UNIT INFORMATION

Corp. 1606-L11

Service Literature

LCH SERIES 3 to 6 ton 7 to 21 kW

Ultra High Efficiency LCH036U through 074U

LCH036U, 048U, 060U, and 074U are ultra high efficiency packaged units equipped with variable speed direct drive blowers, an inverter-driven variable speed compressor, and a variable speed outdoor fan.

Optional electric heat is factory or field installed . Electric heat operates in single stage depending on the kW input size. 7.5kW through 22.5 kW heat sections are available for the LCH unit.

Information contained in this manual is intended for use by qualified service technicians only. All specifications are subject to change. Procedures outlined in this manual are presented as a recommendation only and do not supersede or replace local or state codes.

If the unit must be lifted for service, rig unit by attaching four cables to the holes located in the unit base rail (two holes at each corner). Refer to the installation instructions for the proper rigging technique.

AWARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional installer (or equivalent) or service agency.

AIMPORTANT

The Clean Air Act of 1990 bans the intentional venting of refrigerant (CFC's and HCFC's) as of July 1, 1992. Approved methods of recovery, recycling or reclaiming must be followed. Fines and/or incarceration may be levied for non-compliance.

Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.



As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.



Electrostatic discharge can affect electronic components. Take precautions to neutralize electrostatic charge by touching your hand and tools to metal prior to handling the control.

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D Technical Publications

Itom	Model	Catalog		U	nit	
Item	Number	Number	036	048	060	074
COOLING SYSTEM						
Condensate Drain Trap PVC - 0	C1TRAP20AD2	76W26	OX	OX	OX	OX
Copper - (C1TRAP10AD2	76W27	OX	OX	OX	OX
Drain Pan Overflow Switch E	E1SNSR71AD1	68W88	OX	OX	OX	OX
Service Valves		Factory	0	0	0	0
BLOWER - SUPPLY AIR						
Motors Direct	t Drive - 0.50 hp	Factory	0			
Direct	t Drive - 0.75 hp	Factory		0		
Dir	rect Drive - 1 hp	Factory			0	0
CABINET						
Combination Coil/Hail Guards	C1GARD51AT1	13T03	Х	Х	Х	Х
Corrosion Protection (indoor coil / outdoor coil)		Factory	0	0	0	0
CONTROLS						
Commercial Controls CPC Eins	stein Integration	Factory	0	0	0	0
Prodigy® Control System - BACnet® Module - C	OCTRL60AE1L	59W51	OX	OX	OX	OX
Prodigy® Control System - LonTalk® Module -	C0CTRL65FF1	54W27	OX	OX	OX	OX
Novar [®] 2051 -	C0CTRL40AA1	14U39	OX	OX	OX	OX
	Novar [®] LSE	Factory	0	0	0	0
L Connection [®] Building Auto	omation System		Х	Х	Х	Х
Dirty Filter Switch	E1SNSR55AP1	53W66	OX	OX	OX	OX
General Purpose Control Kit	E1GPBK30C1	13J78	Х	Х	Х	Х
Fresh Air Tempering 0	C1SNSR75AD1	58W63	OX	OX	OX	OX
Smoke Detector - Supply or Return (Power board and one sensor)	C1SNSR44AP1	53W78	OX	OX	OX	OX
Smoke Detector - Supply and Return (Power board and two sensors)	C1SNSR43AP1	53W79	OX	OX	OX	OX
ELECTRICAL						
Voltage 60 hz 208/	/230V - 3 phase	Factory	0	0	0	0
	460V - 3 phase	Factory	0	0	0	0
HACR Circuit Breakers		Factory	0	0	0	0
•	C2DISC080NH1	20W24	OX	OX	OX	OX
(See Electrical / Electric Heat Tables for selection) 150 amp - T	T2DISC150NH1	20W25		OX	OX	OX
GFI Service Outlets 15 amp non-powered, field-wired	I LTAGFIK10/15	74M70	OX	OX	OX	OX
Weatherproof Cover for GFI	C1GFCI99FF1	10C89	Х	Х	Х	Х

NOTE - Catalog and model numbers shown are for ordering field installed accessories. OX - Configure To Order (Factory Installed) or Field Installed O = Configure To Order (Factory Installed) X = Field Installed

OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES							
ltem		Model	Catalog		U	nit	
Item		Number	Number	036	048	060	074
ELECTRIC HEAT							
7.5 kW	208/230V-3p	h - E1EH0075AN1Y	46W31	OX	OX	OX	OX
	460V-3p	h - E1EH0075AN1G	46W35	OX	OX	OX	OX
15 kW	208/230V-3p	h - E1EH0150AN1Y	46W32	OX	OX	OX	OX
	460V-3p	h - E1EH0150AN1G	46W36	OX	OX	OX	OX
22.5 kW	208/230V-3	3ph - E1EH0225N1Y	46W33			OX	OX
	460V-3	ph - E1EH0225N1G	46W37			OX	OX
SCR (Silicon Controlled Rectifier) Electric Heat Co	ontrol		Factory	0	0	0	0
Thermostat (required)			Y9682	Х	Х	Х	Х
Duct Sensor (required)			Y9683	Х	Х	Х	Х
ECONOMIZER							
Standard Economizer With Outdoor Air Hood (Sen	sible Control) (No	ot for Title 24)					
Standard Economizer - Includes Barometric Relief and Exhaust Hood	Dampers	E1ECON30A-2-	90W59	OX	OX	OX	ОХ
Standard Economizer - Includes Barometric Relief Exhaust Hood and Power Exhaust	Dampers and		Factory	0	0	0	0
Standard Economizer - No Exhaust Option			Factory	0	0	0	0
High Performance Economizer With Outdoor Air H (Approved for California Title 24 Building Standard							
High Performance Economizer - Includes Baromet Dampers and Exhaust Hood	tric Relief	E1ECON17A-1	10U54	OX	OX	OX	OX
Economizer Accessories							
Horizontal Economizer Conversion Kit		T1HECK00AN1	17W45	Х	Х	Х	Х
Economizer Controls							
Differential Enthalpy (Not for Title 24)	Orde	r 2 - C1SNSR64FF1	53W64	OX	OX	OX	OX
Sensible Control		Sensor is Furnished	Factory	0	0	0	0
Single Enthalpy (Not for Title 24)		C1SNSR64FF1	53W64	OX	OX	OX	OX
Global Control	Se	ensor Field Provided	Factory	0	0	0	0
Building Pressure Control		E1GPBK10C1	13J77	Х	Х	Х	Х
Outdoor Air CFM Control		E1GPBK20C1	13J76	Х	Х	Х	Х
OUTDOOR AIR							
Outdoor Air Dampers With Outdoor Air Hood							
Motorized		C1DAMP21A-1	15D17	OX	OX	OX	OX
Manual		C1DAMP11A-2	15D18	OX	OX	OX	OX
POWER EXHAUST FAN (DOWNFLOW ON	LY)						
Standard Static	208/230V-3ph	- C1PWRE10A-1P	79W87	OX	OX	OX	OX
Note: Factory installed Power Exhaust Fan includes Exhaust Hood. Barometric Relief Dampers without Exhaust Hood are required (order separately).	460V-3pl	h - C1PWRE10A-1G	79W88	OX	OX	OX	OX
Note: Field installed Power Exhaust Fans do not include Exhaust Hood. Barometric Relief Dampers with Exhaust Hood are required (order separately). NOTE - Catalog and model numbers shown are for ordering field	d installed accounting						

NOTE - Catalog and model numbers shown are for ordering field installed accessories. OX - Configure To Order (Factory Installed) or Field Installed O = Configure To Order (Factory Installed) X = Field Installed

OPTIONS / ACCESSORIES							
Item		Model	Catalog		U	nit	
		Number	Number	036	048	060	074
BAROMETRIC RELIEF				[
¹ Barometric Relief Dampers with Exhaust	Hood	C1DAMP50A-1-	74W38	Х	Х	Х	Х
² Barometric Relief Dampers without Exha	ust Hood	C1DAMP50A-2-	72W89	Х	Х	Х	Х
INDOOR AIR QUALITY							
Air Filters							
Healthy Climate [®] High Efficiency Air	MERV 8 (20 x 20 x	2 in.) - C1FLTR15D-1-	54W21	OX	OX	OX	OX
Filters Order 4 per unit	MERV 13 (20 x 20 x	2 in.) - C1FLTR40D-1-	52W39	OX	OX	OX	OX
Replaceable Media Filter With Metal Mesh Frame (includes non-pleated filter media)	20 x 20 x 2 in. (O	rder 4) - K1FLTR30A-2	44N60	OX	OX	OX	OX
Indoor Air Quality (CO ₂) Sensors							
Sensor - Wall-mount, off-white plastic cove	er with LCD display	C0SNSR50AE1L	77N39	Х	Х	Х	Х
Sensor - Wall-mount, off-white plastic cove	er, no display	C0SNSR52AE1L	87N53	Х	Х	Х	Х
Sensor - Black plastic case with LCD disp mounting	lay, rated for plenum	C0SNSR51AE1L	87N52	Х	Х	Х	Х
Sensor - Wall-mount, black plastic case, n plenum mounting	o display, rated for	C0MISC19AE1	87N54	Х	Х	Х	Х
CO ₂ Sensor Duct Mounting Kit - for downf	low applications	C0MISC19AE1-	85L43	Х	Х	Х	Х
Aspiration Box - for duct mounting non-ple sensors (87N53 or 77N39)	enum rated CO ₂	C0MISC16AE1-	90N43	Х	Х	Х	Х
UVC Germicidal Lamps							
³ Healthy Climate [®] UVC Light Kit (208/230	V-1ph)	C1UVCL10AN1-	50W90	OX	OX	OX	OX
ROOF CURBS							
Hybrid Roof Curbs, Downflow							
8 in. height		C1CURB70A-1	11F50	Х	Х	Х	Х
14 in. height		C1CURB71A-1	11F51	Х	Х	Х	Х
18 in. height		C1CURB72A-1	11F52	Х	Х	Х	Х
24 in. height		C1CURB73A-1	11F53	Х	Х	Х	Х
Adjustable Pitched Curb				•			
14 in. height		C1CURB55AT1	43W27	Х	Х	Х	Х
Transition Curb							
Matches Energence [®] 036-074 Units to exi	sting L Series [®] Curbs	E1CURB60A-1	20W06	Х	Х	Х	Х
CEILING DIFFUSERS							
Step-Down - Order one		RTD11-95S	13K61	Х	Х	Х	Х
Flush - Order one		FD11-95S	13K56	Х	Х	Х	Х
Transitions (Supply and Return) - Order of	ne	T1TRAN20N-1	17W54	Х	Х	Х	Х
1 Pequired when Economizer is factory installed (no o	where the entire and in stall	ad Dewer Exhaust Fee ention					

¹ Required when Economizer is factory installed (no exhaust option) with field installed Power Exhaust Fan option.

² Required when Economizer is factory installed with factory installed Power Exhaust Fan option.

³ Lamps operate on 110-230V single-phase power supply. Step-down transformer may be ordered separately for 460V units. Alternately, 110V power supply may be used to directly power the UVC ballast(s)

NOTE - Catalog and model numbers shown are for ordering field installed accessories. OX - Configure To Order (Factory Installed) or Field Installed O = Configure To Order (Factory Installed)

X = Field Installed

SPECIFICATI	ONS				
General Data	Nominal Tonnage	3 Ton	4 Ton	5 Ton	6 Ton
	Model Number	LCH036U4E	LCH048U4E	LCH060U4E	LCH074U4E
	Efficiency Type	Ultra	Ultra	Ultra	Ultra
	Blower Type	MSAV (Multi-Stage Air Volume) Direct Drive	MSAV (Multi-Stage Air Volume) Direct Drive	MSAV (Multi-Stage Air Volume) Direct Drive	MSAV (Multi-Stage Air Volume) Direct Drive
Cooling	Gross Cooling Capacity - Btuh	35,300	48,500	59,500	72,000
Performance	¹ Net Cooling Capacity - Btuh	34,500	47,000	58,000	70,000
	AHRI Rated Air Flow - cfm	1200	1550	1800	2050
	Total Unit Power - kW	2.3	3.4	4.5	5.8
	SEER (Btuh/Watt) - 208/230V-3ph	1 23.5	¹ 21.0	¹ 20.0	
	SEER (Btuh/Watt) - 460V-3ph	¹ 22.5	¹ 20.2	¹ 19.5	
	EER (Btuh/Watt) - 208/230V-3ph	¹ 15.0	¹ 14.0	¹ 13.0	² 12.0
	EER (Btuh/Watt) - 460V-3ph	¹ 14.5	¹ 13.7	¹ 12.5	² 12.0
	IEER (Btuh/Watt) - 208/230V-3ph				² 22.0
	IEER (Btuh/Watt) - 460V-3ph				² 22.0
AHRI Reference	e No. 208/230V-3 ph	8935239	8931551	8931553	00000010
	460V-3 ph	8935240	8931552	8931554	202089010
Refrigerant Cha	arge Refrigerant Type	R-410A	R-410A	R-410A	R-410A
		17 lbs. 0 oz.	17 lbs. 0 oz.	16 lbs. 11 oz.	16 lbs. 11 oz.
Electric Heat Av	vailable - Page 9	7.5 and 15 kW	7.5 and 15 kW	7.5, 15 and 22.5 kW	7.5, 15 and 22.5 kW
Compressor Ty	rpe (number)	Variable Capacity Scroll (1)	Variable Capacity Scroll (1)	Variable Capacity Scroll (1)	Variable Capacity Scroll (1)
Outdoor Coil	Net face area (total) - sq. ft.	19.3	19.3	19.3	19.3
	Tube diameter - in.	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8
	Number of rows	2	2	2	2
	Fins per inch	20	20	20	20
Outdoor Coil	Motor - (No.) horsepower	(1) 1/3 (ECM)	(1) 1/3 (ECM)	(1) 1/3 (ECM)	(1) 1/3 (ECM)
Fan	Motor rpm	550 - 850	600 - 900	700 - 950	700 - 1050
	Total Motor Input - watts	50 - 200	80 - 236	120 - 272	120 - 360
	Diameter - (No.) in.	(1) 24	(1) 24	(1) 24	(1) 24
	Number of blades	3	3	3	3
	Total air volume - cfm	2500 - 3850	2750 - 4100	3200 - 4300	3200 - 4700
Indoor	Net face area (total) - sq. ft.	9.72	9.72	9.72	9.72
Coil	Tube diameter - in.	3/8	3/8	3/8	3/8
	Number of rows	3	3	4	4
	Fins per inch	14	14	14	14
	Drain connection (Number) and size - in.	1 in. NPT coupling			
	Expansion device type		Balance port TXV	, removable head	
³ Indoor	Nominal motor HP	0.50 (ECM)	0.75 (ECM)	1 (ECM)	1 (ECM)
Blower	Blower wheel nominal diameter x width - in.	(1) 10 x 10	(1) 10 x 10	(1) 11 x 10	(1) 11 x 10
Filters	Type of filter		Dispo	sable	
	Number and size - in.	(4) 20 x 20 x 2			
Electrical chara	acteristics		208/230V or 460	/ - 60 hz -3 phase	

NOTE - Net capacity includes evaporator blower motor heat deduction. Gross capacity does not include evaporator blower motor heat deduction.

