is strongly recommended. It is available as part number 31B2001. See CORP 8411-L10, for further details.

Do not use matches, candles, flame or any other source of ignition to check for gas leaks.

3-Testing Gas Supply Pressure

When testing gas supply pressure, connect test gauge to the inlet pressure tap located on unit gas valve GV1. Test supply gas pressure with unit firing at maximum rate (both stages energized). Make sure the reading falls within the range of the following values. Low pressure may result in erratic operation or "underfire." High pressure can result in permanent damage to the gas valve or "overfire." For natural gas units, operating pressure at the unit gas connection must be between 4.7"W.C. and 10.5"W.C. (1168 Pa and 2610 Pa). For L.P. gas units, operating pressure at the unit gas connection must be between 10.8"W.C. and 13.5"W.C. (2685.3 Pa and 3356.7 Pa).

On multiple unit installations, each unit should be checked separately while operating at maximum rate, beginning with the one closest to the supply gas main and progressing to the one furthest from the main. Multiple units should also be tested with and without the other units operating. Supply pressure must fall within the range listed in the previous paragraph.

4-Check and Adjust Manifold Pressure

After line pressure has been checked and adjusted, check manifold pressure. Move test gauge to the manifold pressure tap located on unit gas valve GV1. See figures 16 and 17 for location of manifold tap on the gas valve.

The manifold pressure is factory set and should not require adjustment. See table 14. If manifold pressure is incorrect and no other source of improper manifold pressure can be found, the valve must be replaced. See figures 16 and 17 for location of gas valve (manifold pressure) adjustment screw.

All gas valves are factory regulated. The gas valve should completely and immediately cycle off in the event of gas or power failure. The manual shut-off knob can be used to immediately shut off gas supply.

For safety, connect a shut-off valve between the manometer and the gas tap to permit shut off of gas pressure to the manometer.

Manifold Adjustment Procedure

- 1- Connect test gauge to the outlet pressure tap on the gas valve. Start the unit (call for second stage heat) and allow five minutes for the unit to reach steady state.
- 2- While waiting for the unit to stabilize, notice the flame. The flame should be stable without flashback and should not lift from the burner heads. Natural gas should burn basically blue with some clear streaks. L.P. gas should burn mostly blue with some clear yellow streaks.

3- After allowing the unit to stabilize for five minutes, record the manifold pressure and compare to the values given in table 4.

5-High Altitude

Units may be installed at altitudes up to 2000 feet (610 m) above sea level without any modification. At altitudes above 2000 feet (610 m), units must be derated to match the gas manifold pressures shown in table 14.

NOTE - This is the only permissible derate for these units.

TABLE	14
-------	----

Altitude Ft.*	Gas Manifold Pressure	
2001-4500	See Unit Nameplate	
4500 And Above	Derate 2% / 1000 Ft. Above Sea Level	

*Units installed at 0-2000 feet do not need to be modified.

NOTE - This is the only permissible derate for these units.

MIMPORTANT

Disconnect heating demand as soon as an accurate reading has been obtained.

6-Proper Gas Flow

Furnace should operate at least 5 minutes before checking gas flow. Determine time in seconds for two revolutions of gas through the meter. (Two revolutions assures a more accurate time.) Divide by two and compare to time in table 15. Seconds in table 15 are based on a 1 cu.ft. dial and gas value of 1000 btu's for natural and 2500 btu's for LP. Adjust manifold pressure on gas valve to match time needed.

NOTE - To obtain accurate reading, shut off all other gas appliances connected to meter. TABLE 15

Unit in Btu's	Seconds for Natural	Seconds for Propane	
130,000	28	69	
180,000	20	50	
240,000	15	37	

7-Heat Exchanger

To Access or Remove Heat Exchanger From Unit:

- 1- Turn off gas and electric power.
- 2- Remove access panel(s) and unit center mullion.
- 3- Remove gas valve, manifold assembly and burners.

- 4- Remove combustion air inducer and flue box cover. Pay careful attention to the order in which gaskets and orifice are removed.
- 5- Support heat exchanger (to prevent it from falling when final screws are removed.)
- 6- Remove screws supporting heat exchanger.
- 7- To install heat exchanger, reverse procedure. Be sure to secure all wires and check plumbing and burner plate for airtight seal. Screws must be torqued to 35 in.-lbs. to ensure proper operation.

8-Flame Sensing

Flame current is an electrical current which passes from the ignition control through the sensor electrode during unit operation. The current passes from the sensor through the flame to the ground electrode (located on the flame electrode) to complete a safety circuit. The electrodes should be located so the tips are at least 1/2" (12.7 mm) inside the flame envelope. Do not bend electrodes. To measure flame current, follow the procedure on the following page:

NOTE-Electrodes are not field adjustable. Any alterations to the electrode may create a hazardous condition that can cause property or personal injury.

- 1- Disconnect power to unit.
- 2- Remove lead from sensing electrode and install a 0-50DC microamp meter in series between the sensing electrode and the sensing lead.
- 3- Reconnect power and adjust thermostat for heating demand.
- 4- When flame is established, microamp reading should be 0.5 to 1.0. Do not bend electrodes. *Drop out signal is .09 or less.*
- 5- Disconnect power to unit before disconnecting meter. Make sure sensor wire is securely reconnected before reconnecting power to unit.