1.2 AHRI Certified to AHRI Standard ¹ 210/240 or ² 340/360: 95°F outdoor air temperature and 80°F db/67°F wb entering evaporator air; minimum external duct static pressure.

² Using total air volume and system static pressure requirements determine from blower performance tables rpm and motor output required. Maximum usable output of motors furnished are shown. In Canada, nominal motor output is also maximum usable motor output. If motors of comparable output are used, be sure to keep within the service factor limitations outlined on the motor nameplate.

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036 DIRECT DRIVE BLOWER - BASE UNIT

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD: 1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.). 2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.).

See Page 9 for blower motors and drives and wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data.

												,																	
External													Perce	∋ntage	of Total	Percentage of Total Motor Torque	Torque												
Static		10%			20%			30%			40%		Ŭ.	50%		6	60%		70	70%		80%			%06			100%	
in. w.g.	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm /	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM 0	Cfm W	Watts R	RPM C	Cfm Wa	Watts RF	RPM Cfm	<u> </u>	Watts RPM	M Cfm	n Watts	s RPM	M Cfm	Natts	s RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM
0.1	459	29	380	698	47	414	903	76	475 `	1069	110	539 1	1224 1	153 5	598 1	1374 1	195 63	632 1500		248 677	7 1617	7 312	723	3 1729	9 375	763	1821	447	803
0.2	357	32	464	596	55	520	828	86	563	1023	120		1180 1	165 6	634 1:	1331 2	210 68	685 1461		264 727	7 1590	0 325	757	7 1704	4 387	796	1796	460	835
0.3	255	36	554	521	61	596	772	94	607	977	130	654 1	1137 1	177 7	706 1:	1302 2	220 72	720 1435		274 776	6 1550	0 344	808	3 1666	3 406	843	1772	473	866
0.4	166	39	637	445	67	669	716	102	694	916	143	728 1	1108 1	185 7	740 1:	1258 23	235 77	772 1397	<u> </u>	289 808	3 1523	3 356	841	1641	1 417	874	1735	492	911
0.5	:	:	:	369	72	739	661	111	759	869	153	782 1	1050 2	200 8	807 1:	1214 2.	249 82	822 1358		304 855	5 1483	3 372	889	9 1603	3 434	919	1710	504	940
0.6	;	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	823	162	834 1	1006 2	212 8	856 1	1171 20	262 87	872 1319		318 900	0 1456	6 383	920	1565	5 450	962	1674	521	983
2.0 Pa	;	:	:	;	:	:	;	:	:	762	175	901	963 2	223 9	903 1	1127 2	275 92	920 1280		331 944	4 1416	6 398	996	3 1540	9 460	991	1637	536	1024
e e age	;	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	716	184	950	905 2	237 9	964 10	1083 28	287 96	968 1241		344 986	3 1376	6 412	1011	1 1502	2 474	1032	1612	546	1050
6 ^{.0}	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	670	193	997 8	862 2	247 10	1007 10	1040 29	299 10	1014 1202		356 1027	7 1336	6 425	1054	4 1464	1 488	1072	1576	560	1088
1.0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	623	202	1043 8	818 2	257 10	1049 9	981 3	314 10	1074 1151	51 371	71 1079	9 1296	6 437	1095	5 1426	501	1110	1539	573	1125
1.1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	•	:	6	938 33	325 11	1118 1112		382 1117	7 1256	6 447	1135	5 1388	3 513	1147	1490	589	1171
1.2	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:			•	-	•	-	•	:	- 1215	5 457	1174	4 1344	4 526	1188	1453	600	1204
HORIZONTA	ONTAL	_ 1																											
External													Perce	sntage	of Total	Percentage of Total Motor Torque	Torque												
Static		10%			20%			30%			40%		ŭ	50%		6	60%		70	70%		80%			%06			100%	
in. w.g.	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm /	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm W	Watts R	RPM C	Cfm Wa	Watts RF	RPM Cfm		Watts RPM	M Cfm	n Watts	s RPM	M Cfm	Natts	s RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM
0.1	432	29	395	674	49	443	882	79	511	1053	115	567 1	1211 1	156 6	617 1	1334 2	205 67	676 1463		260 725	5 1583	3 322	769	9 1692	2 391	813	1791	466	852
0.2	334	32	479	581	56	537	822	87	582	1021	122	609 1	1178 1	165 6	659 1:	1308 2	215 7'	712 1439		270 758	8 1560	0 333	801	1 1670	0 402	843	1771	477	877
0.3	217	36	578	517	61	603	763	96	651	953	137	696 1	1128 1	179 7	720 1:	1265 2	230 76	768 1400		286 809	9 1522	2 350	850	1634	4 420	888	1737	494	920
0.4	149	39	636	436	68	684	703	105	719	918	145	738 1	1079 1	193 7	781 1:	1237 2:	239 80	805 1374	74 297	97 842	2 1498	8 361	881	1611	1 431	917	1714	505	947
0.5				372	73	749	644	114	786	867	155	799 1	1046 2	201 8	820 1	1194 2	254 85	858 1335		312 891	1 1460	0 377	927	7 1576	3 447	960	1680	521	987
0.6										816	166	858 9	997 2	214 8	879 1	1152 20	267 90	909 1296		326 938	3 1435	5 387	957	7 1552	2 457	987	1645	536	1026
0.7					:					765	176	915 9	948 2	227 9	936 1	1109 28	280 95	959 1257		339 983	3 1398	8 401	1000	0 1517	7 471	1026	1611	550	1063
0.8		:		:	:	:	:	:	:	714	185	970	915 2	235 9	974 10	1081 24	288 99	991 1231		348 1013	3 1360	0 415	1041	1 1482	2 484	1064	1588	558	1087
0.9					:					663	194 1	1022 8	866 2	247 10	1030 10	1024 30	304 10	1052 1179		364 1070	0 1322	2 427	1081	1 1434	t 500	1112	1542	575	1133
1.0					:					611	203 1	1073 8	816 2	259 10	1085 9	981 3	315 10	1096 1140		376 1112	2 1285	5 438	1118	8 1399	9 511	1146	1508	586	1165
1.1	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	•	:		939 3.	325 11	1138 1101		387 1152	2 1235	5 452	1166	6 1364	4 521	1178	1474	596	1197
1.2	;	;	;	:	:	;	:	:	;	:	:		•	:	:	'	-	:	:	:	- 1198	8 461	1200	0 1323	3 532	1214	1439	606	1227

BLOWER DATA - DIRECT DRIVE - 4 TON

048 DIRECT DRIVE BLOWER - BASE UNIT

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

1 - Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.).

2 - Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.)

See Page 9 for blower motors and drives and wet coil and options/accessory air resistance data.

DOWN	DOWNFLOW																												
External													Perc	entage	Percentage of Total Motor Torque	Motor	Torque												
Static Press.		10%			20%			30%			40%		5	50%		9	%09		20%	%		80%			%06			100%	
in. w.g.	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts F	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts F	RPM	Cfm	Watts R	RPM C	Cfm Wa	Watts RP	RPM Cfm	m Watts	tts RPM	M Cfm	n Watts	s RPM	l Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM
0.1	682	46	420	894	, 67	499	1148	131	579 1	1366	192 (651 1	1551 2	268 7	726 17	1725 3.	348 781	31 1885	85 445	5 840	0 2031	1 550	893	2165	699	950	2290	790	993
0.2	583	52	510	836	87 5	562	1105	142	635 1	1329	204 (697 1	1530 2	279 7	756 16	1695 3	368 827	27 1856	56 466	6 883	3 2006	3 567	925	2149	683	972	2271	813	1023
0.3	484	59	601	778	96 (629	1062	152	688 1	1292	217	744 1	1500 2	294 8	800 16	1675 3	380 856	56 1837	37 479	9 910	0 1981	1 585	958	2125	704	1005	2252	834	1051
0.4	410	64	666	720	105 (697	1019	162	739 1	1255	231	792 1	1469 3	309 8	841 16	1645 3	397 89	898 1808	08 498	8 950	0 1956	5 603	992	2100	723	1036	2233	851	1076
0.5		:	;	662	114	764	961	176	805 1	1218	244 8	840 1	1428 3	327 8	895 16	1615 4	414 937	37 1780	80 515	5 987	7 1931	1 622	1025	5 2076	741	1066	2205	874	1111
0.6	;	:	;	;	:	:	:	:		1182	257 8	887 1	1398 3	341 9	934 15	1585 4:	429 974	74 1751	51 532	2 1022	2 1906	641	1058	3 2052	2 758	1095	2186	886	1131
0.7	:			:	:				1	1145	270 9	933 1	1367 3	354 9	972 15	1555 4.	443 100	1009 1722	22 548	8 1056	6 1874	4 663	1098	3 2028	3 774	1122	2148	903	1167
8.0 D	:		:	:	:				1	1096	287 (992 1	1326 3	372 1	1021 15	1515 4	462 105	1056 1693	93 564	4 1090	0 1850	679 (1129	1996	792	1157	2111	913	1196
6.0 0.0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		1047	302 1	1047 1	1296 3	385 1	1058 14	1485 4	476 1090	90 1664	34 579	9 1123	3 1824	4 693	1157	7 1963	807	1188	2073	916	1219
1.0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		1010	312 1	1085 1	1255 4	403 1	1107 14	1455 49	491 112	1125 1635	35 594	4 1155	5 1787	7 710	1195	1931	818	1216	2036	912	1236
1.1															12	1425 50	505 1160	60 1606	909 90	9 1188	8 1762	2 717	1216	3 1883	828	1250	1960	890	1260
1.2					-									-				:	-		- 1687	7 715	1254	4 1834	827	1275	1848	834	1274
HORIZONTAI	ONTAL																												
External													Perc	entage	Percentage of Total Motor Torque	Motor	Torque												
Static Press.		10%			20%			30%			40%		5	50%		61	60%		%0 2	%		80%			%06			100%	
in. w.g.	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM 0	Cfm V	Watts F	RPM 0	Cfm W	Watts R	RPM C	Cfm Wa	Watts RP	RPM Cfi	Cfm Watts	tts RPM	M Cfm	Natts	s RPM	1 Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM
0.1	641	46	443	875	82	522	1127	137	614 1	1334	202 (691 1	1524 2	280 7	762 16	1694 3	367 827	27 1866	66 470	0 881	1 1997	7 581	955	2119	669	1010	2241	830	1058
0.2	568	50	505	831	90	582	1097	144	650 1	1310	211	723 1	1504 2	290 7	793 16	1671 3	379 859	59 1829	29 484	4 921	1 1977	7 600	986	2106	715	1032	2227	846	1080
0.3	483	56	584	778	98 (647	1050	155	706 1	1269	225	777 1	1470 3	308 8	844 16	1642 3	396 90	900 1799	99 498	8 957	7 1953	3 621	1022	2 2079	743	1072	2199	873	1118
0.4	398	62	661	724	106	707	1004	167	764 1	1228	240 8	831 1	1436 3	325 8	891 16	1612 4	413 941	11 1777	77 511	1 985	5 1930	0 640	1055	5 2062	2 758	1096	2181	888	1140
0.5	:	:	:	671	113	763	957	179	822 1	1201	250 8	867 1	1413 3	335 5	921 15	1588 4	427 97	973 1748	48 530	0 1025	5 1906	5 657	1087	7 2036	277	1129	2153	904	1170
0.6			;	;			:			1161	265	919 1	1378 3	350 5	964 15	1552 4	447 10'	1019 1718	18 549	9 1064	1874	4 676	1124	t 2000	796	1166	2115	917	1202

1246 1265 1276 1282 1296

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2040 2078

> 812 812

700 688

1818 1850

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583 564

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1984

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595 610 625 ł

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1189 1220 1239 1259 1277 1283

805

1974

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1696 1667 1644

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BLOWER DATA - DIRECT DRIVE - 4 TON

048 DIRECT DRIVE BLOWER - BASE UNIT

BLOWER TABLE INCLUDES RESISTANCE FOR BASE UNIT ONLY WITH DRY INDOOR COIL AND AIR FILTERS IN PLACE.

FOR ALL UNITS ADD:

Any factory installed options air resistance (heat section, economizer, etc.).
 Any field installed accessories air resistance (duct resistance, diffuser, etc.).

See Page 0 for blower motors and drives and wet coil and ontions/accessory air resistance data

DOWNFLOW			5																									
External													ercenta	ige of Tc	Percentage of Total Motor Torque	or Torqu	le											
Static Press.		10%		CN.	20%		3	30%		40%			50%			%09			70%			80%)6	%06		100%	%
in. w.g.	Cfm	Watts F	RPM	Cfm	Watts RP	RPM Cf	Cfm Wa	Watts RPM	M Cfm	m Watts	s RPM	A Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts F	RPM (Cfm	Watts F	RPM	Cfm Wa	Watts RF	RPM Cfm	n Watts	s RPM
0.1	682	46	420	894	79 499	99 1148		131 579	9 1366	36 192	651	1551	268	726	1725	348	781	1885	445 8	840 2	2031	550 8	893 21	2165 6	669 95	950 2290	062 06	993
0.2	583	52	510	836	87 562		1105 1-	142 635	1329	204	697	1530	279	756	1695	368	827	1856	466 8	883 2	2006	567 9	925 21	2149 6	683 97	972 2271	71 813	1023
0.3	484	59	601	778	96 629	29 1062		152 688	8 1292	32 217	744	1500	294	800	1675	380	856	1837	479 9	910 1	1981	585	958 21	2125 7	704 10	1005 2252	52 834	1051
0.4	410	64	666	720 1	105 697		1019 1	162 739	9 1255	55 231	792	1469	309	841	1645	397	898	1808	498	950 1	1956	603 (992 21	2100 7:	723 10	1036 2233	33 851	1076
0.5	1	-	:	662 1	114 764	34 961		176 805	1218	18 244	840	1428	327	895	1615	414	937	1780	515 9	987 1	1931	622 1	1025 20	2076 7.	741 10	1066 2205	15 874	+ 1111
0.6			:			-	•	:	- 1182	32 257	887	1398	341	934	1585	429	974	1751	532 1	1022 1	1906	641 1	1058 20	2052 73	758 10	1095 2186	36 886	1131
0.7 D						:			- 1145	15 270	933	1367	354	972	1555	443	1009	1722	548 1	1056 1	1874	663 1	1098 20	2028 7	774 11	1122 2148	18 903	1167
^{8.0}		:				:	•	:	- 1096	96 287	992	1326	372	1021	1515	462	1056	1693	564 1	1090 1	1850	679 1	1129 15	1996 79	792 1157	57 2111	1 913	1196
6.0				•		:			- 1047	17 302	1047	7 1296	385	1058	1485	476	1090	1664	579 1	1123 1	1824	693 1	1157 15	1963 80	807 11	1188 2073	3 916	1219
1.0		:	:	:		:	'	:	- 1010	10 312	1085	5 1255	403	1107	1455	491	1125	1635	594 1	1155 1	1787	710 1	1195 19	1931 8	818 12	1216 2036	36 912	1236
1.1		-	:		:	:	:	:	-			-	:	:	1425	505	1160	1606	609 1	1188 1	1762	717 1	1216 18	1883 82	828 12	1250 1960	068 00	1260
1.2		:	:	:		:	'	:	:	:	-	:	:	;		:	:				1687	715 1	1254 18	1834 8:	827 12	1275 1848	t8 834	1274
HORIZONTAI	DNTAL																											
External												æ	ercenta	ige of Tc	Percentage of Total Motor Torque	or Torqu	le											
Static		10%		~~	20%		ĕ	30%		40%			50%			%09			70%			80%		6	%06		100%	%
in. w.g.	Cfm	Watts F	RPM	Cfm W	Watts RP	RPM Cf	Cfm Wa	Watts RPM	M Cfm	m Watts	s RPM	A Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts	RPM	Cfm	Watts F	RPM (Cfm V	Watts F	RPM C	Cfm Wa	Watts RF	RPM Cfm	n Watts	s RPM
0.1	641	46	443	875	82 522	22 1127		137 614	4 1334	34 202	691	1524	280	762	1694	367	827	1866	470 8	881 1	1997	581 9	955 21	2119 6:	699 10	1010 2241	11 830	1058
0.2	568	50	505	831	90 582	82 1097		144 650	0 1310	10 211	723	1504	290	793	1671	379	859	1829	484 (921 1	1977	600	986 21	2106 7	715 10	1032 2227	27 846	1080
0.3	483	56	584	778	98 647	47 1050		155 706	1269	39 225	177	1470	308	844	1642	396	006	1799	498	957 1	1953	621 1	1022 20	2079 7.	743 10	1072 2199	99 873	1118
0.4	398	62	661	724 1	106 707	07 1004		167 764	1228	240	831	1436	325	891	1612	413	941	1777	511 9	985 1	1930	640 1	1055 20	2062 7:	758 10	1096 2181	31 888	1140
0.5	:	:	:	671 1	113 76	763 957		179 822	1201	01 250	867	1413	335	921	1588	427	973	1748	530 1	1025 1	1906	657 1	1087 20	2036 7	777 11	1129 2153	53 904	1170
0.6	-					:			- 1161	31 265	919	1378	350	964	1552	447	1019	1718	549 1	1064 1	1874	676 1	1124 20	2000 79	796 11	1166 2115	5 917	1202
0.7						:	-		- 1120	20 279	970	1344	365	1006	1529	459	1049	1696	564 1	1093 1	1850	688 1	1150 15	1974 80	805 11	1189 2078	8 922	1228
0.8				:		:	,		- 1093	33 288	1003	3 1310	379	1047	1493	477	1091	1667	583 1	1131 1	1818	700 1	1180 15	1930 8	812 12	1220 2040	0 919	1246
0.9	-	:	:	:		 	· ·	:	- 1052	52 302	1051	1 1275	393	1087	1469	488	1118	1644	595 1	1158 1	1779	711 1	1213 18	1896 8	812 12	1239 1984	34 903	1265
1.0	-		!	:		:	1	:	- 1012	314	1096	3 1241	407	1128	1434	502	1155	1615	610 1	1191 1	1747	715 1	1235 18	1843 80	802 12	1259 1910	0 865	1276
1.1	-	:	:		:	:	·	:	:	-			:	:	1386	516	1201	1571	625 1	1232 1	1684	713 1	1266 17	1738 7	760 12	1277 1760	30 775	1282
1.2		:	;	:		:			:	:	;	;	:	:	:	;	;	;	:	;	1620	697 1	1282 16	1633 7	707 12	1283 1667	37 736	1296

FACTORY INSTALLED OPTIONS/FIELD INSTALLED ACCESSORY AIR RESISTANCE - in. w.g.

Air	Wet Ind	oor Coil			Filt	ers
Volume cfm	036, 048	060, 074	Electric Heat	Economizer	MERV 8	MERV 13
800	0.01		0.01	0.04	0.04	0.05
1000	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.07
1200	0.03	0.04	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.07
1400	0.04	0.05	0.09	0.04	0.04	0.07
1600	0.05	0.07	0.12	0.04	0.04	0.07
1800	0.06	0.08	0.15	0.05	0.04	0.07
2000	0.08	0.10	0.18	0.05	0.05	0.08
2200		0.11	0.18	0.05	0.05	0.08
2400		0.13	0.20	0.05	0.05	0.08

POWER EXHAUST FAN PERFORMANCE

Return Air System Static Pressure in. w.g.	Air Volume Exhausted cfm
0.00	2000
0.05	1990
0.10	1924
0.15	1810
0.20	1664
0.25	1507
0.30	1350
0.35	1210

CEILING DIFFUSERS AIR RESISTANCE (in. w.g.)

	R	TD11-95S Step-Down Diffus	ser	FD11-95S
Air Volume - cfm	2 Ends Open	1 Side & 2 Ends Open	All Ends & Sides Open	Flush Diffuser
1800	0.13	0.11	0.09	0.09
2000	0.15	0.13	0.11	0.10
2200	0.18	0.15	0.12	0.12
2400	0.21	0.18	0.15	0.14
2600	0.24	0.21	0.18	0.17
2800	0.27	0.24	0.21	0.20
3000	0.32	0.29	0.25	0.25

CEILING DIFFUSER AIR THROW DATA

Air Volume - cfm	¹ Effective Throw - ft.		
	RTD11-95S	FD11-95S	
2600	24 - 29	19 - 24	
2800	25 - 30	20 - 28	
3000	27 - 33	21 - 29	

¹ Effective throw based on terminal velocities of 75 ft. per minute.

ELECTRICAL / ELECTRIC HEAT DATA

3 TON LIItra EFFICIENCY (R-410A)

3 TON
I CH036114E

3 TON Ultra E	FFICIENCY (R-410A)			LCH036U4E
¹ Voltage - 60hz		208/230	460V - 3 Ph	
Compressor	Rated Load Amps	9	9.1	
Outdoor Fan Motor	Full Load Amps	4	.1	2.1
Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP	Full Load Amps	2	.4	1.3
Service Outlet 1	15V GFI (amps)	1	5	15
Indoor Blower	Horsepower	0	.5	0.5
Motor	Full Load Amps	4	.3	2.2
² Maximum	Unit Only	2	25	15
Overcurrent Protection	With (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	3	30	15
³ Minimum	Unit Only	2	20	11
Circuit Ampacity	With (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	23		12
ELECTRIC HE	AT DATA			1
Electric Heat Vol	tage	208V	240V	480V
² Maximum	Unit+ 7.5 kW	30	30	15
Overcurrent Protection	Electric Heat 15 kW	⁴ 45	60	30
³ Minimum	Unit+ 7.5 kW	25	28	15
Circuit Ampacity	Electric Heat 15 kW	45	51	26
² Maximum	Unit+ 7.5 kW	35	35	20
Overcurrent Protection	Electric Heat 15 kW and (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	4 50	60	30
³ Minimum	Unit+ 7.5 kW	28	31	16
Circuit Electric Heat 15 kW Ampacity and (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust		48	54	27
ELECTRICAL	ACCESSORIES			
Disconnect	7.5 kW	20W24	20W24	20W24
	15 kW	20W24	20W24	20W24

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps. ¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

⁴ Factory installed circuit breaker not available.

ELECTRICAL / ELECTRIC HEAT DATA

LCH	048	U4E
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4 TON ultra E	EFFICIENCY (R-41	IOA)			LCH048U4E
¹ Voltage - 60hz			208/230	460V - 3 Ph	
Compressor	Rated Load	Amps	13	3.8	6.5
Outdoor Fan Motor	Full Load	Amps	4	.1	2.1
Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP	Full Load	Amps	2	.4	1.3
Service Outlet 1	15V GFI (amps)		1	5	15
Indoor Blower	Horse	power	0.	75	0.75
Motor	Full Load	Amps	6	.1	3.1
² Maximum	Uni	it Only	4	.0	15
Overcurrent Protection	With (1) 0.3 Power Ex		4	0	20
³ Minimum	Uni	it Only	2	8	14
Circuit Ampacity	With (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust		30		15
ELECTRIC HE	EAT DATA				1
Electric Heat Vo	ltage		208V	240V	480V
² Maximum	Unit+ 7.	.5 kW	40	40	20
Overcurrent Protection	Electric Heat 1	I5 kW	⁴ 50	60	30
³ Minimum	Unit+ 7.		28	31	16
Circuit Ampacity	Electric Heat 1	15 kW	47	53	27
² Maximum	Unit+ 7.	.5 kW	40	40	20
Overcurrent Protection	Electric Heat 1 and (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	15 kW	4 50	60	30
³ Minimum	Unit+ 7.	.5 kW	31	34	17
Circuit Ampacity	Electric Heat 15 kW and (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust		50	56	29
ELECTRICAL	ACCESSORIES	1			
Disconnect	7.	.5 kW	20W24	20W24	20W24
	1	15 kW	20W24	20W24	20W24

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps. ¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.

² HACR type breaker or fuse.

³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.

⁴ Factory installed circuit breaker not available.

ELECTRICAL / E	LECTRIC HEAT DAT	ΓA					
5 TON ultra EFFI	CIENCY (R-410A)						
¹ Voltage - 60hz		208/230	V - 3 Ph				
Compressor	Rated Load Amps	14	4.6				
Outdoor Fan Motor	Full Load Amps	4	.1				
Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP	Full Load Amps	2	.4				
Service Outlet 115V	GFI (amps)	15					
Indoor Blower	Horsepower	- 1					
Motor	Full Load Amps	7.4					
² Maximum	Unit Only	40					
Overcurrent Protection	With (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust						
³ Minimum	Unit Only	3	0				
Circuit Ampacity	With (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust						
ELECTRIC HEAT	DATA						
Electric Heat Voltage	e	208V	240V				
² Movimum		AE	AE				

Electric Heat Voltage			208V	240V	480V		
² Maximum	Unit+	7.5 kW	45	45	20		
Overcurrent Protection	Electric Heat	15 kW	⁴ 50	60	30		
	-	22.5 kW	⁴ 70	80	40		
³ Minimum	Unit+	7.5 kW	33	33	16		
Circuit Ampacity	Electric Heat	15 kW	49	55	28		
		22.5 kW	68	77	39		
² Maximum	Unit+	7.5 kW	50	50	20		
Overcurrent Protection	Electric Heat	15 kW	60	60	30		
and (1) 0.33	and (1) 0.33 HP Power Exhaust	22.5 kW	80	80	45		
³ Minimum	/inimum Unit+		35	35	18		
Circuit Ampacity	Electric Heat	15 kW	52	58	29		
and (1) 0.33 H Power Exhaus		22.5 kW	71	80	41		
ELECTRICAL ACCESSORIES							
Disconnect		7.5 kW	20W24	20W24	20W24		
	-	15 kW	20W24	20W24	20W24		
	-	22.5 kW	20W25	20W25	20W24		

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps.

¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage.
 ² HACR type breaker or fuse.
 ³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements.
 ⁴ Factory installed circuit breaker not available.

LCH060U4E

460V - 3 Ph 7 2.1

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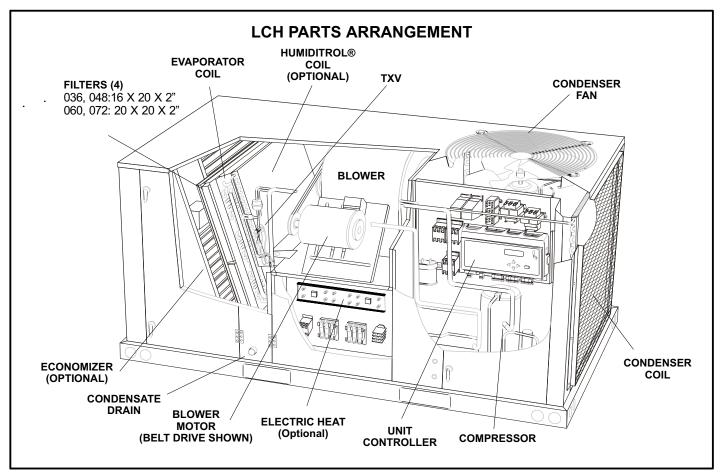
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ELECTRICA	L / ELECTRIC H	EAT DATA			6 TON	
6 TON HIGH	EFFICIENCY (R-	410A)			LCH074U4E	
¹ Voltage - 60hz	<u>:</u>		208/23	460V - 3 Ph		
Compressor Rated Loa		_oad Amps	1	6.9	8.3	
	Locked F	Rotor Amps	-			
Outdoor Fan Motor	Full	_oad Amps	2	4.1	2.1	
Power Exhaust (1) 0.33 HP	Full	_oad Amps	2	2.4	1.3	
Service Outlet 1	I15V GFI (amps)			15	16	
Indoor Blower	F	lorsepower		1	1	
Motor	Full	_oad Amps	7	7.4	3.7	
² Maximum		Unit Only	4	45	20	
Overcurrent Protection		1) 0.33 HP er Exhaust	:	50	25	
³ Minimum	Unit Only		;	33		
Circuit Ampacity		1) 0.33 HP er Exhaust		18		
ELECTRIC H	EAT DATA	,			1	
Electric Heat Vo	oltage		208V	240V	480V	
² Maximum	Unit+	7.5 kW	45	45	20	
Overcurrent Protection	Electric Heat	15 kW	⁴ 50	60	30	
1101000001	-	22.5 kW	⁴ 70	80	40	
³ Minimum	Unit+	7.5 kW	33	33	16	
Circuit Ampacity	Electric Heat	15 kW	49	55	28	
Ampdony	-	22.5 kW	68	77	39	
² Maximum	Unit+	7.5 kW	50	50	20	
Overcurrent Protection	Electric Heat	15 kW	60	60	30	
Trotection	and (1) 0.33 HP [−] Power Exhaust	22.5 kW	80	80	45	
³ Minimum	Unit+	7.5 kW	35	35	18	
Circuit Ampacity	Electric Heat	15 kW	52	58	29	
and (1) 0.33 HP ⁻ Power Exhaust		22.5 kW	7 71 80		41	
ELECTRICAL	ACCESSORIES					
Disconnect		7.5 kW	20W24	20W24	20W24	
	-	15 kW	20W24	20W24	20W24	
	-	22.5 kW	20W25	20W25	20W24	

NOTE - All units have a minimum Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR) of 5000 amps. ¹ Extremes of operating range are plus and minus 10% of line voltage. ² HACR type breaker or fuse. ³ Refer to National or Canadian Electrical Code manual to determine wire, fuse and disconnect size requirements. ⁴ Factory installed circuit breaker not available.