NOTE-If the meter scale reads 0, the leads are reversed. Disconnect power and reconnect leads for proper polarity.

B-Cooling System Service Checks

ZGA/ZGB units are factory charged and require no further adjustment; however, charge should be checked periodically using the approach method. The approach method compares actual liquid temperature with the outdoor ambient temperature. See section IV- CHARGING.

NOTE-When unit is properly charged discharge line pressures should approximate those in tables 8 through 13.

VI-MAINTENANCE

The unit should be inspected once a year by a qualified service technician.

WARNING

Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

The Clean Air Act of 1990 bans the intentional venting of refrigerant (CFC's and HCFC's) as of July 1, 1992. Approved methods of recovery, recycling or reclaiming must be followed. Fines and/or incarceration may be levied for non-compliance.

A-Filters

Units are equipped with 20 X 24 X 2" temporary filters which must be replaced prior to building occupation. Refer to local codes or appropriate jurisdiction for approved filters.

To change filters, open filter access panel on back side of unit. See figure 21. Lift filter stop to remove filters. See figure 22.

Units are shipped from the factory with temporary filters. Replace filters before building is occupied. Damage to unit could result if filters are not replaced with approved filters. Refer to appropriate codes.

Approved filters should be checked monthly and replaced when necessary. Take note of air flow direction marking on filter frame when reinstalling filters. See figure 22.

NOTE-Filters must be U.L.C. certified or equivalent for use in Canada.

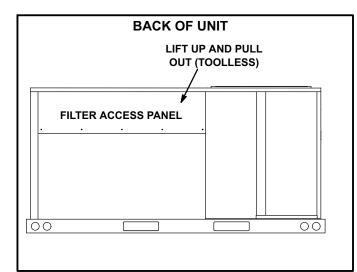


FIGURE 21

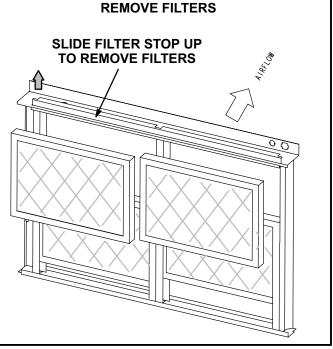


FIGURE 22

B-Lubrication

All motors are lubricated at the factory. No further lubrication is required.

C-Evaporator Coil

Inspect and clean coil at beginning of each cooling season. Clean using mild detergent or commercial coil cleanser. Flush coil and condensate drain with water taking care not to get insulation, filters and return air ducts wet.

D-Burners

Periodically examine burner flames for proper appearance during the heating season. Before each heating season examine the burners for any deposits or blockage which may have occurred.

Clean burners as follows:

- 1- Turn off both electrical power and gas supply to unit.
- 2- Remove burner compartment access panel.
- 3- Remove two screws securing burners to burner support and lift the burners from the orifices. See figure 10. Clean as necessary. **Note -** *Some units have inshot burners and can be removed individually. Some units have a one piece burner cluster and can removed as an assembly.*
- 4- Locate the ignitor under the left burners. Check ignitor spark gap with appropriately sized twist drills or feeler gauges. See figure 13.
- 5- Replace burners and screws securing gas manifold.

Danger of explosion. Can cause injury or death. Do not overtighten main burner mounting screws. Snug tighten only.

- 7- Replace access panel.
- 8- Restore electrical power and gas supply. Follow lighting instructions attached to unit and use inspection port in access panel to check flame.

E-Combustion Air Inducer

A combustion air proving switch checks combustion air inducer operation before allowing heating sequence to continue. The sequence will not be allowed to continue if inducer is obstructed.

The combustion air inducer wheel should be checked and cleaned prior to the heating season. It should be examined periodically during the heating season to establish an ideal cleaning schedule. With power supply disconnected, the condition of the inducer wheel can be determined by removing the vent pipe and inspecting the wheel through the outlet opening.

Clean combustion air inducer as follows:

- 1- Shut off power supply and gas to unit.
- 2- Disconnect pressure switch air tubing from combustion air inducer port.
- 3- Remove and retain screws securing combustion air inducer to flue box. Remove and retain two screws from bracket supporting vent connector. See figure 9.
- 4- Clean inducer wheel blades with a small brush and wipe off any dust from housing. Clean accumulated dust from front of flue box cover.
- 5- Return combustion air inducer motor and vent connector to original location and secure with retained screws. It is recommended that the combustion air inducer gasket be replaced during reassembly.
- 6- Clean combustion air inlet louvers on heat access panel using a small brush.

F-Flue Passageway and Flue Box

- 1- Remove combustion air inducer assembly as described in section D.
- 2- Remove flue box cover. Clean with a wire brush as required.
- 3- Clean tubes with a wire brush.
- 4- Reassemble the unit. The flue box cover gasket and combustion air inducer gasket should also be replaced during reassembly.

G-Condenser Coil

Clean condenser coil annually with water and inspect monthly during the cooling season.