ELECTRIC HEAT CAPACITIES

ELECIN	ECTRIC HEAT CAPACITIES										
Input		7.5 kW			15 kW			22.5 kW			
Voltage	No of Stages	kW input	Btuh Output	No of Stages	kW input	Btuh Output	No of Stages	kW input	Btuh Output		
208	1	5.6	19,200	1	11.2	38,200	1	16.9	57,700		
220	1	6.3	21,500	1	12.6	43,000	1	18.9	64,500		
230	1	6.9	23,500	1	13.8	47,000	1	20.7	70,700		
240	1	7.5	25,600	1	15	51,200	1	22.5	76,800		
440	1	6.3	21,500	1	12.6	43,000	1	18.9	64,500		
460	1	6.9	23,500	1	13.8	47,000	1	20.7	70,700		
480	1	7.5	25,600	1	15	51,200	1	22.5	76,800		





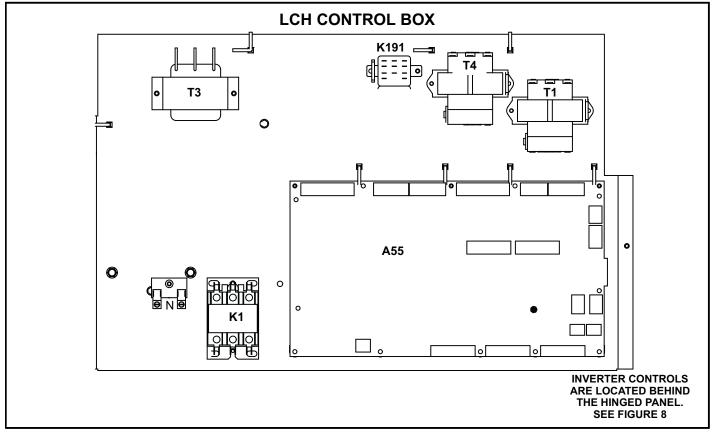


FIGURE 2

I-UNIT COMPONENTS

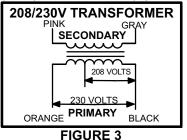
All 3 through 6 ton (7 through 21 kW) units are configure to order units (CTO). The LCH unit components are shown in figure 1. All units come standard with removable unit panels. All L1, L2, and L3 wiring is color coded; L1 is red/pink, L2 is yellow, and L3 is blue.

A-Control Box Components

LCH control box components are shown in figure 2. The control box is located in the upper right portion of the compressor compartment.

1-Control Transformer T1

All use a single line voltage to 24VAC transformer mounted in the control box. Transformer supplies power to control circuits in the unit. The transformer is rated at 70VA and is protected by a 3.5 amp circuit breaker (CB8). The 208/230 (Y) voltage transformers use two



primary voltage taps as shown in figure 3, while 460 (G) and 575 (J) voltage transformers use a single primary voltage tap.

2-Transformer T4 (G, J voltage)

All (G, J) 460, 575 voltage direct drive units use transformer T4 mounted in the control box. T4 is a line voltage to 230V transformer to power the indoor blower and outdoor fan motor. It is connected to line voltage and is powered at all times.

3-Unit Controller A55

The Unit Controller uses input from a zone/room sensor cooling, a thermostat, or a third-party controller to operate the unit. When a zone/room sensor (most efficient) is used, the compressor, blower, and condenser fan motor speed is variable. The motor speed depends on how far room/zone temperature is from setpoint. When a thermostat or thirdparty controller are used, the compressor, blower, and condenser fan motor speed is 2-stage. Zone/room sensor, thermostat, and third-party controller wires are connected to J297 on the Unit Controller.

Many default Unit Controller settings are adjustable. Refer to the unit installation instruction or the Unit Controller manual provided with the unit.

The Unit Controller is configured to identify optional kits and accessories for proper function. Each character in the configuration ID represents a different option. Refer to the unit installation instruction or the Unit Controller manual provided with the unit. The Unit Controller provides all unit control functions, unit status information, unit diagnostics, programmable parameters, and USB verification and profile sharing. Refer to the Unit Controller guide provided with the unit.

Thermostat wires are connected to J297 on the Unit Controller.

4-Compressor Contactor K1

In all LCH units, K1 energizes compressor B1 in response to Unit Controller demand. Three phase units use three pole double break contactors with a 24 volt coil. Single phase units use single pole double break contactors with a 24 volt coil.

5-Crankcase Heater Relay K191

All units use relay K191 to control crnkcase heater HR1.

B-Cooling Components

All units use a single cooling circuit consisting of a variable speed compressor, fin/tube condenser coil and evaporator coil. See figure 4. All units use one draw-through type condenser fan and a single direct drive blower. The blower draws air across the evaporator during unit operation.

Cooling may be supplemented by a factory- or field-installed economizer. The evaporator coil is slab type and uses a thermostatic expansion valve as the primary refrigerant metering device. The evaporator is also equipped with enhanced fins and rifled tubing. The compressor is protected by a freezestat (S49) on the evaporator coil, a high pressure switch (S4) on the discharge line, a high temperature limit switch (S5) on the compressor, and a low pressure switch (S1) on the suction line. See figure 4. A low ambient switch (S11) and a supply air temperature sensor (RT6) are standard.

1-Freezestat S49

Each unit is equipped with a low temperature switch (freezestat) located on a return bend of each evaporator coil.

The freezestat is wired to the A55 Unit Controller. The freezestat is a SPST N.C. auto-reset switch which opens at $29^{\circ}F \pm 3^{\circ}F$ (-1.7°C \pm 1.7°C) on a temperature drop and closes at $58^{\circ}F \pm 4^{\circ}F$ (14.4°C \pm 2.2°C) on a temperature rise. To prevent coil icing, freezestats open during compressor operation to temporarily disable the compressor until the coil temperature rises.

If the freezestat is tripping frequently due to coil icing, check the airflow / filters, economizer position and unit charge before allowing unit back in operation. Make sure to eliminate conditions which might promote evaporator ice buildup.

2-High Pressure Switch S4

The high pressure switch is an auto-reset SPST N.C. switch which opens on a pressure rise.

S4 is located in the compressor discharge line and wired to the A55 Unit Controller.

When discharge pressure rises to $640 \pm 10 \text{ psig} (4412 \pm 69 \text{ kPa})$ (indicating a problem in the system) the switch opens and the compressor inverter is de-energized (the economizer can continue to operate). The switch automatically resets at $475 \pm 10 \text{ psig}$.

3-Low Pressure Switch S87

The compressor circuit is protected by a loss of charge switch located on the suction line. Switch opens at 40 psig \pm 5 psig (276 \pm 34 kPa) and automatically resets at 90 psig \pm 5 psig (621 kPa \pm kPa).

4-High Temperature Limit Switch S5

Each variable speed compressor is equipped with a compressor-mounted normally closed temperature switch that prevents compressor damage due to overheating caused by internal friction. The switch is located on top of the compressor casing. This switch senses the compressor casing temperature and opens at 239-257°F to shut-off compressor operation. The auto-reset switch closes when the compressor casing temperature falls to 151-187°F, and the compressor is re-energized. This switch is a single-pole, single-throw (SPST) bi-metallic switch and is wired to the A55 Unit Controller.

5-Low Ambient Switch S11

The low ambient switch is an auto-reset SPST N.O. pressure switch and is located in the liquid line prior to the indoor coil section. The switch is wired to the A55 Unit Controller which uses the S11 input to control the outdoor fan when outdoor temperatures drop below 62° F. S11 opens when the liquid pressure drops below 240 ± 10 psig (1655 ± 69 kPa). S11 closes when the liquid pressure rises to 450 ± 10 psig (3102 ± 69 kPa) psig.

The low ambient switch is used to cycle outdoor fan operation between low speed and off during low ambient temperatures. The reduced heat transfer across the outdoor coil results in higher refrigerant temperatures and prevents indoor coil icing.

The following is a summary of low ambient operation assuming there is a cooling demand:

Outdoor Temperature Initiated Low Ambient Operation* -

When outdoor air temperature drops below 62°F, the Unit Controller will operate the outdoor fan at low speed.

*Assuming S11 low ambient pressure switch it closed.

Low Ambient Operation Cycles Between Outdoor Fan Off & Low Speed* -

If S11 low ambient switch opens, indicating liquid pressure has dropped below 240psig, the Unit Controller will de-energize the outdoor fan but continue mechanical cooling. If S11 closes, indicating liquid pressure has risen to 450psig, the Unit Controller will operate the outdoor fan at low speed.

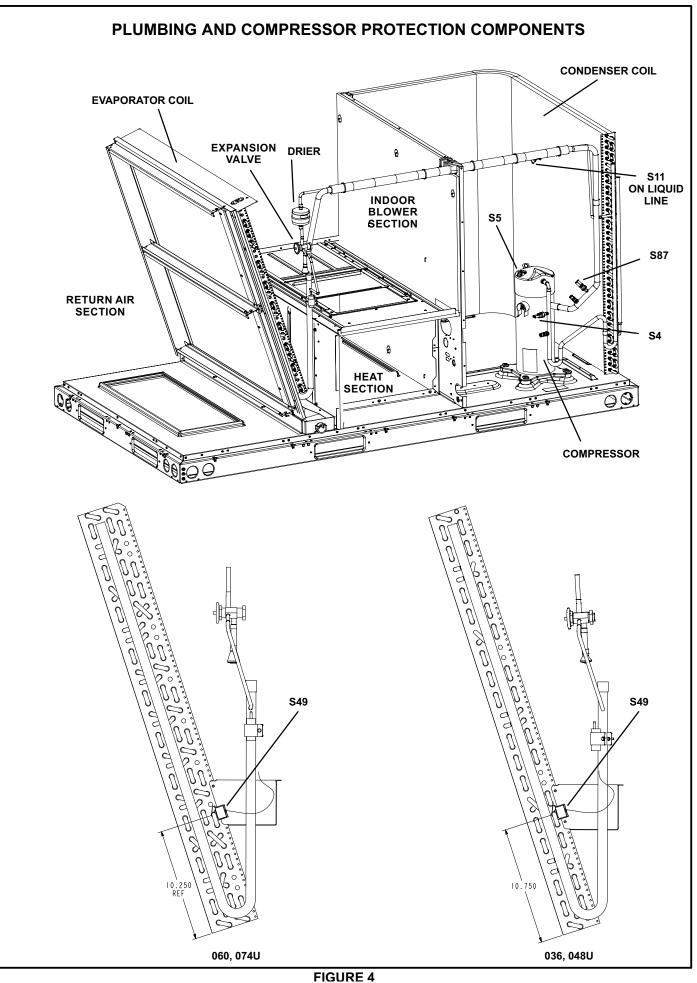
*Assuming outdoor temperature remains below 65°F.

Low Ambient Operation Termination -

If outdoor air temperature rises above $65^{\circ}F$ ($62^{\circ}F + 3^{\circ}F$ deadband), the Unit Controller will operate the outdoor fan at the customary variable speed until the outdoor temperature drops below $62^{\circ}F$.

6-Variable Speed Compressor B1

All units use one variable speed scroll compressor. See "SPECIFICATIONS" and "ELECTRICAL DATA" (table of contents) or compressor nameplate for compressor specifications. Refer to figure 5 for compressor safety devices and figure 6 for compressor diagnostics.



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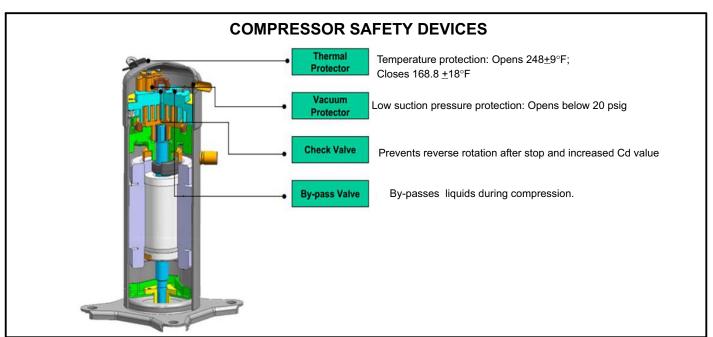
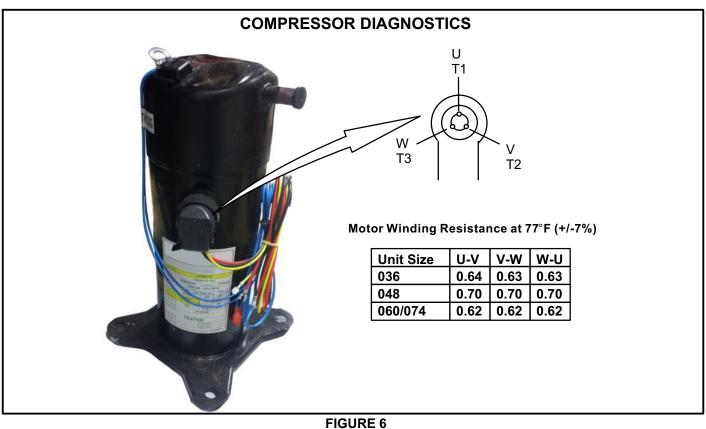


FIGURE 5



(A192) via a MODBUS protocol. Inverter status and di-

agnostics are continuously monitored and reported to

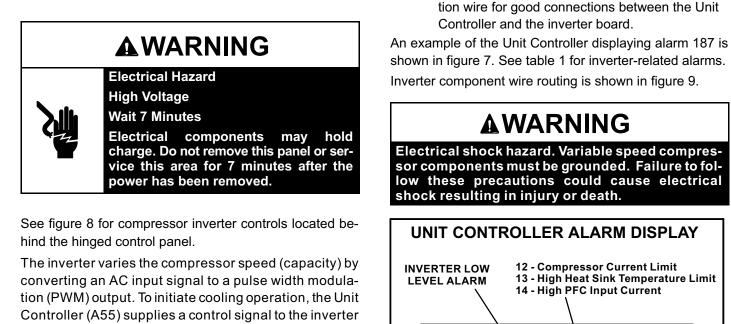
-Improper Unit Controller input voltage compared to unit

the Unit Controller such as:

model number

-Imbalanced input voltage

-High input voltage



-A communication issue - check MODBUS communica-

tton to start o

SCROLI

SELECT

DATA SETUP SERVICE SETTINGS

INVERTER LOW LEVEL ALARM

FIGURE 7

SAVE

ALARM 187

12.4.2016 12: 02: 24

ALARMING VALUE = 12

HELP

MAIN

BACK

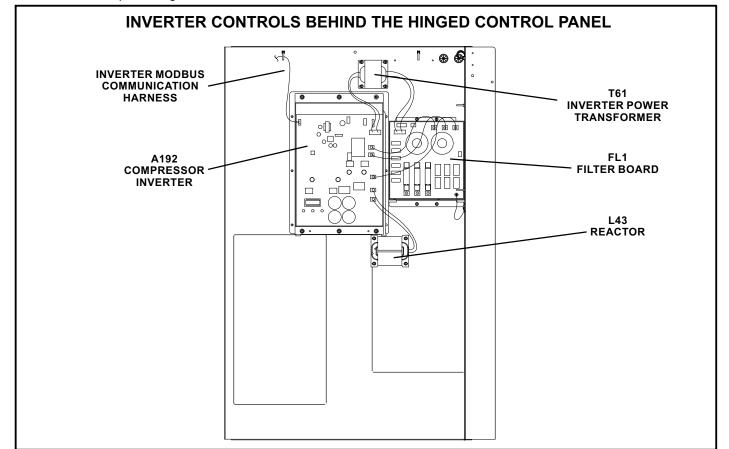


FIGURE 8

TABLE 1

	INVERTER-RELATED ALARMS					
ALARM CODE	DISPLAY MESSAGE	EVENT ACTION				
		Possible alarming values for Prodigy Alarm 187 are:				
		12 - High compressor input current				
		13 - High heat sink temperature				
		14 - High PFC input current				
187	INVERTER LOW LEVEL ALARM	Alarm might be caused by outdoor fan abnormal operation, high ambient conditions, dirty outdoor coil, refrigerant overcharge, or a blocked heat sink.				
		The compressor speed will slow down until the temperature or current lowers, then the compressor will speed up again.				
		If the alarm continues after outdoor conditions have moderated, check the fan, charge and coil. Alarm 187 will automatically clear when minimum off time expires. REFER TO TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE IN SERVICE MANUAL FOR MORE INFORMATION.				
		Possible alarming values for Prodigy Alarm 188 are:				
	INVERTER HIGH LEVEL ALARM	21 - Peak DC current - Intelligent Power Module (IPM) fault condition (follow 12)				
		22 - Maximum current reached lockout				
		23 - DC link low voltage				
		26 - Locked rotor				
		28 - DC link high voltage				
188		29 - Compressor over-current				
		61 - Low outdoor ambient inverter lockout				
		62 - High heat sink temperature lockout				
		75 - Low input voltage				
		No action required. Compressor stops for the duration of the minimum run time (anti-short-cycle delay of 180 seconds). Unit shuts down after ten occurrences in one hour and Alarm 189 is initiated. Alarm 188 will automatically clear when inverter error clears.				
		REFER TO TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE IN SERVICE MANUAL FOR MORE INFORMATION.				
	INVERTER FATAL	Possible alarming values for Prodigy Alarm 189 are the same as alarm 188.				
189 ALARM		Alarm 189 will clear upon manual reset. REFER TO TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE IN SERVICE MANUAL FOR MORE INFORMATION.				
190	INVERTER COMMUNICATION ERROR	Unable to communicate with inverter. Unit Controller will disable compressor operation. Replace communication cable between inverter and M3 unit controller. If alarm continues, replace M3 unit controller or inverter.				
191	INVERTER VOLTAGE MISMATCH	Unit Controller will disable compressor operation. Replace with correct inverter part.				

8-Filter Board FL1

The filter, also called a line or noise filter, is used to prevent static interference from outside sources. In addition, the filter prevents electrical interference from transferring to other appliances. The input voltage should read the same value as the output voltage. The same filter is used on all unit sizes and voltages.

9-Inverter Transformer T61

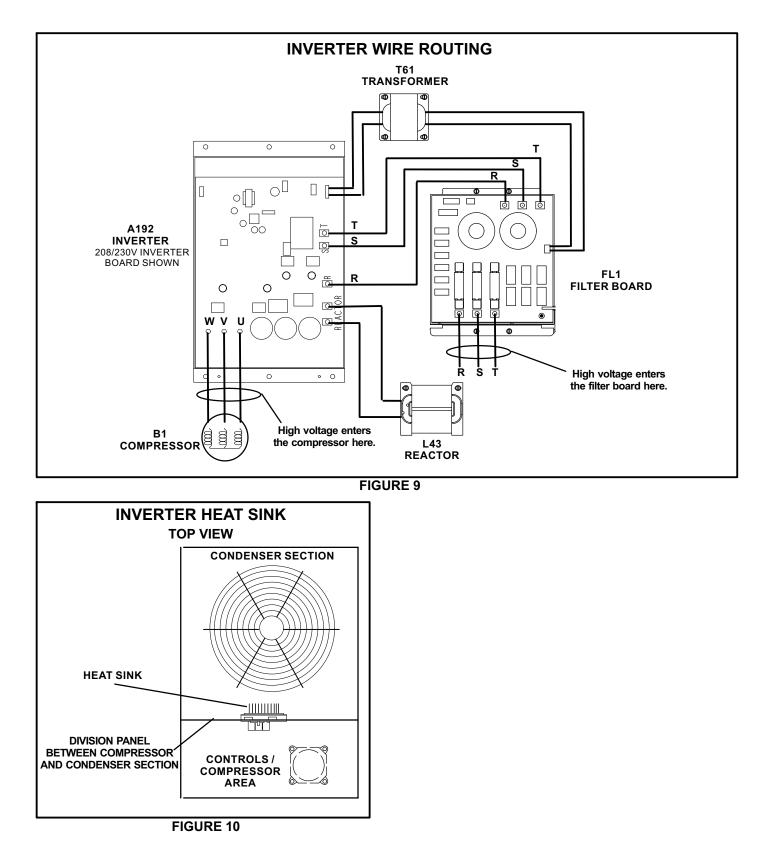
This transformer is used to supply power to the inverter's low voltage logic circuit. It also provides electrical isolation to protect sensitive components from electrical surges.

10-Reactor L43

The reactor (inductor or choke) is used to improve the power factor. This passive, two-terminal electrical component has a magnetic field that stores energy. Reactors are one of the basic components used in electronics where current and voltage change with time (due to the ability of inductors to delay and reshape alternating currents). This component is connected to the compressor inverter A192. A 2mH reactor is used on 208/230V units and a 13mH reactor is used on 460V units.

11-Inverter Heat Sink

An inverter heat sink is located on the back side of the wall between the compressor and outdoor fan sections. The outdoor fan draws air across the heat sink to cool inverter control board components. See figure 10.



C-Blower Compartment

Ultra high efficiency units are equipped with a variable speed, direct drive blower. The installer is able to enter the design-specified supply air CFM into the Unit Controller for optimal efficiency. The Unit Controller calibrates the supply air volume which eliminates the need to manually take duct static measurements.

1-Blower Wheels

See table 2 for blower wheel type and size.

TABLE 2					
BLOWER WHEELS					
LCH Unit	Туре	Size - in. (mm)			
036U, 048U	Direct	10 X 10 (254 X 254)			
060U, 074U	Direct	11 X 10 (279 X 254)			

2-Indoor Blower Motor B3

All direct drive blower motors are electronically commutated, brushless, DC motors. Low speed is approximately 2/3 of high speed. CFM adjustments are made by changing Unit Controller parameters. Motors are equipped with sealed ball bearings. All motor specifications are listed in the SPECIFICATIONS (table of contents) in the front of this manual. Units may be equipped with motors manufactured by various manufacturers, therefore electrical FLA and LRA specifications will vary. See unit rating plate for information specific to your unit.

Three phase scroll compressors must be phased sequentially for correct compressor and blower rotation. Follow "COOLING START-UP" section of installation instructions to ensure proper compressor and blower operation.

A-Blower Operation

Refer to the Unit Controller Installation and Setup Guide to energize blower. Use the menu navigation arrows and select button; see *Service - Test*.

B-Determining Unit CFM

1- The following measurements must be made with air filters in place.

IMPORTANT - A low speed adjustment less than 2/3 of high speed will improve humidity removal; refer to product data for more information.

2- With all access panels in place, measure static pressure external to unit (from supply to return). Blower performance data is based on static pressure readings taken in locations shown in figure 11. Note - Static pressure readings can vary if not taken where shown.

- 3- Measure the indoor blower wheel RPM. RPM can be read from the A55 Unit Controller display on direct drive blowers. See Unit Controller manual.
- 4- Referring to the blower tables in the front of this manual, use static pressure and RPM readings to determine unit CFM. Apply the optional accessory air resistance.

C-Adjusting Unit CFM

The supply CFM can be adjusted by changing Unit Controller settings. Refer to table 3 for menu paths and default settings. Record any CFM changes on the parameter settings label located on the inside of the compressor access panel.

The BLOWER CALIBRATION process starts the indoor blower at operational speeds and closes the economizer damper blades. Before starting this process, replace any access panels and close all unit doors except compressor compartment door.

Blower calibration is required only on units that are newly installed or if there is a change in the duct work or air filters after installation. After the new CFM values are entered, use the down and up arrow buttons to select START CALIBRATION. Push SAVE to start calibration. The blower calibration status is displayed as a % complete. Upon successful completion, the Unit Controller will display CALIBRATION SUCCESS and go back to the blower calibration screen. Press the MAIN MENU button to go to the main menu and press the BACK button to go to the status screen.

If only the CFM values are updated, use the down and up arrow buttons to select "CALIBRATION DONE". Push SAVE to enter the updated values. This selection will not initiate calibration, resulting in less setup time. Press the MAIN MENU button to go to the main menu and press the BACK button to go to the status screen.

IMPORTANT - The default value for Cooling Low CFM is lower than a traditional singe- or two-speed unit. If operating the unit with a 2- or 3-stage controller (2- or 3-stage thermostat, DDC controller, etc.), it is recommended to increase the Cooling Low CFM default value to a suitable level for part load cooling (typically 60% of full load CFM).

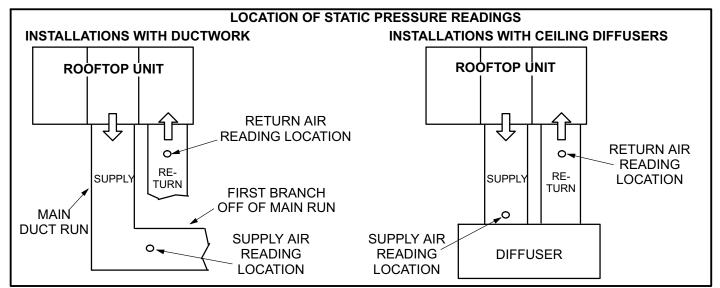


FIGURE 11

TABLE 3036, 048, 060, 074U DIRECT DRIVE PARAMETER SETTINGS

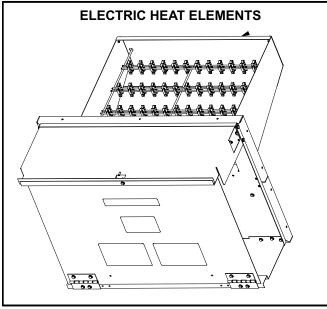
LGH/LCH036-074U4E Default Parameter Settings									
Descusion	Factory Setting				Field	Department			
Parameter	036	048	060	074	Setting	Description			
Note: Any changes to Smoke C METERS = 12	FM set	ting mu	ust be a	adjuste	d before the oth	er CFM settings. Use SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > EDIT PARA-			
BLOWER SMOKE CFM	1200	1600	2000	2400	CFM	Smoke blower speed			
SETUP > TEST & BALANCE > BLOWER									
BLOWER HEATING HIGH CFM	1200	1600	2000	2000	CFM	High heat blower speed			
BLOWER HEATING LOW CFM	N/A	1250	1250	1250	CFM	Low heat blower speed (applies to 150kBtuh 4-stg. gas heat only)			
BLOWER COOLING HIGH CFM	1100	1450	1825	2200	CFM	High cooling blower speed			
BLOWER COOLING LOW CFM	575	750	950	950	CFM	Low cooling blower speed			
BLOWER VENTILATION CFM	575	750	950	1150	CFM	Ventilation blower speed			
SETUP > TEST & BALANCE > [DAMPE	R							
BLOWER HIGH CFM DAMPER POS %	0%	0%	0%	0%	%	Minimum damper position for high speed blower operation.			
BLOWER LOW CFM DAMPER POS %	0%	0%	0%	0%	%	Minimum damper position for low speed blower operation.			
POWER EXHAUST DAMPER POS %	50%	50%	50%	50%	%	Minimum damper position for power exhaust operation.			
SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > E	DIT PA	RAME	TERS =	216					
POWER EXHAUST DEAD- BAND %	10%	10%	10%	10%	%	Deadband % for power exhaust operation.			
SETTINGS > RTU OPTIONS > E	DIT PA	RAME	TER = 1	0 (App	lies to Thermos	tat Mode ONLY)			
FREE COOLING STAGE-UP DELAY	300 sec.	300 sec.	300 sec.	300 sec.	sec	Number of seconds to hold indoor blower at low speed before switching to indoor blower at high speed.			

Installer: Circle applicable unit model number and record any parameter changes under "Field Setting" column. Settings need to be recorded by installer for use when Unit Controller is replaced or reprogrammed.

D-ELECTRIC HEAT COMPONENTS

Electric heat match-ups are found in the ELECTRICAL DATA tables. See table of contents.

All electric heat sections consist of electric heating elements exposed directly to the air stream. See figure 12. See figure 13 for vestibule parts arrangement.





1-Contactors K15, K16

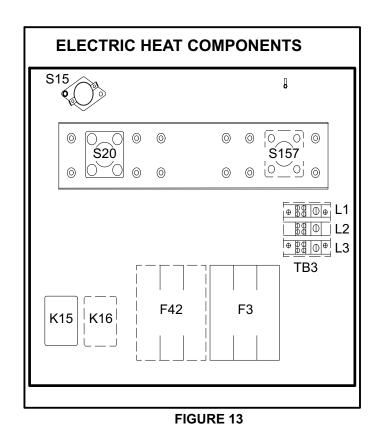
All contactors are double break and either single, double or three pole (see diagram) and equipped with a 24VAC coil. The coils in the K15 and K16 contactors are energized by the indoor thermostat. In all units K15 energizes the heating elements, while in the 22.5 kW units, K15 and K16 energize the heating elements simultaneously.

2-High Temperature Limits S15 (Primary)

S15 is a SPST N.C. auto-reset thermostat located on the back panel of the electric heat section above the heating elements. S15 is the high temperature limit for the electric heat section. When S15 opens, indicating a problem in the system, contactor K15 is de-energized (including K16 in 22.5 kW units). When K15 is de-energized, all stages of heat are de-energized. See table 4 for S15 set points. Set points are factory set and not adjustable.

Unit kW (Voltage)	S15 Opens ° F	S15 Closes ° F
7.5 (Y, G, J, P)	160	120
15 (Y)	170	130
15 (G, J, P)	160	120
22.5 (Y, G, J)	160	120
22.5 (P)	150	110
30 (Y, G, J)	150	110

TABLE 4



3-High Temperature Limit S20 and S157 (Secondary)

S20 and S157 are SPST N.C. manual-reset thermostat s. S20 and S157 are wired in series with the heating elements. See E1EH wiring diagrams. When S20 or S157 open, power is interrupted to the heating elements which are wired in series with the limits. K15/K16 are only de-energized when S15 opens. When the contactors are de-energized, all stages of heat are de-energized. The thermostat is factory set to open at 220°F \pm 6°F (104°C \pm 3.3°C) on a temperature rise and can be manually reset when temperature falls below 160°F (71.0°C). See figure 13 for location.