Note - Do not use commercial coil cleaner on the all aluminum coil. Using anything other than water could result in corrosion and/or leaks.

Clean the all-aluminum coil by spraying the coil steadily and uniformly from top to bottom. Do not exceed 900 psi or a 45° angle; nozzle must be at least 12 inches from the coil face. Take care not to fracture the braze between the fins and refrigerant tubes. Reduce pressure and work cautiously to prevent damage.

H-Supply Blower Wheel

Annually inspect supply air blower wheel for accumulated dirt or dust. Turn off power before attempting to remove access panel or to clean blower wheel.

VII-ACCESSORIES

The accessories section describes the application of most of the optional accessories which can be factory or field installed to the ZGA/ZGB units. OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES section (see table of contents) show specific size per unit.

A-Mounting Frames

When installing units on a combustible surface for downflow discharge applications, the Z1CURB roof mounting frame is used. The roof mounting frames are recommended in all other applications but not required. If the ZGA/ZGB units are not mounted on a flat (roof) surface, they MUST be supported under all edges and under the middle of the unit to prevent sagging. The units MUST be mounted level within 1/16" per linear foot or 5mm per meter in any direction.

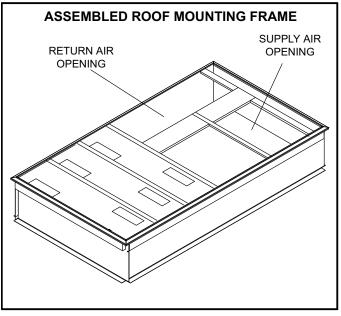
The assembled Z1CURB mounting frame is shown in figure 23. Refer to the roof mounting frame installation instructions for details of proper assembly and mounting. The roof mounting frame MUST be squared to the roof and level before mounting. Plenum system MUST be installed before the unit is set on the mounting frame. Typical roof curbing and flashing is shown in figure 24. Refer to the roof mounting frame installation instructions for proper plenum construction and attachment.

B-Transitions

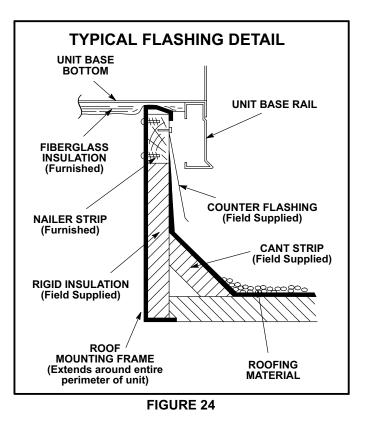
Transitions are field-provided.

C-Supply and Return Diffusers

Optional flush mount diffuser/return FD11 and extended mount diffuser/return RTD11 are available for use with all ZGA/ZGB units. Refer to manufacturer's instructions included with transition for detailed installation procedures.

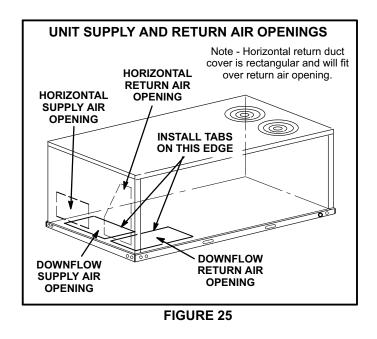


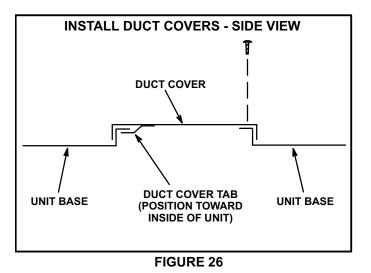




D-Horizontal Air Discharge

Units are shipped ready for downflow air discharge. An additional kit is not required to change the unit to horizontal air discharge. Remove the horizontal duct covers and place over the downflow air openings. See figures 25 and 26.





E- Economizer

(Field or Factory Installed)

NOTE - The following is an example of one economizer used. See Engineering Handbook for other economizers used and refer to the applicable economizer installation instruction for more detail.

Economizers use outdoor air for free cooling when temperature and/or humidity is suitable. See figure 28.

The mixed air temperature sensor (R1) measures the supply air sensible temperature. See figure 27. The outdoor air sensible control is the default economizer control. An outdoor air single sensible sensor, S175, is also provided. See table 16 for outdoor and return air (OA and RA) sensor options. Refer to instructions provided with sensors for installation.

An IAQ sensor is used when demand control ventilation (DCV) is specified. Damper minimum position can be set lower than traditional minimum air requirements resulting in cost savings. The IAQ sensor allows the A6 to open dampers to traditional ventilation requirements as room occupancy (CO_2) increases.