4-Terminal Strip TB2

Terminal strip TB2 is used for single point power installations only. TB2 distributes power to TB3. Units with multipoint power connections will not use TB2.

5-Terminal Strip TB3

P and Y voltage units are equipped with terminal strip TB3. Electric heat line voltage connections are made to TB3, which distributes power to the electric heat components and is located on the vestibule. See figure 13.

6-Heating Elements HE1 through HE6

Heating elements are composed of helix wound bare nichrome wire exposed directly to the air stream. Three elements are connected in a three-phase arrangement. The elements in 208/230V units are connected in a "Delta" arrangement. Elements in 460 and 575V units are connected in "Wye" arrangement. Each stage is energized independently by the corresponding contactors located on the electric heat vestibule panel. Once energized, heat transfer is instantaneous. High temperature protection is provided by primary and redundant high temperature limits and overcurrent protection is provided by fuses.

7-Fuse F3

Fuse F3 is housed in a fuse block which holds two or three fuses. Each F3 fuse is connected in series with each leg of electric heat. Figure 13 and table 5 show the fuses used with each electric heat section.

8-Unit Fuse Block & Fuse F4

Three line voltage fuses F4 provide short circuit and ground fault protection to all cooling components in the LCH units with electric heat. The fuses are rated in accordance with the amperage of the cooling components. The F 4 fuse block is located inside a sheet metal enclosure.

II-PLACEMENT AND INSTALLATION

Make sure the unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and all applicable codes. See accessories section for conditions requiring use of the optional roof mounting curb (C1CURB).

III-START UP - OPERATION

A-Preliminary and Seasonal Checks

- 1- Make sure the unit is installed in accordance with the installation instructions and applicable codes.
- 2- Inspect all electrical wiring, both field and factory installed for loose connections. Tighten as required. Refer to unit diagram located on inside of unit compressor access panel.
- 3- Check to ensure that refrigerant lines are in good condition and do not rub against the cabinet or other refrigerant lines.
- 4- Check voltage at the disconnect switch. Voltage must be within the range listed on the nameplate. If not, consult the power company and have the voltage corrected before starting the unit.
- 5- Recheck voltage and amp draw with unit running. If voltage is not within range listed on unit nameplate, stop unit and consult power company. Refer to unit nameplate for maximum rated load amps.

Unit	Voltage-	FUSE	Qty	Qty
Offic	Phase	F3	each	total
	208/230V-1P	40 A-250V	2	2
	208/230V-3P	25 A-250V	3	3
E1EH0075	460V-3P	15 A-600V	3	3
	575V-3P	15 A-600V	3	3
	208/230V-1P	40 A-250V	2	4
	208/230V-3P	50 A-250V	3	3
E1EH0150	460V	25 A-600V	3	3
	575V	20 A-600V	3	3
	208/230V-1P	40 A-250V	3	6
E1EH0225	208/230V-3P	45 A-250V	3	6
	460V-3P	35 A-600V	3	3
	575V-3P	30 A-600V	3	3
E1EH0300	208/230V-3P	60 A-250V	3	6
	460V-3P	50 A-600V	3	3
	575V-3P	40 A-600V	3	3

TABLE 5

B-Cooling Start up LCH036-074U Sequence of Operation Summary - Default Unit Controller Parameters Only

<u>Blower</u>

Unit Controller A55 energizes the blower motor B3 by sending a PWM signal from P259. **Zone Sensor:**

Blower motor B3 modulates CFM between High Cool CFM and Low Cool CFM (based on the difference between the zone/room temperature and set point).

Exception: If the cooling demand is very low (small difference between room setpoint and temperature), the Unit Controller will modulate the blower between off and Low Cool CFM.

Exception: If a dehumidification switch A91 is installed, there is no cooling demand, AND the room temperature is 2° F less than the room temperature setpoint (Over-cool limit default), the Unit Controller will energize the blower at Low Cool CFM.

2-Stage Thermostat:

No Economizer / Outdoor Air Not Suitable

T'Stat Demand	Blower Speed*
Y1	Low
Y2	High

3-Stage Thermostat:

No Economizer / Outdoor Air Not Suitable

T'Stat Demand	Blower Speed*
Y1	Low
Y2	High
Y3	High

*70% when there is a dehumidification demand.

Economizer / Outdoor Air Suitable

T'Stat Demand	Blower Speed*
Y1	Low
Y2	Low

Economizer / Outdoor Air Suitable

T'Stat Demand	Blower Speed*
Y1	Low
Y2	Low
Y3	High

<u>Compressor</u>

Unit Controller A55 communicates compressor speed to inverter A192 via P358 (MODBUS communication). **Zone Sensor:**

Compressor B1 speed varies (based on the difference between discharge air temperature and setpoint).

2-Stage Thermostat:

No Economizer / Outdoor Air Not Suitable

T'Stat Demand	Compressor Speed
Y1	60% of full speed
Y2	Full speed

3-Stage Thermostat:

No Economizer / Outdoor Air Not Suitable

T'Stat Demand	Compressor Speed
Y1	60% of full speed
Y2	Full speed
Y3	Full speed

Economizer / Outdoor Air Suitable

T'Stat Demand	Compressor Speed
Y1	Off
Y2	60% of full speed

Economizer / Outdoor Air Suitable

T'Stat Demand	Compressor Speed
Y1	Off
Y2	60% of full speed
Y3	Full speed

Outdoor Fan

Unit Controller A55 energizes outdoor fan B4 by sending a PWM signal from P259. **Zone Sensor:**

Outdoor fan speed varies (with the compressor speed).

2-Stage Thermostat:

No Economizer / Outdoor Air Not Suitable

T'Stat Demand	Fan Speed
Y1	Low speed
Y2	High speed

3-Stage Thermostat:

No Economizer / Outdoor Air Not Suitable

T'Stat Demand	Fan Speed
Y1	Low speed
Y2	High speed
Y3	High speed

Economizer / Outdoor Air Suitable

T'Stat Demand	Fan Speed
Y1	Off
Y2	Low speed

Economizer / Outdoor Air Suitable

T'Stat Demand	Fan Speed	
Y1	Off	
Y2	Low speed	
Y3	High speed	

Three Phase Scroll Compressor Voltage Phasing

Three phase scroll compressors must be phased sequentially to ensure correct compressor and blower rotation and operation. Compressor and blower are wired in phase at the factory.

- 1- Observe suction and discharge pressures and blower rotation on unit start-up.
- 2- Suction pressure must drop, discharge pressure must rise, and blower rotation must match rotation marking.

If pressure differential is not observed or blower rotation is not correct:

- 3- Disconnect all remote electrical power supplies.
- 4- Reverse any two field-installed wires connected to the line side of K1 contactor. <u>Do not reverse wires at blower contactor.</u>
- 5- Make sure the connections are tight.

Discharge and suction pressures should operate at their normal start-up ranges.

C-Safety or Emergency Shutdown

Turn off power to unit. Close manual and main gas valves.

IV-CHARGING

WARNING-Do not exceed nameplate charge under any condition.

D-Refrigerant Charge and Check - Fin/Tube Coil

WARNING-Do not exceed nameplate charge under any condition.

This unit is factory charged and should require no further adjustment. If the system requires additional refrigerant, <u>re-claim the charge, evacuate the system</u>, and <u>add required nameplate charge</u>.

NOTE - System charging is not recommended below 60° F (15°C). In temperatures below 60° F (15°C), the charge **must** be weighed into the system.

If weighing facilities are not available, or to check the charge, use the following procedure:

- 1- Operate unit in cooling mode on HIGH SPEED. Use Unit Controller menu path SERVICE > TEST > COOL
 > COOL 3 for 036, 048 and 060U units. Use COOL 4 for 074U units.
- 2- Attach gauge manifolds wait until system stabilizes (approximately five minutes). Make sure economizer is disabled and outdoor air dampers are closed.
- 3- Use a thermometer to accurately measure the outdoor ambient temperature.
- 4- Apply the outdoor temperature to tables 6 through 9 to determine normal operating pressures. Pressures are listed for sea level applications at 80°F dry bulb and 67°F wet bulb return air.
- 5- Compare the normal operating pressures to the pressures obtained from the gauges. Minor variations in

these pressures may be expected due to differences in installations. Significant differences could mean that the system is not properly charged or that a problem exists with some component in the system. **Correct any system problems before proceeding.**

- 6- If discharge pressure is high, remove refrigerant from the system. If discharge pressure is low, add refrigerant to the system.
 - Add or remove charge in increments.
 - Allow the system to stabilize each time refrigerant is added or removed.
- 7- Use one of the following charge verification methods along with the normal operating pressures to confirm readings.

TABLE 6		
LCH 036U NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES		

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temp	Discharge <u>+</u> 10 psig	Suction <u>+</u> 5 psig	
65° F	238	146	
75° F	277	149	
85° F	317	150	
95° F	363	151	
105° F	416	151	
115° F	474	154	
110 1	777	104	

TABLE 7

LCH 048U NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temp	Discharge <u>+</u> 10 psig	Suction <u>+</u> 5 psig	
65° F	252	142	
75° F	289	145	
85° F	332	147	
95° F	379	149	
105° F	428	151	
115° F	484	153	

TABLE 8 LCH 060U NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temp	Discharge <u>+</u> 10 psig	Suction <u>+</u> 5 psig	
65° F	261	135	
75° F	299	138	
85° F	341	140	
95° F	388	142	
105° F	441	144	
115° F	499	146	

TABLE 9 LCH 074U NORMAL OPERATING PRESSURES

Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temp	Discharge <u>+</u> 10 psig	Suction <u>+</u> 5 psig
65° F	268	128
75° F	307	134
85° F	351	137
95° F	399	140
105° F	450	142
115° F	505	144

Subcooling Method

1- Attach gauge manifold to the liquid line. With the economizer disabled, operate the unit in cooling mode at high speed using the following Unit Controller menu path:

> SERVICE > TEST > COOL > COOL 3 (COOL 4 on 074U units)

- 2- Use the liquid line pressure and a PT chart to determine the saturated liquid temperature.
- 3- Measure the liquid line temperature at the condenser outlet.

Subcooling Temperature = Liquid Saturated Temperature Minus Liquid Temperature.

4- The subcooling temperature should be as shown in table 10. A subcooling temperature greater than this value indicates an overcharge. A subcooling temperature less than this value indicates an undercharge.

TABLE10 SUBCOOLING TEMPERATURE

LCH Unit	Liquid Saturated Temp. Minus Liquid Temperature
036U; 060U	15°F <u>+</u> 1 (8.3°C <u>+</u> 0.5)
048U	15.5°F <u>+</u> 1 (8.6°C <u>+</u> 0.5)
074U	16°F <u>+</u> 1 (8.8°C <u>+</u> 0.5)

V- SYSTEMS SERVICE CHECKS

A-Cooling System Service Checks

LCH units are factory charged and require no further adjustment; however, charge should be checked periodically using the approach method. The approach method compares actual liquid temperature with the outdoor ambient temperature. See section IV- CHARGING.

NOTE-When unit is properly charged discharge line pressures should approximate those in tables 6 through 9.

VI-MAINTENANCE

The unit should be inspected once a year by a qualified service technician.

WARNING



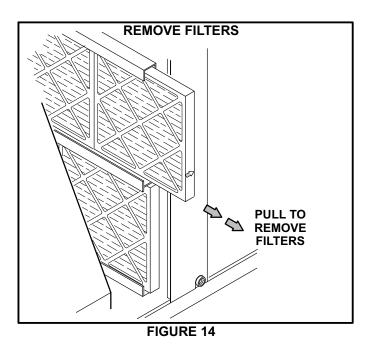
Electric shock hazard. Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

A-Filters

Units are equipped with temporary filters which must be replaced prior to building occupation. See table NO TAG for correct filter size. Refer to local codes or appropriate jurisdiction for approved filters.

NOTE-Filters must be U.L.C. certified or equivalent for use in Canada.

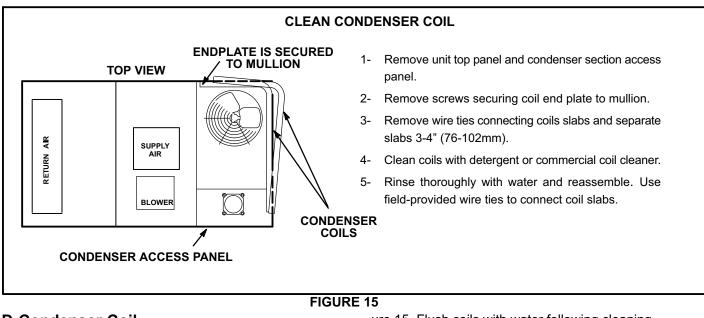


B-Lubrication

All motors are lubricated at the factory. No further lubrication is required.

C-Evaporator Coil

Inspect and clean coil at beginning of each cooling season. Clean using mild detergent or commercial coil cleanser. Flush coil and condensate drain with water taking care not to get insulation, filters and return air ducts wet.



D-Condenser Coil

Clean condenser coil annually with detergent or commercial coil cleaner and inspect monthly during the cooling season.

Condenser coils are made of single and two formed slabs. On units with two slabs, dirt and debris may become trapped between the slabs. To clean between slabs, carefully separate coil slabs and wash them thoroughly. See figure 15. Flush coils with water following cleaning.

Note - Remove all screws and gaskets prior to cleaning procedure and replace upon completion.

E-Supply Blower Wheel

Annually inspect supply air blower wheel for accumulated dirt or dust. Turn off power before attempting to remove access panel or to clean blower wheel.

VII-ACCESSORIES

The accessories section describes the application of most of the optional accessories which can be factory- or field-installed to the LCH units. See accessories installation instructions for more detail.

A-C1CURB

When installing the LCH units on a combustible surface for downflow discharge applications, the C1CURB 8 inch, 14-inch, 18 inch or 24-inch height roof mounting frame is used. The roof mounting frames are recommended in all other applications but not required. If the LCH units are not mounted on a flat (roof) surface, they MUST be supported under all edges and under the middle of the unit to prevent sagging. The units MUST be mounted level within 1/16" per linear foot or 5mm per meter in any direction.

The assembled mounting frame is shown in figure 16. Refer to the roof mounting frame installation instructions for details of proper assembly and mounting. The roof mounting frame MUST be squared to the roof and level before mounting. Plenum system MUST be installed before the unit is set on the mounting frame. Typical roof curbing and flashing is shown in figure 17. Refer to the roof mounting frame installation instructions for proper plenum construction and attachment.

B-Transitions

Optional supply/return transitiions T1TRAN20N-1 is available for all units utilizing optional C1CURB roof mounting frames. Transition must be installed in the C1/T1CURB mounting frame before mounting the unit to the frame. Refer to the manufacturer's instructions included with the transition for detailed installation procedures.

C-Supply and Return Diffusers

Optional flush mount diffuser/return FD11-95S and step-down mount diffuser/return RTD11-95S are available for use with all LCH units. Refer to manufacturer's instructions included with transition for detailed installation procedures.

D-Outdoor Air Dampers

C1DAMP11A-2 manually operated outdoor air damper and C1DAMP21A-1 motorized outdoor air damper is available for all LCH units (see figure 18 or 19). Both sets include the outdoor air hood. The manual damper is set at a fixed point to bring outside air into the building anytime the blower is operating. The motorized damper opens when the blower is operating and the thermostat is sending an occupied signal to the Unit Controller. If the thermostat signal is unoccupied, the motorized damper will not open. Washable filter supplied with the outdoor air dampers can be cleaned with water and a mild detergent. It should be sprayed with Filter Handicoater when dry prior to reinstallation. Filter Handicoater is R.P. Products coating no. 418 and is available as Part No. P-8-5069

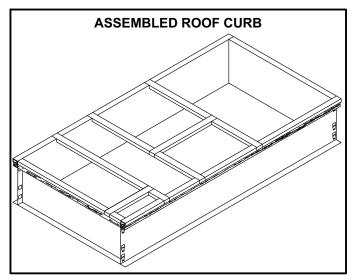
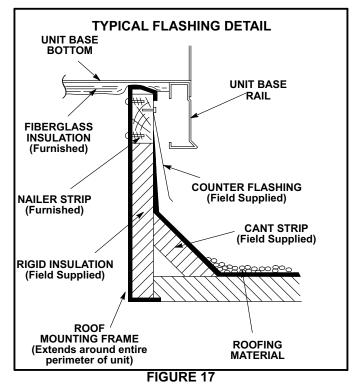


FIGURE 16



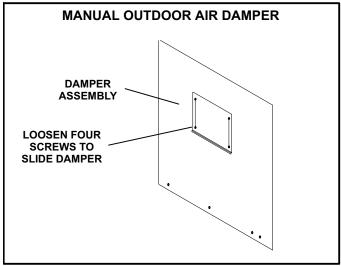
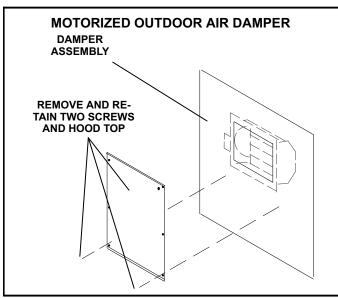


FIGURE 18





E-Economizer (Field- or Factory-Installed)

The economizer uses outdoor air for free cooling when temperature is suitable. See figure 20.

When outdoor air is suitable, the Unit Controller will modulate the economizer dampers to maintain 55°F discharge air (RT6). Use the following menu to adjust the discharge air temperature setpoint between 45-67°F.

RTU OPTION > DAMPER > FREE COOLING SUPPLY AIR SETPOINT = 55°F

Sensors

Units are equipped with the following factory-installed, CEC Title 24 approved sensors:

RT17 - Outside Air Temperature RT16 - Return Air Temperature RT6 - Discharge Air Temperature

See figure 21 for sensor location.

Optional field-provided sensors may be used instead of unit sensors to determine whether outdoor air is suitable for free cooling. Refer to table 11. TEMP OFFSET is the default mode.

Note - Network OAS signal and California Title 24 Compliance options use either TEMPERATURE OFFSET or TEM-PERATURE SETPT mode.

Minimum Position

The Unit Controller will move the dampers to minimum position during the following:

> Ventilation mode (G demand only) Outdoor air is NOT suitable for free cooling

Two blower speeds are available during damper minimum position:

1-Minimum Position -

When blower CFM is closer to the High Cool/Heat CFM

OR

When Ventilation CFM is closer to the High Cool/Heat CFM

2-Minimum Position Low Blower -When blower CFM is closer to the Low Cool/Heat CFM

OR

When Ventilation CFM is closer to the Low Cool/Heat CFM

GED (Gravity Exhaust / Barometric Relief Dampers) Field-Installed Option

The GED is located in the economizer except in downflow applications or when a PEF (power exhaust fan) is NOT installed. In horizontal airflow applications or when a PEF is installed, the GED is located in the exhaust air hood.

Horizontal Air Discharge Economizers

The economizer is located in the unit the same as downflow applications but note the position of the return air duct. The duct attaches to a duct transition and duct inlet on the end of the unit. An optional GED is located in the duct transition. See figure 22.

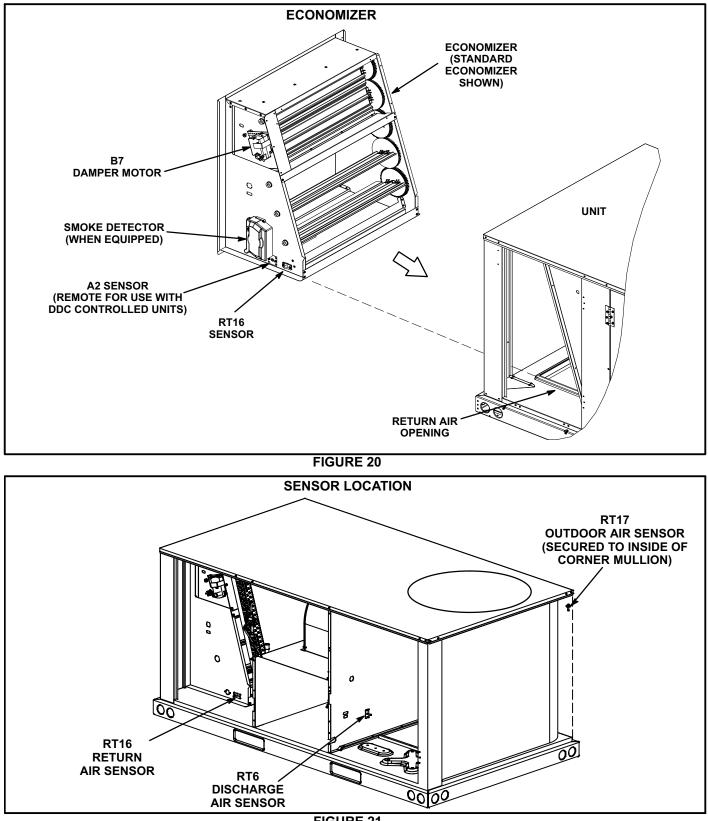


FIGURE 21

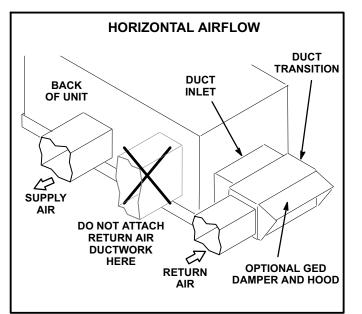


FIGURE 22

TABLE 11 ECONOMIZER MODES AND SETPOINT

Free Cooling Mode	Free Cooling Setpoint	Field- Provided Sensors	Dampers will modulate to 55°F discharge air (RT6) when outdoor air is suitable:	Permitted Inputs
TEMP	OFFSET	None Needed	Outdoor air temperature (RT17) is less than return air temperature (RT16) by at least the OFFSET value.	0-40°F
TEMP	OAT STPT	None Needed	Outdoor air temperature (RT17) is less than the OAT STPT value.	41-75°F
Remote	Remote	Energy Management System**	Either of the TEMP modes can be used when a network OAS signal is provided by an energy management or building control system, via BACnet, LonTalk, or L Connection. The network can command OAS, NOT OAS, or AUTO. AUTO returns to local control of OAS, which is the selected TEMP mode.	NA
ENTH	DIFF OFFSET	(Two) C7400	Outdoor air enthalpy* (A7) is less than return air enthalpy (A62) by at least the OFF-SET value.	0mA-4mA
ENTH	ODE STPT	C7400	Outdoor air enthalpy (A7) is less than free cooling setpoint.	12-19mA
GLOBAL	GLOBAL	24VAC Input Signal	Global input is energized by (P297-9). This setting is also used for outdoor air damper applications. Global input also brings on the blower. (This mode is NOT used when OAS signal is provided via network connection. GLO is only used when a 24VAC signal is used to energize the P297-9 GLO input.)	NA

*Enthalpy includes effects of both temperature and humidity.

**Energy management systems may require additional field-provided sensors; refer to manufacturer's instructions.

DIRECT DRIVE DRIVE SYSTEM OPERATION:

Note: Direct drive units feature ECM condenser fans that are staged to match the compressor's capacity. When the compressor is operating at first stage, the condenser fan is operating at low speed. The condenser fan switches to high speed when the compressor switches to second stage to match operation.

Modulating Outdoor Air Damper:

Damper minimum positions #1 and 2 are adjusted during unit setup to provide minimum fresh air requirements at the indicated supply fan speeds per ASHRAE 62.1.

-Supply fan is off and the outdoor air damper is closed

-Supply fan is on low speed and the outdoor air damper is at minimum position 1

-Supply fan is on high speed and the outdoor air damper is at minimum position 2

¹Outdoor Air is Suitable

Note: When outdoor air is not suitable during the occupied time period, damper modulates to minimum position. When outdoor air is not suitable during the unoccupied time period, damper modulates closed.

Cooling - Thermostat or Zone Sensor Mode (Up to 3 stages Y1, Y2, Y3)

Y1 demand:

1st-Compressor is off, supply fan is on low speed, economizer modulates (minimum to maximum open position) to maintain 55°F supply air temperature (default unit controller setting)

2nd-After 5 minutes (default unit controller setting), supply fan switches to high speed. Economizer continues modulating with supply fan on high speed to maintain 55°F supply air temperature

Y2 demand:

1st-Compressor is off, supply fan is on high speed, and economizer modulates to maintain 55°F supply air temperature

2nd-Economizer opens to maximum. If economizer stays at maximum open for 3 minutes (default unit controller setting) compressor is energized and operates at first stage while supply fan stays on high speed.

¹Outdoor air suitability is determined by the energy state of outdoor ambient (enthalpy or sensible) and its ability to achieve the desired free cooling effects. Outdoor air suitability can also be determined by a third party controller and provided to the RTU via a network connection.

Y3 demand:

1st-Economizer is at maximum open and compressor operates at first stage. If economizer stays at maximum open for 3 minutes (default unit controller setting) compressor switches to second stage operation while supply fan stays on high speed

F-Power Exhaust Relay K65 (power exhaust units)

Power exhaust relay K65 is a DPDT relay with a 24VAC coil. K65 is used in all LCH units equipped with the optional power exhaust dampers. K65 is energized by the Unit Controller after the economizer dampers reach 50% open (adjustable). When K65 closes, exhaust fan B10 is energized.

G-Power Exhaust Fans

C1PWRE10A available for LCH 3, 4, 5 and 6 ton units, provide exhaust air pressure relief. See figure 23 and installation instructions for more detail.

H-Optional UVC Lights

The Healthy Climate[®] germicidal light emits ultraviolet (UVC) energy that has been proven effective in reducing microbial life forms (viruses, bacteria, yeasts, and molds) in the air.

UVC germicidal lamps greatly reduce the growth and proliferation of mold and other bio-aerosols (bacteria and viruses) on illuminated surfaces.

Germicidal lamps are NOT intended to be used for removal of active mold growth. Existing mold growth must be appropriately removed PRIOR to installation of the germicidal lamp. Refer closely to UVC light installation instruction warnings when servicing units.

I-Smoke Detectors A171 and A172

Photoelectric smoke detectors are a factory- or field-installed option. The smoke detectors can be installed in the supply air duct (A172), return air section (A171), or in both the supply duct and return air section.

J-Control Systems

The A55 Unit Controller provides all control function for the rooftop unit. Default operation requires a standard room thermostat or direct digital controller (DDC). The A55 can also control the unit from a zone temperature sensor. The A55 Unit Controller is a network controller when daisy-chained to the L Connection[®] Network Control System. For ease of configuration, the A55 can be connected to a PC with Unit Controller PC software installed.

K-Dirty Filter Switch S27

The dirty filter switch senses static pressure increase indicating a dirty filter condition. The switch is N.O. and closes at 1" W.C. (248.6 Pa) The switch is mounted in the supply air section on the evaporator coil seal.

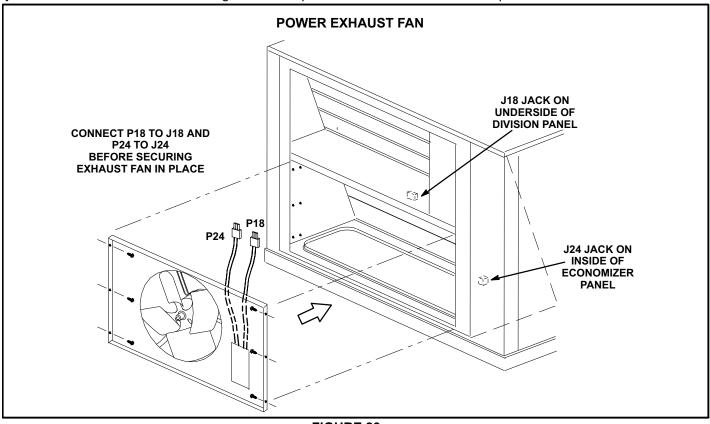


FIGURE 23

L-Indoor Air Quality (CO₂) Sensor A63

The indoor air quality sensor monitors CO_2 levels and reports the levels to the Unit Controller. The Unit Controller adjusts the economizer dampers according to the CO_2 levels. The sensor is mounted next to the indoor thermostat or in the return air duct. Refer to the indoor air quality sensor installation instructions for proper adjustment.

M-Drain Pan Overflow Switch S149 (optional)

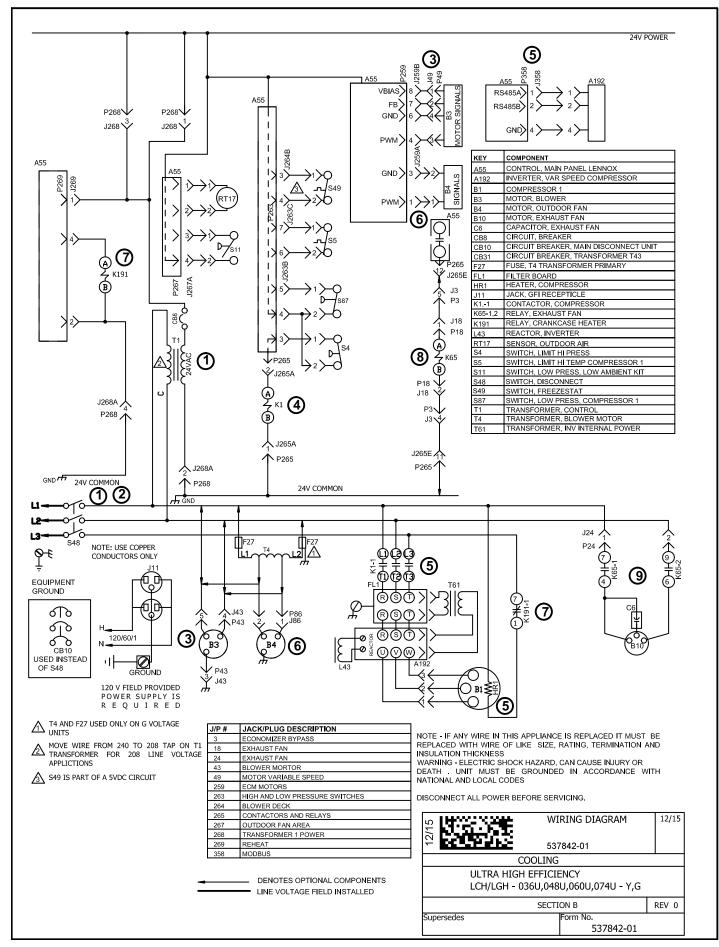
The overflow switch is used to interrupt cooling operation when excessive condensate collects in the drain pan. The N.O. overflow switch is controlled by K220 and DL46 relays, located in the unit control panel. When the overflow switch closes, 24VAC power is interrupted and after a five-second delay unit compressors are de-energized. Once the condensate level drops below the set level, the switch will open. After a five-minute delay the compressor will be energized.