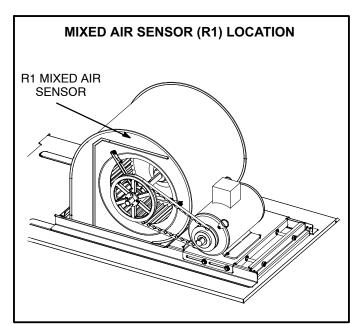
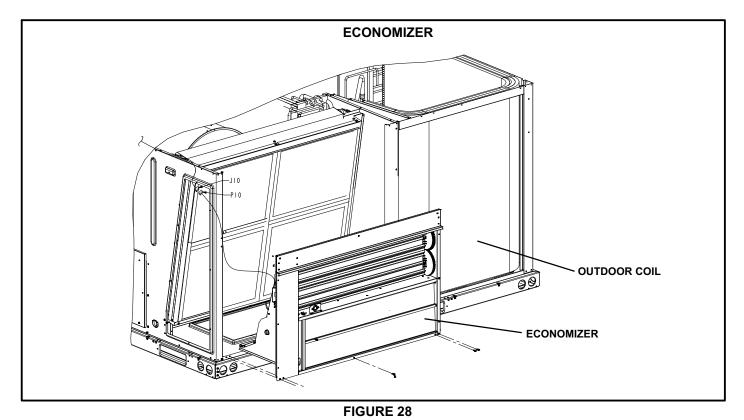


FIGURE 27

TABLE 16

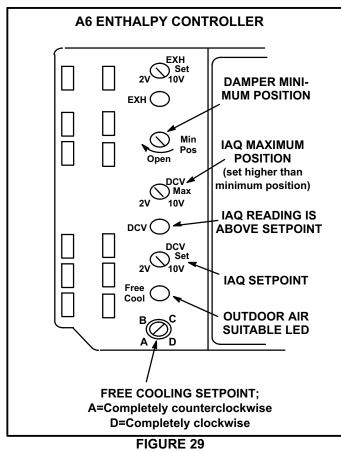
Sensors Dampers will modulate to 55 discharge air (RT6) when	
Single OA Sensible	OA temperature (S175) is lower than free cooling setpoint.
Single OA Sensible	OA temperature and humidity (A7) is lower than free cooling setpoint.
Differential Enthalpy - 1 in OA and 1 in RA	OA temperature and humidity (A7) is lower than RA temperature and humidity (A62).
IAQ Sensor	CO_2 sensed (A63) is higher than CO_2 setpoint.



A6 Enthalpy Control LED'S

A steady green Free Cool LED indicates that outdoor air is suitable for free cooling.

When an optional IAQ sensor is installed, a steady green DCV LED indicates that the IAQ reading is higher than setpoint requiring more fresh air. See figure 29.



Free Cooling Setpoint

Outdoor air is considered suitable when temperature and humidity are less than the free cooling setpoints shown in table 17. Setting A is recommended. See figure 29. At setting A, free cooling will be energized when outdoor air is approximately 73°F (23°C) and 50% relative humidity. If indoor air is too warm or humid, lower the setpoint to B. At setting B, free cooling will be energized at 70°F (21°C) and 50% relative humidity.

When an optional A62 differential sensor is installed, turn A6 enthalpy control free cooling setpoint potentiometer completely clockwise to position "D".

TABLE 17 ENTHALPY CONTROL SETPOINTS

Control Setting	Free Cooling Setpoint At 50% RH
A	73° F (23° C)
В	70° F (21° C)
С	67° F (19° C)
D	63° F (17° C)

Damper Minimum Position

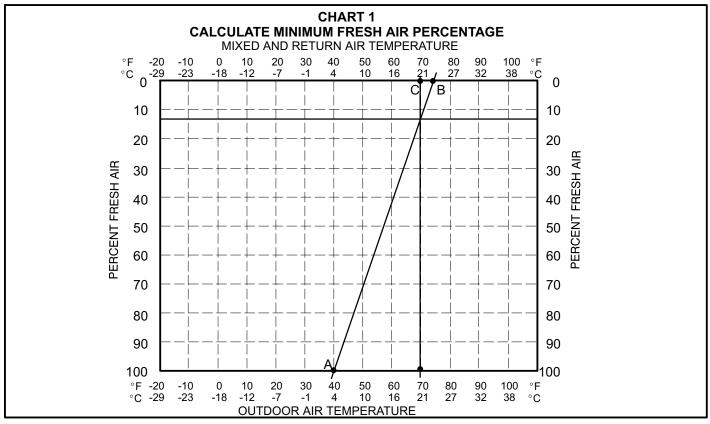
NOTE - A jumper is factory-installed between TB1 R and OC terminals to maintain occupied status (allowing minimum fresh air). When using an electronic thermostat or energy management system with an occupied/unoccupied feature, remove jumper.

1- Set thermostat to occupied mode if the feature is available. Make sure jumper is in place between TB1 terminals R and OC if using a thermostat which does not have the feature. 2- Rotate MIN POS SET potentiometer to approximate desired fresh air percentage.

Note - Damper minimum position can be set lower than traditional minimum air requirements when an IAQ sensor is specified. Dampers will open to DCV MAX setting (if CO2 is above setpoint) to meet traditional ventilation requirements.

- 3- Measure outdoor air temperature. Mark the point on the bottom line of chart 1 and label the point "A" (40°F, 4°C shown).
- 4- Measure return air temperature. Mark that point on the top line of chart 1 and label the point "B" (74°F, 23°C shown).