N-SunSource® Commercial Energy System

Optional, factory-installed S48 circuit breaker and F54 solar fuse block make units solar-ready. These speciallyequipped units can be matched with solar modules and other optional equipment. Solar energy is first used to meet cooling/heating demands. When the unit is not operating, the system powers lighting, appliances and other electronic devices in the building. Any surplus power is sent back to the utility company for a possible credit (check your local utility company for policies).

Wiring runs from the roof-mounted solar modules to the unit. From there, power travels to the electrical service panel using the existing HVAC unit power wiring.





Cooling Sequence of Operation Using input from a room/zone sensor only. See Cooling Start-Up section operation summary for thermostat and third-party control operation.

Power:

- 1. Line voltage from the unit disconnect, terminal block, or circuit breaker energizes transformer T1. T1 provides 24VAC power to the A55 Unit Controller. A55 provides 24VAC to the unit cooling, heating and blower controls.
- Line voltage from unit disconnect, terminal block, or circuit breaker provides voltage to compressor crankcase heater relay K191-1 N.C. contacts, compressor contactor K1, blower motor B3, and outdoor fan motor B4 (on G volt units line voltage is supplied to two fuses F27, transformer T4, blower motor B3, and outdoor fan motor B4).

Blower Operation:

3. A55 Unit Controller P297 receives a cooling demand from the room/zone sensor. Unit Controller A55 energizes the blower motor B3 by sending a PWM signal from P259. The blower motor modulates between High Cool CFM and Low Cool CFM (based on the difference between the zone/room temperature A2 and setpoint).

Cooling

- 4. A55 proves N.C. freezestat S49, N.C. high temperature switch S5, N.C. low pressure switch S87, N.C. high pressure switch S4, and compressor contactor K1 is energized. A55 makes sure unit voltage and variable speed compressor inverter A192 voltage are equal. A55 also communicates the unit refrigeration tonnage to A192.
- N.O. contacts K1-1 close providing voltage to A192 through FL1 filter board, T61 transformer, and L43 reactor. A192 varies B1 compressor speed based on a compressor demand from A55 P358 via MODBUS. The A55 compressor demand varies based on the difference between discharge air temperature (RT6) and discharge air temperature setting (default 55°F).

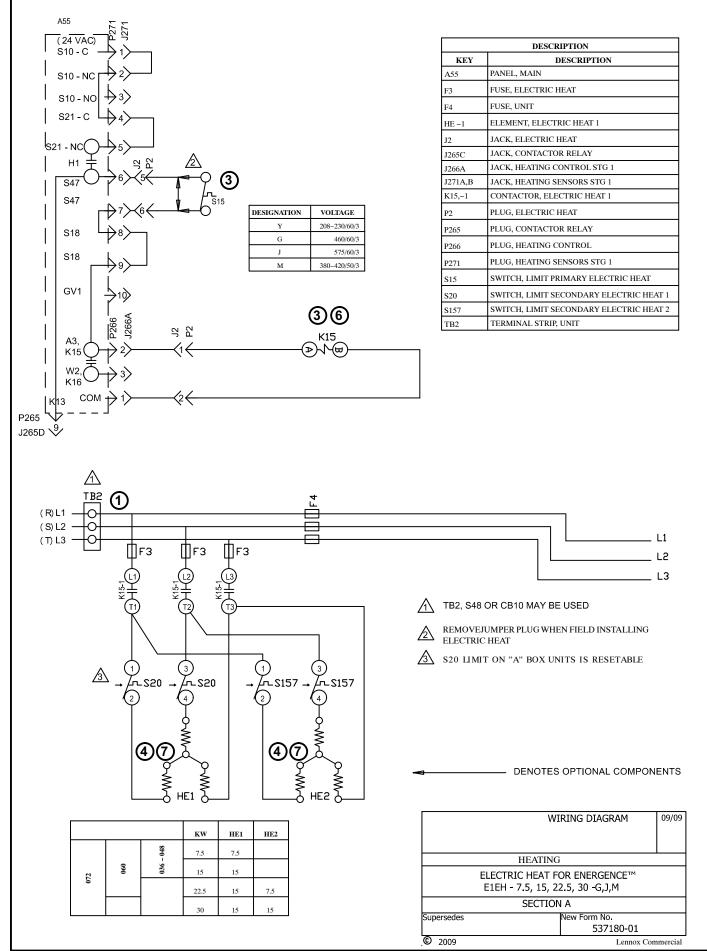
Note - The A55 will start to reduce the three- through five-ton compressor speed at a heat sink temperature of 125°F. Typical competitor equipment reduces compressor speed at 115°F.

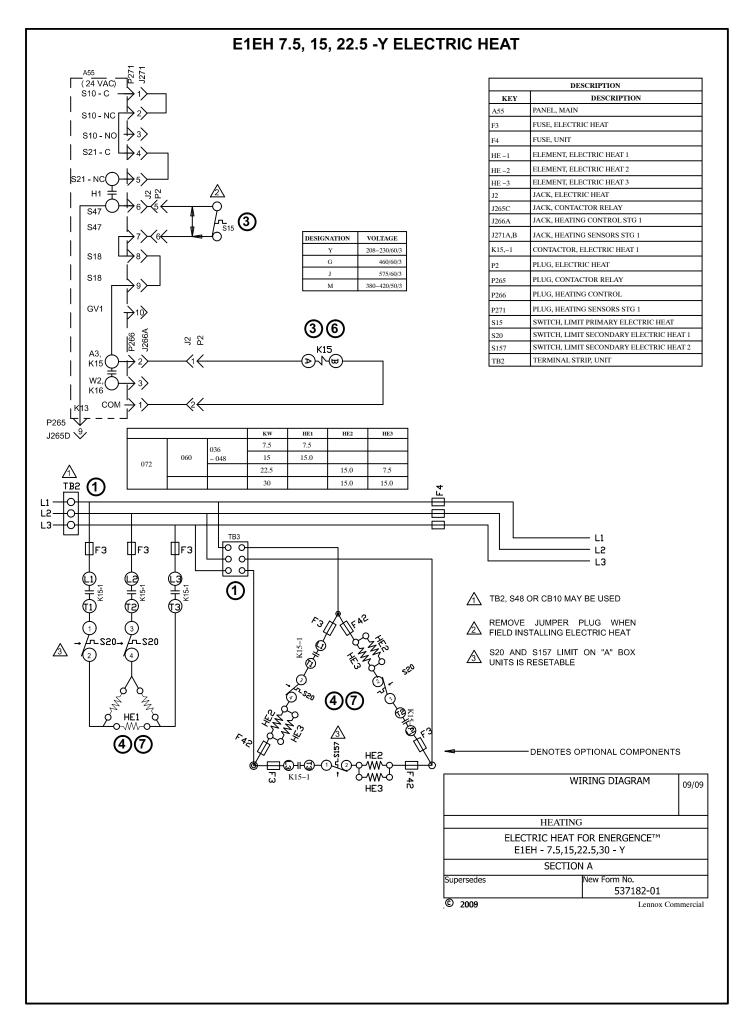
- 6. A55 modulates outdoor fan B4 speed by sending a PWM signal from P259 (based on the compressor speed).
- 7. During cooling operation, A55 energizes crankcase heater relay K191. K191-1 N.C. Contacts open to de-energize HR1 crankcase heater.

Power Exhaust Fan Operation

- 8. A55 receives a position feedback signal from the economizer damper motor and energizes exhaust fan relay K65 with 24VAC at 50% outside air damper open (adjustable).
- 9. N.O. contact K65-1 & 2 close, energizing exhaust fan motor B10.

E1EH 7.5, 15, 22.5, 30 - G, J, M ELECTRIC HEAT





Sequence of Operation -E1EH 7.5, 15, 22.5 - G, J, M Voltage

HEATING ELEMENTS:

 Terminal Strip TB2 is energized when the unit disconnect closes. TB2 supplies line voltage to electric heat elements HE1 and HE2. Elements are protected by fuse F3.

FIRST STAGE HEAT:

- 2 Heating demand initiates at W1 in thermostat.
- 3 24VAC is routed to the A55 Unit Controller. After A55 proves N.C. primary limit S15, the electric heat contactor K15 is energized. A55 energizes the blower and economizer.
- 4 7.5kW, 15kW units N.O. contacts K15-1 close energizing HE1.

22.5kW, units - N.O. contacts K15-1 close energizing HE4, HE1 and HE2.

HEATING ELEMENTS:

 Terminal Strip TB2 is energized when the unit disconnect closes. TB2 supplies line voltage to electric heat elements HE1 and TB3. TB3 supplies line voltage to HE2 and HE3. Elements are protected by fuses F3 and or F42.

FIRST STAGE HEAT:

- 2 Heating demand initiates at W1 in thermostat.
- 3 24VAC is routed to the A55 Unit Controller. After A55 proves N.C. primary limit S15, the electric heat contactor K15 is energized. A55 energizes the blower and economizer.
- 4 7.5kW and 15kW units N.O. contacts K15-1 close energizing HE1.

22.5kW units - N.O. contacts K15-1 close energizing HE2 and HE3.

END OF FIRST STAGE HEAT:

ing HE1 and HE2.

- 5 Heating demand is satisfied. Terminal W1 in the thermostat is de-energized.
- 6 Electric heat contactor K15 is de-energized.
- 7 7.5kW, 15kW units N.O. contacts K15-1 open de-energizing HE1.
 22.5kW units N.O. contacts K15-1 open de-energiz-

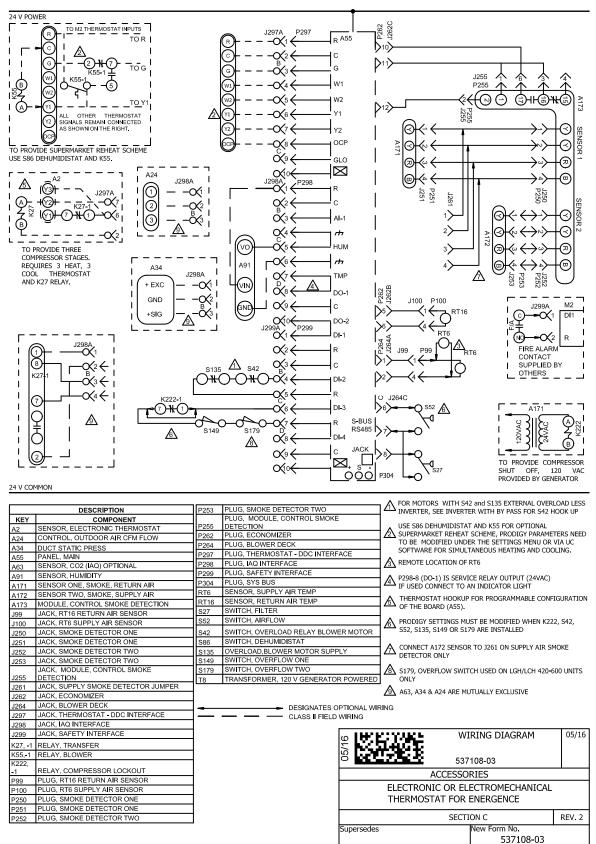
Sequence of Operation -E1EH 7.5, 15, 22.5 - Y Voltage

END OF FIRST STAGE HEAT:

- 5 Heating demand is satisfied. Terminal W1 in the thermostat is de-energized.
- 6 Electric heat contactor K15 is de-energized.
- 7 7.5kW, 15kW units N.O. contacts K15-1 open de-energizing HE1.

22.5kW units - N.O. contacts K15-1 open de-energizing HE2 and HE3.

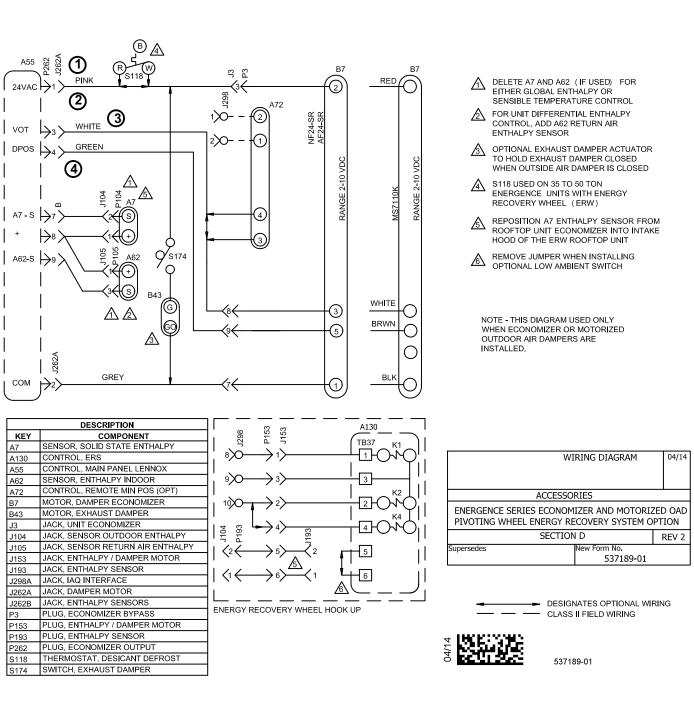
ELECTRONIC OR ELECTROMECHANICAL THERMOSTAT



POWER:

- 1. A55 Unit Controller, located in the main control box, supplies thermostat components with 24VAC. **OPERATION:**
- 2. A55 receives data from the room/zone sensor A2 and energizes the appropriate components for heat or cool demand.

ECONOMIZER



SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

POWER:

1. A55 Unit Controller energizes the economizer components with 24VAC.

OPERATION:

- Sensor(s), a global input, or a communication signal communicates to A55 when to power the damper motor B7.
- 3. A55 supplies B7 with 0 10 VDC to control the positioning of economizer.
- 4. The damper actuator provides 2 to 10 VDC position feedback.