- 5- Measure mixed air (outdoor and return air) temperature. Mark that point on the top line of chart 1 and label point "C" (70°F, 21°C shown).
- 6- Draw a straight line between points A and B.
- 7- Draw a vertical line through point C.
- 8- Draw a horizontal line where the two lines meet. Read the percent of fresh air intake on the side.
- 9- If fresh air percentage is less than desired, adjust MIN POS SET potentiometer higher. If fresh air percentage is more than desired, adjust MIN POS SET potentiometer lower. Repeat steps 3 through 8 until calculation reads desired fresh air percentage.



DCV Set and Max Settings

Adjust settings when an optional IAQ sensor is installed.

The DCV SET potentiometer is factory-set at approximately 50% of the potentiometer range. Using a standard 1-2000ppm CO₂ sensor, dampers will start to open when the IAQ sensor reads approximately 1000ppm. Adjust the DCV SET potentiometer to the approximate setting specified by the controls contractor. Refer to figure 29.

The DCV MAX potentiometer is factory-set at approximately 50% of the potentiometer range or 6VDC. Dampers will open approximately half way when CO_2 rises above setpoint. Adjust the DCV MAX potentiometer to the approximate setting specified by the controls contractor. Refer to figure 29.

Note - DCV Max must be set higher than economizer minimum position setting for proper demand control ventilation.

Economizer Operation

The occupied time period is determined by the thermostat or energy management system.

Outdoor Air Not Suitable:

During the unoccupied time period dampers are closed.

During the occupied time period a cooling demand will open dampers to minimum position and mechanical cooling functions normally.

During the occupied time period dampers will open to DCV MAX when IAQ reading is above setpoint (regardless of thermostat demand or outdoor air suitability).

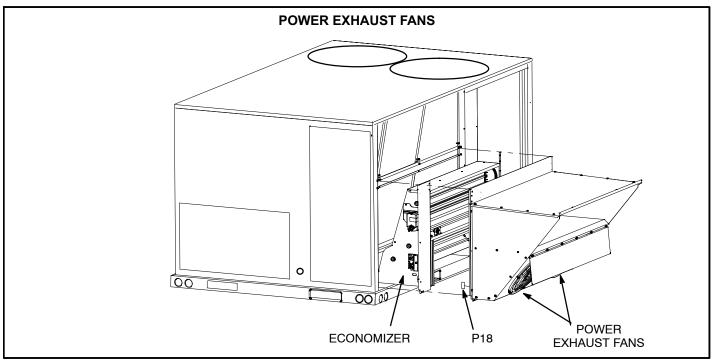
Outdoor Air Suitable:

See table 18 for economizer operation with a standard twostage thermostat. During the occupied period, dampers will open to DCV MAX when IAQ reading is above setpoint (regardless of thermostat demand or outdoor air suitability). DCV MAX will NOT override damper full-open position. When an R1 mixed air sensor for modulating dampers is installed, DCV MAX may override damper free cooling position when occupancy is high and outdoor air temperatures are low. If R1 senses discharge air temperature below $45^{\circ}F$ (7°C), dampers will move to minimum position until discharge air temperature rises to $48^{\circ}F$ (9°C).

TABLE 18
ECONOMIZER OPERATION - OUTDOOR AIR IS SUITABLE FOR FREE COOLING FREE COOL LED "ON"

THERMOSTAT DEMAND	DAMPER POSITION		MECHANICAL COOLING
THERIMOSTAT DEMAND	UNOCCUPIED	OCCUPIED	MECHANICAL COOLING
OFF	CLOSED	CLOSED	NO
G	CLOSED	MINIMUM	NO
Y1	OPEN*	OPEN*	NO
Y2	OPEN*	OPEN*	STAGE 1

* Dampers will open to maintain 55°F (13°C) supply air when an R1 mixed air sensor is installed.





F-Power Exhaust Fan

The power exhaust fan (PEF) requires an optional gravity exhaust damper and economizer and is used in downflow applications only. See figure 30. The PEF provides exhaust air pressure relief and also runs when return air dampers are closed and the supply air blower is operating. See installation instructions for more detail.

Power Exhaust Setpoint Adjustment

Locate the A6 enthalpy control in the control area. The EXH SET potentiometer is factory-set at approximately 50% of the dial range. See figure 31. Power exhaust fans will be energized 30 seconds after dampers are 50% open. Adjust the EXH SET potentiometer higher (clockwise toward 10V) to energize fans when dampers are further open. Adjust the EXH SET potentiometer lower (counterclockwise toward 2V) to energize fans when dampers are further closed. (Thirty-second delay allows dampers to partially open before exhaust fan starts.)

G-LP / Propane Kit

ZGA/ZGB092/150 units require a natural to LP /propane kit. The kit includes one LP spring conversion kit, up to eleven burner orifices and three stickers. For more detail refer to the natural to LP gas changeover kit installation instructions.

H-Drain Pan Overflow Switch S149 (optional)

The overflow switch is used to interrupt cooling operation when excessive condensate collects in the drain pan. The N.O. overflow switch is controlled by K220 and DL46 relays, located in the unit control panel. When the overflow switch closes, 24VAC power is interrupted and after a fivesecond delay unit compressors are de-energized. Once the condensate level drops below the set level, the switch will open. After a five-minute delay the compressor will be energized.

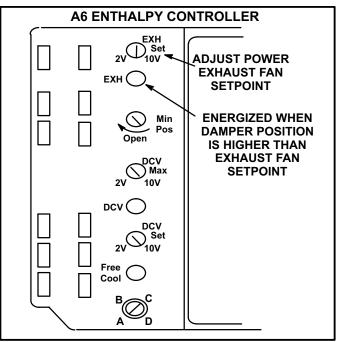
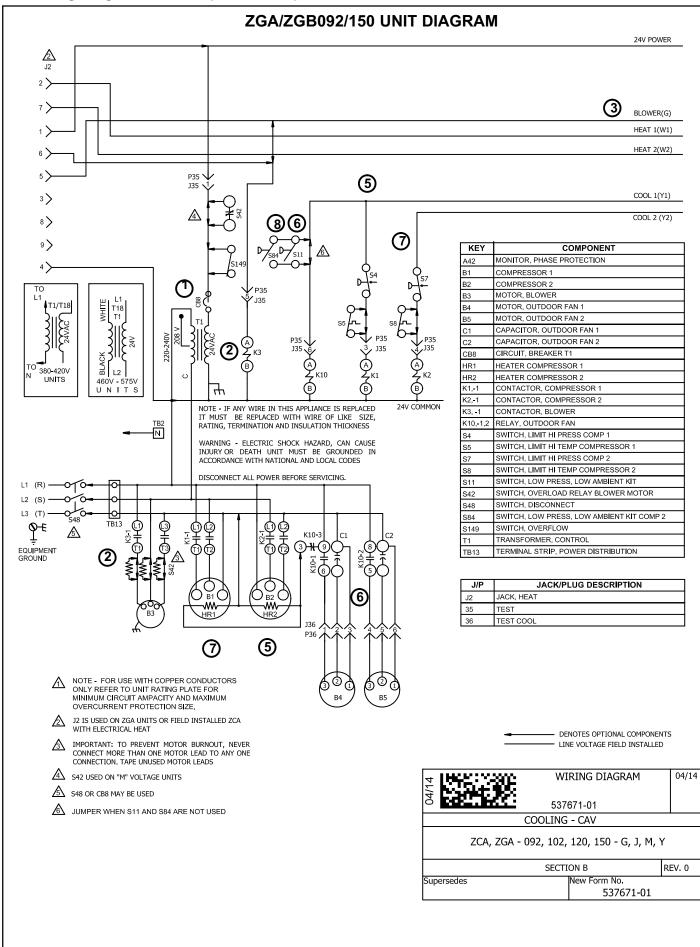


FIGURE 31



ZGA/ZGB092/150 Sequence of Operation

Power:

1- Line voltage from unit disconnect energizes transformer T1. T1 provides 24VAC power to terminal strip TB1. TB1 provides 24VAC to the unit cooling, heating and blower controls.

Blower Operation:

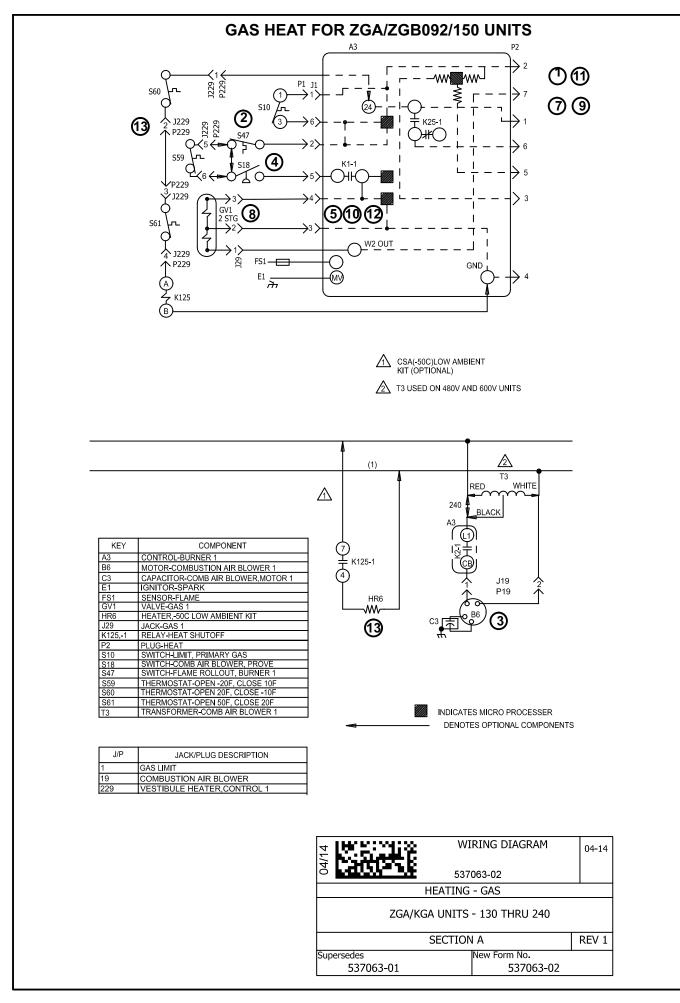
 Indoor thermostat terminal G energizes blower contactor K3 with 24VAC. N.O. K3 closes, energizing blower B3.

1st Stage Cooling (compressor B1)

- 3- First stage cooling demand Y1 and G are energized by the thermostat. G energizes blower. 24VAC is routed through TB1 passing N.C. high pressure switch S4. Compressor contactor K1 is energized. N.O. contacts K1 close energizing compressor B1.
- 4- Optional N.O. low ambient switch S11 closes to energize condenser fan relay K10. N.O. contacts K10-1 and K10-2 close energizing condenser fans B4 and B5. N.C. contacts K10-3 open de-energizing crankcase heaters HR1 and HR2.

2nd Stage Cooling (compressor B2 is energized)

- 5- 24VAC is routed through TB1 and proves N.C. high pressure switch S7. Compressor contactor K2 is energized. N.O. K2 contacts close energizing compressor B2.
- 6- Optional N.O. low ambient switch S84 closes to energizing condenser fan relay K10. N.O. contacts K10-1 and K10-2 close energizing condenser fans B4 and B5. N.C. contacts K10-3 open de-energizing crankcase heaters HR1 and HR2.



GAS HEAT SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

First Stage Heat:

- 1- The thermostat initiates W1 heating demand.
- 2- 24VAC is routed from TB1 to ignition control A3 through P2. A3 proves N.C. primary limit S10 and N.C. rollout switch S47.
- 3- Combustion air inducer blower B6 is energized.
- 4- After the combustion air inducer B6 has reached full speed, the combustion air proving switch S18 contacts close.
- 5- After a 30 second delay, A3 energizes the ignitor and LO terminal (low fire) of gas valve GV1.

Second Stage Heat:

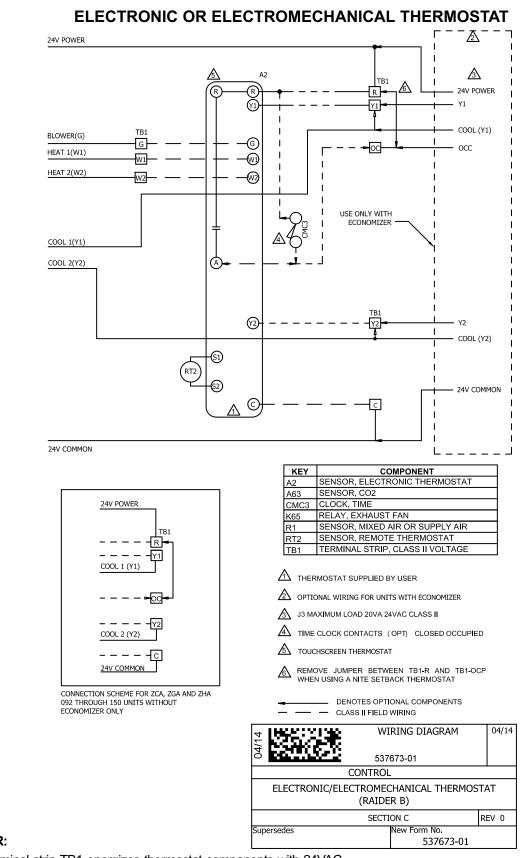
- 6- With first stage heat operating, an additional heating demand from the thermostat initiates W2.
- 7- A second stage heating demand is received by TB1. The second stage heat signal passes from TB1 to A3.
- 8- A3 energizes HI terminal (high fire) of gas valve GV1.

End of Second Stage Heat:

- 9- Heating demand is satisfied. Terminal W2 (high fire) is de-energized.
- 10- Terminal HI of GV1 is de-energized by A3 control module.

End of First Stage Heat:

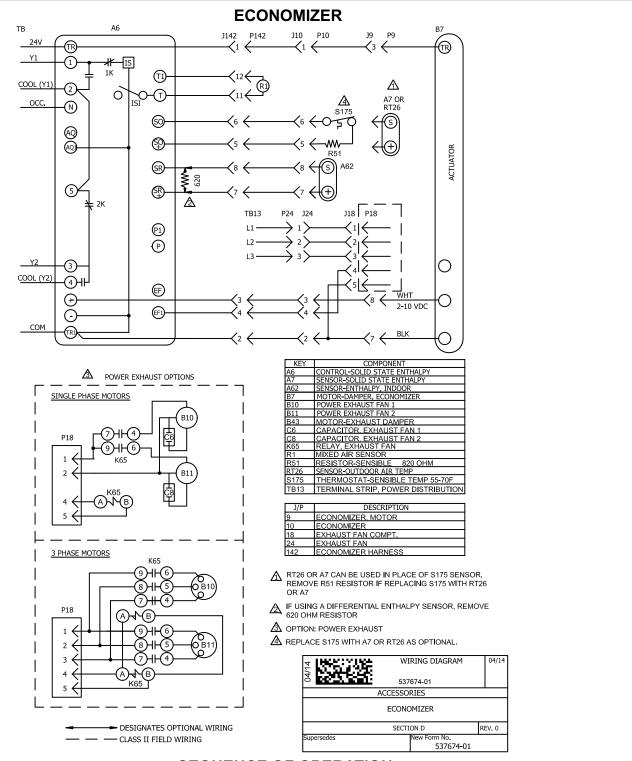
- 11- Heating demand is satisfied. Terminal W1 (low fire) is de-energized.
- 12- Ignition A3 is de-energized in turn de-energizing terminal LO of GV1.



POWER:

1- Terminal strip TB1 energizes thermostat components with 24VAC. **OPERATION:**

2- TB1 receives data from the electronic thermostat A2 (Y1, Y2, W1, W2, G, OCP). The 24VAC signal from TB1 energizes the appropriate components for heat or cool demand.



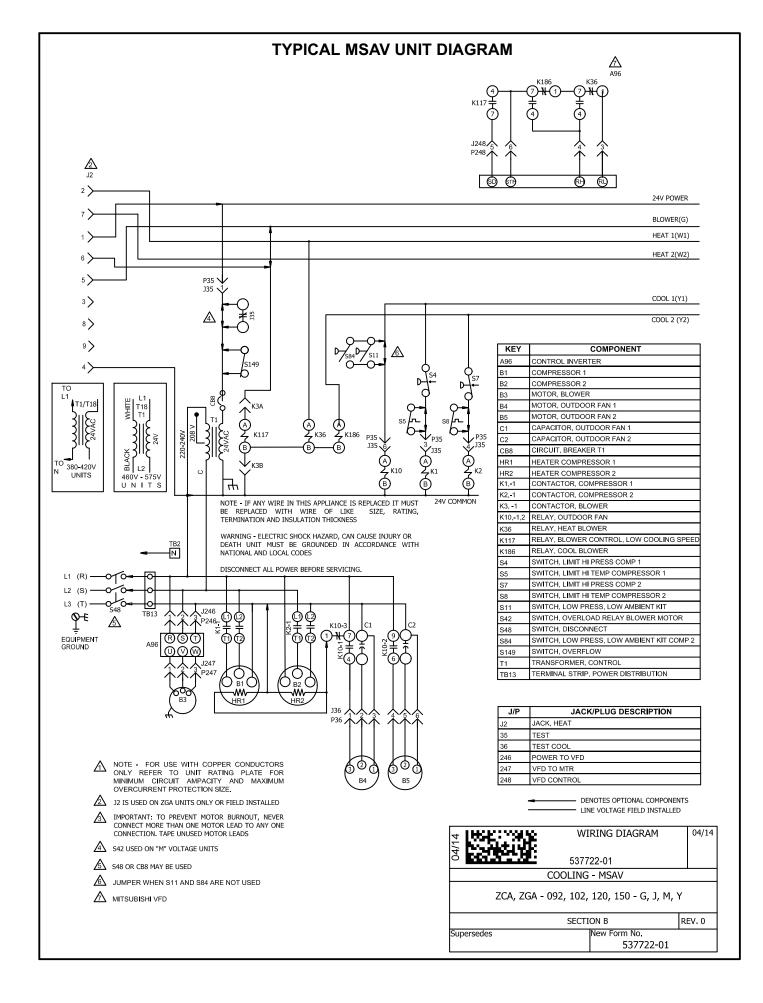
SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

POWER:

1- Terminal strip TB1 energizes the economizer components with 24VAC.

OPERATION:

- 2- Enthalpy sensor A7 and A62 (if differential enthalpy is used) communicates to the economizer control module A6 when to power the damper motor B7.
- 3- Economizer control module A6 supplies B7 with 0 10 VDC to control the positioning of economizer.
- 4- The damper actuator provides 2 to 10 VDC position feedback.



MSAV BLOWER OPERATION

G Blower Demand:

- 1- 24VAC is routed through J/P2-5 to the A3 ignition control.
- 2- When heating proves, 24VAC is routed from A3 ignition control, through J/P2-6 and K117 relay is energized. K117 N.O. contacts close and 24VAC is routed through K186 and K36 N.C. contacts to A96 inverter terminal RL. Blower operates in low speed.

Y1 Cooling Demand:

1- Blower demand initiates low speed in the same manner as G Blower Demand.

Y2 Cooling Demand:

1- K186 relay is energized and K186 N.O. contacts close.

2- The blower demand closes K117 N.O. contacts. 24VAC is routed through K117 and K186 closed contacts to A96 inverter terminal RH. Blower operates in high speed.

W1 Heating Demand:

 K36 relay is energized and K36 N.O. contacts close. The blower demand closes K117 N.O. contacts. 24VAC is routed through K117 and K36 closed contacts to A96 inverter terminal RH. Blower operates in high speed.

W2 Heating Demand:

- 1- K36 relay is energized and K36 N.O. contacts close.
- 2- The blower demand closes K117 N.O. contacts. 24VAC is routed through K117 and K36 closed contacts to A96 inverter terminal RH. Blower operates in high speed.